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AMAN SIR CLASS NOTES

Date
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Parts of Speech

Noun → Subject / object / preposition object / Subject Complement
(Can be)

Proper → Rajesh, Sunita
Comman → Boys, girls
Collective → team, Jury, Bevy, Clowder, Scho
Abstract → love, hate, Bravery
Material → Coffee, Plastic

Bevy → group of young girls
Clowder → group of Cats
School → group of fish

(X) This house is made of bricks & stones
↓
plural nahi as ye basic element ki trh, yahan inhe material Noun Conside karo, as not Countable

✓ This house is made of brick & stone

✓ Two bricks are lying on the Road.
↳ Countable (to plural Sahi).

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Rajat was Studying English at Paramount

Helping verb ↓ Main Verb ↓ (Jo action btae)

Kunal bought a bag on tuesday.

Verb se what / whom Ke reply us verb Ke object bante hai.

Rajat was studying what?

↓

English → object

Ajay likes Rani.

Ajay likes whom?

↓

Rani → object

Doer → Subject

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Subject / object = Noun / Pronoun

(Sub/ obj hmesha Noun ya Pronoun honge)

Preposition = object — Noun
— Pronoun

Preposition object (PO)

∴ Preposition Ke bad hamesha object aate vo us preposition Ke object hote (uska Verb se lena dena nahi)

I	was	Studying	English	at	Paramount.
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
Sub	Verb	Main verb	object	Pre.	Preposition object

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Rajni is a doctor.

'Be' Ki form

is / am / are / be → V' (Verb first form)
was / were → V^2
been → V^3

'Be' ki form Eng. grammar me do kam Krti

1) Main Verb bnana ya
2) Helping Verb "

above sentence me is M.V hai as iske bad koi verb ni to khud hi M.V.

∴ is Ke bad verb 'ing' form me aati tabhi M.V

He is present in the class.
↓
ye M.V ni (as ing form me hai)

is → M.V

Present → Subject Complement

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'be' Ki form Ke bad aane wale Noun Subject Complement bnte.

Rajni is a doctor
↓ ↓ ↓
Sub M.V object (X)
↓
(SC) Subject Complement (V)
(as Koi action ni, No receiver, so no object)

Agar ye 7 (is / am / are / be / was / were / been) M.V Ka Kam Kre to Usme Koi action ni to usme Koi object nahi, SC honge)
↓
These are Known as linking Verb.
(agar ↑ (M.V bne tab)
↓
as Subject or Complement Ko link.

He is present in the special Class.
↓
Kesi Class → special
↓
Adjective
(which Qualify a Noun)

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He is present in the Special Class.

↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓

S M.V (SC) Pre Adj PO

↓

(Next Noun Uska object)

Pronoun = Subject/ object/ PO/ SC

↓ ↳ [preposition object]

(Jo noun ki Jgh aata)

Rajesh hit him

He hit Rajesh

Kese pta lagae hit Konsi form

as hit hit ki form chlti

hit hit hit

V1 V2 V3

S/es → V1 nahi

V3 → nahi (as H.V ni)

Verb ki 3rd form hmesha H.V Ke Sath aati.

So, yahan hit V2 hai.

Rajesh hit him.

Rajesh hit whom? → object → him

↓

(Pronoun)

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He hit Rajesh
↓
Pronoun
↓
(Subject)

∴ Matlab pronoun ne bhi subject / object Ka Kam Kia.

Noun Ka Subjective / objective Case Same.
(Rajesh Ka Rajesh hi raha)

Pronoun Ka S/O Case mostly alag.
(you me Same rhta)

him → he
(him hit Rajesh) (X)

Rajesh hit them.

they hit Rajesh

He bought it for her.
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
Sub M.V object Pre PO
(Pronoun ne PO bnne Ka Kam Kia)

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* Adjective → Qualifies a Noun / Pronoun
→ (Quality btana)

1) Mahesh bought a big house in Delhi
Sub Verb Article obj Pre PO

big house ki vishesheta bta raha hai
big → Adjective Jo house (Noun) ko Qualify.

2) Radhika Sent a Costly Card to Rajesh.
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
Sub M.V Adj Obj Pre PO

Radhika Sent a Costly Card <u>to</u> Rajesh <u>on</u> Tuesday.

Sentence me new information add krna bina sentence repeat kie. by the use of preposition.

Radhika Sent a Costly Card.
" " that Card to Rajesh.
" " " " on tuesday.

→ ye 3 sentences ek sentence me kar die with the help of preposition 'to' and 'on'

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Aman ate a big Cake.
↓
Adjective

Adj ki degree er/est laga ke chalte.

Ek Adj. tabhi aaega Jab uske bad Noun/Pronoun aae Jise Vo Qualify kre.

→ Exception to this →

Aman is Smart
wise
tall
poor/rich
stupid
Amiable

ye Sab Adj but inke bad N/P nahi ye Aman ki Quality bta rahe hai.

∴ Be ki form agar M.V ka kam kre to akele Adj. bhi aa skte hai.

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* Adverb → Qualifies a verb / Adjective / Adverb.

Shruti talks Sweetly.
↓ ↓ ↓
Sub Verb Object ni as ye Verb se what / whom Ka reply nahi.

→ ye yahan talks Ki visheshta bta raha hai (Shruti Ki nahi)

Jo verb Ko Qualify vo Adverb

Sweetly → Adverb.

Sweet → Adjective

Shurti is Sweet

They Solved the question easily.
↓ ↓ ↓
Sub Verb object

yahan Solved Ko Qualify easily
↓
(easily Solve Kar lie) Adverb

What?

They Solved the easy questions easily.
Sub Verb ↓ ↓ ↓
Adj Object Adverb

easy Adj as questions (Noun) Ko Qualify

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sub verb

The principal rewarded extra-ordinarly intelligent Students.

object

Adj (as Student Ko Qualify)

Ab extra-ordinarly intelligent Ko Qualify Jo Adj Ko Qualify Vo Adverb

extra-ordinarly → Adverb.

They bought a very Costly Car.

sub verb Adj obj

Adverb

(Adj Ko Qualify Krne wale adverb hote)

She talks extremely rudely.

sub verb

talks Ko Qualify rudely

Adverb

extremely rudely Ko Qualify

(Jo Adv. Ko Qualify Kare vo bhi Adverb)

Extremely → Adverb.

(Adverb Ke last me generally Ly aata)

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Sub Pre PO

The fast bowler from Pakistan bowled very fast.

Adj Adv Adv Verb

(as bowled Ko Qualify)
as fast Ko Qualify

They hit him very hard with a hard bat.

Sub Verb obj PO Pre Adj

(as bat (Noun) Ko Qualify.

hard → hit (verb) Ko Qualify

Adverb

very → Adverb
(as hard (Adverb) Ko Qualify

∴ Jo Adv: Ko Qualify Krta vo bhi Adverb.

Adjective	Adverb
fast	fast
hard	hard
Daily	daily (weekly, Monthly)

Hard ek Jagah Adj ek Jagh Adverb

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Conjuction → 2 clause ko Join Kare
ya 2 words ko
Jiti M.V uthe clause

My grandfather reads a daily Magazine daily.
verb

Adv. ~~Adj~~ (read ko qualify)

Adj (same)

Possesive Adj (as Posession bna raha hai)

I bought a new mobile because I lost the old one.

Sentence → 1
Clause → 2 (as 2 Main verb bought & lost)

Clause ko add Krne Ka Kam Conjuction.

Because → Conjuction

I saw a Snake while I was walking on the road.
V1 V2

Conjuction

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Ram and Shyam are playing Cricket.

S1 — Conj (Connecting two nouns) — S2 — H.V — M.V — object

He and I will Solve the questions.

S1 — Conj (Connecting two Pronouns) — S2 — H.V — M.V — Article — object

Rajat is Smart and Intelligent

Sub — MV — S.C (Adj) — Conjuction (Connecting two Adj) — S.C (Adj)

Rashmi talks politely and Softly

(Adv) — Conj (Connecting two Adverb) — (Adv)

as talks Verb Ko Qualify So Adverb.

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Pronoun

→ Break & find error

* Personal Pronoun

	Subjective Case	Objective Case	Possesive Case	
I person (speaker)	I	Me	Mine	My
	We	Us	Ours	Our
II person (listener)	you	you	yours	your
III person (whom they talk about)	He	him	His	His
	She	her	hers	her
	It	It	—	its
	they	them	Theirs	their
			Possesion Pronoun	Poss. Adjective

1) Ours team has Scored 370 runs against Sri lanka.

Ours [own] Adj — Sub — H.V — M.V — Adj (Numeral) — object — Pre — PO

Ours bhi yahan Subject bnana Chah raha hai but 2 subject Kese aa Skte bina Conjuction. Ours Noun Ke Jagah lagte unke Sath nahi (as Pronoun) islie Noun par possesion bna de to Adj Chahye!

Our team ✓

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Our is the best team in the whole world.
Sub M.V Art Adj ~~obj~~ (s.c) Pre Adj PO

(Qualify Noun)

Our Subject hai to Subjective ~~case~~ to Noun/ pronoun hote to ise Pronoun bna do.

Ours is the best team ✓

An elephant can use it's trunk in many ways.
Article Sbbject H.V verb object Pre
Adj PO [Its]

It's → It is
↓
M.V hui fir to ye sentence Me but M.V already aa chuki (use) 2 M.V bina Conjuction ni aa skti

it's (x) → its ✓

Or vese bhi trunk par possesion bnana hai to possesive Case.
↓
" Adjective

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Pre PO S2

Its very dark outside the room so you

Should take a torch.

[It's] H.V/Modal V2 object Conj

(Dusri verb as Conjuction aayi)

ab Conjuction tabhi aati Jab 2 Clause hote, 2 Clause tab honge Jab 2 verb 2 phli verb Kahan hai islie [It is] as Subject bhi ni tha to ab It is

Sub Verb

very dark

Adv Adj

(as be ki form Ke bad S.C aate Vo Noun / Pronoun / Adj).

Outside Ke Part of speech → 2

Adv Pre

(above Sentence)

He went outside

(Adv as went (verb) Ko Qualify)

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I like Raman's Shirt but he does not
S1 Verb 1 obj Conj S2 H.V Adverb Of Negation

like my.
V2

My to P. Adjective hota hai.

