

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT FOR UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS

Instructor:

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Goals for Today's Class

- 1. Working with multiple UAVs
- 2. Speeding up the Simulator Some quick experiments
- 3. An initial look at hazard analysis
- 4. Mitigating hazards
 - Devising and specifying safety requirements
 - Devising and specifying design definitions
 - Identifying and specifying environmental assumptions
- 5. Approaches to collision avoidance in UAVs
- 6. Homework

Main class

```
#Calling program for demonstrating multiple
from copter import UAV Copter
import json
drones = list()
copter counter = 0
# Create N copter vehicles (1)
for d in range(3):
    print("\nAdding drone: " + str(copter co
    copter = UAV Copter() # Create instance
    copter.initialize drone(copter counter)
    copter counter= copter counter+1 # sed
    drones.append(copter)
# Show state
for d in drones:
    d.print drone state()
# Close all drones
for d in drones:
    d.close vehicle()
```

In this very simple program we create a list of 3 drones.

Each drone is assigned a unique ID and is initialized as a SITL instance.

Copter Class

```
Initialize Drone
# function:
# parameters: Vehicle ID (integer), Connection string for physical drones
# returns:
def initialize drone(self, vehicle num home="41.7144367,-86.2417136,221,0",connection string="", ):
   self.vehicle id = "UAV-"+str(vehicle num)
   print ("\ninitializing drone: " + self.vehicle id)
   parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(description='Print out vehicle state information')
   parser.add argument('--connect', help="vehicle connection target string. If not specified, SITL a
   args=parser.parse args()
   connection string = args.connect
    sitl = None
   #Start SITL if no connection string specified
   if not connection string:
       import dronekit sitl
       # connection string = sitl.connection string()
       ardupath = "/home/uav/git/ardupilot"
       self.home = home # In this example, all UAVs start on top of each other!
       sitl defaults - os.path.join(ardupath, 'Tools', 'autotest', 'default params', 'copter.parm')
       sitl args = ['-I{}'.format(vehicle num), '--home', home, '--model', '+', '--defaults', sitl defaults]
       sitl = dronekit sitl.SITL(path=os.path.join(ardupath, 'build', 'sitl', 'bin', 'arducopter'))
       sitl.launch(sitl args, await ready=True)
```

ftcp, ip, port = sitl.connection string().split(':')

print (port + " " + str(vehicle num))

port = str(int(port) + vehicle num * 10)

connection string = ':'.join([tcp, ip, port])

vehicle_num is an int
vehicle_id is a string

To create multiple instances, you need to do two things. Assign a unique ID to the sitl_args and create a unique connection port.

Nothing else changes...

If you want the output for each drone to be separated you'll need to add additional sleep commands.

Note the unique port numbers.

```
Adding drone: 0
Initializing drone: UAV-0
5760 0
Connecting to vehicle on: tcp:127.0.0.1:5760
>>> Calibrating barometer
>>> ArduCopter V3.7.0-dev (48155e72)
>>> fa3291cd05c446dbac5835305023f001
>>> Frame: OUAD
>>> Barometer 1 calibration complete
>>> GPS 1: detected as u-blox at 115200 baud
Adding drone: 1
Initializing drone: UAV-1
5760 1
Connecting to vehicle on: tcp:127.0.0.1:5770
>>> Calibrating barometer
>>> ArduCopter V3.7.0-dev (48155e72)
>>> fa3291cd05c446dbac5835305023f001
>>> Frame: OUAD
>>> EKF2 IMU0 initial yaw alignment complete
>>> EKF2 IMU1 initial yaw alignment complete
>>> Barometer 1 calibration complete
>>> EKF2 IMU0 tilt alignment complete
>>> EKF2 IMU1 tilt alignment complete
>>> GPS 1: detected as u-blox at 115200 baud
Adding drone: 2
Initializing drone: UAV-2
5760 2
Connecting to vehicle on: tcp:127.0.0.1:5780
>>> Calibrating barometer
>>> ArduCopter V3.7.0-dev (48155e72)
>>> fa3291cd05c446dbac5835305023f001
>>> Frame: OUAD
>>> EKF2 IMU0 initial yaw alignment complete
>>> EKF2 IMU1 initial yaw alignment complete
```

What if we want to configure our drones?

