Pandas

- It is a open source library and most popular library
- Mainly use in data analysis (EDA)
- pip install pandas
- This is a high level data manipulation tool.
- It deals with data structure.(Series and DataFrame)

Series

Called as One Dimensional Data

DataFrame

- Called as Multi Dimensional Data
- These data structure are build on the numpy package
- The key data structure is DataFrame (Tabular data)
- Data in pandas often used to feed statistical analysis on plotting funtions from matplotlib
- pip install pandas
- import pandas as pd
- Wes Mckinney founder of the Pandas.
- It is used to handle missing data, merging, concatinate and reshaping the data and etc.
- Pandas stands for panel data.
- It was originated with this idea of panel data which means mathmatical methods for multi dimensional data.
- Panel is a 3-d labeled array, this is also one of the data structure in pandas but rarely used.
- pandas contains data structure and manipulation tool design to make data analysis and cleaning fast and easy in python.

• It has two data structures - Series , DataFrame

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
In [2]: # It is a one dimensional array like object(string) containing a sequence of values and n-Index
        data=[1,2,3,4]
        s1=pd.Series(data)
        print(s1)
             1
        1
        2
             3
        dtype: int64
In [3]:
        s1.values
        array([1, 2, 3, 4])
Out[3]:
        s1.index
In [4]:
        RangeIndex(start=0, stop=4, step=1)
Out[4]:
In [5]: #index changing
        s1.index=["a","b","c","d"] #a,b,c,d called as labels
        print(s1)
             1
        b
             2
        С
             3
        dtype: int64
        s1.index
In [6]:
        Index(['a', 'b', 'c', 'd'], dtype='object')
Out[6]:
        #indexing in series within pandas
        s1["a"]
```

```
Out[7]:
 In [8]: #iloc vs loc
         #iloc queries by position and loc by label name
         print(s1.iloc[2])
 In [9]:
         print(s1.loc["c"])
          3
          3
In [10]: #mutability (adding new values in index)
         s1["e"]=5
         print(s1)
              1
              2
              3
         dtype: int64
In [11]: s1.loc["f"]=6
         print(s1)
              1
              2
         dtype: int64
         6 in s1.values #membership operators
In [12]:
Out[12]:
In [13]: 10 in s1.values
         False
Out[13]:
          "e" in s1.index #membership
In [14]:
```

```
True
Out[14]:
          s1[1:4]
Out[15]:
          b 2
          c 3
          d 4
         dtype: int64
          data1={"Jaipur":"Rajasthan", "Mumbai": "Maharastra", "kolkata": "West Bengal", "Banglore": "Karnataka", "Chandigarh": "Punjab"}
In [16]:
          s2=pd.Series(data1)
          print(s2)
                          Rajasthan
          Jaipur
                         Maharastra
         Mumbai
         kolkata
                        West Bengal
         Banglore
                          Karnataka
         Chandigarh
                             Punjab
         dtype: object
          s2.name="states"
In [17]:
          print(s2)
                          Rajasthan
          Jaipur
                         Maharastra
          Mumbai
         kolkata
                        West Bengal
         Banglore
                          Karnataka
         Chandigarh
                             Punjab
         Name: states, dtype: object
          s2.index.name="Capital"
In [18]:
          print(s2)
In [19]:
```

```
Capital
          Jaipur
                          Rajasthan
          Mumbai
                         Maharastra
          kolkata
                        West Bengal
          Banglore
                          Karnataka
                              Punjab
          Chandigarh
          Name: states, dtype: object
          s2[0:3] #slicing
In [20]:
Out[20]:
                        states
           Capital
                     Rajasthan
            Jaipur
          Mumbai
                   Maharastra
           kolkata West Bengal
         dtype: object
          s2[["Jaipur","Mumbai","kolkata"]]
In [21]:
Out[21]:
                        states
           Capital
           Jaipur
                     Rajasthan
          Mumbai
                   Maharastra
           kolkata West Bengal
         dtype: object
In [22]: Capitals=["Jaipur","Mumbai","delhi","kanpur"]
          s3=pd.Series(data1,index=Capitals)
          print(s3)
```

