Bluetongue:

Symptoms:

1. Fever (40-41°C)
2. Lameness
3. Reddening around coronary band(top of the hoof)
4. Nasal discharge
5. Swelling of lips, tongue and head

Treatment:

Contact the veterinarian and inject Syvazul BTV Vaccine

Botulism :

Symptoms :

The initial signs of botulism are progressive difficulty in chewing and swallowing, caused by paralysis of the tongue and muscles of mastication. This results in slow prehension and chewing of feed, water and feed falling out of the mouth, excessive salivation and weakness of the tongue.

Treatment:

* Removing and replacing suspect feeds or water
* Giving shade to the animals
* Hydration
* Correcting electrolyte disturbances
* Active immunization of cattle in high-risk herds
* Passive immunization with botulism antitoxin

Bovine Tuberculosis:

Symptoms:

 emaciation, lethargy, weakness, anorexia, low-grade fever, and pneumonia with a chronic, moist cough.

Treatment:

Contact a veterinarian

Bovine Viral Diarrhoea:

Symptoms:

Bloody diarrhea, High fever (105–107 ºF), Off-feed, Mouth ulcers, Pneumonia

Treatment:

* Fluids and anti-inflammatory agents: Can be used for acutely infected animals
* Increased feed and water intake: Can temporarily improve the well-being of your cattle
* NSAIDs: Such as meloxicam or flunixin meglumine, can be recommended as part of the initial treatment in calves with diarrhea that are systemically ill
* Removing diseased or apparently healthy PI's from the herd as soon as possible
* Culling infected calves to prevent the spread of BVD
* Isolating unwell animals
* Waste management
* Pest control
* Nutrition

BRUCELLOSIS :

SYMPTOMS:

* Infertility
* Reduced milk production
* Spontaneous abortion
* Birth of weak offspring
* Retained placentas
* Uterine infections
* Low conception rates
* Hygromas
* Orchitis in bulls

TREATMENT:

* Streptomycin and doxycycline: Streptomycin for 2 to 3 weeks and doxycycline for 8 weeks
* Gentamicin plus doxycycline: Gentamicin for 5-7 days and doxycycline for 8 weeks