A list of sitl instances.

sitls = []

```
"start": [
 41.715446209367.
  -86.242847096132.
"waypoints": [
   41.714918329945,
    -86.242841510998.
   22.443317664607
   41.715492749499.
    -86.243128772707.
   20.673297219443
   41.715330661498,
    -86.242871397826.
   20.659426711714
    41.715413033418.
    -86.242363177036
   24.404092736576
    41.714856569647.
    -86.242811435985
   24.111020549301
```

We can specify home coordinates (start) and way-points in a json file.

```
def load_json(path2file):
    d = None
    try:
        with open(path2file) as f:
        d = json.load(f)
    except Exception as e:
        exit('Invalid path or malformed json file! ({})'.format(e))
    return d
```

Please use these 3
data-structures in
your homework.
We'll need them next
week.

```
# A list of drones. (dronekit.Vehicle)
vehicles = []

# A list of lists of lists (i.e., [ [ [lat0, lon0, alt0], ...] ...]
# These are the waypoints each drone must go to!
routes = []

# This is really temporary for this assignment so we can track IDs for each drone
# Next week we'll integrate with Dronology and replace it.
copters = []
```

What if we want to configure our drones?

```
# Start up all the drones specified in the ison configuration file
"start": [
 41.715446209367,
                     for i, v config in enumerate(config):
 -86.242847096132,
                         copter = UAV Copter()
                         home = v config['start']
"waypoints": [
                         vehicle, sitl = copter.connect vehicle(i, home)
                         sitls.append(sitl)
   41.714918329945,
                         vehicles.append(vehicle)
   -86.242841510998.
                         routes.append(v config['waypoints'])
   22.443317664607
                         vehicle id = str("UAV-" + str(i))
                         copter.setvalues(sitl, vehicle, v config['waypoints'], vehicle id)
   41.715492749499.
                         copters.append(copter)
   -86.243128772707.
   20.673297219443
   41.715330661498,
   -86.242871397826,
   20.659426711714
                    for copter in copters:
   41.715413033418,
                         print("\nVehicle ID: " + copter.getid())
   -86.242363177036,
                         copter.print drone state()
   24,404092736576
                         print(copter.waypoints)
                         print("\n")
   41.714856569647.
   -86.242811435985,
   24.111020549301
```

This code is provided to you. It loads the drone configurations and instances into the three lists.

Did it work? Iterate through the copter instances to make sure everything is loaded.

The new connection method

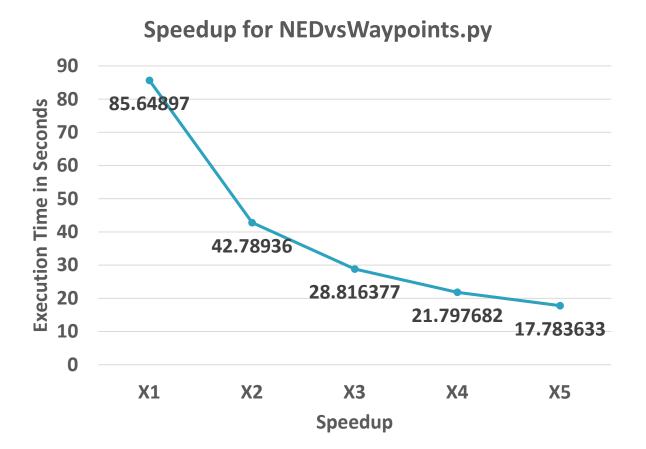
```
def connect_vehicle(self,instance, home):
    home_ = tuple(home) + (0,)
    home_ = ','.join(map(str, home_))
    sitl_defaults = os.path.join(ARDUPATH, 'Tools', 'autotest', 'default_params', 'copter.parm')
    sitl_args = ['-I{}'.format(instance), '--home', home_, '--speedup', '2','--model', '+', '--defaults',
    sitl = dronekit_sitl.SITL(path=os.path.join(ARDUPATH, 'build', 'sitl', 'bin', 'arducopter'))
    sitl.launch(sitl_args, await_ready=True)

tcp, ip, port = sitl.connection_string().split(':')
    port = str(int(port) + instance * 10)
    conn_string = ':'.join([tcp, ip, port])

vehicle = dronekit.connect(conn_string)
    vehicle.wait_ready(timeout=120)

return vehicle, sitl
```

Simulation Speedup



```
Waiting for vehicle to initialise...
>>> EKF2 IMU0 is using GPS
>>> EKF2 IMU1 is using GPS
home: 41.7144367
Arming motors
Waiting for arming...
>>> Arming motors
>>> Disarming motors
Waiting for arming...
```