```
Jaipur
                    Rajasthan
         Mumbai
                   Maharastra
         delhi
                          NaN
         kanpur
                          NaN
         dtype: object
         #identify the missing data if it is present in the data
In [23]:
         s3.isnull()
Out[23]:
                    0
           Jaipur False
         Mumbai False
                  True
            delhi
          kanpur True
        dtype: bool
         s3.notnull() #reverse of isnull command
Out[24]:
                    0
           Jaipur True
         Mumbai True
            delhi False
          kanpur False
        dtype: bool
         s=pd.Series(["India","Pakistan","Australia","New zealand"],index=["cricket","cricket","cricket"])
In [25]:
         print(s)
```

```
India
          cricket
          cricket
                        Pakistan
          cricket
                       Australia
          cricket
                     New zealand
          dtype: object
          s.loc["cricket"] #index labels can be nonunique
In [26]:
Out[26]:
                          0
                       India
          cricket
          cricket
                     Pakistan
          cricket
                    Australia
          cricket New zealand
         dtype: object
          colors=["blue","blue","pink","white",None]
          pd.Series(colors)
Out[27]:
                0
          0
             blue
             blue
             pink
          3 white
          4 None
         dtype: object
In [28]:
          num=[1,2,3,None]
          pd.Series(num)
```

```
Out[28]: 0
0 1.0
1 2.0
2 3.0
3 NaN
```

dtype: float64

DataFrame

- It represents a rectangular table of data and contains a collection of columns.
- The DataFrame has both a row and colum index.

```
# Create a dataframe with student details
In [30]:
          import pandas as pd
          student1=pd.Series({"Name":"Utkarsh","ID":1})
          student2=pd.Series({"Name":"Sanad","ID":2})
          student3=pd.Series({"Name":"Himanshu","ID":3})
          student4=pd.Series({"Name":"Shivam","ID":4})
          student5=pd.Series({"Name":"Raj","ID":5})
          student6=pd.Series({"Name":"Virendar","ID":6})
          df1=pd.DataFrame([student1,student2,student3,student5,student5,student6],index=((101,102,103,104,105,106)))
In [31]:
         print(df1)
In [32]:
                   Name ID
                         1
          101
               Utkarsh
                  Sanad
                         2
          102
          103 Himanshu
                         3
          104
                 Shivam
                         4
                         5
          105
                    Raj
          106 Virendar
                         6
In [33]:
         df1
```

```
Out[33]:
                Name ID
                Utkarsh 1
         101
         102
                 Sanad 2
         103 Himanshu
         104
                Shivam 4
         105
                   Raj
                       5
         106
               Virendar 6
         data={"Name":["sanad", "himanshu", "virendar", "Raj", "shivam", "utkarsh"], "Id":[1,2,3,4,5,6]}
         df2=pd.DataFrame(data,index=[101,102,103,104,105,106])
         df2
Out[34]:
                Name Id
         101
                 sanad 1
         102 himanshu 2
         103
               virendar 3
         104
                   Raj 4
         105
                shivam 5
                utkarsh 6
         106
         # #fetch top 5 data from all data
In [36]:
         df2.head()
```

```
Out[36]:
                Name Id
         101
                 sanad
         102 himanshu 2
               virendar 3
         103
                   Raj 4
         104
                shivam 5
         105
         df2.tail() #fetch all 5 bottom data from all above
Out[37]:
                Name Id
         102 himanshu 2
               virendar 3
         103
         104
                   Raj
         105
                shivam 5
         106
                utkarsh 6
         #adding new column in the DataFrame
In [38]:
         df3=pd.DataFrame(data,index=[101,102,103,104,105,106],columns=["Name","Id","Age"])
         df3
Out[38]:
                Name Id Age
         101
                 sanad 1 NaN
         102 himanshu 2 NaN
               virendar 3 NaN
         103
```

Raj 4 NaN

shivam 5 NaN

utkarsh 6 NaN

104

105

106

