

# Hands-on Lab: Get familiar with fork and pull requests



Effort : 30 mins

## Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to use git commands to manage upstream repositories:

1. create a personal access token
2. fork existing repository using the UI
3. clone forked repository in the lab environment
4. create a new branch
5. make changes locally
6. add and commit to the local branch
7. push changes to the forked repository
8. create a pull request to the upstream repository

## Pre-requisites

This lab is designed to be run on Skills Network - Cloud IDE which is runs on a Linux system in the cloud and already has git installed. If you intend to run this lab on your own system, please ensure you have git (on Linux or macOS) or GitBash (on Windows) installed.

## Exercise 1: Generate personal access token

The first step is to generate an access token from GitHub.com. Follow the lab named [Generate GitHub personal access token](#) and copy the access token to use as password in the steps below.

## Exercise 2: Fork the repository

To fork a source repository, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to GitHub and go to this project's [sample source repository](#). This is the upstream repository for your project.
2. At the top right of the screen, click **Fork** and select your own GitHub account as the destination for the fork.

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circle (Public)

generated from [ibm-developer-skills-network/coding-project-template](#)

Unwatch 2 Fork

<> Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

main 1 branch 0 tags

Go to file Add file Code

**About**

css-circle

Readme

Apache-2.0 License

0 stars

2 watching

1 fork

**Releases**

No releases published

[Create a new release](#)

**Packages**

No packages published

[Publish your first package](#)

**README.md**

# Readme

A copy of the source repository has now been added as one of your GitHub repositories. This is the origin repository for your repository.

upkarlidderr / gkpbt-css-circle Public
Pin
Watch 0
Fork 1

forked from [ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle](#)

<> Code
Pull requests
Actions
Projects
Wiki
Security
Insights
Settings

main
1 branch
0 tags
Go to file
Add file
Code

This branch is up to date with [ibm-developer-skills-network:main](#).
Contribute
Fetch upstream

**upkarlidderr** Automatically close PRs 729ceb2 2 days ago 5 commits

.github/workflows	Automatically close PRs	2 days ago
.gitignore	Initial commit	3 days ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	3 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	3 days ago
circle.html	Create circle.html	3 days ago
style.css	Create style.css	3 days ago

**README.md**

# Readme

## About

css-circle

Readme

Apache-2.0 License

0 stars

0 watching

1 fork

## Releases

No releases published

[Create a new release](#)

## Packages

No packages published

[Publish your first package](#)

## Languages

HTML 69.9% C

## Exercise 3: Clone the forked repository

A clone is a local copy of a repository. Before you can clone the forked repository, you first need its HTTPS URL, which provides secure access to it.

To clone the forked repository, complete the following steps:

1. In your list of repositories, click the forked repository. On the repository's main page, click the **Code** button.
2. Click the clipboard icon to copy the URL. Make sure the HTTPS tab is active.

upkarliddler / gkpbt-css-circle Public

forked from ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle

Code Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

main 1 branch 0 tags Go to file Add file Code

This branch is up to date with ibm-developer-skills-network:main

upkarliddler Automatically close PRs

.github/workflows	Automatically close PRs	
.gitignore	Initial commit	
LICENSE	Initial commit	3 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	3 days ago
circle.html	Create circle.html	3 days ago
style.css	Create style.css	3 days ago

