



SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT FOR UNMANNED AERIAL SYSTEMS

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A Preliminary Look at Safety Analysis



- What hazards could occur?
- What failures could cause the hazard to occur?

- How can we prevent these failures from occurring and specify them as safety requirements.

- How can we demonstrate that safety has been successfully achieved?

Hazard: UAVs collide in midair



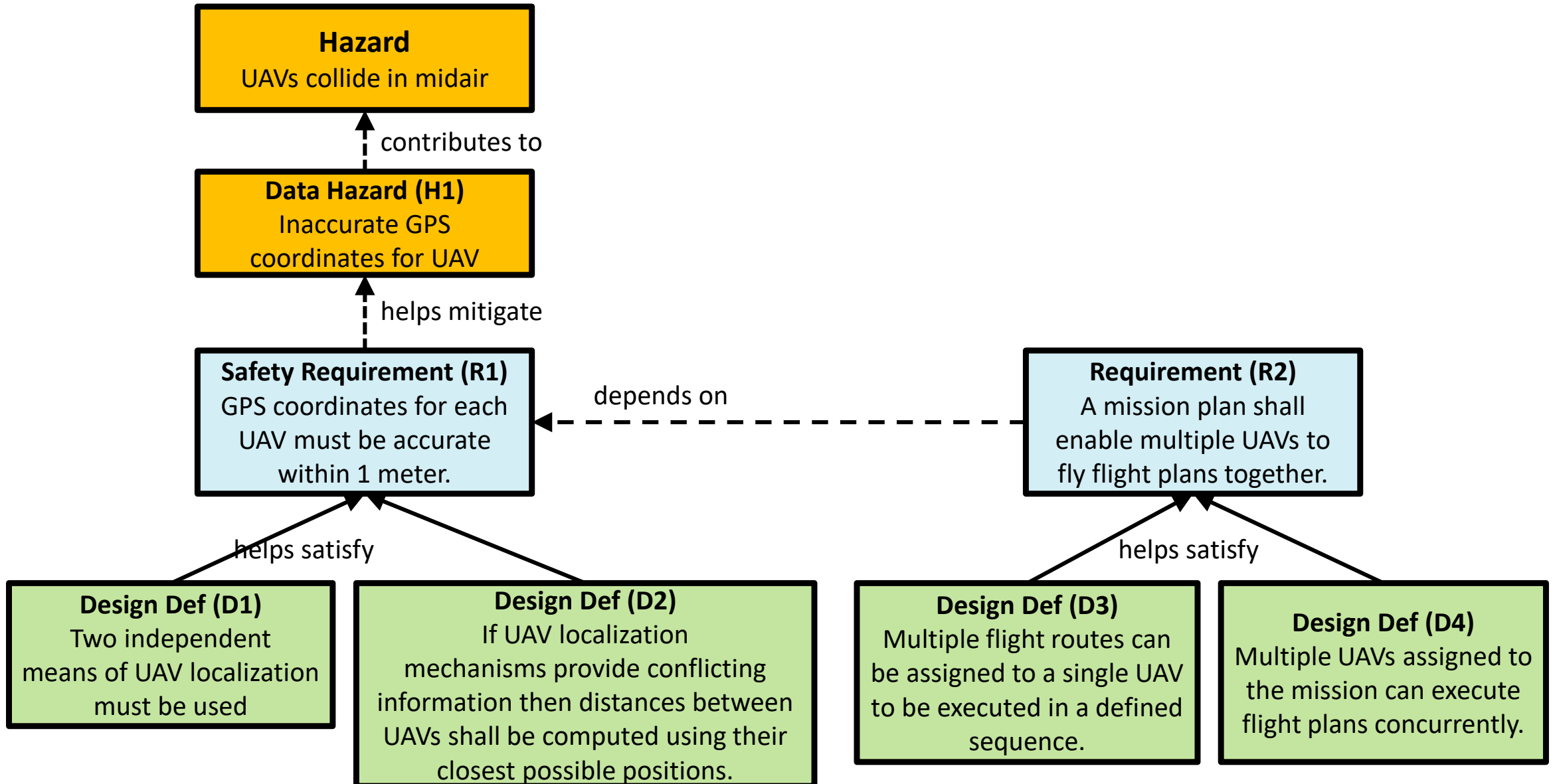
Why are we focusing on this problem?