```
In [39]: # Inserting data in Age column
         df3.Age=21
         df3
Out[39]:
                Name Id Age
         101
                 sanad 1 21
         102 himanshu 2
                          21
              virendar 3
         103
                           21
                  Raj 4
         104
                           21
         105
                shivam 5 21
         106
               utkarsh 6 21
         df3.index
In [40]:
         Index([101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106], dtype='int64')
Out[40]:
         df3.columns # All column names
In [41]:
         Index(['Name', 'Id', 'Age'], dtype='object')
Out[41]:
         df3.values #most important
In [42]:
         array([['sanad', 1, 21],
Out[42]:
                ['himanshu', 2, 21],
                ['virendar', 3, 21],
                ['Raj', 4, 21],
                ['shivam', 5, 21],
                ['utkarsh', 6, 21]], dtype=object)
In [43]: df3["Name"]
```

ut[43]:		Name
	101	sanad
	102	himanshu
	103	virendar
	104	Raj
	105	shivam
	106	utkarsh

dtype: object

In [44]: df3.Name

Out[44]: Name

101 sanad102 himanshu

103 virendar

104 Raj

105 shivam

106 utkarsh

dtype: object

In [45]: df3.loc[104]

```
Out[45]: 104

Name Raj

Id 4

Age 21
```

dtype: object

In [46]: df3.iloc[0]
Out[46]: 101
Name sanad

Id 1

21

dtype: object

Age

In [47]: df3.loc[107]=["Satvamev",7,23] # Adding new Row along with data

In [48]: df3

Out[48]:

	Name	ld	Age
101	sanad	1	21
102	himanshu	2	21
103	virendar	3	21
104	Raj	4	21
105	shivam	5	21
106	utkarsh	6	21
107	Satvamev	7	23

```
df3["Name"][101] #slicing
In [49]:
          'sanad'
Out[49]:
In [50]: # Inserting the new data within the age column
         val=pd.Series([29.5,30,20,24,25,36,22],index=[101,102,103,104,105,106,107])
         df3["Age"]=val
          df3
Out[50]:
                Name Id Age
         101
                 sanad
                      1 29.5
         102 himanshu 2 30.0
          103
               virendar 3 20.0
         104
                   Raj 4 24.0
         105
                shivam 5 25.0
                utkarsh 6 36.0
          106
         107 Satvamev 7 22.0
         df3["Weight"]=df3.Age # Creating the new column
In [51]:
         df3
```

22.0

```
Out[51]:
                Name Id Age Weight
                      1 29.5
                                  29.5
                 sanad
          101
         102 himanshu 2 30.0
                                  30.0
               virendar 3 20.0
                                  20.0
          103
                   Raj 4 24.0
                                  24.0
          104
                shivam 5 25.0
          105
                                  25.0
                utkarsh 6 36.0
                                  36.0
          106
```

107 Satvamev 7 22.0

In [52]: # Creating the height column and inserting the data within the specific index number
val2=pd.Series([6,5],index=[101,103])
df3["Height"]=val2
df3

Out[52]:

	Name	ld	Age	Weight	Height
101	sanad	1	29.5	29.5	6.0
102	himanshu	2	30.0	30.0	NaN
103	virendar	3	20.0	20.0	5.0
104	Raj	4	24.0	24.0	NaN
105	shivam	5	25.0	25.0	NaN
106	utkarsh	6	36.0	36.0	NaN
107	Satvamev	7	22.0	22.0	NaN

```
        Out[53]:
        Name
        Id
        Age
        Weight
        Height

