

Module 1 Glossary: Introduction to Application Development

| Term | Definition | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| AngularJS | An open-source JavaScript framework for dynamic web applications | | |
| Application Programming Interface (API) | Code that allows two software programs to communicate with each other. | | |
| Build Automation | Allow you to download dependencies, compile code, package binary code, run tests, deploy to production. | | |
| Build Automation Servers | Execute build-automation utilities on a scheduled or triggered basis. | | |
| Build Automation Utilities | Generate executables by compiling and linking code. | | |
| Continuous Integration/** Continuous Deployment (CI/CD)** | A method for releasing code and integrating it into code that has already been developed in order to prevent the application from breaking throughout the app's lifecycle. | | |
| Django | A framework for Python web development. | | |
| Dynamic Content | Data that is created each time a request is sent to a server. | | |
| Endpoint | The point at which an API connects with the software program. | | |
| Frameworks | Provide a standard way to build an application. Frameworks dictate architecture and program flow. | | |
| IDE | "Integrated Development Environment" Helps create and manage code. | | |
| Inversion of Control | A predefined workflow where the developer is not in full control of how the application operates. | | |
| JavaScript Framework | An application framework written in JavaScript to create responsive sites. | | |
| LESS | "Learner Style Sheets" add more style and functions to CSS. | | |
| less.js | A JavaScript tool that converts LESS styles to CSS. | | |
| Libraries | Reusable collections of code | | |
| Opinionated | Frameworks that have a lot of control are sometimes considered "opinionated" . | | |
| Package Managers | Coordinate with file archivers to extract packages. Verify check sums and digital certificates. Locate, download, and install updates of existing software from a repository as well as manage dependencies. Common package managers include the following: Debian Package Management System (DPMS), Red Hat Package Manager for Linux, Chocolatery for Windows, Homebrew and MacPorts for MacOS. | | |
| Packages | Archive files that include app files, instructions for installation, and metadata. | | |
| React.js | A JavaScript framework developed by Facebook that helps build and drop elements onto a page. | | |
| Responsive Design | Design technique that automatically resizes a display to adapt to a specific screen size. | | |
| Route | Allows front-end client to plug into correct socket on the backend. They are the paths that network traffic takes from a virtual machine (VM) instance to other destinations. | | |
| SASS | "Syntactically Awesome Stylesheets" are an extension of CSS. | | |
| Static Content | A display of data that has been previously stored on a server. | | |
| Version Control | Allows you to revert to earlier versions of code, resolves conflicts between the same files, and split and merge different code branches. | | |
| Vue.js | A community-based JavaScript framework focused on UI. Includes UI components such as buttons and other visual elements, and is both a library and a framework. | | |

Changelog

| Date | Version | Changed by | Change Description |
|------------|---------|------------------|-------------------------|
| 17-08-2022 | 1.0 | Michelle Saltoun | Initial version created |

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