Challenging problem that must be addressed if we are going to have safe UAV flights.

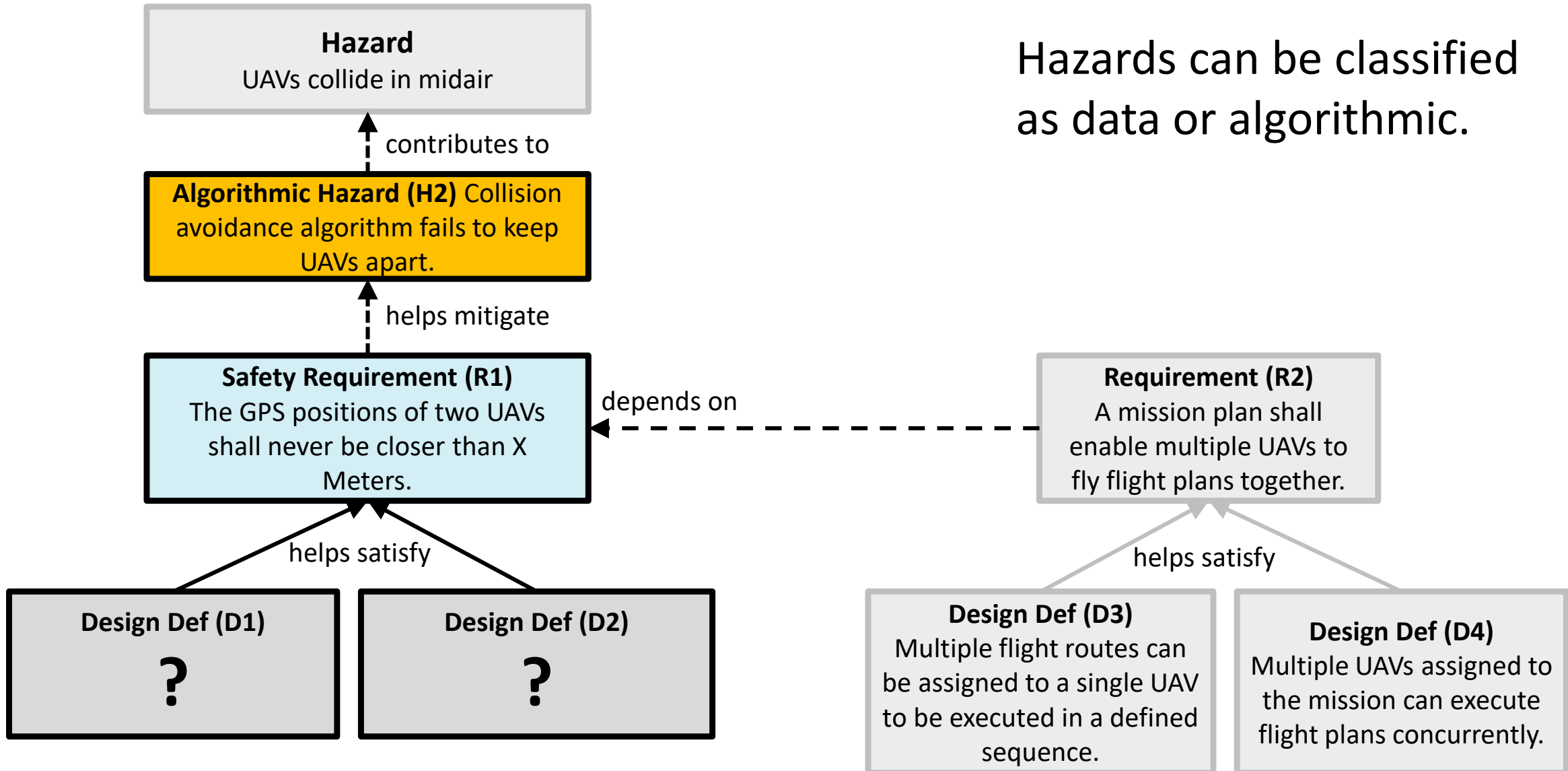
FMECAs (Failure Mode Effect criticality Analysis)

