

# Introduction to Containers, Docker, and IBM Cloud Container Registry



## Objectives

In this lab, you will:

- Pull an image from Docker Hub
- Run an image as a container using docker
- Build an image using a Dockerfile
- Push an image to IBM Cloud Container Registry

**Note: Kindly complete the lab in a single session without any break because the lab may go on offline mode and may cause errors. If you face any issues/errors during the lab process, please logout from the lab environment. Then clear your system cache and cookies and try to complete the lab.**

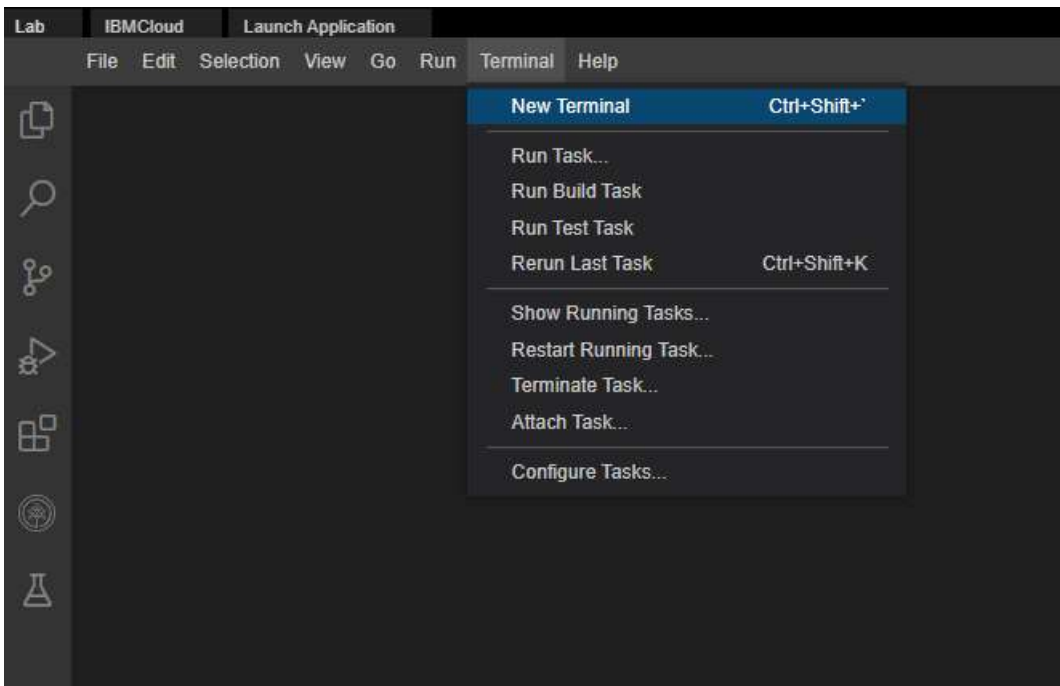
### Important:

You may already have an IBM Cloud account and may even have a namespace in the IBM Container Registry (ICR). However, in this lab **you will not be using your own IBM Cloud account or your own ICR namespace**. You will be using an IBM Cloud account that has been automatically generated for you for this exercise. The lab environment will *not* have access to any resources within your personal IBM Cloud account, including ICR namespaces and images.

## Verify the environment and command line tools

1. Open a terminal window by using the menu in the editor: `Terminal > New Terminal`.

**Note:** If the terminal is already opened, please skip this step.



2. Verify that docker CLI is installed.

1. 1

1. `docker --version`

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You should see the following output, although the version may be different:

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project$ docker --version
Docker version 20.10.7, build 20.10.7-0ubuntu5~18.04.3
```

3. Verify that ibmcloud CLI is installed.

1. 1

1. `ibmcloud version`

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You should see the following output, although the version may be different:

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project$ ibmcloud version
ibmcloud version 2.1.1+19d7e02-2021-09-24T15:16:38+00:00
```

4. Change to your project folder.

**Note: If you are already on the '/home/project' folder, please skip this step.**

1. 1

1. cd /home/project

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5. Clone the git repository that contains the artifacts needed for this lab, if it doesn't already exist.

