#### 1. Write a Java Program to find GCD of two given numbers.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q1{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
        int number1 = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
        int number2 = scanner.nextInt();
        int gcd = findGCD(number1, number2);
        System.out.println("The GCD of " + number1 + " and " + number2 + "
is: " + gcd);
       scanner.close();
    public static int findGCD(int a, int b) {
        while (b != 0) {
           int temp = b;
           b = a % b;
            a = temp;
        return a;
    }
}
```

```
Enter the first number:

5
Enter the second number:

6
The GCD of 5 and 6 is: 1
```

#### 2. Write a java program to LCM of TWO given number.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q2{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
        int number1 = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
        int number2 = scanner.nextInt();
        int lcm = findLCM(number1, number2);
        System.out.println("The LCM of " + number1 + " and " + number2 + "
is: " + lcm);
       scanner.close();
    public static int findLCM(int a, int b) {
        return (a * b) / findGCD(a, b);
    public static int findGCD(int a, int b) {
        while (b != 0) {
            int temp = b;
            b = a % b;
            a = temp;
        return a;
    }
}
```

```
Enter the first number: 56
Enter the second number: 48
The LCM of 56 and 48 is: 336
```

## 3. Write a Java Program to print all the Prime Factorsof the Given Number.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number:");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Prime factors of " + number + " are:");
        printPrimeFactors(number);
       scanner.close();
    }
    public static void printPrimeFactors(int n) {
        while (n % 2 == 0) {
            System.out.print(2 + " ");
            n /= 2;
        for (int i = 3; i * i <= n; i += 2) {</pre>
            while (n % i == 0) {
               System.out.print(i + " ");
                n /= i;
            }
        }
        if (n > 2) {
            System.out.print(n);
    }
}
```

```
Enter a number:26
Prime factors of 26 are:2 13
```

#### 4. Check whether the Given Numberis a Palindrome or NOT.

```
5. package Assig1;
6. import java.util.Scanner;
8. public class Q4 {
9. public static void main(String[] args) {
10.
                Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
11.
12.
                System.out.println("Enter a number:");
13.
                int number = scanner.nextInt();
14.
15.
                 if (isPalindrome(number)) {
16.
                    System.out.println(number + " is a palindrome.");
17.
                 } else {
18.
                    System.out.println(number + " is not a
 palindrome.");
19.
20.
21.
                scanner.close();
22.
            }
23.
24.
25.
           public static boolean isPalindrome(int n) {
26.
                int originalNumber = n;
27.
                int reversedNumber = 0;
28.
29.
                while (n != 0) {
30.
                    int digit = n % 10;
31.
                    reversedNumber = reversedNumber * 10 + digit;
32.
                    n /= 10;
33.
                }
34.
35.
                return originalNumber == reversedNumber;
36.
            }
37.
       }
```

```
Enter a number: 151
151 is a palindrome.
```

## 5. Write a Java Program to check whether the Given Number is Prime Number or NOT.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q5 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number:");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        if (isPrime(number)) {
            System.out.println(number + " is a prime number.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(number + " is not a prime number.");
        scanner.close();
    }
    public static boolean isPrime(int n) {
        if (n <= 1) {
            return false;
        for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(n); i++) {</pre>
            if (n % i == 0) {
                return false;
       return true;
    }
}
```

```
Enter a number:5
5 is a prime number.
```

## 6. Write a Java Program to check whether the given number is Armstrong Numberor NOT.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q6{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number:");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        if (isArmstrongNumber(number)) {
            System.out.println(number + " is an Armstrong number.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(number + " is not an Armstrong number.");
        scanner.close();
    }
    public static boolean isArmstrongNumber(int n) {
        int originalNumber = n;
        int sum = 0;
        int numberOfDigits = countDigits(n);
        while (n > 0) {
            int digit = n % 10;
            sum += Math.pow(digit, numberOfDigits);
            n /= 10;
        return originalNumber == sum;
    public static int countDigits(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        while (n > 0) {
            count++;
            n /= 10;
        return count;
    }
}
```

```
Enter a number: 407
407 is an Armstrong number.
```

### 7. Write a Java Program to check whether the given number is Perfect Number or NOT.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q7 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number:");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        if (isPerfectNumber(number)) {
            System.out.println(number + " is a perfect number.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(number + " is not a perfect number.");
       scanner.close();
    public static boolean isPerfectNumber(int n) {
        int sum = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i <= n / 2; i++) {</pre>
            if (n % i == 0) {
               sum += i;
        }
        return sum == n;
    }
}
Output: Enter a number:
           10
        10 is not a perfect number.
```

### 8. Write a Java Program to check whether the given numbers are Amicable Numbersor NOT.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q8 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter the first number:");
        int number1 = scanner.nextInt();
        System.out.println("Enter the second number:");
        int number2 = scanner.nextInt();
        if (areAmicableNumbers(number1, number2)) {
            System.out.println(number1 + " and " + number2 + " are Amicable
numbers.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(number1 + " and " + number2 + " are not
Amicable numbers.");
       scanner.close();
    }
    public static boolean areAmicableNumbers(int num1, int num2) {
        return (sumOfProperDivisors(num1) == num2) &&
(sumOfProperDivisors(num2) == num1);
    }
    public static int sumOfProperDivisors(int n) {
        int sum = 1;
        for (int i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(n); i++) {</pre>
            if (n % i == 0) {
                sum += i;
                if (i != n / i) {
                    sum += n / i;
            }
        }
        return sum;
    }
Output: Enter the first number:
                 220
         Enter the second number:
                 284
         220 and 284 are Amicable numbers.
Note: a pair of integer in which each is the sum of the divisor of other.
```

# 9. Write a Java Program to check whether the given number is Ramanujam's Numberor NOT.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
// 1729
public class Q9{
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number:");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        if (isRamanujanNumber(number)) {
            System.out.println(number + " is a Ramanujan number.");
         } else {
             System.out.println(number + " is not a Ramanujan number.");
        scanner.close();
    public static boolean isRamanujanNumber(int n) {
        int count = 0;
        for (int i = 1; i * i * i < n; i++) {
   for (int j = i + 1; i * i * i + j * j * j <= n; j++) {</pre>
                 if (i * i * i + j * j * j == n) {
                     count++;
                 }
             }
        }
        return count >= 2;
    }
}
```

```
Enter a number: 1729
1729 is a Ramanujan number.
```

## 10. Write a Java Program check whether the given number is Automorphic Number or NOT.

```
package Assig1;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Q10 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        System.out.println("Enter a number:");
        int number = scanner.nextInt();
        if (isAutomorphicNumber(number)) {
            System.out.println(number + " is an Automorphic number.");
        } else {
            System.out.println(number + " is not an Automorphic number.");
       scanner.close();
    }
    public static boolean isAutomorphicNumber(int n) {
        int square = n * n;
        while (n > 0) {
            if (n % 10 != square % 10) {
                return false;
            n /= 10;
            square /= 10;
       return true;
    }
}
```

```
Enter a number: 625 625 is an Automorphic number.
```