ID	Data Item	Data Fault Type	Description		Effect	Criticality
FM-D2	Battery level indicator	Faulty error detection	Low battery level is not detected.	EF-4	Drone runs out of power and lands in an uncontrolled way.	Critical
FM-D3	Battery level	Faulty data	Battery level indicator depicts incorrect power availability.	EF-5	Drone runs out of power and lands in an uncontrolled way.	Critical
FM-D4	Drone health	Missing data	Drone fails to communicate its location	EF-6	Mission control can not accurately track the drone, potentially causing accidents such as drone crashes.	Critical
FM-D5	Altitude level	Faulty error detection	Altitude reading is lower than the actual altitude of the drone.	EF-7	Drone flies too high potentially entering the flight path of an airplane.	Critical
FM-D1	Landed status	Faulty status	On ground status = true even though drone is still in the air.	EF-8	Propellers stop prematurely and drone crashes	Critical

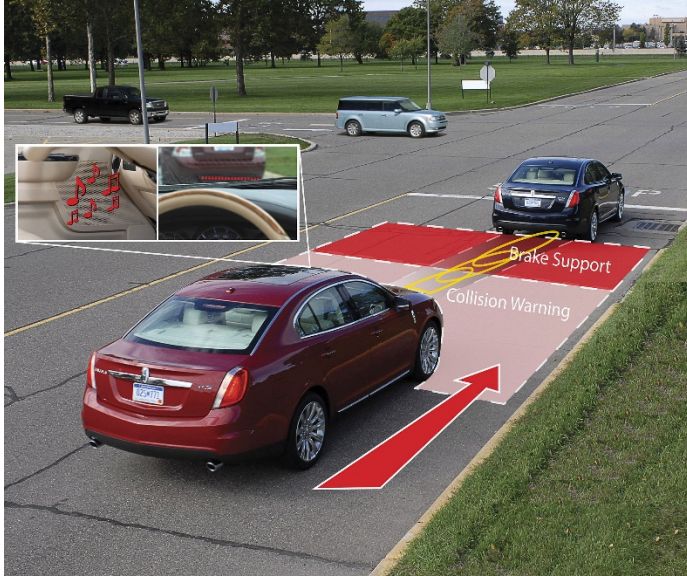
A Data Hazard



Another Hazard (Algorithmic?)