Akele Adj to ni aate Kabhi (except 'be' Ki form)

Possesive Pronoun = Possesive Adj + Noun in discussion

Mine = My + Shirt

So My (x)
Mine ✓

Mine flat was bought by Mr. Gupta
Sub H.V M.V Pre PO

on Friday
Pre PO

My

He answered ~~my~~ my ~~Mine~~ doubts but not her
(hers)

(Same akela Adj ni)

Possesive Pronoun = P. Adj + Noun
hers = her + ~~Quest~~ doubts

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⇒ [V_1 → Shows verb number 1 [Not form]
V_2 → Shows verb number 2 [Not 2nd form]

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* Reflexive Pronoun

He &

Subject	Object	Reflexive Case
I	Me	Myself
we	us	Ourself
You	you	Yourself
he	him	himself
she	her	herself
It	It	Itself
they	them	themself.

If the doer and Receiver of the action is the Same person or thing use object of the verb in reflexive Case.

S1 V1 Object Pre PO Conj
1) He Saw him in the mirror when
he was alone in the room.
S2 M.V Adj (S.C) Pre PO

Sentence pdh Ke pta laga doer / rcver Same to object (him) → Reflexive Case Me.

→ He Saw himself (usne Khud Ko dekha)

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P.A → Possesive Adj

Article Sub Verb object Pre PO Pre
The Camel adapt it to the climate of desert.
[itself]

PO
Camel ne khudko adopt kia
Doer / Rcvr → Same object in Ref. Case

it (x) → itself ✓

yourself Pre P.A PO Conj S2 M.V
Put you in my place then you can understand My problems.
Verb obj M.V P.A object

Put whom ? → you (object)

Close the door.
↓
Sentence verb se shuru [Imperative Sentence]
No Subject so understood Subject is you.

Above Sentence Me you understood
you put you
Doer / Rcvr Same so use Ref. Case
Put yourself in my place ✓

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He plays very well.
S V Adv Adv
∴ Zroori ni verb Ka object aae.

* Emphatic Pronoun → is used to emphasize the action is done by the Subject himself.

Subject	Object	Emphatic Case
I	Me	myself
We	us	ourselves
You	you	yourself
He	him	him "
She	her	her "
It	it	It "
they	them	themselves

The woodcutter cut himself all the trees.
(himself)
himself verb Ke bad aaya matlab Ref. Pronoun (object) Ka Kam Krna chah rha hai).

Reflexive Pronoun	Emphatic Pronoun
1) Doer = Rcvr (Same)	1) Doer ≠ Rcvr
2) Used after the M.V	2) Used before the M.V [generally]

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Hindi se woodcutter ne khudko cut lia
∴ matlab chahye khud se trees cut
so himself cut se phle.

Priyanka solved herself all the questions.
(herself)
Same way usne khud ko solve kar lia (x)
Priyanka herself solved ✓

Saroj prepared herself breakfast for
the whole family.
Saroj herself prepared

✓ Deepika prepared herself very well for
the exams. (No error)
as khudko hi prepare kia for
exams.

Manisha prepared herself her son for his
Board exams.

Verb ke bad R. Pronoun ~~tab~~ ~~aa~~ tabhi aa
skta Jab koi or object na ho,
agar hai to aage shift
Manisha herself prepared.

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The woodcutter himself cut all the trees
↓ ↓
Noun Pronoun

Noun / Pronoun ek sath kese as Pronoun to noun ki Jgh aata na, aa skte hai, Jab ni aa skte Jab dono Subject bnana chah rhe ho.

Position of Emphatic Pronoun →

1) Before MV = always correct

2) After the object = only if object is Small.

* Distributive Pronoun

Use for

2, >2 ← Each
1 out of 2 ← Either
Dono me ← Neither
Se Koi
nahi

] + of + Noun (Plural) + Verb (Singular)

+ Pronoun / Adj (singular)

[format]

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Pre PO H.V M.V

Each of the boys have Submitted

their assignment to the Class teacher.

↓ ↓ ↓ PO

(his) P. Adj obj Pre

Class teacher

↓ ↓

Noun Noun

2 Noun Ke Sath → Compound Noun

e.g → Police Station → " "

Boys subject nahi as vo Pre. Ka PO to bcha each

↓

Ye subject

Verb according to Subject, Each Singular Krke bat Krta to Verb "

Each of the boys has Submitted his assignment to the Class teacher.

↓

(as individual apna hi submit)

OR → Direct format (back page) se Kar lo.

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Sub Pre PO Verb Pre PO Conj
Either of the roads go to Delhi but
I don't Know which one.
S2 H.V V2 Interrogative Indefinite Pronoun
→ Verb Singular aaegi (goes)

He had five Close friends but neither
Subj Verb Numeral Adj Adj Obj Conj S2
of them Came to his funeral.
Pre PO V2 Pre P.A PO

→ yahan neither galat as vo 2 ke lie
Use yahan 5 frnd hai to
Use none
(Each use ni vrna meaning change.

Both of guests have not Come yet.

Both, hope → negative sentence me use nahi.

Both se pta laga guest 2 hai.

Neither of guests ~~hear~~ has Come yet.
↓ (as verb Singular)
(~~not under~~
not understood to not ni likho)

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* Demonstrative Pronoun → out of Class Comparision
(this, that, these, those) → ye DP bhi & Adj Ka Kam bhi.

The air of Delhi is more polluted than mumbai.

air Delhi Ki Ko Compare Krna hai, ab aise thodi air Delhi Ki Compare Kar do mumbai City, people se to pronoun use Krenge taki do bar air na likhna pade.

[Same chijo Ka Comparision hota]
Is sentence Me Sirf Mumbai likh dia to pta Kese Kis se Compare.

✓ The air of Delhi is more polluted than that of Mumbai.

The Cost of your ~~xx~~ Car is much more than Roshni's.

The Cost of your is much more than Roshni's Car.

Ye dono Sahi (as 1st Me bhi possesion Case use possesion Car par)

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The design of this building is more elegant than that building.

Design Ka Design Se Compare ye likha Chah rahe ho,

The design of this building is more elegant than the design of that building.

∴ design 2 bar na likhna pde islie

The design of this building is more elegant than that of that building.

↓

(design Ke lie use)

This Car belongs to MR. Gupta.

Sub V Pre PO

↓

Adj

Qualify (Possesive Adj)

This Pronoun to bnega ni as iske bad Noun

This, That, these, that

↓ ↓

Adj Pronoun

(agar Noun ho bad Me)

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The articles of the hindu are more interesting than the times of India.

↳ Articles Ka Articles se Compare
↓
plural to use these (that ni)

The Articles of the hindu are more interesting those of the times of India.

* Relative Pronoun → who, whom, which, what, that

SI VI OI Conj
They called the boys whom broke
V2
the window of the Classroom.
↓ ↓ ↓
Obj Pre PO

who → for Subjective Case
whom → for objective Case

2nd clause Me Subject ni to subjective Case likho → who

Subject bna & Conjuction bhi dono kam to Relative Pronoun

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We found the boy who you chasing
Sub verb object ↓ S2 V2
Conj

yahan who likha hai To ki subjective case hai 3 sub ho gaye but verb 2 hi teesri verb ni hai, islie objective case whom

We already know the boy whom you said had won a gold. Medal.
S1 Adv. of time V1 O1 S2 V2 H.V3 MV3 O3

had h.v ni ho skti as vo bad me hai, H.V phle aati 3 verb to 3 subject chahye.
Use subjective case → who.

S1 S2 H.V M.V P.A
The boys who we have selected in our team are playing cricket in the field.
(whom) ↓ PO ↓ H.V2 MV2 Obj ↓ Pre

2 verb & 2 subject aagye.
3rd subj. ni chahye

who → whom
V1

Rohan helped the woman whom he thought had cancer.
V3 V2 (ye h.v ni)
who

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What?

* Clauses

S1 Pre Adj PO V1 O1

1) The boy in red cap won a gold medal yesterday.

In red cap (boy ki vishesha)

↓ Adjectival phrase (ek word se Jyda)

↓ Adj. Clause (agar verb aae to)

↳ Noun Ko Qualify

→ ye Adj. phrase

S1 R.P V1 O1 Pre PO

2) The boy who sang a song in the class is my brother.

V2 P.A SC.

as Subject to 2nd clause & Conj (2 verb)

who sang a song in the class

↓ boy Ko Qualify

↓ Adj. Clause (as sang verb)

in the class

↓ Adverbial phrase of time (for sang verb)

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3) I posted those letters yesterday.
↓
Adverb (phrase of time)

4) I will Call you when I reach Delhi,
↓
Adv. Clause of time

6) She went there yesterday
↓ ↓
Adv. of place Adv. of time

S1 H.V M.V O1 Adverb S2
7) I will arrange a meeting where we used to meet when we were young.
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
V2 V3 SC V2 Conj S3

Used to
↓
Modal
↓
H.V

where we used to meet
↓
Adv. clause of Place

when we are young
↓
Adv. Clause of time

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8) She said that Rajat drove the car in a very rash manner.

in very rash manner
↓
for drove verb
↓
Adv. of Manner

" that Rajat _ _ _ _ _ _ _ _ Manner"
↓
She said what
↓
What Ra reply
↓
object
↓
Known as Noun Clause

* Relative Pronoun = that

1) All what glitters is not gold.

All	what	glitters	is	not	gold.
↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓
S1	(that) R.P.	V1	V2	Adv. of Negation	S.C

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Use 'that' Relative Pronoun with these words:

All, none, both, Everything, Anything, the few, the little, the same, the only

the + Superlative degree etc.
↓
Use that

1) All aa gya to use R.P that
All that glitters.

little → +ve sense
a little → -ve sense
the little → Sari quantity ke lie

2) Sachin (S1) is (V1) the best (Adj) batsman (O1) who (that) has (HV) ever (Adv) played (V2) on (Pre) this ground (PO).

the + best → Use that
↓
(Superlative (of good)) that

3) He (S1) lost (V1) the little (Quantative Adj) money (Obj) which (that) he (S2) had (HV2) saved (MV2) for (Pre) his daughter's (PO) marriage

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subject

Adj S2 V2 Pre PO

4) The few friends that he met in Jaipur

left him as he started behaving

V2 O2 S3 V3 (gerunds)

awkwardly. (No error) ↓ (upcoming classes)

↓ Adv.

S1 Conj S1 H.V

5) The man and the dog who were

walking on the road were hit

M.V Pre PO H.V2 M.V2

by a truck. (that)

↓ Pre ↓ PO

Man ke lie → who ✓

Dog " " → which ✓

Dono ke lie ek hi lgano to that ✓

↓

aisa R.P Jo Sabke lie lg Skta hai.

