# **Integration of Gemini AI Model for Negotiation Chatbot**

## INTRODUCTION

The negotiation chatbot is designed to facilitate interactions between customers and suppliers, allowing users to negotiate prices for products. The key workflow includes:

- **Initiation:** The chatbot prompts the user to propose a price for a specific product.
- User Input: The user responds with a desired price.
- **Response Generation:** The chatbot evaluates the user's input against predefined pricing logic and generates an appropriate response using the Gemini AI model.

## **OBJECTIVE**

To develop a chatbot that simulates negotiation processes between customers and suppliers using the Gemini AI model

#### 1. Overview of the Chatbot Workflow

The negotiation chatbot is designed to facilitate interactions between customers and suppliers, allowing users to negotiate prices for products. The key workflow includes:

- **Initiation:** The chatbot prompts the user to propose a price for a specific product.
- **User Input:** The user responds with a desired price.
- **Response Generation:** The chatbot evaluates the user's input against predefined pricing logic and generates an appropriate response using the Gemini AI model.

# 2. Technologies Used

- **Programming Language:** Python, chosen for its versatility and support for AI integrations.
- **Framework:** Flask, used to create a lightweight web server to handle API requests and responses.
- AI Model: Gemini, utilized for natural language understanding and response generation.
- Libraries:
  - o FuzzyWuzzy: For fuzzy matching of product names based on user input.
  - o TextBlob: For sentiment analysis to gauge user emotion during negotiations.
- Data Format: JSON, for sending and receiving structured data between the client and server.

# 3. Core Concepts and Logic

# 3.1 Pricing Logic

- Each product has associated **minimum** and **initial prices** stored in a dictionary.
- When the user proposes a price:
  - o **Acceptance Logic:** If the proposed price is within the range of minimum and initial prices, the chatbot accepts the offer.
  - o **Counteroffer Logic:** If the proposed price is lower than the minimum price, the chatbot generates a higher counteroffer.
  - **Rejection Logic:** If the proposed price exceeds the initial price, the chatbot politely rejects the offer.

#### 3.2 Model Integration

#### API Configuration:

- o The Gemini AI model is initialized using an API key, allowing communication between the chatbot and the AI service.
- The chatbot sends user queries to the Gemini model and retrieves generated responses, maintaining context for seamless conversation flow.

## Response Generation:

o The user input is combined with conversation memory and sent to the Gemini model to generate responses that simulate realistic negotiation dialogue based on context and pricing logic.

#### 3.3 Sentiment Analysis

- **Emotional Detection:** User input is analyzed using TextBlob to determine sentiment polarity (e.g., happy, neutral, angry).
- Adaptive Responses: Based on detected sentiment, the chatbot adjusts its negotiation strategy. For instance, if the user is detected to be in a positive mood, the chatbot may offer better deals.

## 4. Workflow Integration

• **Product Switching Logic:** The bot detects when a user wants to switch products through fuzzy matching of user input against the product list.

#### • Memory Management:

- The chatbot maintains a conversation memory to keep track of previous interactions and context.
- O This memory is updated with each user response and AI reply, enabling coherent and contextually relevant exchanges.

## 5. SAMPLE DEMOs

