VIETNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY, HO CHI MINH CITY UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY FACULTY OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



SOFTWARE ENGINEERING (CO3001) - CC02

Assignment 2

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1 Workload

No.	Date	Task	Member
1	10/09/2021	Meeting, dicussion about assignment	All members
2	11-15/09/2021	Task 1.1, Task 1.2, Task 1.3	Trí, Tú, Việt
3	15/09/2021	Meeting review task answers	All members
4	16-20/09/2021	Complete Latex report for task 1	Tiến, Việt, Sáng, Tú
5	21-24/09/2021	Web prototype on Figma phase 1	Sáng, Trí, Tiến
6	24/09/2021	Meeting review Latex report	All members



2 Task 1: Requirement elicitation

2.1 Task 1.1

2.1.1 Requirement

Question: Identify the context of this project. Who are relevant stakeholders? What are expected to be done? What are the scopes of the project?

2.1.2 Answer

The context of the project

- Restaurants are at greater danger than ever during the coronavirus outbreak.
- Require technologies that improve business intelligence, decrease wasted effort, and provide the ability to expand to a huge company.
- Such systems should provide for take-out options.

Therefore, Point of Sale (POS) offers a good choice for the demanding system. A point-of-sale (POS) transaction is what takes place between a merchant and a customer when a product or service is purchased, commonly using a point of sale system to complete the transaction.

Relevant stakeholders

1.	Project manager.	8.	Investors.
2.	Team members.	9.	Sponsors.
3.	Managers.	10.	Financiers.
4.	Resource managers.	11.	Clerks.
5.	Executives.	12.	Consultants
6.	Senior manager.	13.	Customers.
7.	Company owners.	14.	End users.

Expectations

- 1. Requirement elicitation: Identify the general requirements and draw its use-case diagram.
- 2. System modeling: Draw an activity diagram, sequence diagram and class diagram.
- 3. Architecture design: Describe an architectural approach used to implement the desired system and draw its diagram.
- 4. Implementation Sprint 1: Implement a Minimum Viable Product (MVP) based on the given menu screen.
- 5. Implementation Sprint 2 : Implement the MVP for shown screens and demonstrate the whole project.
- 6. Web-based application.

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Scopes

- 1. Features of project's website:
 - Friendly-user items menu.
 - Friendly-manager order and transaction management.
 - Manage Orders.
 - Manage User's Profile.
 - Notification Configure.
- 2. Purpose of Project:
 - Understand the use-case of a Restaurant Management Project, particularly use-case of POS system.
 - Implementing a real website with some basic features: payment, billing, food order,...
- 3. Resources Specification:
 - 5 CS members.
 - Some members has experienced on Mobile. application front and back end.
- 4. Zero demand:
 - Support with some basic functions: payment, billing, food order,...
 - Non-direct contact between Clerks and Customers.
 - QR code to browser instead of install app.
 - Usable from a mobile device, a tablet device or a normal computer/laptop.
 - Extendable to use in multiple restaurants in the future.
 - Current transactions = 300 orders per day.
- 5. Outcome of this project:
 - Understand and implement the MVP for screen showing in Figure 2 and Figure 3.
 - Build a real mini website that follow the MVP for screen.



2.2 Task 1.2

2.2.1 Requirement

Question: Describe all functional and non-functional requirements of the desired system. Draw a use-case diagram for the whole system.

2.2.2 Answer

Functional and non-functional of the desired system

Functional:

• User:

- The user can log in to the system by scanning QR codes.
- The user can choose from a menu of options.
- The user can modify their existing order by adding additional items.
- The user has the option of removing individual items or all items from their current order.
- The user can check the status of their current order.
- The user can place an order.
- The user can view payment information.

• Admin:

- Admin can add/update/delete food items to/from the menu.
- Admin can update the price for a given food item.
- Admin can update additional information for a given food item (out of service, sale,...)
- Admin can view transaction bills.

• System:

- System could display the order process.

• Kitchen:

- Kitchen can view a list of confirmed orders.
- Kitchen can update the status of the dishes (ready or not).

• Clerk:

- Clerk can confirm the order from the customer.
- Clerk can view feedback from customers.
- Clerk can update the status of the dishes (delivered or not).