(living & Non-living)

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Sub M.V SC Pre PO R.P H.V

Sehwag is one of the batsmen who has

Scored more than 10000 runs.

M.V

↓ Numeral Adj ↓ object

(have)

Rule → Relative Pronoun take verb according to the antecedants

↓

(Jo phle Noun aayi R.P se)

Rsn → they don't have their own no. or gender

Antecedent → A Noun/pronoun which is referred by a R.P.

ab ye run Sehwag ke Sath or batsmen ne bhi bnae, verb plural

(x) has → have ✓

Gold is one of the metals which is used in making Jewellery.

Metals → Antecedent

↳ verb acc. to "

Metals plural

is (x) → are ✓

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Sub M.V Adj Prono Pre PO
Mercury is only one of the Metals
that are liquid at room temperature.
R.P M.V S.C Pre PO

yahan metals Ke according to 'are' Sahi hai,
Antecedent generally R.P Ke Just phle aate par hai bar bar nahi
yahan Mercury antecedent hai (as iske bare me baat ho rahi & vese bhi only likha to verb singular

are (x) → is (✓)

1) Rahul Always blames other (others) for his failures that (which) is not liked by anyone.

2) Akshay Sir breaks each sentence in parts of speech that is the reason for his popularity.

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which → for Non-living things
→ Animals
→ Antecedent clause.
→ Selection

He bought a bag which was very Costly.

I saw a dog which was 5 feet tall.

He bought all the bags which (x)
↓
ab that aaega as all aa gya.

1) Sentence me failures antecedent hota to verb are aati,
Baat ho rahi hai Psnd nahi Krte
To 'Rahul - - - - - - - failures' ye
Puri Bat Psnd ni krte (Rahul ko
to Krte honge) ↓
islie Pura clause Antecedent
hai (Antecedent clause)
↓
which used.

that (x) → which (✓)

2) Same way that (x) → which (✓)

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1) I didn't understand ~~well~~ that he taught in the class. what

2) I didn't mind that you do after the class. what

3) That you do at your home is not my concern. what

1) Well Adverb hai to antecedent ni ho skta.
Use what when there is no antecedent.
that (x) → what (✓)

2) No Antecedent what ✓
that (x)

3) No Antecedant use what (as that to Jab aata Jab antecedent ho).

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Indefinite Pronoun →

Sub R.P Verb obj Pre PO
Everybody who took admission in mains
H.V M.V Pre PO
Batch were satisfied with the Quality
(was)
of sentences.
Pre PO.

Everybody ke hisab se aaegi verb singular

Everybody Nobody Somebody
Everyone " one " one
" thing " thing " thing

These 9 indefinite Pronoun take singular verb.

were (x) → was (✓)

Sub R.P Verb Pre PO H.V2 M.V2
Everything that belonged to us were stolen
by those theives.
Pre ↓ PO
Demonstrative Adj

Everything verb singular were (x) → was (✓)

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Sub Modal M.V Adv
One must word hard to fulfil his
dreams. ↓ work
↓ P.A
object

to + V1 (verb) → infinitive
(infinitive se what / whom Ke reply
uske object)
to fulfil what?
↓
dreams (object)

She → her
I → My
Matlab Subject Ke according possesive
Case
to one → One's ✓
his (x)

We have some lazy workers and
Some Labourious one's in our
ones
Company.

yahan one's kispar possesion
↳ aage Koi Noun tabhi
to possesion.

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Singular	Plural	Possesive	Reflexive
one	ones	one's	oneself

yahan workers → plural
↓
ones ✓

Interrogative Pronoun → what, which, who, whom

1) ____ is your favourite book?

2) ____ is your aim in life?

3) ____ do you like more, Rahul or Rajat?

1) which
(as w

2) what

3) whom (who ni aaega as you aa gya Subject aagya to Subjective Case (who) ni Chahye

4) ____ of these boys has broken the window.

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4) me of → possesion
→ selection

yahan of selection ka kam kar rahi hai to which aaega as vo bhi selection ka kam krta.

Miscellaneous

M.V
It was me who has sent those romantic letters to manisha.

→ It ke bad agar linking verb aae to It → Introductory ~~Sb~~ Subject.

I.S

ab "me" subject hai real subject to it should be in subjective case.

me (x) → I ✓

It was him who stole your purse when you were sleeping.

→ he (Same as above)

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Linking Verb Real subject

I.S (was)

There were no difficulty in Solving those questions.

It takes Singular Verb
There take verb acc. to real Subject

Difficulty (Real Subject) → Singular
↓
Verb Singular

were (x) → was (✓)

There has been many rulers of this Kingdom.
I.S H.V M.V Adj Real subj Pre D.A PO

Rulers → Real Subject
↓
Verb Plural
has (x) → have ✓

It was they who took you to hospital whom you met with an accident Yesterday.
I.S M.V R.S Conj Verb Obj Pre PO Conj S3 V2 Pre PO Adv. of time

~~they~~ It aaya → verb Singular
was ✓ (No error)

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Adj (Quantative) Sub Pre

1) All the members except he was Present (Adj)
Pre
him → were

at the party.
Pre PO

2) Radhika was sitting between Rajat & I during the party.
Sub H.V M.V Pre PO (PO) Pre PO
(me)

3) Everybody but she has signed the deal.
Sub Conj Pre → her P.O. H.V M.V obj

4) All my friends unlike he are Sensible and Soft - Spoken.
Q.A P.A Subj Pre (him) P.O M.V SC S.C Conj

Rule → Use objective Cases of pronoun after these words →

but, between, like, unlike, with, except, including, excluding, besides etc

1) Rule ke hisab except ke bad objective Case

he(x) → him ✓
(as ye iska PO)

Verb acc. to Real Subject → members → were ✓

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2) Rajat ने → Pre. Ke object to objective Case
↓
(x) → Me (✓)

3) but → Conjuction (लेकिन)
→ Preposition (के सिवाय)
yahan Conj^n not needed as 1 verb.
yahan but Pre. to she uska object to objective case
She (x) → her (✓)

4) he (x) → him ✓ (as unlike Preposition)

1) My father does not like me going to Cinema daily.
P.A Sub H.V M.V ~~me~~ (my) Gr(n) Pre PO Adv.

Me objective Case Me likha matlab object bnana Chah ~~ro~~ rha hoga

V1 + ing → verb
→ Noun
→ Adj.

yahan verb ni going (as ing verb hoti to phle H.V aati)

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going → Noun

S	O	SC	PO
↓	✓	↓	↓
already aa gya		(be ki form nahi)	(Pre nahi)

to matlab going bhi object bnana chah raha hai.

father ko kya ni psnd?
↓
mai to psnd hu but Jana ni psnd islie Sahi object like verb ka me nahi going hai

to Me ka objective Case hatao
My likh do (Possesion wala)

Our landlord does not allow ~~us~~ our
Coming late at night.

Same rsn as above us (X) → our (✓)

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My teacher does not mind me using a Calculator in the exam.

Me (x) → My (✓) (Same rsn)

Semi- Verb

I like Singing.

↓ ↓

S V

Singing Kya hai?

Verb nahi as verb already aa gayi.

V1 + ing

Verb | Noun | Adj

↓ ↓

Gerund | Present Participle.

I like what?

↓

Singing

↓

(Object like verb Ka)

Noun ya Pronoun hote hi object

& V1+ing → Noun → to Singing → Gerund.

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Smoking Causes Cancer.
↓
Subject hote Noun / Pronoun
↓
Gerund

He stopped the moving train.
Sub verb object
object
Adj (Qualifies train (Noun))

V1 ing → Adj Ka Kam to
moving → Present Participle.

Salman shot the running ~~dear~~ deer
Sub verb obj
↓
Adj
↓
V1 + ing
↓
Present Participle.

V3
Verb Adj
(Past Participle)

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Rajat had read the given Instructions.
Sub H.V M.V object

given → V3 to ya to Adj / Verb
Verb ni as already aa gyi.

∴ Adjective
(Past Participle)

I have given Some Instructions to them.
Sub H.V M.V Adj obj Pre PO

given → Verb

They ~~have~~ gave an already eaten cake to them.
S Verb PO Adv. obj Pre

(as Adj Ko Qualify)

Adj
V3 (Past Participle)

Please read the written Sentences loudly.
(Convention) Verb obj Adv.

Adj
(Past Participle)

(written verb ni as us Se phle Article)
understood Sub. → you

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I like to sing.
S Verb Pre PO

(aise break kia but sing ek verb
Vo kese object ho skti as
object to Noun / Pronoun)

to + V1 → infinitive

To swim is good exercise
↓
infinitive (Mil kar subject ka kam)

I want to prepare for SSC exams
Sub Verb ↓ Pre PO
infinitive

Rising prices of pulses are making
Pre PO H.V M.V
life of the Poor difficult.
S.C Pre PO Adj
↓
(life ko Qualify)

Making ka Subject kon
↓
Active voice → Subject doer
Prices → Noun (Sub)
Rising → Adj (Present Participle)

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Semi- Verb se what / whom Ke reply uske objects.

I like singing old songs.
Sub M.V ↓ object (gernud)

Singing what? Songs ↓ gerund Ko object

old (Qualifying Songs) ↓ Adj

He likes reading novels
sub obj gerund GO

Imp.

H.V + V1 + ing → ye aae to V1 ing Kam Krega verb Ka Gerund.

H.V + V1 + ing + Noun → Gerund.
(x) (x)

H.V + V1 + ing + Noun → agar ye Noun Ka doer
(x) us Kam hai (V1 + ing) Ka to V1 ing → Present Participle

H.V + V1 + ing + Noun → to V1 + ing → Gerund
(x) not doer

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They punished him for breaking the windows.
sub M.V obj Pre PO

↓

V1+ing

↓

Gerund

(break what?) → object

They pacified the fighting bulls by
sub Verb obj Pre

putting water on them.
PO Pre PO

Adj (V1+ing)
(Present Participle)

↓

V1+ing (object Pre

↓

object by Pre. Ka to Noon ya Pronoun

↓

Gerund ? water gerund ka object

Loving pet animals is my hobby.
Gerund Adj object M.V P.A S.C

Adjective

Animals subj nahi Vrna verb acc. to Subj aati to verb are hoti

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Loving → S ✓
→ O ✗ (as linking verb Me object ni hote)
→ SC ✗
→ PO ✗

as gerund
(Noun (sub))

animals → gerund Ko object

He Saw a shining object in the sky.
Sub Verb → Adj → Present Participle
object → obj
in → Pre
the sky → Po

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"Extra- Gyan" → Transitive & Intransitive verb.
(break Krke dekho)

If verb get object

If verb don't get object

Sachin played very well in the last Match.
Sub Verb Adv Adv Pre Adj PO

(ye Pre ka obj, iska verb se lena dena rahi)

Intransitive (as object ni mila)

Sachin plays cricket for India
Sub verb obj Pre PO

plays verb ko object mila (cricket)

↓

Transitive

Rohan stopped his bike (Transitive)
Sub verb P.A obj

Rohan stopped near a hospital (In-)
Sub verb Pre PO

Stop verb ne object rakha in (i) case & intransitive rahi in (ii) case.

