

# TEAM – 10

## Configurable Password Security System Using 8051

### components:

8051 microcontroller (e.g., AT89S52)

Keypad

LCD display

Buzzer

LEDs

Resistors

Capacitors

Crystal oscillator

Push buttons for configuration

Power supply

### SAFE LINK :

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CA3hx6A1WZo&list=PLAY30bf7ZN4zeIHC3EpcWVhfWYIVPaMH4>

---

### Hardware Setup:

Connect the keypad to the microcontroller's input ports.

Connect the LCD display to the microcontroller.

Connect the buzzer and LEDs for indicating access status.

Connect push buttons for configuration.

### Initialize Peripherals:

Initialize the keypad, LCD display, buzzer, and LEDs in your code.

### Password Storage:

Define a default password and a configurable password in the program memory of the microcontroller.

Provide options to the user to change the password using push buttons.

### User Interface:

Display a prompt on the LCD asking for the password.

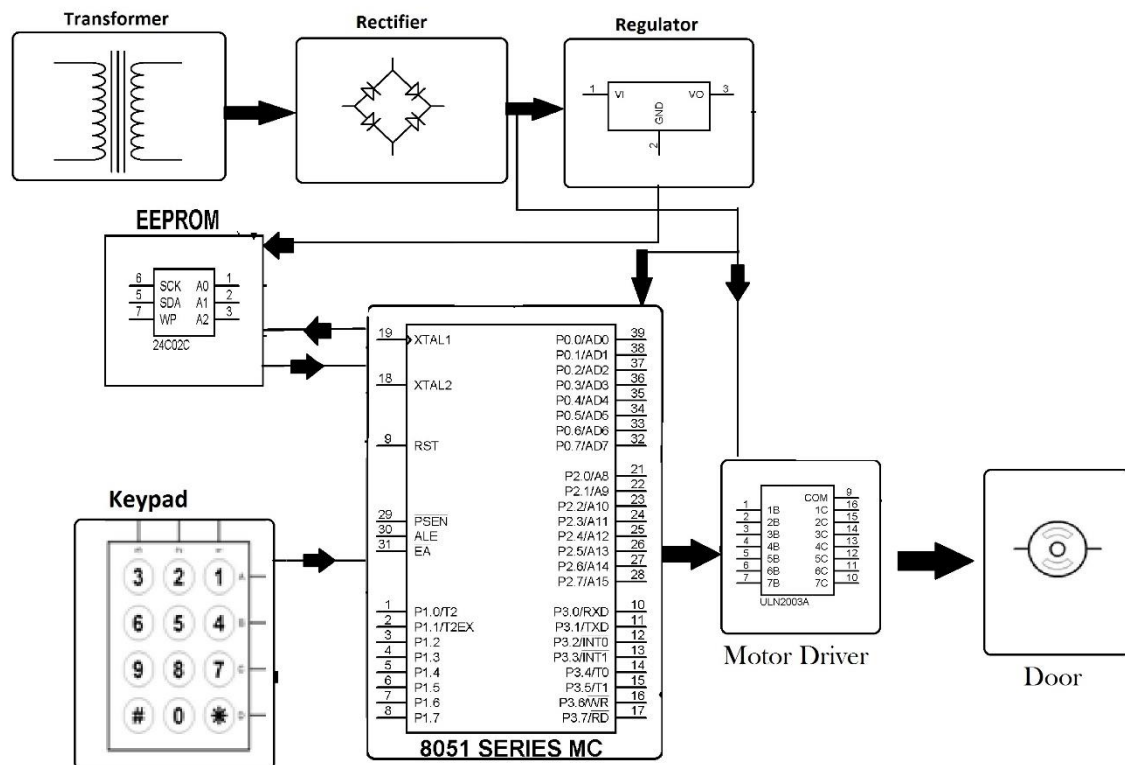
Read the entered password from the keypad.

Compare the entered password with the stored password.

### Access Control:

If the entered password matches the stored password, grant access by activating LEDs and providing a message on the LCD.

If the entered password is incorrect, deny access by activating the buzzer and displaying an error message on the LCD.



### Configuration Mode:

Provide a configuration mode accessed by a specific combination of push buttons.

In this mode, allow the user to change the password.

Save the new password to the memory.

### Security Features:

Implement timeout mechanisms to prevent brute force attacks.

Encrypt the stored password to enhance security.

### Testing and Debugging:

Test the system thoroughly under various scenarios to ensure reliability and security.

Debug any issues encountered during testing.

**Deployment:**

Once the system is fully functional and tested, deploy it in the desired environment.

**Documentation:**

Document the system design, hardware connections, software algorithms, and any special considerations for maintenance and troubleshooting.

**User Instructions:**

Provide clear instructions to users on how to operate the system, change passwords, and troubleshoot common issues.

**Future Enhancements:**

Consider adding features such as multiple user support, logging access attempts, or integrating with external systems for more comprehensive security solutions.