Non-functional:

- The system should allow non-direct contact between Clerks and Customers.
- The system should be extendable to use in multiple restaurants in the future.
- The website should respond in less than 0.5 second.
- The system should operate normally from 7am to 9pm, 7days/week.
- The number of current transactions is about 300 orders per day.
- The maintenance fee for the system should be less than \$300 a month.

Use-case diagram of the whole system

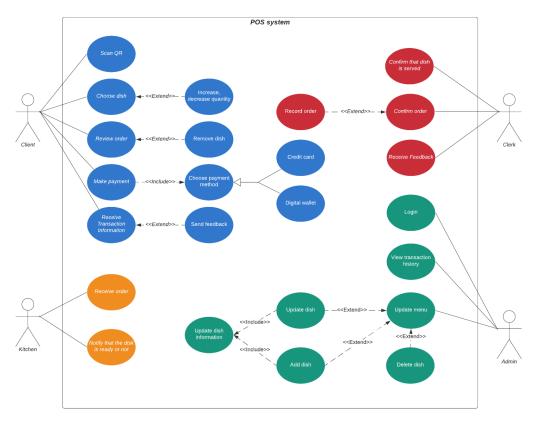


Figure. POS system Use-case



2.3 Task 1.3

2.3.1 Requirement

Question: Choose one specific feature, i.e. food ordering, table reservation, customer management. Draw its use-case diagram and describe the use-case using a table format.

2.3.2 Answer

POS system consists of many features in order to give customers a best service without having direct contact, one of those is Credit Card Processing system. Most businesses rely on credit card processors to handle the details of accepting credit and debit cards. Credit card processing is a critical service—it ensures that customers can simply and quickly checkout.

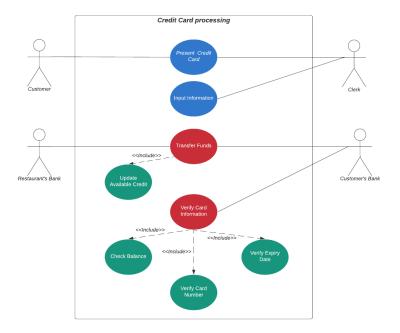
How does credit card processing work?

First, customers will present their credit card information for payment. In store, consumers swipe cards on payment terminal. Online, consumers present credit and debit cards through websites and apps via many payment gateways.

The payment information is next sent to the processor, who communicates with the customer's bank via the appropriate card networks (such as Visa or Mastercard). The customer's bank approves or denies the transaction. Approval is dependent on detailed verification including card number validity, sufficient available funds, and other factors.

That approval is sent back through to merchant's payment processor and then finally back to the terminal or credit card reader. Approved transactions are batched for settlement typically at the end of each business day. The customers' accounts are charged for the transactions, with deposits then made into the merchant bank account.

Credit Card Processing Use Case





Describe Use Case in Table format

Credit card processing feature is quite complicated due the involvement of many actors, the tables below will give valuable insights into it.

Name	Input Information
Actor	Clerk
Description	The clerk uses the payment terminal to setup the payment processor, input
	the amount of credit that should be paid, the Account number of Restaurant's
	Bank
Pre-condition	The customers have already placed an order of dishes
Normal flow	1. Clerk sends the information to payment terminal

Name	Present Credit Card
Actor	Customer, Clerk
Description	The customers will have to present the Credit card to the clerk for the credit
	card payment process if in restaurant, enter the information about the card
	if online
Pre-condition	The clerk has already submitted the information of the restaurant's bank and
	bill to the payment terminal
Normal flow	1. Clerk sends the information to payment terminal
	2. Present the Credit card
	3. Enter the PIN code

Name	Verify Card Information
Actor	Customer's Bank
Description	The payment processor gets the credit card information that has been em-
	bedded inside the card together with the PIN code, sends it to the terminal
	then customer's bank to process, the bank checks the information if correct
	then approves the payment else denies the payment
Pre-condition	Customers must insert a PIN code so that the payment terminal has enough
	information to make a link to the bank
Normal flow	1. Clerk sends the information to payment terminal
	2. Present the Credit card
	3. Enter the PIN code
	4. Verify card number, expiry date, available credit if it is satisfy to proceed
	payment
Exception	Exception 1: at step 3
	3a. If the PIN code is not correct, the payment processor will ask the cus-
	tomers to re-enter the code maximum to three times.