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Sub Verb Pre PO Pre
Mother Teresa applied to the Service of
Humanity
PO

(Intransitive) apply = to Send an application
(Transitive) " = Sacrifice
(") " = put
] 3 Meanings

ab pdh Ke dekho Konsa Meaning,
Here apply means Sacrifice which is transitive to must have object
So put (pronoun) herself.

MT applied herself ✓

He applied for a Job in railways ✓
(as here meaning to Send an application) Intransitive; no object needed.

Rohan applied very high pressure on
Sub Verb Adv Adj obj Pre
that pipe.
DA PO

Here apply means put means transitive object chahye → Pressure hai
(No error)

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(himself)

He introduced to the V.C of our Company.
Sub verb Pre PO Pre I PO

→ Introduced verb Ko object ni mila
islie use Reflexive Pronoun (~~case doer~~
~~Recer~~ (Man lo vo Ram usi par hua)
→ "himself."

We enjoyed a lot at the party which
Sub Verb Adv. of degree Pre PO R.P
was organised by our teachers.
H.V M.V Pre P.A PO

enjoyed verb Ko object ni mila,
So we enjoyed "ourself."

All the people prostated before the
Q.Adj Sub Verb Pre
newly elected king.
↓ ↓ PO
Adv. Past participle (V3 → Adj)

Prostated Ko obj. ni mila.

All the people prostated "themselves"

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absent (v)
absent (Adj)

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Adv. of Negation
You shall not absent again.
Sub Modal ↓ Adv. of freq.
Verb

Obj. ni mila use Reflexive Pronoun "yourself"

You shall not absent yourself again.

you shall not be absent again
H.V M.V (S.C)
↓
(ab absent verb ni to Ref. Pronoun ni lgana)

**

How, where, when, why
↓
H.V agar Sub. se phle aaegi agar Sentence interrogative

Where do you live?
H.V Sub M.V

Why didn't you attend the class?

Rule → use Reflexive Pronoun after these verbs →
Absent, present, apply, adjust, adapt, acquit, exert, hurt, prostrate, submit, resign, reconcile, introduce, avail, enjoy, satisfy, pride etc.
→ Transitive verbs

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He is taller than me.
Sub M.V SC ↓
(Adj) Conjuction
(ye word taller & Me ko to Join ni Kar raha).
to clause ko Join Kar hoga to Subject bhi hoga ek or (am verb ~~studer~~ understood)
Dusra Subj. Chahye to subjective case
Me(x) → I (✓)

He is better than me So he must be given a chance.
Sub verb S.C Conj Conj S3 Modal M.V obj

2 Conjunction aaye & bich me pronoun to matlab bich me clause raha hoga, to Subject & Verb bhi
↓ ↓
to Sub. Case (am understood)

better than I.

Sonia is as good as him So why you have selected him
↓
Simile

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"Simile" used for Comparision & work as Conjuction.

Simile str →
as + Poss Adj/ Adv + as

In last Sentence, 2 Conjn
Simile so so 3 Verb
Chahye & 3 Subject

So Sonia as good as he (is)
↓
Understood

You (Sub) Can't (H.V) ever (Adv. of time) sing (Verb) like Me but Ragat give me a tough Competition.

Here like is used for Comparision
↓
preposition to PO Me Vo objective Case me hi to Me Sahi
(No error)

Rule → While Comparing make Sure the Comparision is b/w the Same Class.

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Sub verb obj
Aman Knows Aaarti more than he / him.

(than Ke bad Subjective Case Rule flop)
(as dono Sahi)

[Agar verb aapki linking verb hai to & Comparision ho raha hai to than & Simile Ke bad aluz Subjective case].

Agar Sentence me object hai to dono Sahi as Subject ka Compare Sub. case se object ka Compare objective Case se.

1) Aman Aarti
He
(Shubham mantlo)

2) Aarti Aman
Him
(Shubham)

Aman aarti Ko Janta hai Kitna Jitna
Shubam " " " " Usse Jyda

2 Subject → 1 object
↓ ↓
(Janne wale) (Jisko Jana Jaega)

In this he (✓)

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2) Case

Aman aarti ko Janta hai Kitha Jitha
Vo Shubham ko Janta hai usse
Jyda.

agar him lagya to Subject 1 & object 2
(obj - obj Ka comparision)

Aarti ⟷ him (✓)

They Trust him more than I / Me.

They Know me more than you / you do.

you Ka Subjective / objective Case ~~me~~. Same.

They — Me
you

They — Me
you

Sahi dono to Konsa Mane
agar Subject bnaenge to 'do' verb likhni
pdegi (understood se Kam chlega ni
vrna Kese pta lgega understood hai
ya nahi).

Akela likho ho to objective Case, object
se Compare Smjhna & 'do' likho
ho to Subj se

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He, you & I can solve all these questions within 20 Minutes.

2 Person, 3 Person, 1 Person → Normal Sentences

1, 2, 3 → Sorry, guilt (responsible)

1, 2, 3 → All Cases if pronouns are plural

→ order of writing

You, he & I can solve all these questions within 20 minutes.

You, he & I are very Sorry for disturbing you in the class.

Order → I, you & he

I & Shefali are best friends.

Shefali → Person's ~~n~~ name to 3rd person

→ Shefali and I.

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We & they must appreciate our team's performance against Australia.

Plural Pronoun
We → 1st Prsn
they → 3rd Prsn (No error)

1) You and he should not waste his time in using facebook.

2) He and I have submitted my applications forms on time so we both are eligible.

1, 2, 3 → our
1, 2 → our
1, 3 → our
2, 3 → your
3, 3 → their
2, 2 → not possible
(as you hota Sir)

1) your time
2) our app. forms

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1) The sun hid itself behind the clouds.

2) Rajat hid himself behind the curtains to scare his sisters.

3) They hid all the money under the mattress.

4) He stopped himself near a shop & bought a cigarette.

5) They rested themselves for 2 hours and started their journey again.

6) She turned herself quickly towards him and slapped him.

Rule → don't use Reflexive Pronoun after these verbs →

Keep, move, turn, stop, rest, bathe, hid, concentrate, quality etc.

Happening verb (intransitive)
(as ye R.P object ka hi kam kring)

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1) hid verb Khud par hi ho rahi hai
to RP nahi (Intransitive)
↓
itself (x) No object needed.

2) as Khud hi chup gya
himself (x)

3) No error (as usne Kuch or chupaya)
verb Khud par nahi hoi.

4) Khud Ko hi stop
himself (x)

5) themselves (x)

6) herself (x)

Virat Kohli will not be able to bear your seperation so please don't leave him.

→ tumhari Jodai nahi, tumse Jodai
[inpar possesion nahi]

→ to bear seperation from you.

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I beg your pardon for all your mistakes.

your pardon → tumhari mafi chahye (x)
tumse mafi chahye

I beg pardon from you.

I need your favour to Save him from this danger.

I ~~m~~ need a favour from you.
↓
Article bhi aaega (singular Noun)

This is fan (x)

This is a fan (✓)

This is my fan (✓)

(ya to Adj / ya Article must before Singular Noun)

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Class A determiners → (Modify Noun)

↓

Articles (A, An, The)

Poss. Adj (my, your, their, her, his, our, its)

Demon. " (This, that, these, those)

No two Determiners of Class A can be used together.

I like my / this / the dog

↓

in tino me se ek aaega (do nahi)

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Articles

1. He took a piece/page* paper and wrote Something on it about me.

paper → Material Noun (Jis se page bne)
to uske page 'a' article Kese
He took a piece of paper
a sheet of "

→ Uncountable Noun Ke Sath a, an article nahi.

2. You must send him SMS immediately as he must be worried about you.

SMS Countable (5 SMS, 10 SMS)

An SMS (as Vowel Sound)

3. Umbrella is of no use against Storm.

→ Countable → An

4. If you hear an engaged tone replace the receiver & dial again

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tone → countable
↳ (as 's' laga ke plural)
Singular Countable → Article aaega
Vowel se shuru (engaged)
to an engaged tone.

5. They Studied at an University in California.

a, e, i, o, u
अ, ई, आई, ओ, अ

University → U se shuru but यू नि
↓
Sound se y se shuru

to an ni aaega.

a University

6) It is an Universal fact and nobody could challenge it.
↓
a (rsn above)

7) They noticed an UFO yesterday and immediately reported to the nearest police station.
↓
a (Not Vowel Sound)

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8. An unidentified flying object was seen wandering around the building last night.

अन → Vowel Sound (No error)

9. My father is a (an) SBI employee

एस. B. I

अ Sound → An

10. My father is an SEBI employee.

(सेबी)

(No Vowel Sound)

→ a

11. He lodged a (an) FIR against Rajat

(words starting with F, H, L, M, N, S, R, X

↓

have vowel sound)

an FIR

12. I met a NCC Cadet

(एन)

↓

an

ईन

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Use 'the' articles with →

Musical instruments, parts of body, geographical locations, physical positions, celestial bodies, group of islands, seas, oceans, rivers, gulfs, mountain ranges, forests, political parties, newspapers, hotels, trains, ships, trophies, magazines, historical events, holy books, famous buildings, designations, dynasties, families in plural, Countries in plural, people (when preceded by an adjective), directions, Communities etc.

1. Hari Prasad Chaurasia played a flute at Republic day Ceremony.
   ↓ The

Musical instruments ke Sath play, learn, practice aae tab 'the' lagae vrna Common Noun Mane.