README.md

# Readme

About

css-circle

Readme

Apache-2.0

0 stars

0 watching

1 fork

Releases

No releases published

Create a new release

Packages

No packages published

Publish your first package

Languages

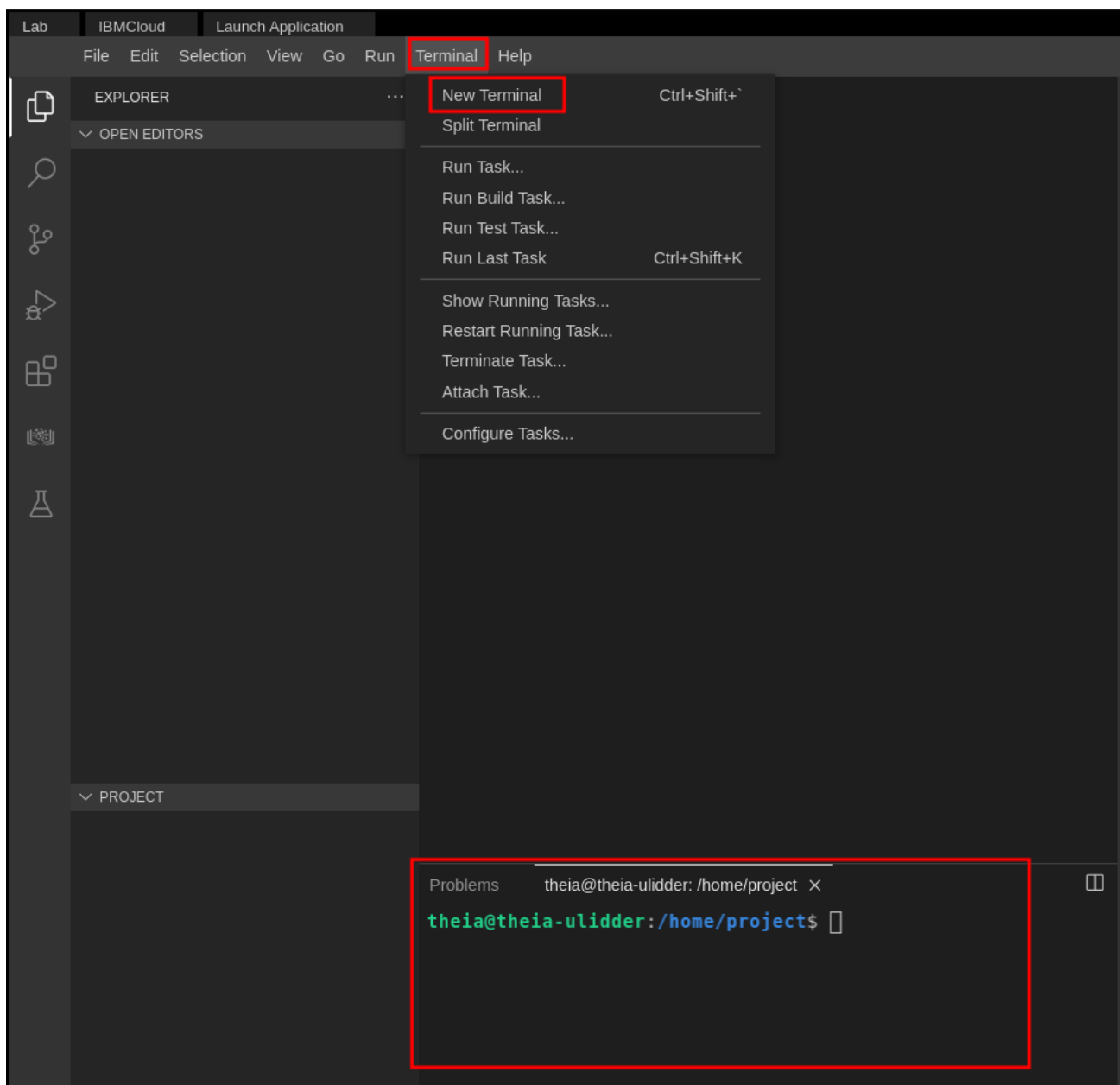
HTML 69.9%

3. Let's export this URL in an environment variable so it's available for us to use in the later steps:

```
1. 1
1. export ORIGIN=<your repository HTTPS URL>
```

Copied!

4. Open the terminal in the lab environment by using the menu in the editor: Terminal > New Terminal.



5. Run the following command with the HTTPS URL you copied earlier:

```
1. 1
1. git clone $ORIGIN
```

Copied!

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project$ export ORIGIN=https://github.com/upkarlidder/gkpbt-css-circle.git
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project$ git clone $ORIGIN

Cloning into 'gkpbt-css-circle'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 22, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (22/22), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (17/17), done.
remote: Total 22 (delta 5), reused 7 (delta 1), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (22/22), done.

