

Congratulations! You passed!

Grade received 100%

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1.	In the following declaration, what is the type of the variable 'pi'?	1 / 1 point				
	var pi = "3.14";					
	string					
	O number					
	O char					
	O float					
	 Correct Correct. Variables in JavaScript assumes the data type from of a variable when it's assigned, meaning in 					
	this case `pi` is the same type as "3.14". Since "3.14" contains multiple characters in quotation marks, it is					
	a string. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" and "JavaScript Variables and Control Statements" videos for more information.					
2.	How do you define an array called array1 in JavaScript?	1 / 1 point				
	O var array1 = (1,2,3)					
	O var array1 = new Array((1,2,3))					
	O var array1 = new Array[1,2,3]					
	• var array1 = [1,2,3]					
	Correct Correct. Array literals are created by declaring array elements within square brackets, as shown above.					
	Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video for more information.					
3.	What does the following statement do?	1 / 1 point				
٥.	var ndate = new Date();	1/1point				
	Assigns an empty string with the properties of dates to ndate					
	Assigns the current local time to ndate					
	O Returns an error					
	Assigns the current Greenwich Mean Time to ndate					
	 Correct Correct. Providing no arguments to the Date constructor returns the current local time based on your 					
	system settings. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video for more information.					
4.	Which DOM function returns a node object matching a div with an id value "example_id"?	1 / 1 point				
	document.getElementById("example_id")					
	O document.getElementById(div, "example_id")					
	O div.getValueOf("example_id")					
	O element.getNodeById("example_id")					
	⊘ Correct					
	Correct. To get an object given a specified id, the document getElementById() method should be used. This looks for a specific id, and does not differentiate between the different tags. Refer to the "JavaScript"					
	DOM Objects" video for more information.					
5.	How are numbers converted to strings?	1 / 1 point				
	O (123).string					
	(123).toString()					
	O toString(123)					
	O string(123)					
	⊘ Correct					
	Correct. Converting a value to a String requires calling the "toString" method on the object (in this case numbers) and providing no arguments. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video					
	for more information.					

6. What is the value of 'total' after the following statement is executed?

1 / 1 point

O This results in an error	
O 14	
○ Correct Correct. JavaScript will execute this statement in order. 10 and 1 are both numbers and will be added as such (10 + 1 = 11). Then, this new value (11) will be concatenated with the string "3", resulting in "113". Refer to the "JavaScript - Browser Console" reading for more information.	
What would the alert be, when the following code is executed?	1/1
var a = new String("Hello");	1 / 1 po
varia = "Hello";	
if (a ===b){	
alert("Same");	
}else{	
alert("Different");	
}	
Same	
Different	
It would not give any alert as it is an error	
None of the above	
○ Correct Correct. The "===" operation checks if the operand on the left is of equal value and equal type to the operand on right. Since Strings declared by the String wrapper object are different than the primitive string data type, `a` and `b` are different types, despite them being the same values. Refer to the "JavaScript Language - Overview and Syntax" video and the "JavaScript - Browser Console" reading for more information.	
Which of the following is the proper way to create a `for` loop? for (var i = minVal; i < maxVal; i++) { } for (var i = minVal; i++; i < maxVal) { } for (i < maxVal) { }	1/1pc
O loop (for i = minVal; i < maxVal; i++) { }	
Correct Correct A for loop requires 3 expressions within the parentheses: an initial expression, a conditional expression, and an increment expression. The expressions must appear in the order listed, and must be separated by a semi-colon (;), as shown in this example. Refer to the "JavaScript Variables and Control Statements" video for more information.	
Select all of the following which are <i>proper</i> ways to add a `color` property to a custom `Car` object.	1 / 1 pc
Car.color = "Red"	
✓ Car.prototype.color = "Red"	
○ Correct Correct. All objects have a corresponding prototype, which make it easy to add properties and methods to all current and future instances of that object. Above is the correct usage of adding a property to a prototype. Refer to the "JavaScript Functions and Prototypes" video for more information.	
✓ Modify the code of the Car object directly to add a `color` parameter in the constructor	
Correct. Modifying the object code directly is one way to add methods and properties to it. However, there are easier ways to do so. Refer to the "JavaScript Functions and Prototypes" video for more information.	
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