2. He bought a flute from his Uncle's shop & went home happily.
   (No error)

3. Equator divides the earth in 2 equal parts.
   ↓
   geographical location (use The)

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4. The thief hit him on the nose when he tried to stop him from running away.

nose → body part (use 'the')

5. The Sharma's have been living with us in the city for 10 years.

The Sahi (Sharma's (X) as possesion ni bnana)

Sharmas (plural in families)

6. The Judge in him prevailed upon his friend and he gave the decision against Jomman.

Rule → If you want to use a Comman Noun as an Abstract Noun use 'the' Article before it

Judge → Comman Noun Here we are using it as abstract Noun

The Judge
the friend

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7. A devil in him awoke when he saw his wife with MR. Shukla.
→ The (Rsn on left page)

8. He is ~~kitter~~ hitler. He can hurt any body without even thinking for a second.

Hitler Comman Noun Nahi, Proper Noun nahi to last rule applicable nahi.

Hitler Jesa hai, ye Khna chah rahe ho (as tha to ek hi)

Rule → If you want to use a proper Noun as a Comman Noun, Use a/an article before it.

He is a Hitler.

9. Don't try to Jump over this wall, you will ~~ye~~ get hurt. You are not an akshay Kumar.

→ an akshay Kumar (rule above)

10. Gangadhar is ~~sk~~ Shaktiman but Kilwish doesn't Know the fact.
→ No error (as gangadhar hi Shktiman :P) ek hi aadmi to a/an article nahi.

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1. Samudragupta is known as the Napoleon of India because he had the biggest empire.

Str → making Noun + of + Noun (when we are Noun 1 specific using Noun 2) to is se phle the Article

The Napoleon of India.

2. He tore Covery of my book yesterday

He tore the cover of my book. (rsn above)

3. Which is longer River, the ganga or Yamona

Rule → 'The' article is used before Comparitive degree in case of Selection

the longer river.

4. The higher you go, Cooler it is.

Rule → Use 'the' article with Comparitive degrees to show gradual increase (relative) or gradual

↳ the Cooler it is

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5. Harder you work, the stronger you become

→ The harder (rsn left page)

1. A / The dog is very wise & faithful animal.

Rule → To represent the whole class of animals both definite and indefinite Articles can be used.

A Cow is a holy Animal ✓
The Cow " " " " ✓

2. The friend in need is a friend in deed.

Rule → Don't use Article 'the' with human Relations & professions if they are used in generalised sense.

→ A friend

3. The Teacher must be well qualified for his Job & honest in his behaviour.

→ A (Rsn above)

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4. I met a (the) doctor who performed the heart transplant of my grand mother last week.

(last rule won't apply
→ as specific doctor (not generalised)

I met the doctor

5. The trees use Carbon dioxide & Sunlight to prepare their food.

6. The boys are generally boisterous during young age.

Rule → Don't Use any Article with plural Nouns when they are used in generalised Noun.

5 → Trees
6 → Boys

✓ 7. The Trees in this garden are very tall and Strong.

(No ~~sp~~ error)
→ (as here trees are specific)
(above rule mahi)

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1. Despite several hardships he didn't leave the path of the honesty.

Rule → Don't use any article with Abstract/ Material Noun if used in generalised Sense.

↳ leave the path of honesty.

2. Everybody appreciated the honesty shown by that auto rickshaw driver. (No error)
(as specific Kar dia us aadmi ki honesty)

3. Gold of Karnataka is very famous for its purity and lustre.

↳ as specific (The gold)

4. The beauty lies in the eyes of beholder.

(x) (as generalised)

The beauty of Deepika (✓)

↳ (as specific)

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1. Have you ever seen such kind of a book ever before.

Don't use any Article after kind of
Sort of
type of

Kind of book

2. What kind of a man you are if Can't look after even your old parents

Kind of man (Rsn above)

Don't use any Article with these places (when they are used for their primary purpose)

School, University, College, hospital, Church, temple, Jail, prison, market bed etc.

3. Students should go to the school everyday.

(X)

Student teacher Jae to ni aaega as primary purpose (Uncle vgr Jae to aa Jaega)

4. He went to the school to meet her sister.

(No error)

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If two Nouns are used to refer the Same noun Use Article only with the former Noun (phle wala)

1. Kalam, an early riser and a nature lover goes for a morning walk daily.
(x) (rule above).

Don't use any article with the names of: [Proper Noun]
Games, days, months, Seasons, festivals, Subjects, languages, Cities, Continents, lakes, diseases, etc.

1. The Footbal is the most popular game in the world.
(x)

2. Usually I don't have the breakfast 10 a.m
x
proper meal

3. I didn't like the Breakfast prepared by my girlfriend yesterday.
the breakfast (as specific ho gya G.F layi)

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Miscellaneous and Superflous.

↓

(More than what is Required)

1) Freeship, lecturership → Free student ship
lecture ship

2) Cousin brother, Cousin Sister → Cousin

3) Consensus opinion (x)
↳ (as Consensus hi public opinion to opinion ni lgana

4) Final (x) Conclusion ↳ (Conclusion to final hi)

5) Consort wife (x) / husband (x) [as Consort matlab married partner hi]

6) Kindly (x) Requested (dono Sath nahi)

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7) Funeral Service (x) (as funeral last service hi)

8) Supposing if
Suppose if

9) Return
Reimburse
Retreat
Recede
Repeat
Recapitulate
Recast
Rewrite
] + back (x) or again (x)

10) Reborn
Rebuild
Reagain
Reiterate
Recast
Recall
Recede
] + again (x)

11) Overside
overshadow
over top
over turn
over shoot
over flow
] + over (x)

12) equally as good as (x)

13) mutual (x) agreement

14) mutual (x) friend = Common friend ✓

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15) Two Twins
(x)

16) Reason because
(x)

17) English teacher = teacher of English
(x) ✓

18) Suddenly came across
(x)

19) Family Member = Member of family
(x)

20) like(x) cats and dogs
with(x) bag and baggage

21) A.M + in the Morning
(x)

22) exceed + more (x)
than (x)

23) Until, unless
forbid, prohibit
prevent, dissuade
deny, refuse, lest
] + NOT (x)

24) Sufficient Enough
(x)

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[Superflous]

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1. We had no other alternative but wait and watch
alternative matlab hi other option
other drop.

2) Such acts must be Condemned by all Universally.
all matlab universally hi
Universally hata do, Koi bhi hata
Skte (but Correct the latter one)

3) We have Signed a mutual Agreement with other party.
Agreement to already mutual
islie mutual drop.

4) Please put your Sign on the paper.
signature
Convention verb P.A

Adj aaya to Noun aana
chahye Sign verb
to Signature

Material Noun to page Karo.

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Sub) (Introductory Sub. Real
I.S M.V R.P M.V object
5) It was I who Saw the Space ship at first.
Pre PO

first
Adj — Adv
(I Secured first position)

yahan ye time bata raha hai (Adverb) but preposition Ke bad likha hai, Pre Ke bad to N/P aate (uske object) adv nahi to 'at' hata do.

6) Einestein is Known for a number of new innovations.
↓
new hi matlab.

Discovery → chij exist Kar rahi hai use bta do

Disease treatment → Discover hoti
↓
[invent nahi]

Pass

7) He could barely Score passing marks.
sub H.V Adv M.V Adj obj

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ing tabhi lgta Jab agla noun doer ho
marks doer ni ho Pass
Marks
Running dear
Noun
(doer)

8) Mr. Gupta married his daughters in rich families.

Active voice
Doer → Gupta
Rcvr → Daughter
∴ matlab Mr. gupta ne beti se Shadi Krli

Caustic verb → Kam Khud na Krke Kisi or se Krwaye.

Mr. gupta got his Daughters Married in rich families

Make, have, get, → Caustic verb
generally not always

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Caustic Verbs →

Str →

Subject (Agent) + Make, have, get + Noun

+ Bare infinitive (without 'to')

+ obj. of infinitive

(doer hai Noun to V1)

Sub (Agent) + make + have + get + Noun → Not doer

Past Participle [V3]

+ by + Real doer

optional.

The principal made the ~~poen~~ peon ring the bell

The " made the bell rung by the peon.

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9) All the females (Women) of the family supported the decision.

females Adj hota hai
↳ islie Sub. ni bna skte.
→ represent whole Community
So use Women

10) As he was getting late, he got into female Coach of Delhi metro.

Coach department hai iska gender ni hota (male / female)
→ ladies Coach

1) Supposing if he (S) does (H.V) not Come (M.V) on (Pre) time (PO) what we (Sub) shall (H.V) do (M.V) (Obj)

~~w~~ do what? → what (Obj)

2) Suppose if he does not Come ~~to~~ on time what we shall do.

→ 2 Clause Conjⁿ chahye to ya to Supposing ya if, if hata do (latter one) Vese dono Sahi

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Proper Adjective

Proper Noun	Proper Adj / language
India	Indian
France	French
Russia	Russian
Mahatma Gandhi	Gandhian
Karl Marx	Maxist

The + Poor
Rich
blind
weak
Strong
Adj

The + Adj ⇒ refer Comman Plural Noun (as representing Community)

Sare garib log.

French → language (Article ni)

The French → French people

The French Man
Article Adj Noun

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1) The French is the mother tongue of French.

The French ye to logo ko refer hme chahye language,

French is the mother tongue of the French

2) Pondichetry was ruled by French even after Independence

Sub H.V M.V Pre PO Adv Pre PO

The French

3) The brave deserves the best opportunities in his life.

deserve

Cas pre of qualify

their

The + brave → Comman plural Noun

Verb bhi plural

& Poss. Adj " " → his (x) → their (✓)

4) The poor man were not able to repay the loan & So Committed Suicide

(was)

→ The + poor → Comman Plural Noun hota but iske bad Singular (Man) hai to Verb bhi Singular.

were (x) → was.

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* Possesive Adjective →

Mine dog look more ferocious than you have.

→ Mine pronoun hai but Pronoun Noun Ke Sath Kese (to Poss. wala Adj)

✓ My dog look more ferocious than yours.

✓ My dog " " " than you have

* Numeral Adjective →

Cardinals (1, 2, 3) (one, two, three)

Ordinals (1st, 2nd, 3rd) → order btae

1) Virat Kohli has booked the thirty first rooms of our hotel.

thirty rooms → 1, 2, 3 Room No.

first " " → phle 30 (1 → 30)

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Thirty one rooms → (31 rooms book)

" first room → iska hindi 31 no. room nahi

Room no 31 ✓

Note → Ordinals always precede Cardinals when they are used Simultaneously.