1. 1

1. [ ! -d 'CC201' ] && git clone https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/CC201.git

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project$ git clone https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/CC201.git
Cloning into 'CC201'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 20, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (20/20), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (13/13), done.
remote: Total 20 (delta 6), reused 19 (delta 6), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (20/20), done.
```

6. Change to the directory for this lab by running the following command. cd will change the working/current directory to the directory with the name specified, in this case **CC201/labs/1\_ContainersAndDocker**.

1. 1

1. cd CC201/labs/1\_ContainersAndDocker/

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7. List the contents of this directory to see the artifacts for this lab.

1. 1

1. ls

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ls
app.js  Dockerfile  package.json
```

## Pull an image from Docker Hub and run it as a container

1. Use the docker CLI to list your images.

1. 1

1. docker images

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You should see an empty table (with only headings) since you don't have any images yet.

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
```

2. Pull your first image from Docker Hub.

1. 1

1. docker pull hello-world

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker pull hello-world
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/hello-world
2db29710123e: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:bfea6278a0a267fad2634554f4f0c6f31981eea41c553fdf5a83e95a41d40c38
Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest
docker.io/library/hello-world:latest
```

3. List images again.

1. 1

1. docker images

Copied!

You should now see the hello-world image present in the table.

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker images
REPOSITORY    TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED        SIZE
hello-world   latest    feb5d9fea6a5  6 months ago  13.3kB
```

4. Run the hello-world image as a container.

1. 1
1. docker run hello-world

Copied!

You should see a 'Hello from Docker!' message.

There will also be an explanation of what Docker did to generate this message.

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker run hello-world

Hello from Docker!
This message shows that your installation appears to be working correctly.

To generate this message, Docker took the following steps:
1. The Docker client contacted the Docker daemon.
2. The Docker daemon pulled the "hello-world" image from the Docker Hub.
   (amd64)
3. The Docker daemon created a new container from that image which runs the
   executable that produces the output you are currently reading.
4. The Docker daemon streamed that output to the Docker client, which sent it
   to your terminal.

To try something more ambitious, you can run an Ubuntu container with:
$ docker run -it ubuntu bash

Share images, automate workflows, and more with a free Docker ID:
https://hub.docker.com/

For more examples and ideas, visit:
https://docs.docker.com/get-started/
```

5. List the containers to see that your container ran and exited successfully.

1. 1
1. docker ps -a

Copied!

Among other things, for this container you should see a container ID, the image name (hello-world), and a status that indicates that the container exited successfully.

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE      COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS          PORTS          NAMES
5e1756c09910   hello-world  "/hello"                8 seconds ago  Exited (0) 6 seconds ago                  trusting_bose
```

6. Note the CONTAINER ID from the previous output and replace the <container\_id> tag in the command below with this value. This command removes your container.

1. 1
1. docker container rm <container\_id>

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker container rm 5e1756c09910
5e1756c09910
```

7. Verify that that the container has been removed. Run the following command.

1. 1
1. docker ps -a

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker ps -a
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE      COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS          PORTS          NAMES
```

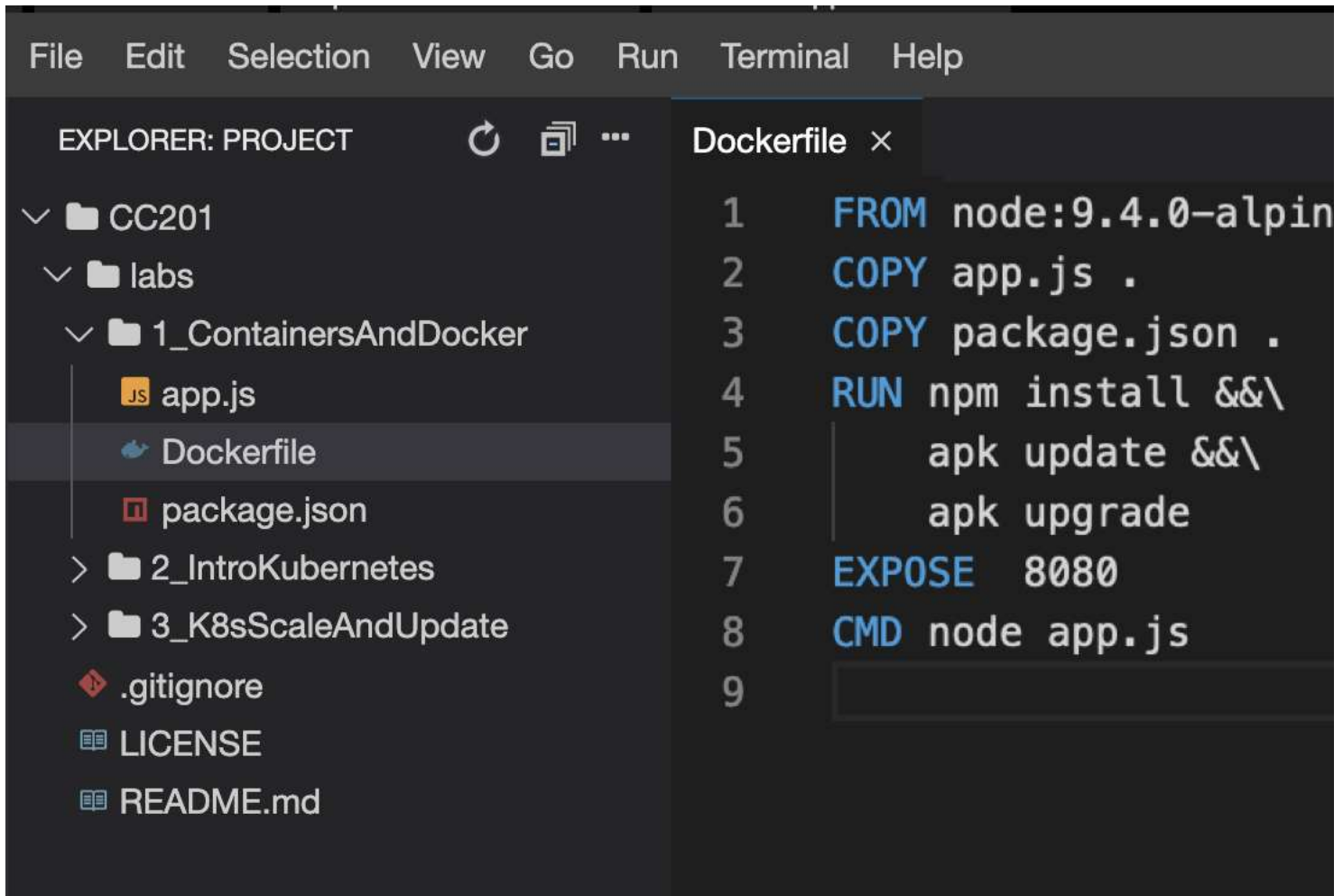
Congratulations on pulling an image from Docker Hub and running your first container! Now let's try and build our own image.

## Build an image using a Dockerfile

1. The current working directory contains a simple Node.js application that we will run in a container. The app will print a hello message along with the hostname. The following files are needed to run the app in a container:

- app.js is the main application, which simply replies with a hello world message.
- package.json defines the dependencies of the application.
- Dockerfile defines the instructions Docker uses to build the image.

2. Use the Explorer to view the files needed for this app. Click the Explorer icon (it looks like a sheet of paper) on the left side of the window, and then navigate to the directory for this lab: CC201 > labs > 1\_ContainersAndDocker. Click Dockerfile to view the commands required to build an image.



**You can refresh your understanding of the commands mentioned in the Dockerfile below:**

The FROM instruction initializes a new build stage and specifies the base image that subsequent instructions will build upon.

The COPY command enables us to copy files to our image.

The RUN instruction executes commands.

The EXPOSE instruction exposes a particular port with a specified protocol inside a Docker Container.

The CMD instruction provides a default for executing a container, or in other words, an executable that should run in your container.

3. Run the following command to build the image:

1. 1

1. docker build . -t myimage:v1

Copied!

As seen in the module videos, the output creates a new layer for each instruction in the Dockerfile.



```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker build . -t myimage:v1
Sending build context to Docker daemon  4.096kB
Step 1/6 : FROM node:9.4.0-alpine
9.4.0-alpine: Pulling from library/node
605ce1bd3f31: Pull complete
fe58b30348fe: Pull complete
46ef8987ccbd: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:9cd67a00ed111285460a83847720132204185e9321ec35dacec0d8b9bf674adf
Status: Downloaded newer image for node:9.4.0-alpine
--> b5f94997f35f
Step 2/6 : COPY app.js .
--> cced62775b60
Step 3/6 : COPY package.json .
--> 578384eb7c99
Step 4/6 : RUN npm install &&      apk update &&      apk upgrade
--> Running in 7f75ec5d9d5c
npm notice created a lockfile as package-lock.json. You should commit this file.
npm WARN hello-world-demo@0.0.1 No repository field.
npm WARN hello-world-demo@0.0.1 No license field.

added 50 packages in 1.638s
fetch http://dl-cdn.alpinelinux.org/alpine/v3.6/main/x86_64/APKINDEX.tar.gz
fetch http://dl-cdn.alpinelinux.org/alpine/v3.6/community/x86_64/APKINDEX.tar.gz
v3.6.5-44-gda55e27396 [http://dl-cdn.alpinelinux.org/alpine/v3.6/main]
v3.6.5-34-gf0ba0b43d5 [http://dl-cdn.alpinelinux.org/alpine/v3.6/community]
OK: 8448 distinct packages available
Upgrading critical system libraries and apk-tools:
(1/1) Upgrading apk-tools (2.7.5-r0 -> 2.7.6-r0)
Executing busybox-1.26.2-r9.trigger
Continuing the upgrade transaction with new apk-tools:
(1/7) Upgrading musl (1.1.16-r14 -> 1.1.16-r15)
(2/7) Upgrading busybox (1.26.2-r9 -> 1.26.2-r11)
Executing busybox-1.26.2-r11.post-upgrade
(3/7) Upgrading libressl2.5-libcrypto (2.5.5-r0 -> 2.5.5-r2)
(4/7) Upgrading libressl2.5-libssl (2.5.5-r0 -> 2.5.5-r2)
(5/7) Installing libressl2.5-libtls (2.5.5-r2)
(6/7) Installing ssl_client (1.26.2-r11)
(7/7) Upgrading musl-utils (1.1.16-r14 -> 1.1.16-r15)
Executing busybox-1.26.2-r11.trigger
OK: 5 MiB in 15 packages
Removing intermediate container 7f75ec5d9d5c
--> abe7e7a3b349
Step 5/6 : EXPOSE 8080
--> Running in 26ad3df5ce52
Removing intermediate container 26ad3df5ce52
--> 44b98c2b942b
Step 6/6 : CMD node app.js
--> Running in bde00436d863
```

4. List images to see your image tagged myimage:v1 in the table.

1. 1
1. docker images

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker images
REPOSITORY    TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED        SIZE
myimage       v1        cca37dd4d014   46 seconds ago  76.3MB
hello-world   latest    feb5d9fea6a5   6 months ago   13.3kB
node          9.4.0-alpine b5f94997f35f   4 years ago    68MB
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$
```

Note that compared to the hello-world image, this image has a different image ID. This means that the two images consist of different layers – in other words, they’re not the same image.

You should also see a node image in the images output. This is because the docker build command pulled node:9.4.0-alpine to use it as the base image for the image you built.

# Run the image as a container

1. Now that your image is built, run it as a container with the following command:

1. 1
1. docker run -dp 8080:8080 myimage:v1

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-lavanyas: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker run -dp 8080:8080 myimage:v1
1a8c245f482950cba52bcdb72686a8435e6c8916c6446434da55f5faac2372f3
theia@theiadocker-lavanyas: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$
```

The output is a unique code allocated by docker for the application you are running.

2. Run the cur1 command to ping the application as given below.

```
1. 1
```

```
1. curl localhost:8080
```

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```
theia@theiadocker-lavanyas:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker
Hello world from 1a8c245f4829! Your app is up and running!
```

If you see the output as above, it indicates that **'Your app is up and running!'**.

4. Now to stop the container we use `docker stop` followed by the container id. The following command uses `docker ps -q` to pass in the list of all running containers:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. docker stop $(docker ps -q)
```

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-lavanyas:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker
1a8c245f4829
```

5. Check if the container has stopped by running the following command.

```
1. 1
```

```
1. docker ps
```

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-lavanyas:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE      COMMAND                  CREATED        STATUS        PORTS          NAMES
theia@theiadocker-lavanyas:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker
```

## Push the image to IBM Cloud Container Registry

1. The environment should have already logged you into the IBM Cloud account that has been automatically generated for you by the Skills Network Labs environment. The following command will give you information about the account you're targeting:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. ibmcloud target
```

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```
theia@theiadocker-1a8c245f4829:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ibmcloud target

API endpoint:      https://cloud.ibm.com
Region:           us-south
User:             ServiceId-582ec1f3-8d96-41cf-957e-682a4182f13f
Account:          QuickLabs - IBM Skills Network (f672382e1b43496b83f7a82fd31a59e8)
Resource group:   No resource group targeted, use 'ibmcloud target -g RESOURCE_GROUP'
CF API endpoint:
Org:
Space:
```

2. The environment also created an IBM Cloud Container Registry (ICR) namespace for you. Since Container Registry is multi-tenant, namespaces are used to divide the registry among several users. Use the following command to see the namespaces you have access to:

```
1. 1
```

```
1. ibmcloud cr namespaces
```

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-1a8c245f4829:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ibmcloud cr namespaces
Listing namespaces for account 'QuickLabs - IBM Skills Network' in registry 'us.icr.io'...

Namespace
sn-labs-1a8c245f4829
sn-labsassets

OK
theia@theiadocker-1a8c245f4829:/home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$
```

You should see two namespaces listed starting with `sn-labs`:

- The first one with your username is a namespace just for you. You have full *read* and *write* access to this namespace.
  - The second namespace, which is a shared namespace, provides you with only Read Access
3. Ensure that you are targeting the region appropriate to your cloud account, for instance `us-south` region where these namespaces reside as you saw in the output of the `ibmcloud target` command.

1. 1

1. `ibmcloud cr region-set us-south`

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ibmcloud cr region-set us-south
The region is set to 'us-south', the registry is 'us.icr.io'.
OK
```

4. Log your local Docker daemon into IBM Cloud Container Registry so that you can push to and pull from the registry.

1. 1

1. `ibmcloud cr login`

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ibmcloud cr login
Logging in to 'us.icr.io'...
Logged in to 'us.icr.io'.
OK
```

5. Export your namespace as an environment variable so that it can be used in subsequent commands.

1. 1

1. `export MY_NAMESPACE=sn-labs-$USERNAME`

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ export MY_NAMESPACE=sn-labs-$USERNAME
```

6. Tag your image so that it can be pushed to IBM Cloud Container Registry.

1. 1

1. `docker tag myimage:v1 us.icr.io/$MY_NAMESPACE/hello-world:1`

Copied!

```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker push us.icr.io/$MY_NAMESPACE/hello-world:1
```

7. Push the newly tagged image to IBM Cloud Container Registry.

1. 1

1. `docker push us.icr.io/$MY_NAMESPACE/hello-world:1`

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ docker push us.icr.io/$MY_NAMESPACE/hello-world:1
The push refers to repository [us.icr.io/sn-labs-/hello-world]
9c0809573678: Pushed
45bede8ab755: Pushed
7343da7b38f8: Pushed
0804854a4553: Pushed
6bd4a62f5178: Pushed
9dfa40a0da3b: Pushed
1: digest: sha256:dcfef232484f9cc19473ec3ef350028380ad9c9d3cfe73e2f99ad9795c6622f size: 1576
```

**Note:** If you have tried this lab earlier, there might be a possibility that the previous session is still persistent. In such a case, you will see a **‘Layer already Exists’** message instead of the **‘Pushed’** message in the above output. We recommend you to proceed with the next steps of the lab.

8. Verify that the image was successfully pushed by listing images in Container Registry.

1. 1

1. `ibmcloud cr images`

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ibmcloud cr images
Listing images...

Repository          Tag    Digest          Namespace        Created      Size    Security status
us.icr.io/sn-labs-  v1     221767dfbbb5    sn-labs-l        1 hour ago   268 MB  105 Issues
us.icr.io/sn-labs-  1      dcfef232484f    sn-labs-l        10 minutes ago 27 MB   Scanning...
us.icr.io/sn-labsassets/instructions-splitter latest 2af122cfe4ee    sn-labsassets     11 months ago 21 MB   50 Issues
us.icr.io/sn-labsassets/pgadmin-theia latest 0adf67ad81a3    sn-labsassets     1 year ago    101 MB   49 Issues
us.icr.io/sn-labsassets/phpmyadmin latest b66c30786353    sn-labsassets     11 months ago 163 MB   51 Issues

OK
```

Optionally, to only view images within a specific namespace.

- 1. 1
- 1. `ibmcloud cr images --restrict $MY_NAMESPACE`

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```
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$ ibmcloud cr images --restrict $MY_NAMESPACE
Listing images...

Repository          Tag    Digest          Namespace        Created      Size    Security status
us.icr.io/sn-labs-  v1     221767dfbbb5    sn-labs-l        1 hour ago   268 MB  105 Issues
us.icr.io/sn-labs-  1      dcfef232484f    sn-labs-l        10 minutes ago 27 MB   Scanning...

OK
theia@theiadocker-: /home/project/CC201/labs/1_ContainersAndDocker$
```

You should see your image name in the output.

Congratulations! You have completed the second lab for the first module of this course.

## Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2022-04-08	1.1	K Sundararajan	Updated Lab instructions
2022-04-19	1.2	K Sundararajan	Updated Lab instructions
2022-08-26	1.3	K Sundararajan	Updated Lab instructions

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