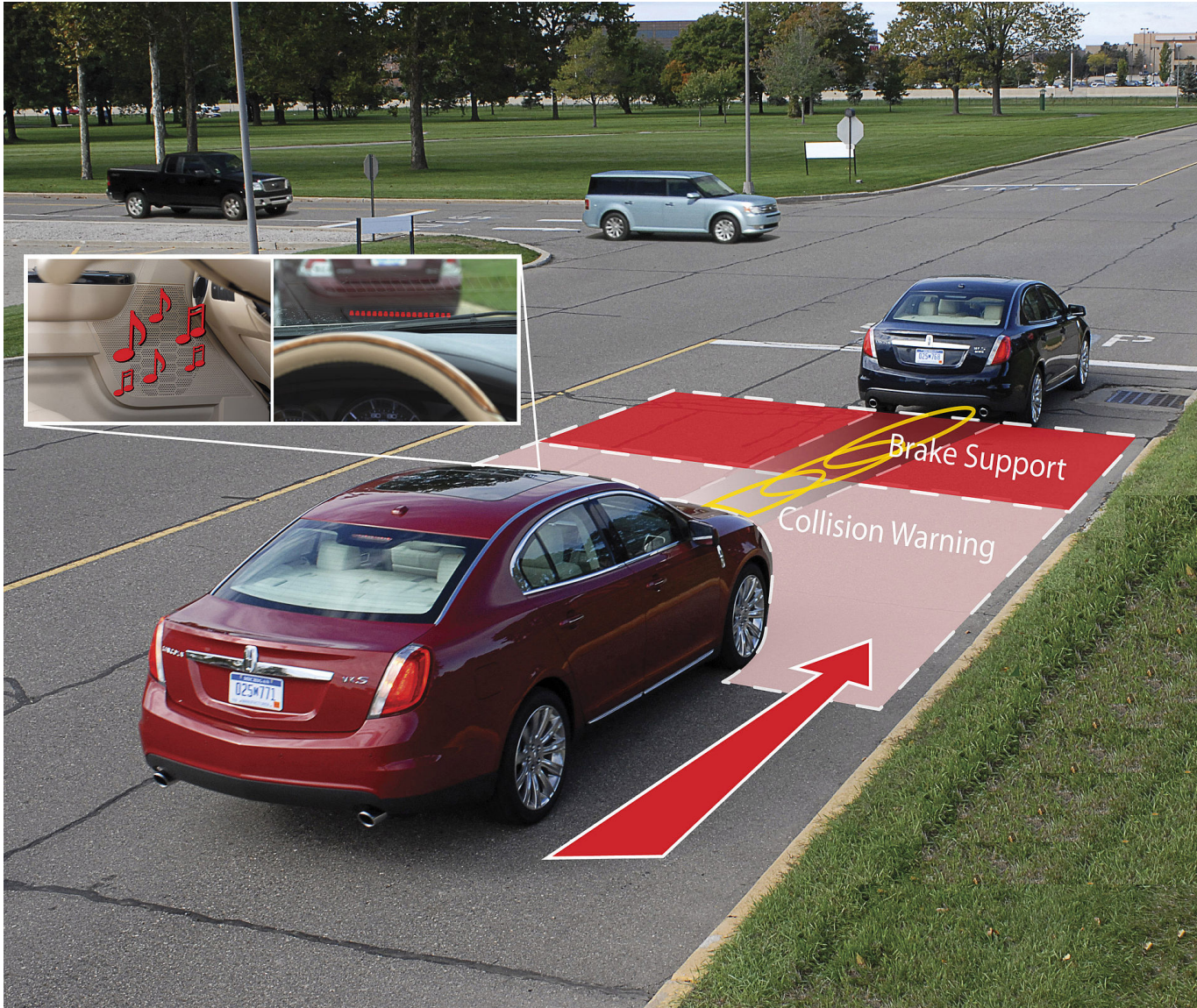


Some thoughts on Collision Avoidance



What can we learn about collision avoidance from three other domains?

Cars



How do you imagine collision avoidance systems work in cars?

<https://www.lifewire.com/auto-mobile-collision-avoidance-systems-534805>

Airplanes

TCAS Fundamentals
Controls, Indications and Displays Traffic Display Symbols

FlightSafety international

Resolution Advisory

Click on each symbol to learn more.

TA 2.0 +02

1 Resolution Advisories
2 A solid red square indicates that the intruding aircraft is projected to be a collision threat. The symbol appears together with an appropriate audio
3 warning, command and a vertical maneuver indication on the display.
4
5

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ID:bfe REV 0.1 Copyright 982,192 L1/bfe.xml SWFs/L1/bfe.swf Copyright © 2014 FlightSafety International, Inc.

Solution of last resort.

What do you know about collision avoidance in airplanes?