1) rooms aaya matlab first iske lie nahi as plural.

The first thirty rooms
↓ ↓
Ordinal Cardinal

2) Rajat has Solved the five first questions of this exercise.
↳ first five questions

3) You and 2nd person who received this prestiguous award.

Note → Use 'the' article before ordinals [generally]

→ you and the 2nd Person.

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* Di- transitive Verbs → [2 object]

1) He gave Me Money
S V

He gave what ?
↓
Money → Direct object [DO]
(what Ke reply ↗)

He gave to whom ?
↓
Me → Indirect object [IO]
(to whom, for whom Ke reply ↗)

2) He gifted him a bag
S V IO DO

3) Aman teaches us English
S V IO DO

4) He ordered us to go away
S V IO DO Adv
(infinitive)

Teach → In- transitive
↳ (He teaches very well)
↳ Transitive → He teaches Rohan
↳ Di - " He teaches us English
S V IO DO

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Quantative Adjective →

1) Some V/s Any

Some = Assertive, Affirmative
(Normal Sentences) (Yes, Surely) (han Krna)

ye bhi interrogative me use agar offer/+ve expectations

Any = Interrogative, Negative
(? Mark wale) (not use)

1) Do you have Some experience in the field of Marketing?

Interrogative → Some (x) → Any (✓)

2) No, I don't have Some exp. in the field of Marketing.

not → -ve → any ✓

3) Yes, I have Some exp. in the field of Marketing.

Affirmative ✓ (No error)

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4) I Seldom go Somewhere on Sonday.

-ve → Any aaega
(na Ke brabar)

5) would you like to have Some Sweets
(No error)
→ as offer Kia.

6) I can do Anything Just to see a Smile on her face.
→ No error
Any Assertive Me Use Jab matlab ho no matter what.

7) would you lend me Some Money.?
→ Positive expectations (No error)

2) Little V/s Few

for Uncountable Noun

for Countable.

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1) No less than 2000 students were present in the Seminar Conducted by Paramount.

little less least → degree of little.

→ No fewer than 2000 students

2) He feels very lonely in Jaipur because he has a few friends there.

→ few → -ve Sense
a few → +ve Sense
the few → to refer whole Quantity
(So with little)

lonely feel → Na ke brabar dost
∴ -ve Sense
to use few.

3) I Can't help you as I am left with a little money after my daughter's marriage.

→ Negative Sense Use little

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4) He lost little money that he had saved for his daughter's marriage in gambling.

→ whole quantity ko refer
Use the little money
{ that hint → iske sath 'the' aata }

* Qualitative Adjective →

Rule → opinion, size, shape, age, color, nationality and Material
(order of writing)

1) She has straight, very beautiful, long and brown hair.

→ She has very beautiful, straight, and brown hair.
very beautiful → opinion (may be for Someone & may-b not)

2) They bought a white, big, rectangular, nice, wooden & german board.

→ They bought a nice, big, rectangular white, german & wooden board.

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Distributive Adjective →

1) I have taught them very well and I am Confident that each Student are able to Speak English fluently now.

Rule → Each / Either / Neither / Every] + Noun (singular) + Verb (sing) + Pro/Adj (singular)

If they work as Adjective

Each Student is able.

2) Every of the students who were were absent yesterday have been called by the principal.

Pre PO

is Sentence me every Subject bn raha hai & every to Adj. hota Vo Sub. ni bn skta to each Karo & each Singular verb leta to has been Karo were ki Jgh was as vo antecedent ke acc. verb leta.

Each of the students who were absent yesterday has been called by the principal.

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Demonstrative Adjective → This, That, These, Those

1) These news are very crucial for our case.

news → uncountable Noun
So use this & verb singular.
(Abstract Noun) real me exist ni
Karti
This news is

2) This ~~Cattles~~ Cattle belongs to Mr. yadav who is the richest man in our village.

~~Cattles~~ Cattle → Plural
↓
These aaega

* Emphatic Adjective → very, own, same

1→ I saw the very girl that stole your wallet on Sonday.
S V Adj obj R.P Verb P.A obj Pre PO

Here very means same (No error)

The very = the same

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2→ Mr. Gupta Came to our party in own car.
Sub verb Pre P.A PO Pre E.A PO

Own → partial Adj
own Jab Adj Ka Kam Kare to us se
phle "Poss. Adj" lgana pdega acc. to
Subject
in "his own" car.

3→ Mukesh Ambani owns 5 bunglows and
S verb N.A Noun Conj
20 Cars.
N.A Noun

→ yahan "own" verb Ka Kam to ni
aaega P.A

* Interrogative Adjective

who → Sub. Case
whom → obj. Case
whose → Possesive Case (for
homan being)

1→ He threw my notebook whose cover
was already torn.
whose → used for living
↳ Here Non-living thing (Notebook)
So wrong

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He threw ~~th~~ my notebook the cover of which was already torn.
↳ Possesion bnane ke lie.

2→ They bought a Car whose headlights were already damaged.
↳ " " " " the headlights of which were already damaged.

Miscellaneous

1) The glass is Completely full so don't pour wine in it.
↓
superflous
So ~~av~~ remove Completely

2) This is the most Unique piece of Jewellery in this exhibition
↳ the unique

Rule→ Don't use Adverb to Qualify these Adjective because these Adj are absolute in Nature.
↳ Impossible, eternal, Universal, Supreme, chief, excellent.

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3) Our table is more Circular than Yours
Circle → equidistant from Centre
(Kam Circular Jyda circular
Kuch ni)

Use simile

Our table is "as Circular as" yours

4) Mohan is taller than any boy in his class.

Kise se Compare ni sirf Quality btani to Positive degree lagao.

Mohan is a tall boy.

EK se Compare → Comparative degree

" " taller than Rajat

baki se Compare → Superlative "

Mohan is the tallest boy in his class.

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Ab Mohan Ko Compare Krna Class se, ~~ta~~ to ab Mohan ko exclude Krna pdega class se Vrna vo bhi aa Jaega, (2 groups)

taller than any other boy.

5) Shefali is wiser than any other boy in her Class.

other drop (as ek trf Shefali (girl) & ek trf boys) already excluded.

6) No company has a turnover as large as TATA'S.

No other Company.

Rule → The Noun to be Compared must be excluded from the group to which it is to be compared.

7) Dara Singh was stronger than any body in his village.

was stronger than anybody else in his village.

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Adj + enough + Infinitive

~~Adj + eng enough + Inf~~

S M.V (Adv) (Adj) S.C

1) Rajat is Enough old to travel alone to Delhi.

S M.V (Adv) (Adj)/S.C

2) Kunal is enough Smart to be fooled by these Children.

Rule → "Enough" is the only Adverb that is used after the +ve degree Adj it Qualifies

1 → Old Enough
2 → Smart "

(well)

3) we tried as best as we Could but he didn't follow our advice.

Simile → as + P.A / Adv + as
↳ action verb aae to Simile Me Adj ni Adv. aaega

tried → action verb

→ as well as.

4) This book is better enough to prepare for SSC exams.
Compare ni to +ve degree ye Comparitive

and enough

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(for last Sentences)

Rule → Use these adverbs (below 5) to ↑ the intensity of +ve degree Adj.
as, so, very, though, enough etc.

1. Mr sharma is the oldest and experienced employee of our company. most

(When 2 adjectives are joined by a Conjuction then they must be in same degree)

experienced Ki degree chalti
" , more exp, most exp
So
oldest & most exp.

2. Rajat is wiser than brave so he won't pick a fight with Sohail.

Rule → while Comparing 2 qualities of same person or thing Use 'more' str with Comparitive degrees

wiser → ✗
more wise → ✓

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3. Monika is more beautiful than her younger sister.
(No Error)

4. Mr. Sharma is very Senior than me so I can't disobey him.

Rule → Use 'to' preposition after these Adjectives → Senior, Junior, Superior, inferior, anterior, posterior.

Senior to me ✓

1. It is Comparatively colder today that is why I bought a sweater with me.

Rule → Don't use Comparitive degrees of adj. with the words → Comparitively, relatively, twice, thrice, two times, five times, half etc.

→ Comp. Cold today

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2) The Cost of my Car is Comparitively higher than yours.

last role

is Comp. high than yours

1) I am very busy now so please Call me latter. → later ✓

** 2)* If there are 2 ways possible to Correct a Sentence make Correction in later part. → latter ✓

latter → for position (Adj)

later → for time (Adv)

3) If you want to end this fight don't argue farther. → further ✓

4) My College is located further than hers so I need a bike → farther ✓

farther → use for Comparision of distance

further → in addition to

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1) Which is the next Station from your house.
↓ nearest

2) My house is located far from my school.
far is used in -ve sense or in interrogative sentences.
located long way from my school.

3) you should stay away from bad
Sub H.V M.V Adv Pre. ↓ (Adj)
mannered boys.
↓ PO
Past participle
ill (Adv)

bad Ka part of speech Adv. ni ho sakta islie ill lgana pdega.
(Adj hai)

4) The CM came to the hospital and met many ill people.
↓
(X) as Adverb
met many ailing / sick people.

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S M.V Adv S.C

5) I am very ill So I won't be able to take your Class tomorrow.

(No error)

as S.C Adj ho skte & ill Adj hota hai linking verb ke case Me & Sahi hota hai

ill (Adv) → बुरा
ill (Adj) → बीमार (in case of linking verb)
bad (Adj) → बुरा
Sick (Adj) → बीमार
ailing (Adj) → बीमार, दर्द में, पीड़ा में

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"Subject - Verb Agreement"

1) The chapters in this book is very interesting

2) The CM along with all his Cabinet members have signed the deal.

3) Rajat as well as his brother were present at the party.

4) Shruti accompanied by her parents have entered the hall.

5) Everybody but Karan's parents have opposed to the implementation of this law.

6) English besides 5 other languages are spoken by our teacher.

Rule → If 2 subjects are joined by these words use verb acc. to the former subject →
besides, with, like, unlike, but, except, including, excluding, along with, as well as, together with, followed by, accompanied by, in addition to etc.

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1. is (X) are ✓ (as chapters)
2. have(X) has ✓ (C.M)
3. were(X) was ✓ (Rajat)
4. have (X) has ✓ (Shorti)
5. have(X) has ✓
6. are(X) is ✓

1. Either Ram or his friends has broken the window.

2. I know very well that neither Sonali nor her parents was present at the party.

3. Not only Ajay but also you have to submit your resume for the Job.

4. Ajay besides you has to submit his resume for the Job.

Rule → If two words are joined by these conjuctions verb agrees with the latter noun.

either – or
neither – nor
not only – but also

1) has (X) have ✓
2) was(X) were ✓
3) ✓ NE
4) No error

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1. Ram and Shyam has already watched this movie So they won't Come with us.

