

# Matrix Theory EE5609 - Assignment 6

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**Abstract—Perform QR decomposition of a  $3 \times 3$  matrix.** The value of  $\mathbf{q}_2$  can be obtained as,

Download python code from

<https://github.com/SANDHYA-A/Assignment8>

## 1 PROBLEM

Perform QR decomposition of the matrix

$$\mathbf{V} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 \\ -6 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (1.0.1)$$

## 2 SOLUTION

Any matrix A can be converted in the form

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{QR} \quad (2.0.1)$$

Here  $\mathbf{Q}$  is an orthogonal matrix and  $\mathbf{R}$  is an upper triangular matrix. This is known as QR decomposition.

For the given matrix at 1.0.1, column vectors are,

$$\mathbf{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 9 \\ 0 \\ -6 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad \mathbf{c} = \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.2)$$

Equation 2.0.1 can be written in  $\mathbf{QR}$  form as:

$$\mathbf{QR} = (\mathbf{q}_1 \quad \mathbf{q}_2 \quad \mathbf{q}_3) \begin{pmatrix} r_1 & r_2 & r_3 \\ 0 & r_4 & r_5 \\ 0 & 0 & r_6 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.3)$$

Where,

$$r_1 = \|\mathbf{a}\| = \sqrt{9^2 + (-6)^2} = \sqrt{117} \quad (2.0.4)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_1 = \frac{\mathbf{a}}{r_1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{\sqrt{117}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{-6}{\sqrt{117}} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.5)$$

$$r_2 = \mathbf{q}_1^T \mathbf{b} \quad (2.0.6)$$

$$= \left( \frac{9}{\sqrt{117}} \quad 0 \quad \frac{-6}{\sqrt{117}} \right) \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.7)$$

$$r_4 = \|\mathbf{b} - r_2 \mathbf{q}_1\| = \sqrt{(-4)^2} = 4 \quad (2.0.8)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_2 = \frac{\mathbf{b} - r_2 \mathbf{q}_1}{\|\mathbf{b} - r_2 \mathbf{q}_1\|} \quad (2.0.9)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_2 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -4 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.10)$$

The value of  $\mathbf{q}_3$  can be obtained as,

$$r_3 = \mathbf{q}_1^T \mathbf{c} \quad (2.0.11)$$

$$= \left( \frac{9}{\sqrt{117}} \quad 0 \quad \frac{-6}{\sqrt{117}} \right) \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{-60}{\sqrt{117}} \quad (2.0.12)$$

$$r_5 = \mathbf{q}_2^T \mathbf{c} \quad (2.0.13)$$

$$= (0 \quad -1 \quad 0) \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0 \quad (2.0.14)$$

$$r_6 = \|\mathbf{c} - r_3 \mathbf{q}_1 - r_5 \mathbf{q}_2\| \quad (2.0.15)$$

$$= \left\| \begin{pmatrix} -6 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{60}{\sqrt{117}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{\sqrt{117}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{-6}{\sqrt{117}} \end{pmatrix} \right\| \quad (2.0.16)$$

$$= \sqrt{\left( \frac{-18}{13} \right)^2 + \left( \frac{-27}{13} \right)^2} = \frac{9}{\sqrt{13}} \quad (2.0.17)$$

$$\mathbf{q}_3 = \frac{\mathbf{c} - r_3 \mathbf{q}_1 - r_5 \mathbf{q}_2}{\|\mathbf{c} - r_3 \mathbf{q}_1 - r_5 \mathbf{q}_2\|} \quad (2.0.18)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{13}}{9} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-18}{13} \\ 0 \\ \frac{-27}{13} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}} \\ 0 \\ \frac{-3}{\sqrt{13}} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.19)$$

By substituting equation (2.0.4) to (2.0.19) in (2.0.3), we obtain the QR Decomposition of the given matrix as:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 9 & 0 & -6 \\ 0 & -4 & 0 \\ -6 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{9}{\sqrt{117}} & 0 & \frac{-2}{\sqrt{13}} \\ 0 & -1 & 0 \\ \frac{-6}{\sqrt{117}} & 0 & \frac{-3}{\sqrt{13}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{117} & 0 & \frac{-60}{\sqrt{117}} \\ 0 & 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{9}{\sqrt{13}} \end{pmatrix} \quad (2.0.20)$$