        101
        sanad
        1
        29.5
        29.5
        6.0

        103
        virendar
        3
        20.0
        20.0
        5.0
```

In []: #Delete all missing data along with rows and column using inplace=True Command
#df3.drop([102,104,105,106,107],inplace=True)

In [54]: #only remove column
 del df3["Weight"]
 df3

Out[54]: Name Id Age Height 1 29.5 6.0 101 sanad **102** himanshu 2 30.0 NaN 103 virendar 3 20.0 5.0 Raj 4 24.0 NaN 104 shivam 5 25.0 105 NaN utkarsh 6 36.0 106 NaN **107** Satvamev 7 22.0 NaN

Out[55]: 101 102 107 103 104 105 106 Name sanad himanshu virendar Raj shivam utkarsh Satvamev 6 ld 1 2 3 4 5 7 29.5 30.0 20.0 24.0 25.0 36.0 22.0 Age Height 6.0 NaN 5.0 NaN NaN NaN NaN

In [56]: df3.index.name="trainee"
 df3.columns.name="details"

In [57]: df3

Out[57]: details Name Id Age Height

trainee				
101	sanad	1	29.5	6.0
102	himanshu	2	30.0	NaN
103	virendar	3	20.0	5.0
104	Raj	4	24.0	NaN
105	shivam	5	25.0	NaN
106	utkarsh	6	36.0	NaN
107	Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN

In [58]: df4=df3.reindex([101,202,103,204,205,206]) # reindex the existing index
df4

Out[58]:	details	Name	Id	Age	Height
	trainee				
	101	sanad	1.0	29.5	6.0
	202	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
	103	virendar	3.0	20.0	5.0
	204	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
	205	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
	206	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

In [59]: df3 # Original Data

Out[59]: details Name Id Age Height trainee sanad 1 29.5 6.0 101 **102** himanshu 2 30.0 NaN virendar 3 20.0 5.0 103 104 Raj 4 24.0 NaN 105 shivam 5 25.0 NaN utkarsh 6 36.0 NaN 106

107 Satvamev 7 22.0

In [60]: df5=df3.reindex([101,202,103,204,205,206],method="ffill") #forward filling
df5

NaN

```
Out[60]:
                   Name Id Age Height
         details
         trainee
            101
                   sanad 1 29.5
                                     6.0
            202 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                    NaN
                 virendar 3 20.0
                                    5.0
            103
            204 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                    NaN
            205 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                   NaN
            206 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                   NaN
         df6=df3.reindex([101,202,103,204,205,206],method="bfill") #backward filling
         df6
Out[61]:
         details
                          Id Age Height
                  Name
         trainee
            101
                  sanad
                         1.0 29.5
                                      6.0
            202
                   NaN NaN NaN
                                     NaN
            103 virendar
                         3.0 20.0
                                     5.0
            204
                   NaN NaN NaN
                                     NaN
            205
                   NaN NaN NaN
                                    NaN
                   NaN NaN NaN
            206
                                     NaN
         # Create new dataframe
In [62]:
         df = pd.DataFrame({"A":[1,None,None,4], "B":[None,5,None,7]})
         df
```

```
      Out[62]:
      A
      B

      0
      1.0
      NaN

      1
      NaN
      5.0

      2
      NaN
      NaN

      3
      4.0
      7.0
```

In [63]: df.bfill()

Out[63]: A B

0 1.0 5.0

1 4.0 5.0

2 4.0 7.0

3 4.0 7.0

In [64]: df.bfill(limit=1)

Out[64]: A B
0 1.0 5.0
1 NaN 5.0
2 4.0 7.0
3 4.0 7.0

In [65]: #missing data handling commands like, drop, bfill,ffill,reindex
df5.dropna()

NaN

 Out[65]:
 details
 Name
 Id
 Age
 Height

 trainee
 101
 sanad
 1
 29.5
 6.0

 103
 virendar
 3
 20.0
 5.0

In [66]: df5

Name Id Age Height Out[66]: details trainee 101 sanad 1 29.5 6.0 **202** Satvamev 7 22.0 NaN virendar 3 20.0 5.0 103 **204** Satvamev 7 22.0 NaN **205** Satvamev 7 22.0 NaN

In [67]: # #Replace NaN values with 0

df5.fillna(0)

206 Satvamev 7 22.0