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Name	Transfer Funds
Actor	Customer's Bank, Restaurant's Bank
Description	Like an usual money transaction, the customer's bank updates the amount of
	credit available in customer's account and transfer an amount in the billing
	to the restaurant's account
Pre-condition	Card information has been checked fully and the customer's bank has ap-
	proved the payment
Normal flow	1. Clerk sends the information to payment terminal
	2. Present the Credit card
	3. Enter the PIN code
	4. Verify card number, expiry date, available credit if it is satisfy to proceed
	payment
	5. Minus an amount in customer's credit and plus it to the restaurant's credit.
	Check the payment has been done.
	6. Confirmation
Exception	Exception 2: at step 4
	4a. If any of the information is not correct, the customer's bank will deny the
	payment and customers have to re-do from step 2



3 Task 2: System modelling

3.1 Task 2.1

3.1.1 Requirement

Question: Draw an activity diagram to capture Major (not all) functional requirements of the desired system.

The POS system consists of four actors that are *Customer*, *Clerk*, *POS terminal*, and *Kitchen*. The activity process includes **12 main steps**:

- **Step 1**: Customers scan the QR code to sign in the restaurant web application.
- Step 2: The customers then can select a menu and choose dishes they want to enjoy.
- **Step 3**: Customers can simultaneously edit the order, which is inserting a new dish, deleting a dish, modifying the quantity of a dish, and view the order if it's necessary.
- Step 4: When the customers finally finish their selection, the order is placed to clerks.
- Step 5: The clerks receive the order, make confirmation and send it to the POS terminal.
- Step 6: Based on the inputted calculations of ingredients, the terminal processes the order.
- **Step 7**: If there are enough ingredients, the terminal return a message "Successfully ordered" to the customers, records the order to the database and sends it to the kitchen. Otherwise, a notification "Failed ordering" will be sent to the customers by the clerks requiring them to make another order based on provided information about availability of food and the process comes back again at step 2.
- Step 8: If their order is successfully confirmed, they have to make a payment.
- **Step 9**: If the customers want to pay by cash, they have to send an amount of money to the clerks. The clerks check the money. If it's sufficient corresponding to the order, the payment is successfully confirmed. Otherwise the process comes back to *step 8*. Or if the customers want to pay by credit card, the payment is successfully confirmed unless either their balance is insufficient or they enter wrong PIN code, which leads the process to *step 8* again.
- **Step 10**: The chiefs in the kitchen workplace cook the dishes corresponding to the order.
- **Step 11**: The cooked food is then sent to the clerks.
- Step 12: The customers are served the food by the clerks.
- Step 13: The customers then enjoy their dishes. Whenever they finish their food, they can send feedback to the clerks.



3.1.2 Answer

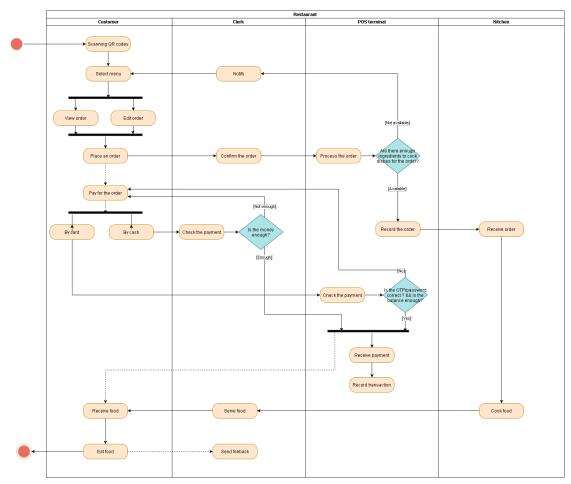


Figure. The activity diagram



3.2 Task 2.2

3.2.1 Requirement

Question: Draw a sequence diagram for use-case in Task 1.3.

3.2.2 Answer

Sequence diagram description

The payment flow by credit card will have three processes namely as follow:

- Checking card invalidation.
- Checking PIN invalidation.
- Checking funds is sufficient.

Firstly, the customer presents the bank card to the clerk who will insert the card to the POS machine, after that the POS machine communicates with the bank of the card to check if the credit card is valid or not. In this process, we have 2 situations:

- If the card is invalid, the bank service sends a response to the POS machine and the clerk will inform the customer that there is a problem with his/her card.
- Else, the card is accepted and a PIN is required from the customer.

Secondly, PIN will be sent to the bank service to check, the POS machine receives a response from the bank service:

- If the PIN is wrong, the customer will know that and he/she can fill it again.
- Else, the clerk will enter the total amount to be paid into the POS machine.

Thirdly, the request to make a transaction is sent by POS machine to the bank service, the bank will check the customer's account balance:

- If the balance is insufficient, the transaction fails.
- Else, the customer has enough money in his/her account, the transaction is successful and the amount of money will be transferred from the customer's account to the restaurant's bank account.



Sequence diagram for Credit card processing use-case

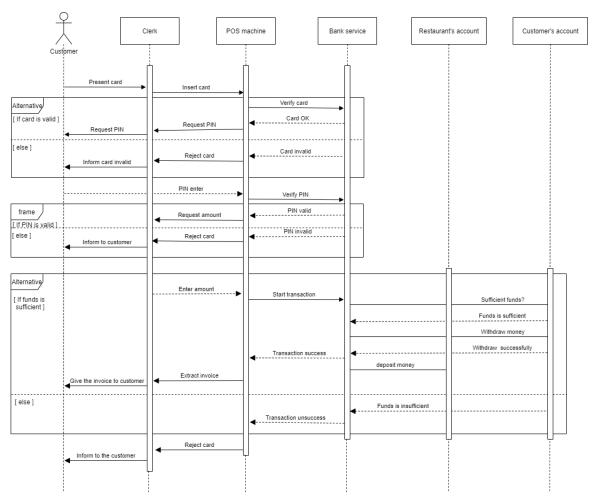


Figure. Sequence diagram for Credit card processing

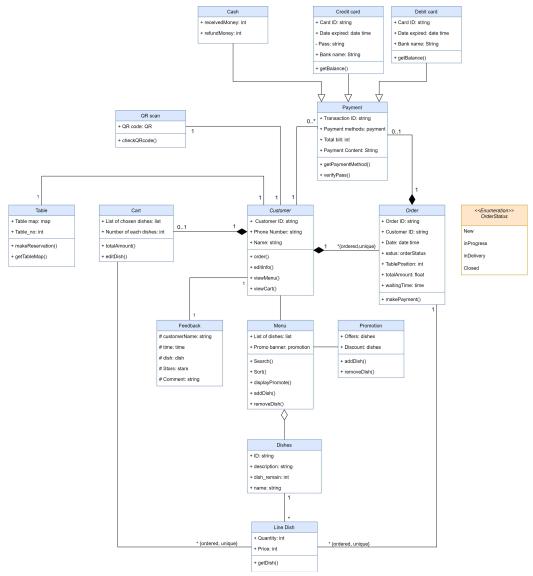


3.3 Task 2.3

3.3.1 Requirement

Question: Draw a class diagram

3.3.2 Answer



 ${\it Figure.} \ {\rm Customer} \ {\rm class} \ {\rm diagram}$

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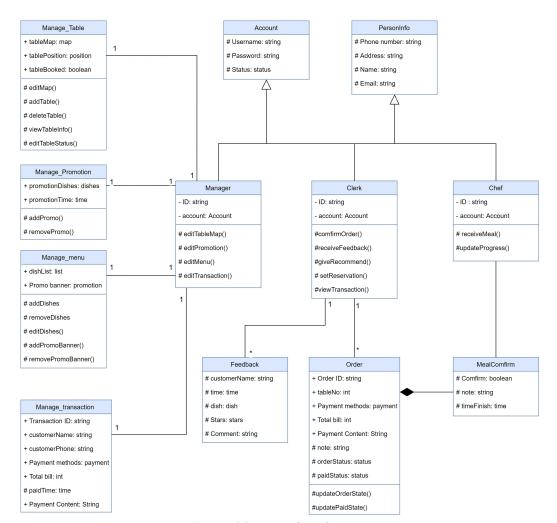


Figure. Manager class diagram