

Estimated time: 15 minutes

Objectives

After completing this lab you will be able to:

- 1. Create a branch
- 2. Commit changes to a child branch
- 3. Open a pull request
- 4. Merge a pull request into the main branch

Prerequisites

This hands-on lab requires you to have created a GitHub account and added a project to it, as covered in the Getting started with GitHub lab.

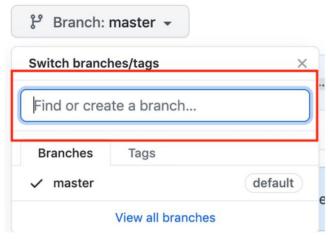
NOTE: In the past the default branch in your GitHub repo used the name master. Effective Oct 1. 2020, all new GitHub repositories use the more inclusive term main as the name of the default branch

1. Create a branch

You can create or delete branches using your repository's GitHub web page. To add a branch to your repository, complete the following steps:

1. Go to you repository's main page. Note that when you created your repository, the main branch was created for you:

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Your repository now has two branches: Main and Child_Branch. You can click the drop-down menu to see your branches.

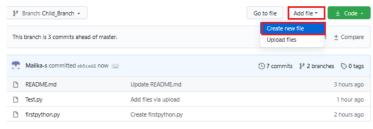


Any files that were in the main branch have now been copied to Child_Branch. Note that when you add or edit a file in Child_Branch, that change will not automatically be made in the main branch.

2. Add a file to a branch

To add a file to your new branch, ensure that Child_Branch (or whatever name you gave your branch) is displayed in the Branch drop-down menu and complete the following steps:

1. Click Add file > Create new file to create a file in the repository.



2. Type a name and extension for the file – for example, testchild.py – and add the following lines to the body of the new file:

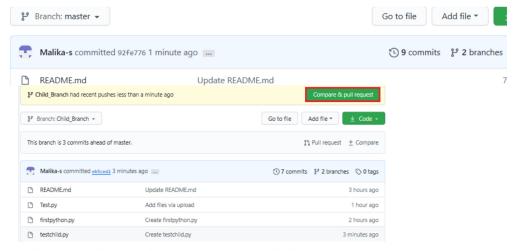




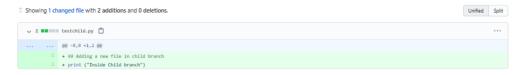
The file is added to your child branch.

3. Open a pull request

The file that you added to your child branch is not automatically added to the main branch. (You can check this by using the Branch drop-down menu to go to the main branch; note that there is no testchil



2. Scroll to the bottom of the page and note that there is 1 changed file listed.



3. Scroll up and note that GitHub is comparing the main and Child_Branch branches and that there are no conflicts between the two. Optionally, you can add a comment to the pull request. Click Create pull 1

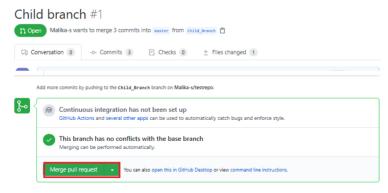


The pull request is created and can now be merged by a repository administrator.

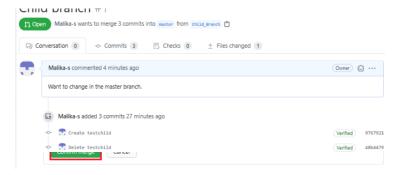
4. Merge a pull request

To merge a pull request into a project, complete the following steps:

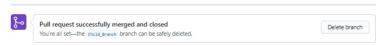
- 1. Click the **Pull requests** tab. A list of pending pull requests is displayed.
- 2. Click the pull request that you want to merge into the main project. If you are satisfied with the changes, click Merge pull request to accept the pull request and merge the updates. (You can add a commen



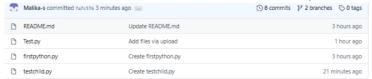
3. When you click Merge pull request, a Confirm merge button is displayed. Click that button to complete the merge.



The pull request has now been merged successfully. Note that you can delete the child branch because your changes have been incorporated into the main branch.



Check the list of files in the main branch to confirm that it now includes the file that you added in the pull request.



Summary

Congratulations! You' ve now learned how to create a branch, edit and commit changes in that branch, open a pull request, and merge the pull request into your main project. We encourage you to continue to with the concepts and processes.

Tutorial details

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