```
Out[67]: details
                   Name Id Age Height
          trainee
            101
                   sanad 1 29.5
                                     6.0
            202 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                     0.0
            103
                 virendar 3 20.0
                                     5.0
            204 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                     0.0
            205 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                     0.0
            206 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                     0.0
```

In [68]: df5.set_index(["Name"]) # to make any column as index

Out[68]: details Id Age Height

Name			
sanad	1	29.5	6.0
Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN
virendar	3	20.0	5.0
Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN
Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN
Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN

In [69]: df5.reset_index() # Resetting the Index

```
Out[69]: details trainee
                         Name Id Age Height
                   101
                               1 29.5
                                           6.0
             0
                          sanad
                   202 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                          NaN
             2
                   103
                        virendar 3 20.0
                                           5.0
                   204 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                          NaN
             3
                   205 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                          NaN
                   206 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                          NaN
```

In [70]: # Indexing and shorting a DataFrame

df3["Name"] #got all details from Name column

Out[70]: Name

trainee				
101	sanad			
102	himanshu			
103	virendar			
104	Raj			
105	shivam			
106	utkarsh			
107	Satvamev			

dtype: object

In [71]: df3[["Name","Id"]] #due to 2d data

```
Out[71]:
         details
                    Name Id
          trainee
            101
                    sanad
            102 himanshu 2
            103
                  virendar 3
                      Raj 4
            104
            105
                   shivam 5
            106
                   utkarsh 6
            107 Satvamev 7
In [72]: # Getting all data according to the label
          df3.loc[101]
Out[72]:
                  101
          details
          Name sanad
             ld
                    1
            Age
                  29.5
          Height
                   6.0
         dtype: object
          df3.loc[105]["Name"] #use of slicing
In [73]:
          'shivam'
Out[73]:
```

df3

In [74]:

```
Out[74]:
                   Name Id Age Height
          details
          trainee
            101
                   sanad 1 29.5
                                     6.0
            102 himanshu 2 30.0
                                    NaN
                  virendar 3 20.0
                                     5.0
            103
                      Raj
                         4 24.0
            104
                                    NaN
                   shivam
                          5 25.0
            105
                                    NaN
            106
                  utkarsh 6 36.0
                                    NaN
            107 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                    NaN
         df3.loc[[101,102,103],["Name","Id"]]
In [75]:
Out[75]:
         details
                   Name Id
          trainee
                    sanad
            101
            102 himanshu 2
                 virendar 3
            103
         df3.iloc[[0,1],[1,2]] #[0,1] are rows and [1,2] are column
Out[76]: details Id Age
          trainee
            101 1 29.5
            102 2 30.0
In [77]: df3.loc[:,["Name","Age"]] #for all rows and specific columns
```

Out[77]:	details Name		Age
	trainee		
	101	sanad	29.5
	102	himanshu	30.0
	103	virendar	20.0
	104	Raj	24.0
	105	shivam	25.0
	106	utkarsh	36.0
	107	Satvamev	22.0

In [78]: df3.sort_index() #for sorting all the data in ascending order or increment order

Pandas

Out[78]:	details	Name	ld	Age	Height
	trainee				
	101	sanad	1	29.5	6.0
	102	himanshu	2	30.0	NaN
	103	virendar	3	20.0	5.0
	104	Raj	4	24.0	NaN
	105	shivam	5	25.0	NaN
	106	utkarsh	6	36.0	NaN
	107	Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN

In [79]: df3.sort_index(axis=1,ascending=True) #in pandas axis=1 column and axis = 0 are rows

