

Accessibility

Made Easy

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UI5con^{ON AIR}

Agenda

Accessibility @SAP

Accessibility features in UI5

Accessibility guidelines for application developers

Takeaways

Accessibility @SAP



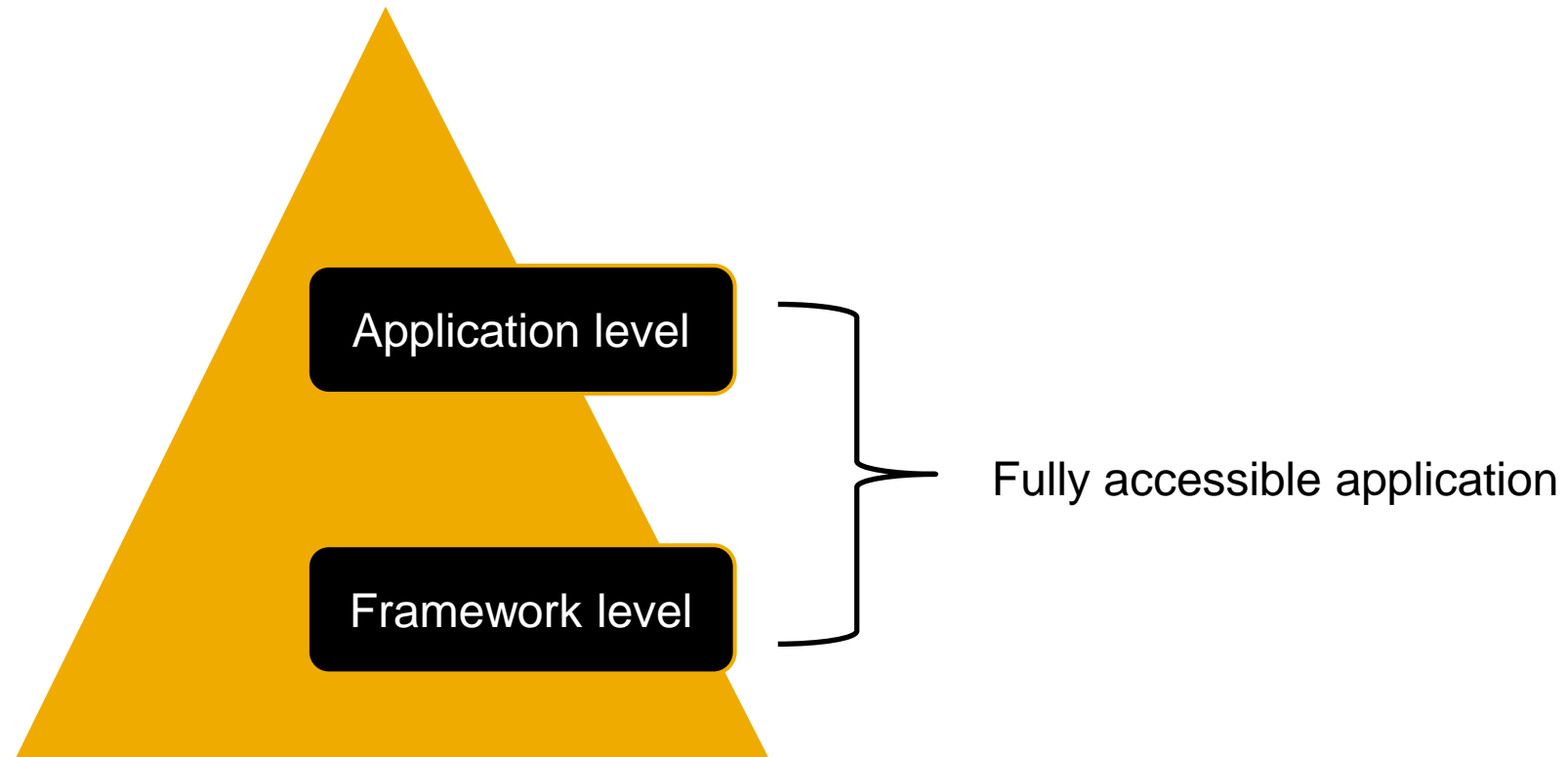
“Accessibility refers to the **design of products, devices, services, or environments **for all people**, including and especially for those **who experience disabilities**”**

All users can operate software:

- Without loss of **meaningful content**
- Without loss of **functionality**
- Without loss of **efficiency**
- By using **assistive technologies**



Accessibility in UI5



Accessibility **features** in UI5



Built in features

Visualization

- Minimum contrast
- Focus visualization design
- Layout adaptation for different devices
- Support for browser zoom

Keyboard

- Navigation and control interaction
- Tab order of controls

Messaging

- MessagingPatterns (busy, errors, notifications)

Minimum contrast

SAP Fiori default theme (SAP Quartz Light) fulfills the requirements for minimum color contrast of Web Content Accessibility Guidelines WCAG 2.1

UI5 provided themes:

- Quartz Light
- Hight Contrast Black
- Hight Contrast White
- Quartz Dark

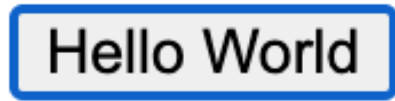
✗ Don't do this

CONTRAST RATIO

✓ Do this

CONTRAST RATIO

UI5 themes



Hello World

Native HTML



High Contrast Black



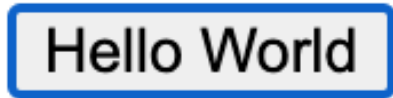
Hello World

High Contrast White

Focus visualization design

Focus visualization is very important for user efficiency.

The focus must be realized in a way, that it is immediately perceivable by an end-user.



Native HTML



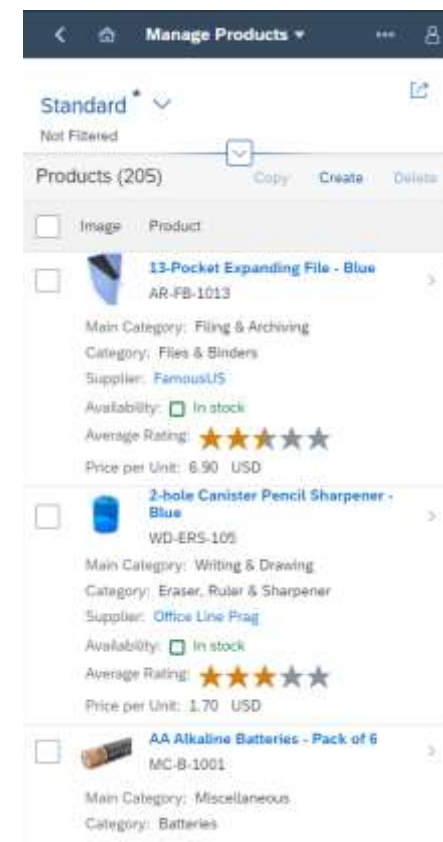
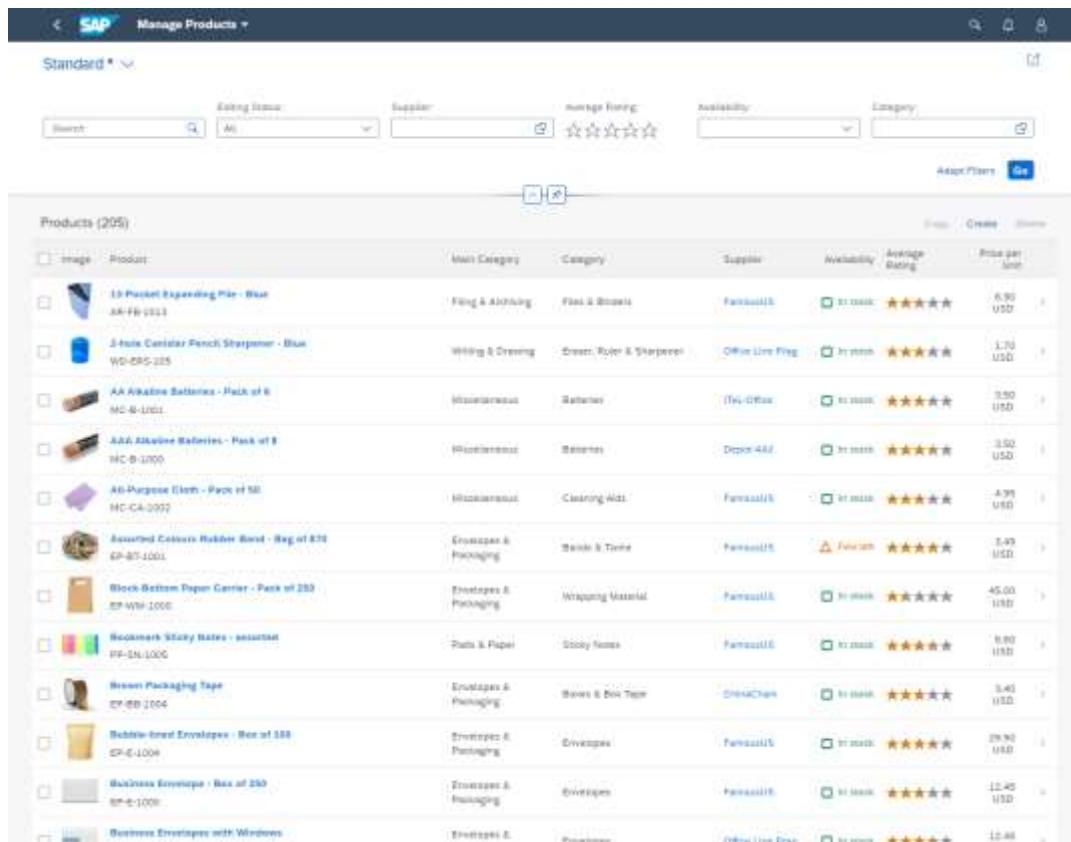
High Contrast Black



High Contrast White

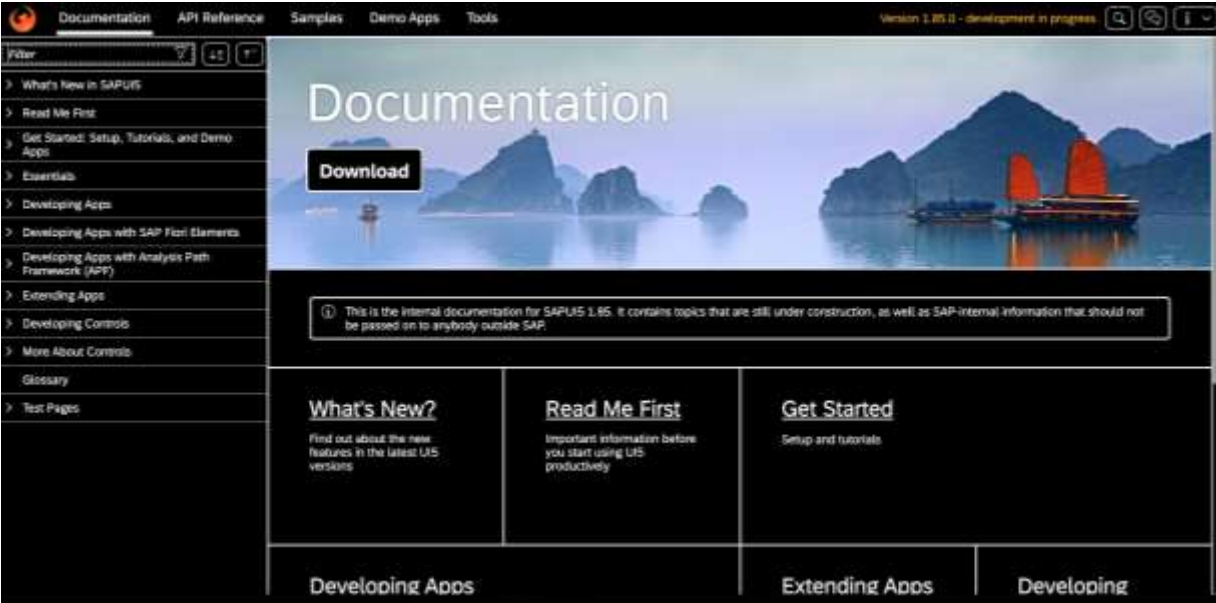
Layout adaptation for different devices

The user interface has to adapt to the display orientation, such as portrait or landscape, without restriction of content or function, if specific orientation is not essential.



Support for browser zoom

Users can adjust the font size themselves using the browser zoom. The responsive layout adapts to these manual adjustments automatically.



100 % Zoom



200 % Zoom

Navigation and control interaction

The UI elements in UI5 provide keyboard handling in order to improve accessibility and speed up work.

Example

F4 / Alt + Down / Alt + Up	Opens / closes a drop-down menu	You can open the options and elements available in a drop-down menu, if the UI element in question provides this type of information.
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Tab order of controls

Logically related UI elements have to receive keyboard and reading focus in an order that preserves semantics and usability.



The image shows a screenshot of the SAP 'Profile' page. A pink line with circular markers illustrates the tab order of the UI elements. The sequence starts at the 'Profile' dropdown in the top header, moves to the 'Personal Data' section, then to the 'Name', 'Postal Code / City', and 'Country' input fields in sequence. It then moves to the 'Qualifications' section, specifically to the 'Languages' list (English, French, German). Finally, it moves to the 'Activities' section, specifically to the 'Hobbies' text area. The path follows a logical reading order from top to bottom and left to right.

Tabbing follows the reading order, in western cultures from left to right and top to bottom

Messaging patterns

In SAP Fiori, a [message system](#) is implemented. It ensures that system messages appear at predefined locations with a consistent design.



The application has to allow the user to review, correct, or cancel input.



In case of input errors, the location of the error has to be indicated, a description of the error has to be provided and suggestions for correcting the error have to be provided.

Accessibility guidelines for application developers



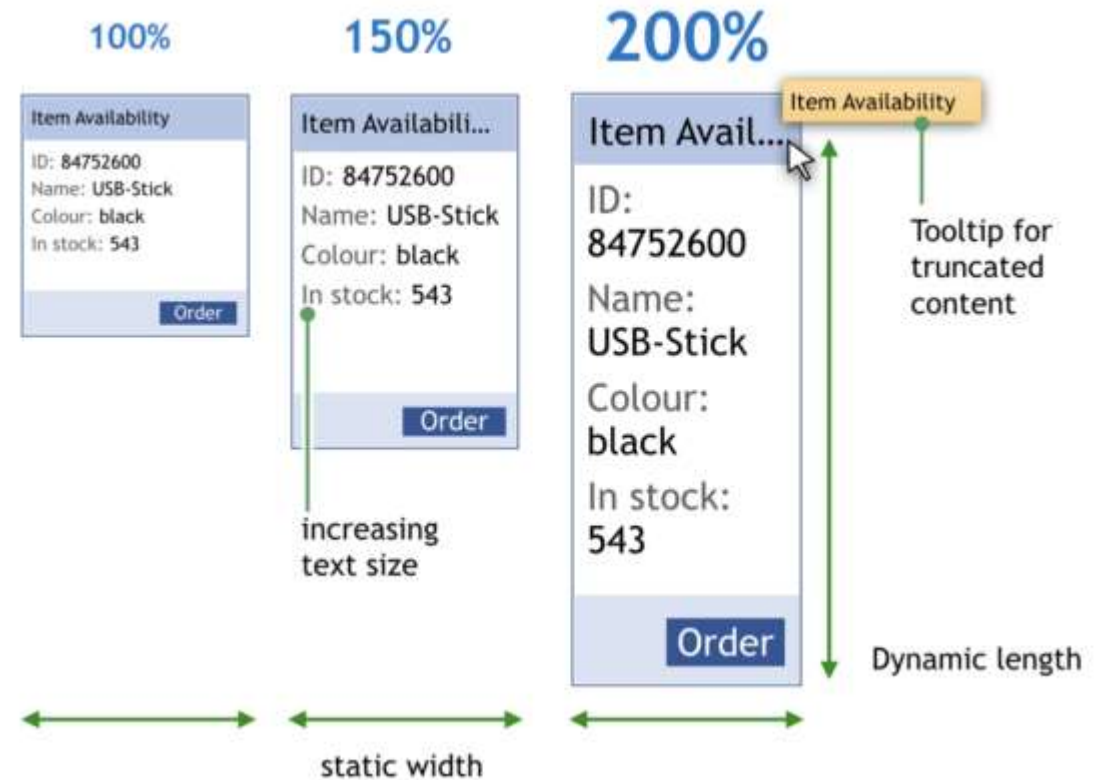
General rules and guidelines

- Don't interfere with existing accessibility features.
- Avoid changing the HTML.
- Check the focus persistence.
- Initial focus position.
- Provide meaningful tooltips for icons, icon buttons and where otherwise appropriate.
- Use accessible landmarks in order to identify sections of a page. This helps assistive technology users orient themselves to a page and navigate easily to various sections of a page. Landmark API's are available for Page, Dynamic Page and Object Page controls.



Text sizes and fonts

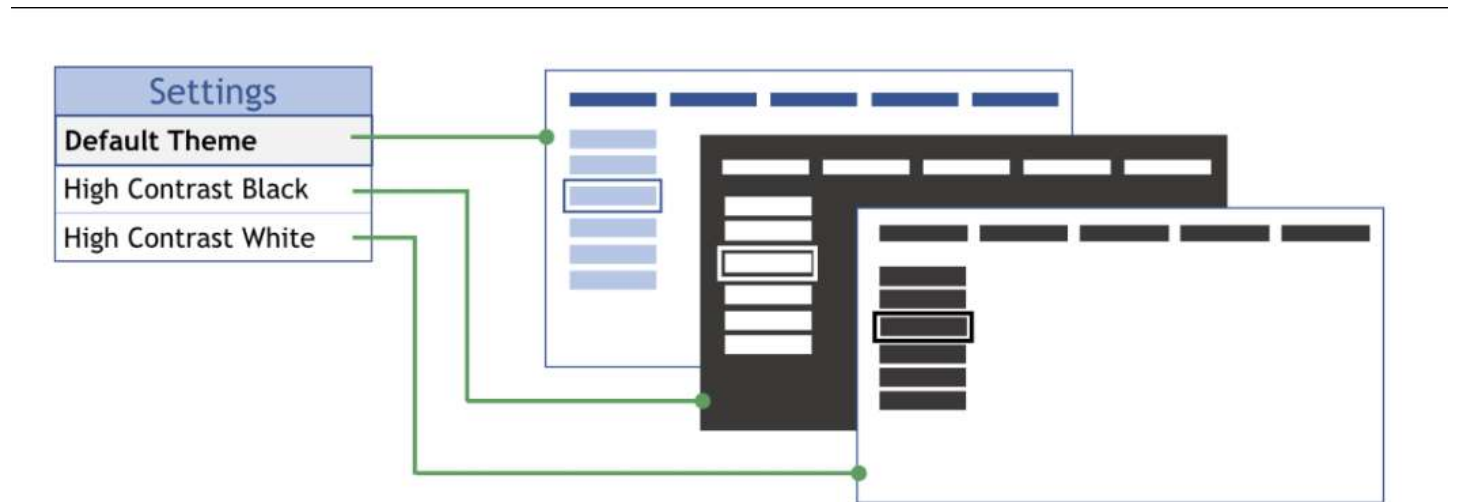
As an application developer, you should always consider the fact that the application could be zoomed to 200%, and everything should still be visible.



Colors and theming

The different colors shown on the UI need to have a good contrast to each other, in order to be easily distinguishable.

- Provide the user with an option to switch themes.
- Avoid writing custom CSS.
- Check color contrast for new themes.



Keyboard handling

Keyboard handling enables users to access every UI element of the application with the keyboard and is therefore tightly connected to accessibility.

General recommendations

- **Accessibility of UI elements**

Make sure that all available features of the application can be accessed by using only the keyboard.

- **Tab order and reading order**

Always have in mind the fact that the page should have a logical reading and tab order.



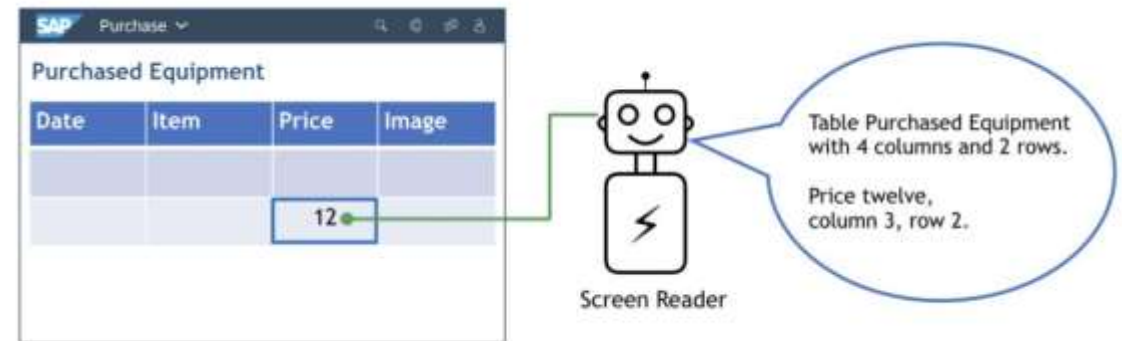
Focus navigation
from banner to groups
and back to banner

Screen reader support

UI5 application developers need to be aware of how the screen reader reads out the contents of the UI. Labels, headings, and descriptions help you describe the contents and visual elements of an application.

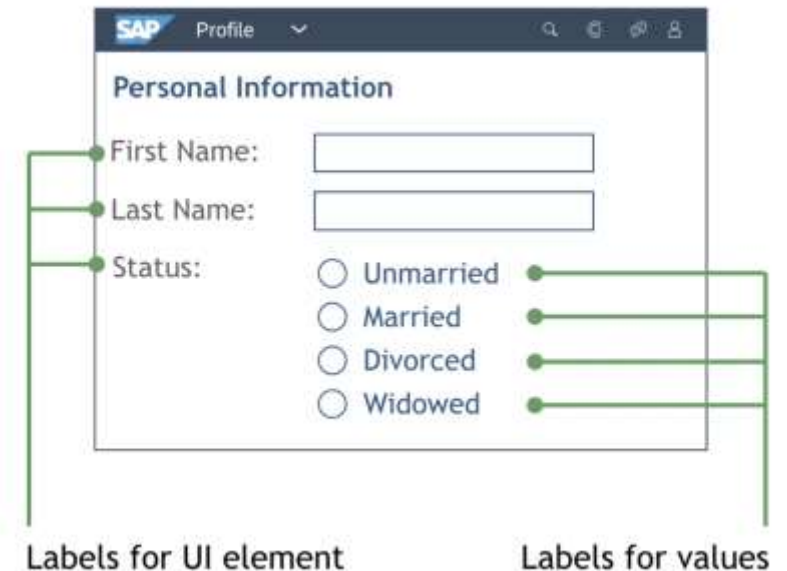
General Recommendations

- Generate valid HTML
- Provide meaningful labels
- Use Titles in headings
- Provide titles for complex components
- Use accessibility related APIs in the controls
- Provide additional information when there are changes in the screen



Labeling and tooltips

- Label all elements and element containers correctly and completely.
- Provide text alternatives for visual elements
 - Use tooltips only in rare cases. They should not be used as a replacement for a label.
 - Use the alt attribute for images.
- Describe controls and give additional information as part of the UI.
- Identify regions correctly according to their purpose.
- Provide accessible alternatives and describe how to use them (for example in the documentation of the application).



Takeaways



Takeaways

- Think about accessibility throughout the whole development process.
- UI5 has great built-in Accessibility features, but following the general rules and guidelines is essential for building a fully accessible application for your specific product context.
- Avoid adding custom CSS and changes in the HTML structure of UI5 controls – this may affect features like theming, keyboard handling and screen reader support.
- Keyboard navigation comes out of the box and every element can be reachable via keyboard, when using the correct layout containers.
- Before developing an application always read the documentation first.

Thank you!

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