2. No bird & animals are able to live without water.

3. Time & Tide waits for none.

4. Bread and butter are my fav. breakfast.

5. The actor and the singer has returned from the foreign trip

6. The actor and the singer has returned from his foreign trip.

1. and → accumulative Conjuction
So 1 + 1 = 2
verb plural has (x) → have ✓

2. No bird & animal
0 + 0 = 0
singular are (x) → is ✓

3. Non error

4. Complementary food items
are (x) → is (✓)

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6) 2 alg person → has (x) → have (✓)
7) his se pta lga ek hi prsn to the article hata do ('singer wale ka)

→ Book name is

1) Gulliver travels are the most famous novel in my opinion

2) Rickets are Curable if they ~~de~~ are detected at an early stage.

3) The west Indies are located a long way from our Country.

4) The physics of this airplane are not right that is why it is not flying properly.

Ans → 1) last me s plural ni, proper noun hai So are (x) → is ✓

2) Rickets (Disease name) last me s hai but singular are (x) → is ✓
(eg → Mathematics)
3) are (x) → is ✓
4) yahan phy. means aerodynamics mtlb phy. ki skills lgi hai to verb aaegi plural is (x) → are ✓

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Case in opposition

1) I Aman Sharma has taught all these students

Real Subject

Use verb acc. to real subject not the Case in opp

has (x) → have (✓)

2) Writing poems are not as easy as you think.

(Gerund) (object)

Use verb acc. to (Semi-verb) real Sub. not their objects

are (x) → is ✓

3) To blame others for his own mistakes have been Rajat's hobby.

To blame → infinitive others (object)

his → P. A

have (x) → has (✓)

4) Many a students have Complained against Aman Sir to Shweta ~~Ma'am~~. ma'am

Many a → distributive Adj to Sub or verb Singular

aaenge

↓

Noun ki Quantity btatakai

↳ students (x) → student ✓

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5) A good many students was present at the Seminar Conducted by Paramount.

A good many → bas many ki intensity bdhate hai to Noun bhi plural & verb bhi

Students ✓ was → were

6) More than one tree release O_2 even at night.

More than one → distributive Adj. str

release → releases

more than one + singular noun + singular verb

7) The no. of students who want to prepare for SSC are decreasing day by day.

↓

is ✓

1) Most of the books was/were sold to the Scrap Collector.

2) Most of the milk was/were used to make cheese

3) Half of the class was/were absent yesterday.

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4) 50% of the money has/have been used in the construction of this dawn.

Rule →

A lot
All
Some
half
Most
20%, 50%
$\frac{1}{3}$, $\frac{2}{5}$, $\frac{3}{7}$

+ of

Noun – Uncountable
Verb → Singular use

Noun → Countable
Verb (s) if Noun singular &
Verb (P) if Noun is Plural.

1. ~~was~~ were
2. was
3. was
4. has

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Modals

1. He can / may help you.
2. He can / may help you if you ask him for help.
3. It can / may be true
4. It can't / may not be true.
5. He can / will crack the exam this year.
6. If you are not Satisfied with Judgement of high Court, you may appeal in the supreme Court.

may → can

Can → Ability, in formal Request
may → possibility, formal "

for -ve possibility can't & may not both can be used.

For Future possibility use will.

For Such permission which are already granted / understood don't use may use 'can'

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1. The old man told us that he can help us in solving all the questions. (could)

2. Rajat Said that he may attend the party on Sunday. (might)

3. If you will come late, I will inform your parents. (drop)

4. My father told him that he had decided to donate all his money to a trust. (No error)

Main Clause		Sub Clause
Past	→	Past
Future	→	Future
Present	→	Past / Present / Future

Past form → can → could
may → might

for 3 →
Rule → when, while, unless, before, After, Until, if, provided that, as soon as
Don't use future tense after this words.

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Linking Verb

Be - forms → (is, am, are, was, were, been) be, become, get, feel, smell, taste, seem, appear, look, grow, turn, prove, keep etc

If after verb Subject Complement is present or not can be determined by putting an 'adjective' alone with that.

Verb (X) + used (H.V) to + base form (M.V)

Verb (M.V) + used (Adj) + to + gerund — आदी होना (Habitual)

Verb (H.V) + used (M.V) + to + V1 (infinitive)

Verb + used + prep + gerund / Noun

इस्तेमाल किया जाना

a → one _____ love one's family
b → one _____ respect one's parents
c → one _____ should not betray one's Country
d → you _____ come on time tomorrow otherwise the boss will fire you.

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Should → Advice (-ve effect attached)
ought to → Moral advice (-ve effect not ")
must → obligation

a → ought to
b → "
c → should
d → must

* will / shall

He, she, it, they, you → will
I, we → shall

(i) will I help you in lifting these boxes?

(ii)

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Need not + V,
Dare not + V, [when act as modal]
modal

Need/ Dare + to + V, [when act as M.V]

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Marginal Auxilary verb

* Need / dare

Sub H.V infintive Adv Con S2

1. You need not to come tomorrow as I will repeat the same topic in your batch.
V2 MV2 Adv O2 Pre P.A PO

2. I need not any book to teach you this chapter.

Sub H.V infinitive obj Pre

3. They dare not to challenge us for a fight.
PO

4. He dare not to go there alone.

5. How dare you to miss the class.

1. need → H.V
M.V chahye to 'to' drop
you need not come

3. Same as (1) (to drop)
4. to drop

2. I don't need any book
or
I ~~have~~ need not
need have

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1) He returned my wallet he could keep it.

2) I should bring my woolen clothes as it is very cold here & now I have to suffer.

3) If you wanted to avoid this problem, you should not misbehave with her.

Modal + have + V3
↓
ye str. Jab past ki aisi activity jo ho chuki but usme aap condition bnana chae.

1→ although he could have kept it.

2→ I should have bought
(now se pta lga ab ni laga skta)

3→ Should not have misbehaved with her.

If you want to → sahi to ho jaegg but meaning change
(ki ni chahye to, prob ho chuki already).

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Main- Verb

1. Rajat felled from the stairs as he was wearing very old slippers.

2. The woodcutter fell 5 trees in only 10 mins.

(Intransitive)	fall	fell	fallen	falling	(गिरना)
(Transitive)	fell	felled	felled	felling	(गिराना)
	feel	felt	felt	feeling	(महसूस करना)

↓
(verb me ing ni hoti iski)
Ice is feeling Cold(x)

1→ गिर गया ye matlab chahye to fall wali verb lgegi,
Jis form hai wahi form lagoo.
felled(x) → fell ✓

2→ fell dono me yahan Konsi lgi hai Kese pta lage.
woodcutter Singular s/es hota agar 1st form hoti, ni hai matlab II form
home giraana chahye matlab.
felled ✓

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∴ ya fir dekho object ni mile to intransitive use & object mile to transitive.

3→ Mr. Sharma raised (T.V.) from his seat & welcomed his guests.

4→ CFC gases are rising (I.T.V.) the temperature of the earth.

5→ The raising (T.V.) prices of basic commodities have affected the lives of the poor to a greater extent.

(Transitive)	raise	raised	raised	raising
(In- "	rise	rose	rise	rising

→ उगाना, उठाना, बढ़ाना, पालना

→ उगना, उठना, बढ़ना

3→ Khud uthe, Intransitive rose (as ab bhi 2nd form hi lgani Jo lagi hoo wahi lagoo)

4→ raising (temp → object)

5→ बढ़ते हुए दाम Raising (x) ⟶ Rising (Present Participle)

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6→ She lay the baby on the sofa & started watching T.V.

7→ ~~lay~~ lie this gun down and lay on the floor.

8→ I can't trust him anymore as he had already lain to me many times.

(लेटना)	lie	lay	lain	lying	(Intransitive)
(लेटना, रखना)	lay	laid	laid	laying	(Transitive)
(झूठ बोलना)	lie	lied	lied	lying	(Intransitive)

↓
(iske bad generally preposition aati)

6→ bche ko letaya, (lay ab konsi as dono me vo upar wali & 2nd wali hoti to lays hoti)

laid ✓ (lay what baby
↓
object)

7→ order request sentence.
~~lay~~ on the floor
↳ iske object ni mila lie on the floor

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8) झूठ (Hindi se ye matlab chahye)

lied — to (someone)
— about (something)

already lied to me many
↓
(3rd form)

1) The Indian National Congress was found in 1885.

2) I have founded the book that I lost yesterday.

find found found (ढूंढना)

found founded founded (स्थापित करना)
(to establish)

→ Ime trans, In-trans Ka funda ni, meaning se karo.

1) founded (as matlab establish)

2) found (as Dhundha)

(form wahi likho Jo given hai)

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3) He entered the room & hanged his t-shirt behind the gate.

4) They hung the terrorist at 10 pm as per the Court's orders.

hang hanged hanged (फाँसी)

hang hong hung (लटकाना)

3 → t-shirt लटकाई (Hung) ✓

4 → फाँसी (hanged) ✓

→ phone hang ke lie bhi yahi use hoti

1) He quitted the game when he started losing.

2) The news of president's death was broadcast on All India radio.

3) This pen writes well but it costed me Rs 100.

4) → Reliance has bided Rs 4000 to buy 4G Spectrum.

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5. They Thrusted him into a Jeep and slited his throat.

All these verbs have Same V1, V2 & V3.
wed (Shadi), Cost, set, bet, bid, put, thrust, hurt, hit, slit, spread, read, burst, quit, rid, shut, broodcast, forecast, overcast, telecast, Cast etc.

1 → quit
2 → No error
3 → Cost ✓ (Costs ni Vrna tense change)
4 → bid
5 → Thrust, Slit ✓

Mr. Gupta bided farewell to his son when he went to london

bid bid bid (बोली लगाना)

bid bade biddin (कहना)

bade (as yahan कहना मतलब है)

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1) The Hindus are Considering the ganga a holy River.

2) Our boss has been Considering the proposal given by the M.D of Vodafone for last 2 days.

3) She is thinking that she is most beautiful girl in her class.

4) He was thinking about his ailing grandmother.

5) She is appearing very sad today so please ask her reason of her sadness.