```
Out[79]: details Age Height Id
                                   Name
          trainee
            101 29.5
                         6.0 1
                                   sanad
            102 30.0
                        NaN 2 himanshu
            103 20.0
                         5.0
                                 virendar
                             3
            104 24.0
                        NaN 4
                                     Raj
            105 25.0
                        NaN 5
                                  shivam
            106 36.0
                        NaN 6
                                  utkarsh
            107 22.0
                       NaN 7 Satvamev
```

In [80]: df3.sort_values(by="Name") # Sorting the data with respect Name Data

Out[80]:	details	Name	ld	Age	Height
	trainee				
	104	Raj	4	24.0	NaN
10		Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN
	102	himanshu	2	30.0	NaN
	101	sanad	1	29.5	6.0
	105	shivam	5	25.0	NaN
	106	utkarsh	6	36.0	NaN
	103	virendar	3	20.0	5.0

In [82]: df3.sort_values(by="Age") # Sorting the data with respect Age

```
Out[82]: details
                   Name Id Age Height
         trainee
                 virendar 3 20.0
            103
                                    5.0
            107 Satvamev 7 22.0
                                   NaN
            104
                     Raj 4 24.0
                                   NaN
                  shivam 5 25.0
            105
                                   NaN
            101
                   sanad 1 29.5
                                    6.0
            102 himanshu 2 30.0
                                   NaN
            106
                  utkarsh 6 36.0
                                   NaN
```

```
In [83]: # Inserting new Data

df3.loc[108]=["sanad",1,29.5,6.0]
```

In [84]: df3

Out[84]: details Name Id Age Height

trainee				
101	sanad	1	29.5	6.0
102	himanshu	2	30.0	NaN
103	virendar	3	20.0	5.0
104	Raj	4	24.0	NaN
105	shivam	5	25.0	NaN
106	utkarsh	6	36.0	NaN
107	Satvamev	7	22.0	NaN
108	sanad	1	29.5	6.0

Descriptive statistics

```
In [85]:
         import numpy as np
         data={"a":np.arange(11,21),"b":np.arange(21,31),"c":np.arange(31,41)} #numpy is more efficeient then pandas
         df=pd.DataFrame(data)
         print(df)
                b
                    С
         0 11 21 31
         1 12 22 32
         2 13 23 33
         3 14
               24 34
              25 35
               26 36
           17
               27 37
               28 38
         7 18
           19
               29 39
         9 20 30 40
         df.sum()
In [86]:
Out[86]:
         a 155
         b 255
         c 355
        dtype: int64
         df.sum(axis=1)
In [87]:
```

dtype: int64

```
Out[89]:
          a 15.5
          b 25.5
          c 35.5
         dtype: float64
          df.min()
In [90]:
Out[90]:
          a 11
          b 21
          c 31
         dtype: int64
In [91]:
          df.var() # Variance
Out[91]:
          a 9.166667
          b 9.166667
          c 9.166667
         dtype: float64
In [92]: df.max() # Max Value
```

```
Out[92]:
          a 20
          b 30
          c 40
        dtype: int64
          df.std() # Standard Deviation
Out[93]:
          a 3.02765
          b 3.02765
          c 3.02765
         dtype: float64
          df.median()
Out[94]:
          a 15.5
          b 25.5
          c 35.5
         dtype: float64
In [95]: df.mode()
```

Out[95]:		а	b	c
	0	11	21	31
	1	12	22	32
	2	13	23	33
	3	14	24	34
	4	15	25	35
	5	16	26	36
	6	17	27	37
	7	18	28	38
	8	19	29	39
	9	20	30	40

In [96]: df.describe() # Generates descriptive statistics that summarize the central tendency, dispersion and shape of a dataset's distrib

0	$\Gamma \cap C \cap$	١.
	196	١.
Out		۰ ۱

	a	b	c
count	10.00000	10.00000	10.00000
mean	15.50000	25.50000	35.50000
std	3.02765	3.02765	3.02765
min	11.00000	21.00000	31.00000
25%	13.25000	23.25000	33.25000
50%	15.50000	25.50000	35.50000
75%	17.75000	27.75000	37.75000
max	20.00000	30.00000	40.00000

In []: