

# HW 5

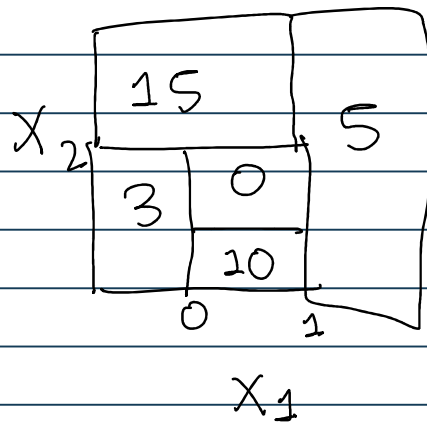
Sunday, October 27, 2024

3:26 PM

## Part - A

①

Figure :



$$x_1 < 1$$

$$x_2 < 1$$

5

$$x_2 < 1$$

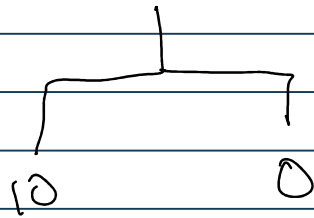
$$x_1 < 0$$

15

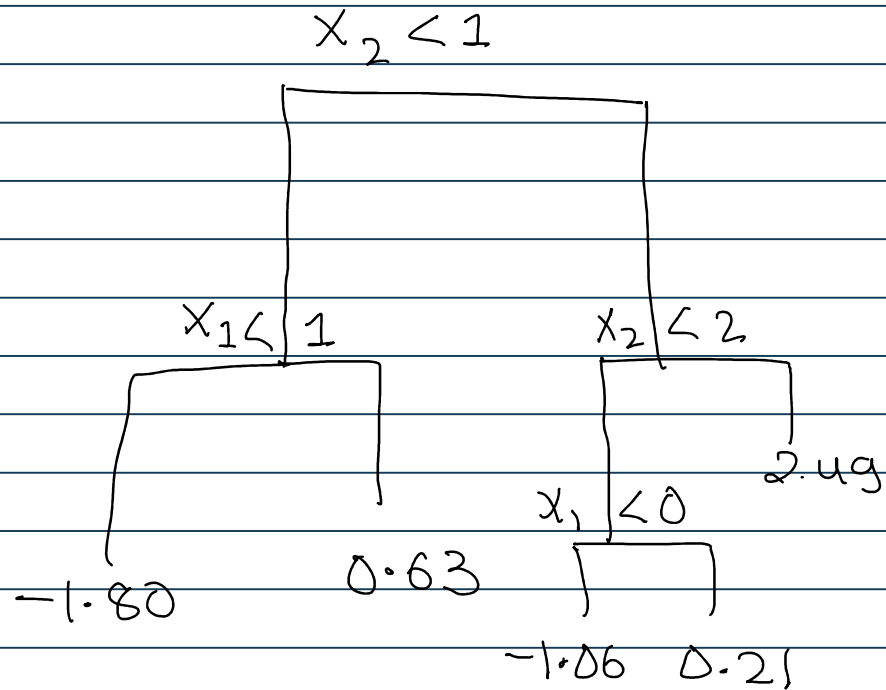
3

$$x_2 < 0$$

1



②



		2		2.49	
		$x_2$	1	-1.06	0.21
				-1.80	0.63
				0	
				$x_1$	

Q.3) Yes, It is a good idea to try decreasing max\_depth if a Decision Tree is overfitting. Doing so, limits the number of splits it can make. which helps to reduce the complexity of model.

4) The computational capacity of training a decision tree is given by:

$$O(n \times m \log m)$$

Therefore, if we were to multiply the training set by 10, the training time will be multiplied by

$$K = \frac{n \times 10m \times \log 10m}{n \times m \times \log m}$$

$$= \frac{10 \log 10m}{\log m}$$

$$\text{if } m = 2 \times 10^6$$

$$K = \frac{10 \times \log(10 \times 2 \times 10^6)}{\log(2 \times 10^6)} = 11.59$$

$\therefore$  The time taken by 20 million instances will be  $2 \times 11.59 = 23.17$  hours