



THE UNIVERSITY  
OF LAHORE  
**ISLAMABAD  
CAMPUS**

## DATA STRUCTURE AND ALGORITHM

### Lab Report

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Lab Report #: 08  
Dated: 5-28-2018  
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# Experiment # 1

## GRAPH

### Objective

To understand the implementation of adjacency matrix.

### Software Tool

1.  
DEV C++

## 1 Theory

There are 3 function created which perform different tasks 1. DIRECTED GRAPH

2. UNDIRECTED GRAPH

3. WEIGHTED GRAPH

## 2 Task

### 2.1 Procedure: Task 1

```
#include<iostream>
#include<iomanip>
using namespace std;
void PrintMat(int mat[][20], int n, int weight[20][20])
{
    int i, j;

    cout<<"\n\n"<<setw(4)<<"  ";
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout<<setw(3)<<" ("<<i+1<<" )  ";
    cout<<"\n\n";
```

```

C:\Users\SAMI\CLIA\YOUNG\Documents\LAB.exe
choice your function
1.DIRECTED
2.UNDIRECTED
3.WEIGHTED 3
Enter the number of vertices: 3
Enter 1 if the vertex 1 is adjacent to 1, otherwise 0: 1
ENTER HEIGHT OF GRAPH3
Enter 1 if the vertex 1 is adjacent to 2, otherwise 0: 0
Enter 1 if the vertex 1 is adjacent to 3, otherwise 0: 0
Enter 1 if the vertex 2 is adjacent to 1, otherwise 0: 1
ENTER HEIGHT OF GRAPH4
Enter 1 if the vertex 2 is adjacent to 2, otherwise 0: 1
ENTER HEIGHT OF GRAPH5
Enter 1 if the vertex 2 is adjacent to 3, otherwise 0: 1
ENTER HEIGHT OF GRAPH7
Enter 1 if the vertex 3 is adjacent to 1, otherwise 0: 0
Enter 1 if the vertex 3 is adjacent to 2, otherwise 0: 0
Enter 1 if the vertex 3 is adjacent to 3, otherwise 0: 0

(1) (2) (3)
(1) 1 3 1 0 0 0
(2) 1 4 1 5 0 7
(3) 0 0 0 0 0 0

Process exited after 22.84 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . .

```

Figure 1: Time Independent Feature Set

```

// Print 1 if the corresponding vertexes are connected otherwise 0
for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    cout<<setw(3)<<" ("<<i+1<<" )";
    for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
    {
        cout<<setw(4)<<mat[i][j]<<" _" <<weight[i][j]<<" _"
    }
    cout<<"\n\n";
}

void PrintMat(int mat[][20], int n)
{
    int i, j;

    cout<<"\n\n"<<setw(4)<<" ";
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
        cout<<setw(3)<<" ("<<i+1<<" )";
    cout<<"\n\n";

    // Print 1 if the corresponding vertexes are connected otherwise 0
    for(i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        cout<<setw(3)<<" ("<<i+1<<" )";

```

```

        for(j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            cout<<setw(4)<<mat[i][j];
        }
        cout<<"\n\n";
    }
}

int main()
{
    int n;
    int i, j, v;
    int mat[20][20];
    int weight[20][20];
    cout<<"choice your funcion \n 1.DIRECTED \n 2.UNDIRECTED \n 3.WEIGHTE
    cin>>n;
    switch(n)
    {
        case 1:

            cout<<"Enter the number of vertexes: ";
            cin>>v;

            int mat[20][20];

            cout<<"\n";
            // Take input of the adjacency of each pair of vertexes.
            for(i = 0; i < v; i++)
            {
                for(j = 0; j < v; j++)
                {
                    cout<<"Enter 1 if the vertex "<<i+1<<" is
                    cin>>mat[i][j];

                    // mat[j][i] = mat[i][j];
                }
            }

```

```

    }
}

PrintMat(mat, v);
break;

case 2:

cout<<"Enter the number of vertexes: ";
cin>>v;

cout<<"\n";
// Take input of the adjacency of each pair of vertexes.
for(i = 0; i < v; i++)
{
    for(j = i; j < v; j++)
    {
        if(i != j)
        {
            cout<<"Enter 1 if the vertex "<<i+1<<" is
            cin>>mat[i][j];

            mat[j][i] = mat[i][j];

        }
        else
            mat[i][j] = 0;
    }
}

PrintMat(mat, v);
break;

case 3:

    int i, j, v;

cout<<"Enter the number of vertexes: ";

```

```

cin>>v;

cout<<"\n";
// Take input of the adjacency of each pair of vertexes.
for(i = 0; i < v; i++)
{
    for(j = 0; j < v; j++)
    {
        {
            cout<<"Enter 1 if the vertex "<<i+1<<" is 1
            cin>>mat[i][j];

            mat[j][i] = mat[i][j];
            if(mat[i][j]==1)
            {
                cout<<endl<<"ENTER WEIGHT OF GRAPH";
                cin>>weight[i][j];
            }
            else
                weight[i][j]=0;
        }
    }
}

PrintMat(mat, v, weight);
break;
default:
    cout<<"INVALID:";

}
return 0;
}

```

### **3 Conclusion**

in this lab we perform 3 different tasks of graph and will understand them in the lab.