<https://www.flyingmag.com/how-it-works-tcas-ii>

People

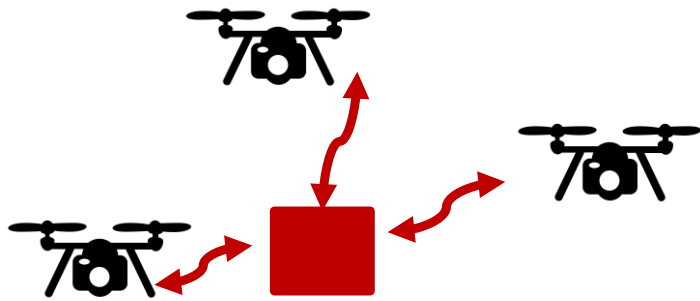


How do humans avoid each other when moving in a confined space?

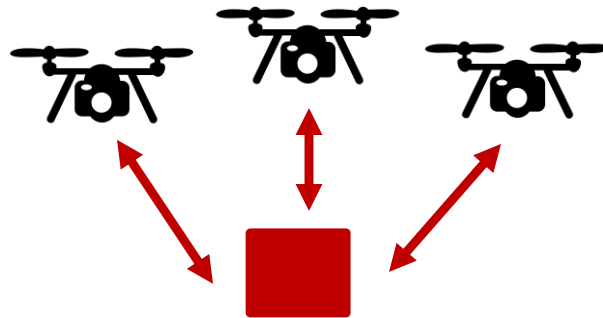
Let's try it and see..

Towards a Collision Avoidance Algorithm

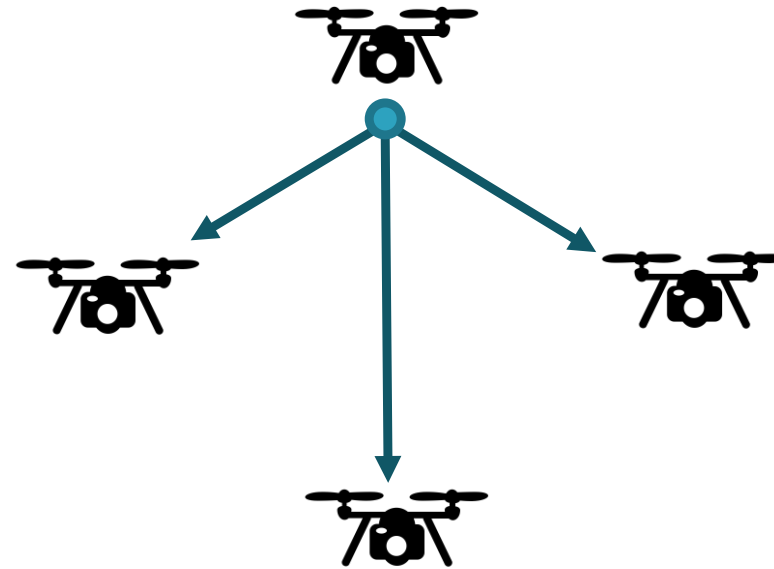
Centralized planned



Centralized Responsive



Broadcast or detect positions of other UAVs in ROI



Obstacle Detection and Avoidance



Environmental Assumptions

It is essential to understand your assumptions!



Wheels are turning if, and only if, the plane is on the runway.

Led to an accident when a plane failed to brake because the runway was wet and hydroplaning occurred.

Environmental Assumptions



The operator will not enter data faster than X words per minute.

A modern radiotherapy machine (NOT the Therac!)

Environmental Assumptions come in many shapes & sizes

Physical environment:

Expected to hold invariantly regardless of the system,
e.g., A train is moving iff its physical speed is non-null

Operational environment:

Describes the operational environment surrounding the system,
e.g., The lens cap will be removed before flight

Adjacent system:

Describes the behavior of adjacent systems that interact with the system being developed, e.g., The Sensor will provide the current temperature to the Thermostat with an accuracy of 0:1F

User interface:

Describes the users and their behavior,
e.g., The operator will not enter data faster than X words per minute

