## **IOT Phase 4: DEVELOPMENT PART 2**

## **Project 10: Traffic Management System**

To implement a smart traffic management system into a mobile app, we need to integrate various technologies and APIs.

Code snippet using the Google Maps API and Firebase Realtime Database to get traffic information and display it in a mobile app:

## 1. Set up the project:

```
import UIKit
import GoogleMaps
import Firebase
class ViewController: UIViewController, GMSMapViewDelegate {
  var mapView: GMSMapView!
  var trafficRef: DatabaseReference!
  override func viewDidLoad() {
    super.viewDidLoad()
    // Initialize Firebase
    FirebaseApp.configure()
    trafficRef = Database.database().reference().child("traffic")
    // Initialize Google Maps
    let camera = GMSCameraPosition.camera(withLatitude: 37.7749,
longitude: -122.4194, zoom: 12.0)
```

```
mapView = GMSMapView.map(withFrame: CGRect.zero, camera:
camera)
    mapView.delegate = self
    self.view = mapView
    observeTrafficData()
  }
  func observeTrafficData() {
    trafficRef.observe(.value) { (snapshot) in
      // Handle traffic data changes in Firebase Realtime Database
      guard let trafficData = snapshot.value as? NSDictionary else {
return }
      // Update the traffic conditions on the map
      self.updateTrafficOverlay(trafficData: trafficData)
    }
  }
  func updateTrafficOverlay(trafficData: NSDictionary) {
    mapView.clear()
    for (key, value) in trafficData {
      guard let info = value as? NSDictionary,
          let latitude = info["latitude"] as? Double,
          let longitude = info["longitude"] as? Double,
          let condition = info["condition"] as? String else {
         continue
```

```
}
      let marker = GMSMarker()
      marker.position = CLLocationCoordinate2D(latitude: latitude,
longitude: longitude)
      marker.title = "\(key)"
      marker.snippet = "Traffic condition: \((condition)\)"
      // Set marker color based on traffic condition
      switch condition {
      case "low":
        marker.icon = GMSMarker.markerImage(with: .green)
      case "medium":
        marker.icon = GMSMarker.markerImage(with: .orange)
      case "high":
        marker.icon = GMSMarker.markerImage(with: .red)
      default:
        marker.icon = GMSMarker.markerImage(with: .gray)
      }
      marker.map = mapView
    }
}
```

## 2. Prepare the Firebase database structure:

Before running the app code, we need to configure and populate our Firebase Realtime Database with traffic information.

```
{
 "traffic" : {
  "location1": {
   "latitude": 37.786865,
   "longitude": -122.406044,
   "condition": "medium"
  },
  "location2": {
   "latitude": 37.765191,
   "longitude": -122.419209,
   "condition": "high"
  },
  "location3": {
   "latitude": 37.791681,
   "longitude": -122.407777,
   "condition": "low"
```

This code sets up a simple mobile app with a Google Map embedded, connecting to a Firebase Realtime Database to fetch and display traffic information.