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project$ ls -la

total 16

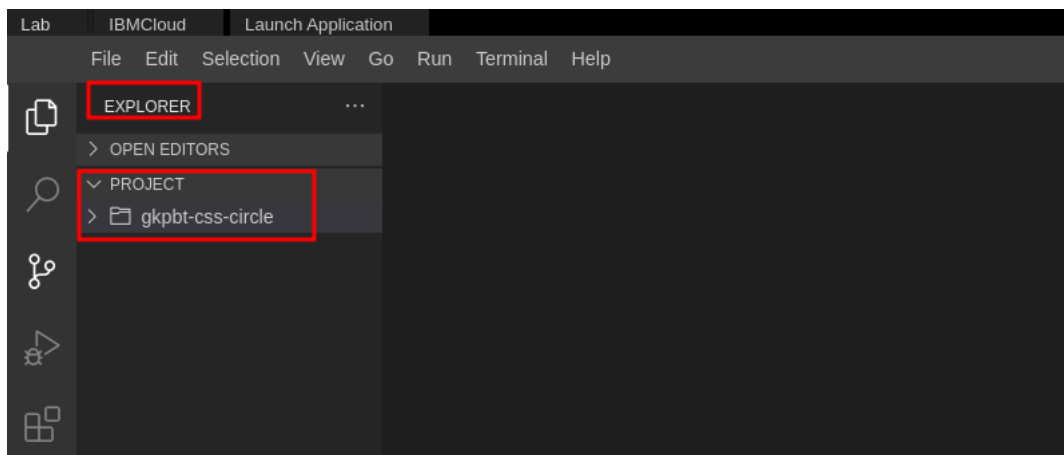
drwxrwsrwx 3 root  users 4096 Jan 18 16:41 
drwxrwxr-x 1 root  root  4096 Jan 10 21:57 ..
drwxr-sr-x 4 theia users 4096 Jan 18 16:41 gkpbt-css-circle
```

The command clones the repository that is on GitHub into your current directory.

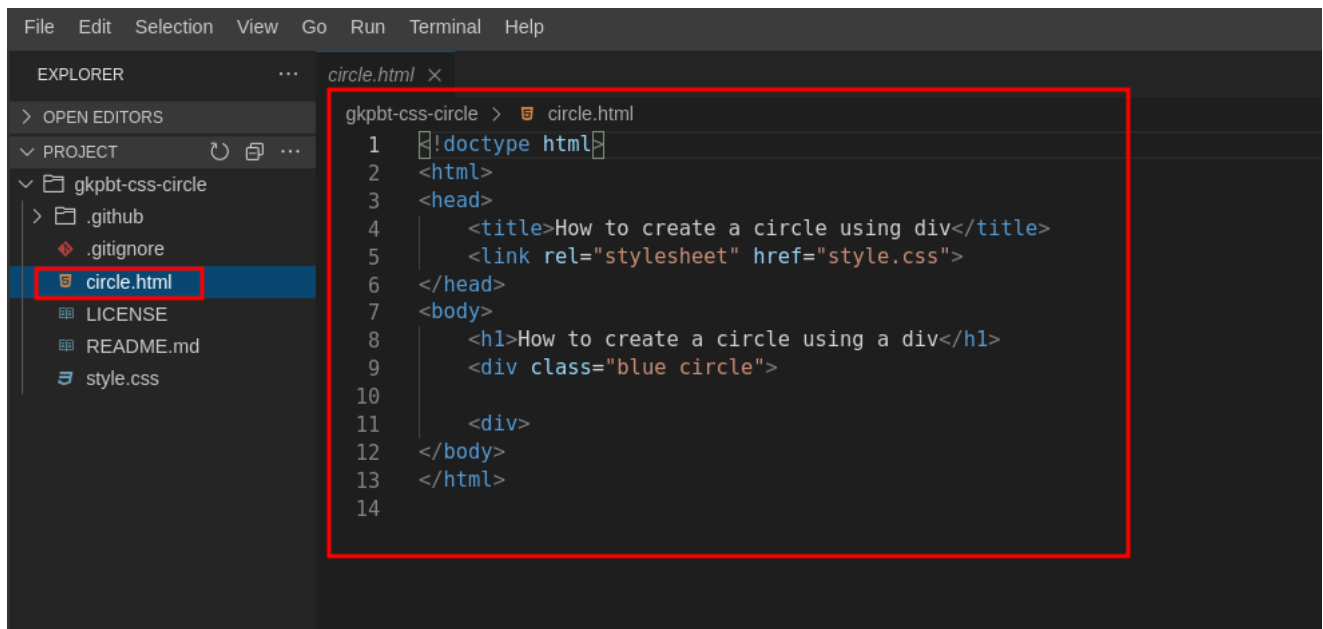
## Exercise 4: Explore the cloned repo

To become familiar with the cloned repo, complete the following steps:

1. Click on the Explorer icon as shown in the following image:



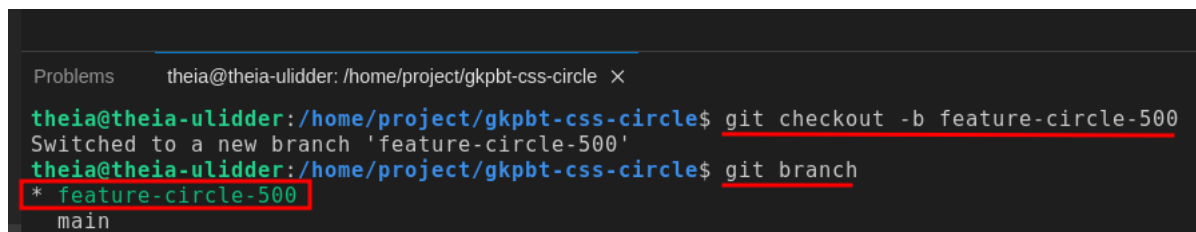
2. Click on Project and expand the folder of the project you just cloned. You can open the files in the editor on the right side by clicking on the file name.



## Exercise 5: Create the feature-circle-500 branch

We will now add a new feature to the source code. We are asked to make the circle bigger with a size of 500x500. Before we make this change, we will create a new branch.

1. Navigate to our repository using `cd gkpbt-css-circle`
2. Create a new branch using the `git checkout -b feature-circle-500` command. Notice that we used a single command instead of creating a branch and then checking it out. The `-b` flag creates the branch if it does not already exist.
3. You can check that you are in the new branch by using the `git status` command.



## Exercise 6: Make required code changes

1. Let's change the width and height to 500px each. Open the `style.css` file from the file explorer and change the code as follows:

```

1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
4. 4
5. 5
6. 6
7. 7
8. 8
1. .blue {
2.     background-color:blue
3. }
4. .circle{
5.     border-radius:50%;
6.     width:500;
7.     height:500px;
8. }

```

Copied!

2. If you do a `git status` at this point, you will see a change is shown. This change is not staged at this point, but Git is aware of it.

```

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git status
On branch feature-circle-500
Changes not staged for commit:
  (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
  (use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

    modified:   style.css

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")

```

3. Optionally, you can use the `git diff` command to see the changes in more detail:

```

Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git diff ./style.css
diff --git a/style.css b/style.css
index bla4e3b..2309246 100644
--- a/style.css
+++ b/style.css
@@ -3,6 +3,6 @@
 }
 .circle{
     border-radius:50%;
-    width:300px;
-    height:300px;
+    width:500px;
+    height: 500px;
 }

```

Notice the text in red was deleted and the text in green was added. Essentially, we changed the height and width from 300px to 500px each.

## Exercise 7: Add and commit your changes

A commit is Git's way of recording your file changes, similar to how you might save an edited document. To commit the change that you made in the previous exercise, you first need to add it to a staging area. Git will then take the staged snapshot of changes and commit them to the project. Remember, Git will never change files unless you explicitly ask it to.

To commit your new file, complete the following steps:

1. To move the changes from your working project directory to the staging area, type the following command in the Terminal window:

```
1. 1
1. git add .
```

Copied!

The `git add` command has several options. The single `.` adds all untracked files in the current directory and subdirectories to the staging area. Alternatively, you can add the single file you created by using the `git add style.css` command. Finally, you can use `git add -A` to recursively add all files from the top level git folder.

2. If you check the status at this point, you will see the file has changed from Untracked to Changes to be committed:

```

Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git add .
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git status
On branch feature-circle-500
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)

    modified:   style.css

```

3. To commit the new file to the local repository, you need to first tell git who you are. Type in the following commands to set your email and username. The email should be the same as your GitHub email.

Set your email:

```
1. 1
1. git config --global user.email "email@example.com"
```

Copied!

Set your name:

```
1. 1
1. git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

Copied!

```

Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git config --global user.email "email@example.com"
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git config --global user.name "Upkar Lidder"

```

4. Type the following command in the Terminal window to commit the file. **Note:** It's always a good practice to add a description for the commit so you can remember what the change was if you have to refer to it later. We add a description using `-m`, followed by our message:

```
1. 1
1. git commit -sm "Changing the height and the width of the circle"
```

Copied!

```

Problems    theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git commit -sm "Changing the height and the wid
[feature-circle-500 4a5a882] Changing the height and the width of the circle
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git status
On branch feature-circle-500
nothing to commit, working tree clean

```

As you can see, `git status` now says there is nothing to commit and the working tree is clean. The new file is now ready to be pushed from your local system to origin on GitHub.

## Exercise 8: Merge your branch back into main branch

If you are happy with your changes in the `feature-circle-500` branch, you can now merge it back into your local `main` branch by following these steps:

1. Confirm that you are currently in the `feature-circle-500` branch.

```

Problems    theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch
* feature-circle-500
main

```

2. Check out the `main` branch

```

1. 1
1. git checkout main

```

Copied!

If you run `git branch` again, you should see the `*` against the `main` branch.

```

Problems    theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git checkout main
Switched to branch 'main'
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch
feature-circle-500
* main

```

3. Merge the ``branch into main.

```

1. 1
1. git merge feature-circle-500

```

Copied!

```

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git merge feature-circle-500
Updating 729ceb2..4a5a882
Fast-forward
 style.css | 4 ++--
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)

```

4. Confirm the change was merged by using the `git log` command. We are using `--oneline` flag to display logs more concisely.

```

Problems    theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git log --oneline
4a5a882 (HEAD -> main, origin/feature-circle-500, feature-circle-500) Changing the height and the wi
729ceb2 (origin/main, origin/HEAD) Automatically close PRs
0169944 Update README.md
8f09fd1 Create style.css
2d31fb1 Create circle.html
11bec50 Initial commit

```

## Exercise 9: Delete the `feature-circle-500` branch

Since you are done making the change, let's delete the `feature-circle-500` branch. Follow these steps:

1. Ensure you are on the `main` branch. If not, check it out first

```

1. 1
1. git checkout main

```

Copied!



2. Delete the feature-circle-500 branch

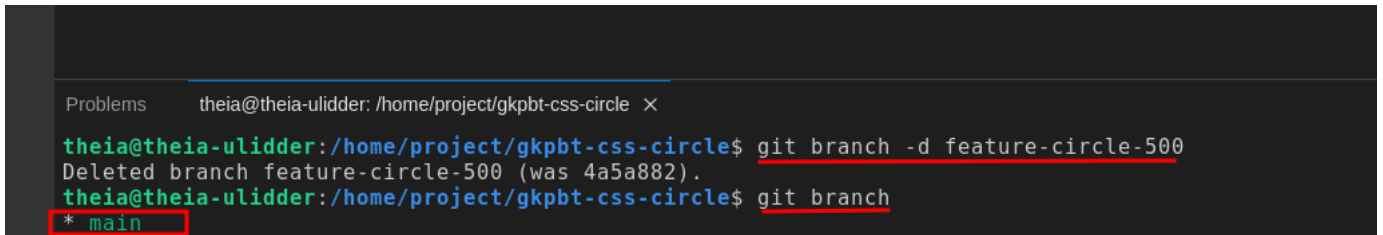
```
1. 1  
1. git branch -d feature-circle-500
```

Copied!

3. You can confirm the branch was deleted by listing all branches

```
1. 1  
1. git branch
```

Copied!



```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X  
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch -d feature-circle-500  
Deleted branch feature-circle-500 (was 4a5a882).  
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch  
* main
```

## Exercise 10: Push your changes to origin

This push will synchronize all the changes you made on your local system with your fork repository on GitHub.

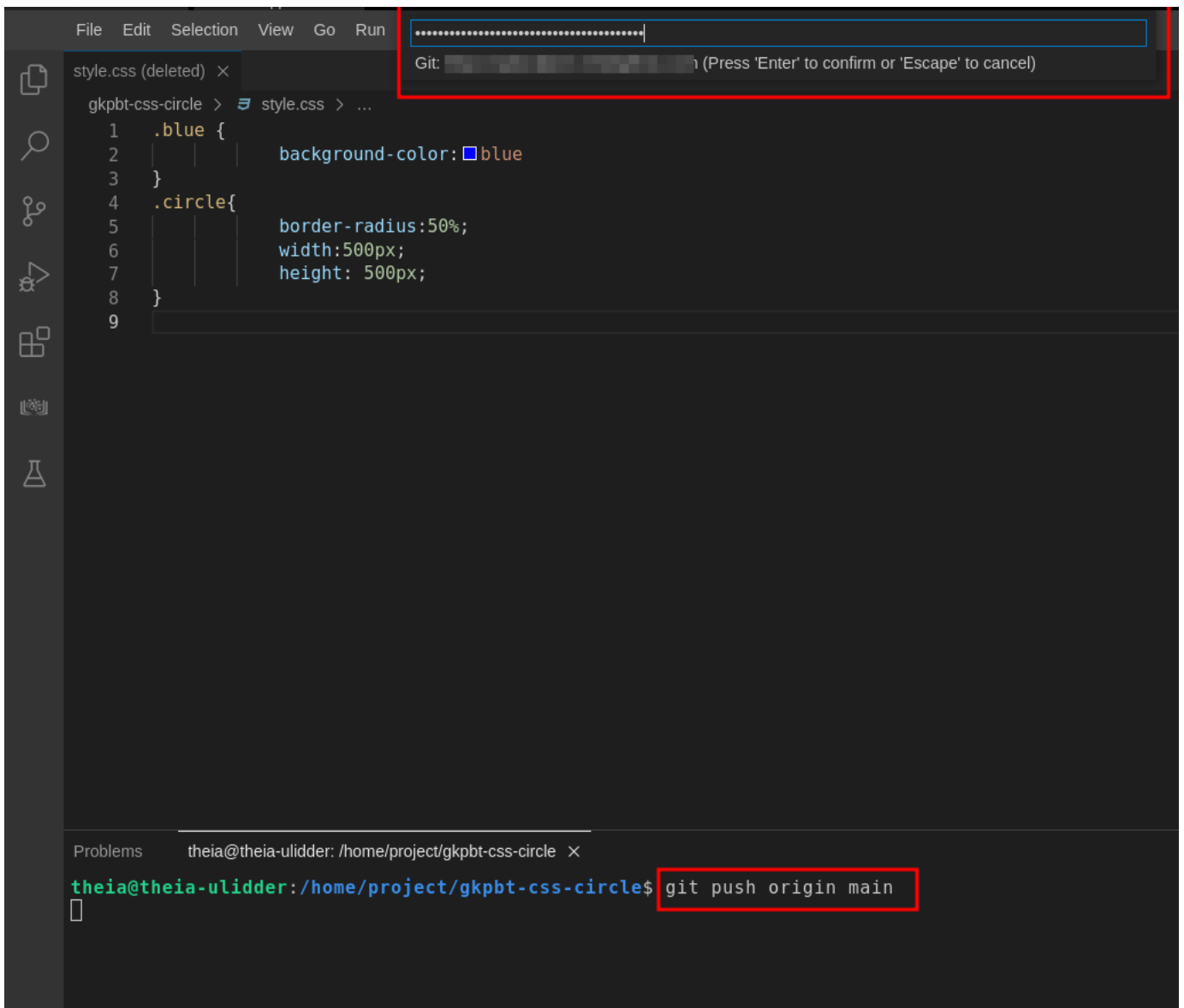
To push your update to GitHub, complete the following steps:

1. In the Terminal window, run the following command:

```
1. 1  
1. git push origin main
```

Copied!

Once you submit that command, vs code will bring up a dialog on the top of the screen for your username and password. The username is your GitHub email. The password is the token you created in **Exercise 1**.



The screenshot shows the VS Code interface. At the top, a Git push dialog is open, prompting for a username and password. Below the dialog, the editor shows a CSS file named style.css with the following content:

```
1 .blue {  
2     background-color: blue;  
3 }  
4 .circle {  
5     border-radius: 50%;  
6     width: 500px;  
7     height: 500px;  
8 }  
9
```

At the bottom, the terminal window shows the command `git push origin main` being executed.

If your username and password were accepted, you should see the changes pushed to GitHub in the terminal.

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git push origin main
Counting objects: 3, done.
Delta compression using up to 16 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (3/3), done.
Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 379 bytes | 379.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 3 (delta 1), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (1/1), completed with 1 local object.
To https://github.com/upkarlidderr/gkpbt-css-circle.git
729ceb2..4a5a882 main -> main
```

2. Go to the fork repository in your GitHub account and verify that the local changes have now been added to the main branch.

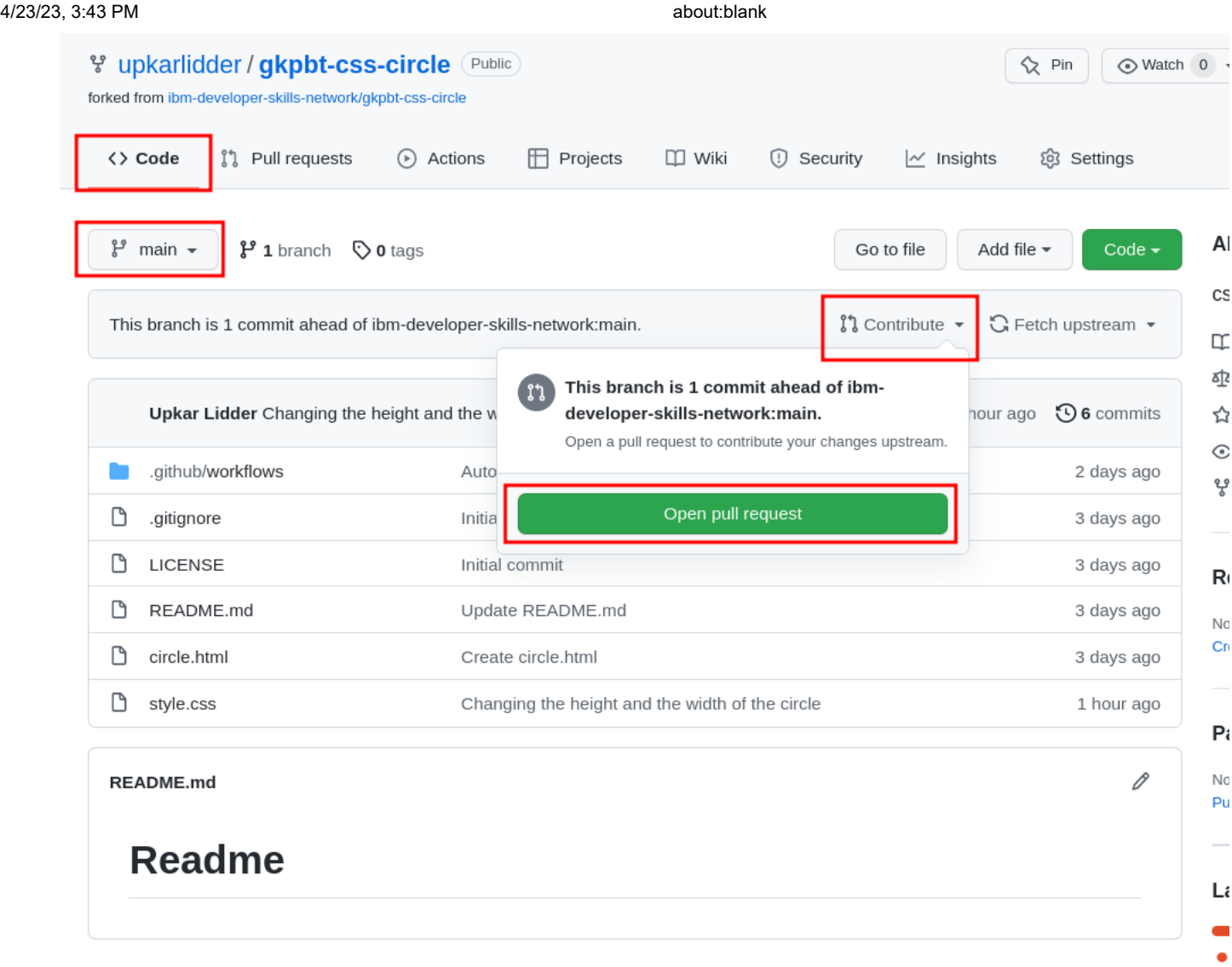
The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for a repository named 'gkpbt-css-circle' by user 'upkarlidderr'. The repository is public and forked from 'ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle'. The 'Code' tab is selected, showing the 'main' branch. The file 'style.css' is open, displaying CSS code for a circle. The code includes a red box highlighting the following properties: `border-radius:50%; width:500px; height: 500px;`. The commit message 'Upkar Lidderr Changing the height and the width of the circle' is visible, along with a 'Latest' button. The contributor list shows '1 contributor'.

## Exercise 11: Create a pull request

The final step is to request that the original project pull in the changes you've made to your fork. To merge your changes to the original repository, you need to create a pull request.

To create a pull request, complete the following steps:

1. Ensure you are on the **Code** tab. Click on the **Contribute** button and then on **Open pull request**.



2. In the “Comparing changes” panel, GitHub shows you that it is comparing the main branch of your fork to the main branch of the original repository, and that your changes can be merged. Click the **Create pull request** button.

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circle Public Unwatch 2

generated from ibm-developer-skills-network/coding-project-template

**<> Code** Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki Security Insights Settings

## Comparing changes

Choose two branches to see what's changed or to start a new pull request. If you need to, you can also [compare across forks](#).

base repository: ibm-developer-skills-network/gk... base: main ← head repository: upkarliddar/gkpbt-css-circle compare: main

✓ **Able to merge.** These branches can be automatically merged.

Discuss and review the changes in this comparison with others. [Learn about pull requests](#)

1 commit 1 file changed

Commits on Jan 17, 2022


**Changing the height and the width of the circle** ...  
Upkar Liddar committed 1 hour ago

Showing 1 changed file with 2 additions and 2 deletions.

style.css

3	}	3	}
4	.circle{	4	.circle{
5	border-radius:50%;	5	border-radius:50%;
6	- width:300px;	6	+ width:500px;
7	- height:300px;	7	+ height:500px;
8	}	8	}

3. You are taken to the **Open pull request** screen. Notice that your commit message appears as the title of the pull request. Since we signed the commit, the body contains the email you configured in the previous step.


 **ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circle** Public Unwatch 2

generated from [ibm-developer-skills-network/coding-project-template](#)

[Code](#) [Issues](#) [Pull requests](#) [Actions](#) [Projects](#) [Wiki](#) [Security](#) [Insights](#) [Settings](#)


## Open a pull request

Create a new pull request by comparing changes across two branches. If you need to, you can also [compare across forks](#).

 base repository: [ibm-developer-skills-network/gk...](#) base: [main](#)










← head repository: [upkarliddar/gkpbt-css-circle](#) compare: [main](#)

✓ **Able to merge.** These branches can be automatically merged.





Changing the height and the width of the circle


Write Preview

H B I         

Signed-off-by: Upkar Liddar <email.example.com>

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them.

☒ **Allow edits by maintainers**   Record a Loom Create pull request

 Remember, contributions to this repository should follow our [GitHub Community Guidelines](#).

**Note:** For the purposes of this lab, your pull request will be processed and closed automatically. **Copy the URL of this pull request as you will need to submit it for peer review.**

You should see the following message in your pull request after a few minutes:

about:blank


13/15

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circle Public


generated from ibm-developer-skills-network/coding-project-template

[Code](#) [Issues](#) [Pull requests](#) 1 [Actions](#) [Projects](#) [Wiki](#) [Security](#) [Insights](#) [Settings](#)


## Changing the height and the width of the circle #2


 Closed upkarlidderr wants to merge 1 commit into `ibm-developer-skills-network:main` from `upkarlidderr:main`

Conversation 0 Commits 1 Checks 0 Files changed 1


 upkarlidderr commented 14 seconds ago Collaborator


Signed-off-by: Upkar Lidder <email.example.com>

 Changing the height and the width of the circle 4a5a882











 github-actions bot commented now

Congratulations! You have completed the lab. Closing for maintenance purpose.

 github-actions bot closed this now


 **Pull request closed**

If you wish, you can delete this fork of `ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle` in the [settings](#).

 Write Preview H B I         

Leave a comment

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them.

 Record a Loom Reopen pull request Comment

**Reviewers**  
No reviews

**Assignees**  
No one—ass

**Labels**  
None yet

**Projects**  
None yet

**Milestone**  
No milestone

**Linked issues**  
Successfully issues.  
None yet

**Notification:**  
You're receiv  
this repositor

**1 participant**

## Exercise 12: Practice on your own

1. Create a new branch called `feature-add-color`.

► [Click here for the solution](#)

2. Make `feature-add-color` the active branch.

► [Click here for the solution](#)

3. Add another css rule as follows:

```
1. 1
2. 2
3. 3
1. .red {
2.     background-color:red
3. }
```

Copied!

4. Stage this change.

- ▶ Click here for the solution
- 5. Commit the changes in your feature-add-color.
  - ▶ Click here for the solution
- 6. Merge the changes in feature-add-color into main.
  - ▶ Click here for the solution
- 7. delete the feature-add-color branch.
  - ▶ Click here for the solution
- 8. Create a new pull request for this feature in the upstream repository using the GitHub UI.

Summary

In this lab, you have learned how to fork an upstream repository into your own account and then clone it locally in the lab environment. You then learned how to synchronize changes in your local repository with remote GitHub repositories using pull requests.

Author(s)

Upkar Lidder

Other Contributor(s)

Richard Ye

Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2022-01-17	1.0	Upkar Lidder	Initial version created
2022-01-27	1.1	Richard Ye	Corrected and added instructions
2023-04-03	1.2	Lavanya Rajalingam	Updated new SN Logo