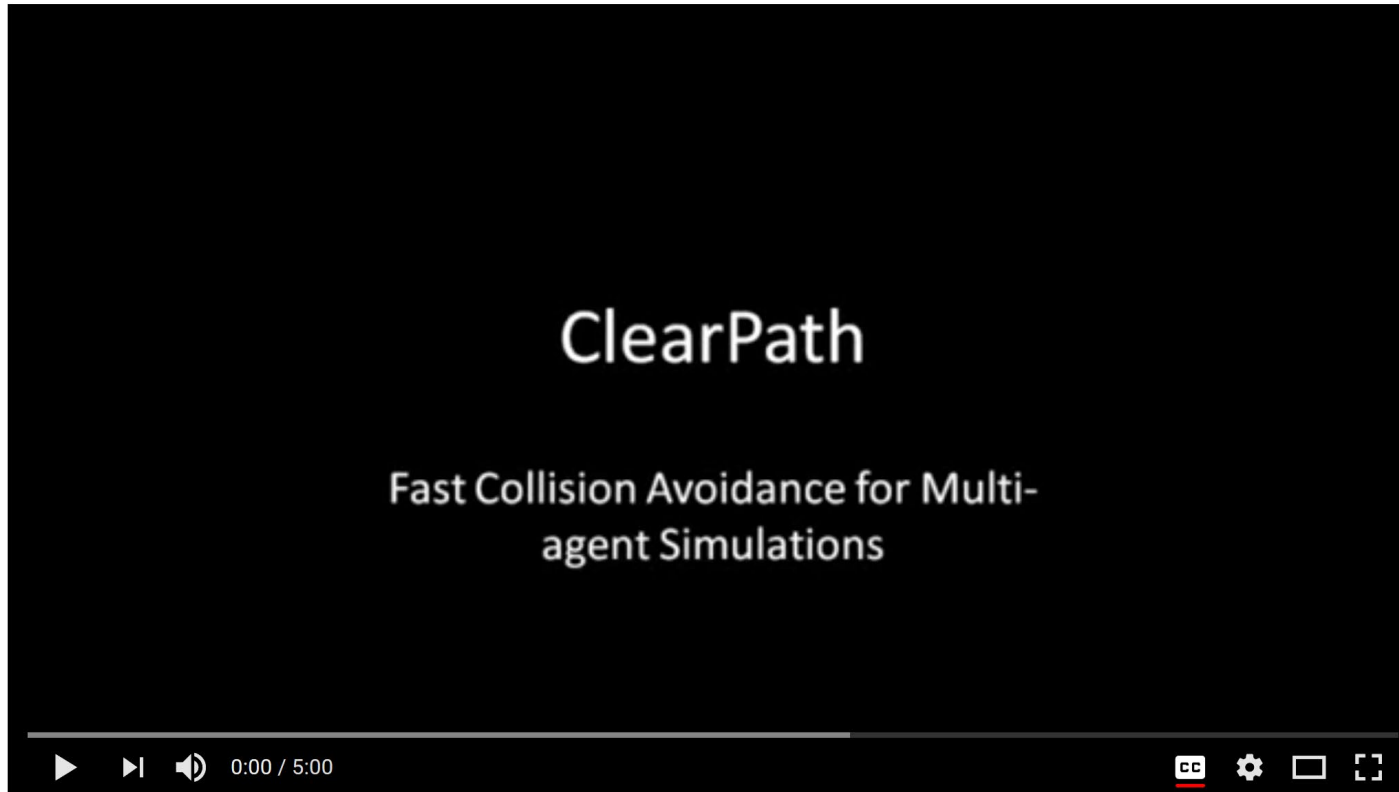
Regulatory:

Describes how regulations affect the system or related components,
e.g., The device meets industrial standards for electrical safety

Development process:

Describes policies or procedures impacting the development process and/or operation of the system,
e.g., The developer knows that transient signals should be ignored when the spacecraft lander's legs unfold

One Algorithm (not an as-is solution!)



Activity #2:

What assumptions are made in this model?

Hint: think about UAV capabilities, their environment, physics etc.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hc6kng5A8lQ>

<http://gamma.cs.unc.edu/CA/ClearPath.pdf>