

CSE 311L (Database Management System)

LAB-Week 03 (Part A)

Restricting and Sorting Data

Topics:

- ▶ Limiting the Rows Selected
- ▶ Restricting with Character Strings and Dates
- ► Comparison Conditions
- ▶ Other Comparison Conditions,

Limiting the Rows Selected

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, department_id
FROM employees
WHERE department id = 90;
```

Character Strings and Dates

```
SELECT last_name, job_id, department_id FROM
employees
WHERE last name = 'WHALEN';
```

Comparison Conditions

Operator	Meaning	
=	Equal to	
>	Greater than	
>=	Greater than or equal to	
<	Less than	
<=	Less than or equal to	
<>	Not equal to	

Operator	Meaning	
BETWEENAND	Between two values (inclusive),	
IN(set)	Match any of a list of values	
LIKE	Match a character pattern	
IS NULL	Is a null value	

```
SELECT last_name, salary
FROM employees
WHERE salary <= 3000;</pre>
```

Other Comparison Conditions

```
SELECT last_name, salary
FROM employees
WHERE salary BETWEEN 2500 AND 3500;
SELECT employee_id, last_name, salary, manager_id
FROM employees
WHERE manager id IN (100, 101, 201);
```

ORDER BY Clause

```
SELECT last_name, job_id, department_id, hire_date
FROM employees
ORDER BY hire date DESC;
```

LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	DEPARTMENT_ID	HIRE_DATE
Zlotkey	SA_MAN	80	29-JAN-00
Mourgos	ST_MAN	50	16-NOV-99
Grant	SA_REP		24-MAY-99
Lorentz	IT_PROG	60	07-FEB-99
Vargas	ST_CLERK	50	09-JUL-98

Sorting by Multiple Columns

SELECT last_name, department_id, salary
FROM employees
ORDER BY department id, salary DESC;

LAST_NAME	DEPARTMENT_ID	SALARY	
Whalen	10	4400	
Hartstein	20	13000	
Fay	20	6000	
Mourgos	50	5800	
Rajs	50	3500	
Davies	50	3100	
Matos	50 26		
Vargas	50 2500		

Activity 01:

Display the employee last name, job ID, and start date of employees hired between February 20, 1998, and May 1, 1998. Order the query in ascending order by start date.

Activity 02:

Display the last name and department number of all employees in departments 20 and 50 in alphabetical order by name.



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LAB-Week 03 (Part B)

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Topics:

After completing this lesson, you should be able to restrict rows:

- ▶ Using the LIKE Condition
- ▶ Using the NULL Conditions
- ► Logical Conditions

Using the LIKE Condition

- ▶ Use the LIKE condition to perform wildcard searches of valid search string values.
- ▶ Search conditions can contain either literal characters or numbers:
 - % denotes zero or many characters.
 - _ denotes one character.

```
SELECT last_name
FROM employees
WHERE last name LIKE ' o%';
```

The ESCAPE Option

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id
FROM employees
WHERE job_id LIKE '%SA\_%';
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	LAST_NAME	JOB_ID
149	Zlotkey	SA_MAN
174	Abel	SA_REP
176	Taylor	SA_REP
178	Grant	SA REP

Using the NULL Conditions

```
SELECT last_name, manager_id FROM
employees
WHERE manager id IS NULL;
```

Logical Conditions

Operator	Meaning	
AND	Returns TRUE if both component conditions are true	
OR	Returns TRUE if either component condition is true	
NOT	Returns TRUE if the following condition is false	

```
SELECT employee_id, last_name, job_id, salary
FROM employees
WHERE salary >=10000
AND job id LIKE '%MAN%';
```

EMPLOYEE_ID	LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	SALARY
149	Zlotkey	SA_MAN	10500
201	Hartstein	MK_MAN	13000

Using the NOT Operator

```
SELECT last_name, job_id
FROM employees
WHERE job_id
NOT IN ('IT PROG', 'ST CLERK', 'SA REP');
```

LAST_NAME	JOB_ID	
King	AD_PRES	
Kochhar	AD_VP	
De Haan	AD_VP	
Mourgos	ST_MAN	
Zlotkey	SA_MAN	
Whalen	AD_ASST	
Hartstein	MK_MAN	
Fay	MK_REP	

Activity 01:

Display the last name and hire date of every employee who was hired in 1994.

Activity 02:

Display the last name, salary, and commission for all employees who earn commissions. Sort data in descending order of salary and commissions. Title.

Activity 03:

Display the last name of all employees who have an a and an e in their last name.