

 SAMFYB doctoc

125fa19 13 days ago

1 contributor

75 lines (55 sloc) 3.62 KB

## Recitation April 4 - Sequences

- [List v. Sequences \(Pros & Cons\)](#)
- [Sequence Library](#)
  - [Tabulate](#)
  - [Reverse Sequence](#)
  - [Eliminate Rows of Sequence of Sequences](#)
- [Work & Span Analysis of Sequence Library](#)

### List v. Sequences (Pros & Cons)

#### Pros:

- constant time access
- parallelism

#### Cons:

- no cons!
- take more memory
- no pattern matching

### Sequence Library

- Seq.tabulate
- Seq.map
- Seq.filter
- Seq.nth
- Seq.reduce

#### Tabulate

```
Seq.tabulate : (int -> 'a) -> int -> 'a seq  
(* < 0, 1, 2 > = *) Seq.tabulate (fn x => x) 3
```

## Reverse Sequence

```
fun rev S =
  Seq.tabulate (fn i => Seq.nth S (Seq.length - i - 1)) (Seq.length S)
```

## Eliminate Rows of Sequence of Sequences

```
fun elimRows (L : int Seq.seq Seq.seq) (k : int) =
  let
    val Smax = Seq.map (fn S => (Seq.reduce Int.max 0 S, S)) L
    val filtered = Seq.filter (fn (m, R) => m > k) Smax
    val remove = Seq.map (fn (m, R) => R) filtered
  in
    remove
  end

(* elimRows removes rows where there is NO element greater than k *)
```

## Work & Span Analysis of Sequence Library

Function	Work	Span
tabulate	$O(n)$	$O(1)$
map	$O(n)$	$O(1)$
filter	$O(n)$	$O(\log(n))$
nth	$O(1)$	$O(1)$
reduce	$O(n)$	$O(\log(n))$
length	$O(1)$	$O(1)$