6) She will be appearing in the exam this year also.

7) I have been knowing Manisha for last 2 years.

8) This box is containing sweets prepared by Mother.

9) I am loving her a lot but she doesn't care about me.

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For last 9 Sentences

Verb

Stative — Dynamic

↓

inki 'ing' form exist nahi

(Continuous tense me ing lagti Jo phle se chla aa rahai & ab bhi chl raha & Syad aage bhi)

→ Jisme time Consume ho inki ing ni inme » » nahi ye Stative Verb.

1) Considering → मानना

↓

(isme time Consume nahi)

(Koi Kuch bhi man skta hai chahe agle pal hi na mane)

ing se phle H. V aata to ab vo bhi nahi

The Hindus Consider ✓

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Present Perfect Continous → was Considering
↓
Present Continous → Considered.

aise change Krna

Present Continuous → Considering
↓
Ind. Present → Consider

aise change Krna

2) Consider yahan matlab Sochna
↓
time Consume
↓
Dynamic
↓
ing form ✓

(No error)

3) thinking → मानना → No time Consume
→ She thinks

4) No error

5) No time Consume → she looks Sad.

6) Paper me appear → tyari Krna/ Paper Me time to time Consume → No error.

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Stative Verb (no ing form) → think, believe, consider, have, own, possess, comprise, consist, contain, look, seem, appear, feel, see, smell, taste, know, resemble, like, love, want, ~~what~~, hope, agree, hate, forget, forgive, depend, remember, exist etc.

जब मतलब हो मानना

अधिकार

1) forgetting yahan verb ka kam as is H.V
↓
to ing ni
↓
Forgot

2) loving yahan verb (verb ho tabhi ing exist ni) No error.

3) Knowing bhi verb ni

4) Rajat Resembles (as verb thi
↓
ing ni
↓
Stative)

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"Extra - Gyan" →

1) My Mother Made me a Cake.
IO DO

2) Regular Exercise Made me fit.
object object Comp.

3) They named their child Sohan.
obj OC

Verb Ke bad 2 Noun

Pair 1 → Indirect & Direct object
Pair 2 → object & object Complement (OC)

verb se whom Ka reply → IO
verb se what " " → DO.

4) He taught us English.
IO DO

He taught whom

He taught what

Question is Kese pta lagae Kons a pair

for 2nd pair, dono chij ek hi ho
Jese 2nd sentence me me fit
(fit Mai hi hua Na)
Child Ka Name hi Sohan

ek hi brsn

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1) The cake is smelling very bad so please throw it away.

No time consume → Stative
Cake smells ✓
Ing form gyi to H.V (is) bhi drop.

2) Rahul is smelling all the flowers in Rose garden.

ab time consume (No error)

3) The cake is tasting very delicious so I am going to have all of it

No time consume (tastes ✓)
The cake tastes

4) Mohan is tasting the cake prepared by his mother.

ab time consume [10 min lga raho to)
(No error)

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* Past participle (Jab V3 Adj. Ka Kam)

1) They (Sub) served (M.V) a specially (Adv) baked (Adj) cake (object) to (Pre) me (PO) on (Pre) my (P.A) birthday (PO).

Baked → Adj → Past Participle
(Qualifying Cake (object of verb Served))

2) They (Sub) have (H.V) not (Adv.) properly (Adj.) baked (M.V) the Cake (obj.)
↓
yahan ye verb.

3) They (Sub) bought (M.V) a broken (Adj) chair (Ob)
↓
V3
↓
Past Participle

4) They (Sub) have (H.V) broken (M.V) a chair (obj.)

5) The (Adj) coast (Sub) guards (verb) found a (Adj) sunk (object) ship in (Pre) the Bay of Bengal (PO)

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S1 H.V M.V Conj

6) The Ship had already Sunken whom the Coast guards Came for help.

Adj S2 V2 Pre PO

7) Melted gold is used to make Jewellery.

Adj (Past P.) Sub H.V M.V Infinitive Object

(to make what?)

Intro. Subject H.V Adv. Subject Conj S2 H.V

8) It is an already proved fact and it was proven by JC Bose.

M.V Pre PO

V1	V2	V3	Past participle
Sink	Sank	Sunk	Sunken
Shrink	Shrank	Shrunk	Shrunken
Drink	Drank	Drunk	Drunken
Prove	Proved	Proved	Proven
get	got	got	gotten
Shave	Shaved	Shaved	Shaven
Strike	Struck	Struck	Stricken
Shear	Sheared	Sheared	Shorn
Melt	Melted	Melted	Molten

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5) a article matlab verb to hai nahi
Adj hai to Adj wala likho
Sunk (X) → Sunken ✓

6) had ke bad verb ni mili matlab
ye Sunken verb to Verb likho
"Sunk" aaega
(as had ke bad V3 aata)

7) V2 & V3 se Sentence Shuri ni,
yahan Adj chahye to "molten" ✓

8) It & there → ~~Interro~~
Introductory Subject
Jab inke bad linking verb aae

Article ke bad verb ni, Adj. chahye to
Adj. wala likho
↳ Proven & it was
proved (as yahan
verb chahye)

1) I am watching and am enjoying
Sub H.V M.V Conj H.V M.V
the match.
object

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Subject Same, object Same, tense Same to H.V hata skte if Comman hai to.

I enjoying ✓

2 → I am well now and am resting at my home.

Sub | M.V | ~~M.V adv~~ (S.C) | Adv | Conj | H.V | M.V | Pre | A | A | Po

No error yahan am I am

↓ M.V ↓ H.V

(ni hata skte)

3 → The answer sheet evaluated with the help of Computer.

Jab Subject receiver (doer naki)

↓

Voice passive

Passive → be ki form + V3

↳ were evaluated (as Past Me ni rkha)

ans. Sheet evaluate thodi Kar sakt

" " ko " Krega koi to Rcvr.

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4) If the police had reached on time, the child could have Saved.

Child Ko Save (Receiver)
Voice → Passive
Child could have been Saved.
(Child Kisi Ko ni bcha rha, Child Ko bcha rha hai Koi)

5) If the doctor had been taken proper Care, the patient Could have Saved.

Doctor closer taken verb Ka to active me Karo

If the doctor had taken ✓

Patient → Receiver
(Usko bchaya, vo thodi bcha rha)
Passive

Could have been Saved ✓

Sub Adv M.V pre PO Conj M.V
6) He often goes to library and read different types of novels.
Adj O2 Pre PO
read Ka Subject bhi He So verb uske acc. reads ✓

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S H.V Conj H.V M.V obj Adv.
7) Mr. Rajat has and will help us again.
So you should not worry.
Conj S2 H.V Adv Verb

will (Modal) Ke Sath aati V1
& has Ke Sath aati V3.

is lie, Mr. Rajat has helped & will help us again.

8) The butcher slayed the little lamb mercilessly.

9) Wind blowed Priyanka's Cap 2 metres away.

10) Water flew under the bridge silently.

Slay slew slain

blow blew blown

fly flew flow (उड़ना)

flow flowed flowed (बहना)

8 → Slew
9 → blew
10 → flowed
] tense se.

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1) They elected Mr. Sharma (as) their President.
×

2) They named their child (as) Sohan.
×

3) All of Us chosed him (as) our president.
×

Rule → Don't use 'as' after these verbs → make, Choose, elect, select, anoint, consider, think, name etc

object or object Complement ke bich 'as' ni aaega
(as ek hi hai vo)

Mr. Sharma = president
as drop
child = Sohan
as drop
him = president
as drop.

{ If two infinitives are joined by a Conj.n use the latter infinitive in bare form }
He decided to go and stay there for a week
to stay understood → to drop
↳ bare Me (to hatado)

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Noun

Proper → Ram, bible, Qutob Minar
↓ ↓ ↓

Countable
- Comman → Boy, book, Monument
- Collective → Team, Jury, Bevy

Material → Iron, Copper, milk.

Abstract → Honesty, bravery, love.

(ye volume me aati
Single Quantity nahi)

Uncountable

1. The Scenaries of Kashmir are very beautiful and eye catching.

Scenaries real me exist ni Karti
J/K (yahan alg)
Goa (" ")
Jo acha lg Jae use kh dia.

to

Scenery ✓ 4 Verb acc. to subject
Scenery of Kashmir is very
↓
(as Singular subject).

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2. Mrs. Anjali gave me a very useful advice regarding my career.

Advice → uncountable hai (Abstract)
'a' article ni aaega.

or

gave me a very useful piece of advice.
(as ab 'a' article piece ke lie aaya)

3 → Both Amit & Sumit packed their luggages in great hurry as they were getting late.

luggage → (uncountable)
(Uncountable ka plural ni hota)

as Kuch luggage ni to yar luggage ni hai
" " hai to " " hai
lo chije " " " " "

(Plural nahi)
(Same with 'news')

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4→ All the poetries written by william wordsworth are worth Reading.

poetry → uncountable (plural ni hota)
→ way of writing

poetries hata Ke poetry Kar dia to are verb Ka Kya hoga (vo bhi 'is' Krni pdegi)

All the poems ✓

5→ Ajay has been looking for an interesting work in the field of ~~Since~~ science, Since he Completed his B. tech.

1 Kam (work) → galat hota (hindi me bol dete bas)
↓
Uncountable

Uncountable se phle 'a/an' article ni aate. an ni aaegas as ye weaker form of 1.

for an interesting piece of work
for Some " work
ab an piece Ke lie aaya. (interesting hai islie an (vowel sound)

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My boss sent me to buy some equipments required to repair the car.

1 screw driver → 2 screw driver

equipments (औजार)

↓

Uncountable

us type ki sari chijo ko refer

islie equipment

(uncountable ka plural ni hota)

7. Mrs. Sharma sent all the furnitures that were gifted by his brother to patna.

(Same rsn as above)

furniture that was gifted

↓

Verb acc. to Antecedant.

8. Tata motars bought the new machineries from a german company.

Machinery → really me exist ni

iska matlab technology

(Machine exist krta) → Machines

New Machinery

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9. Police found some new evidences from the crime site.

evidences (X) ⟶ evidence (✓)

↓

Comman term de di
(gun, foot print sabko)

10. Rajat had had only 2 breads and a glass of Juice for the whole day.

Past perfect

Uncountable.

2 slices of bread.

Fatty acids + s/ Potassium fir uske pieces bnte.

11. Mohit's mother sent him to buy a soap from the nearby grocery shop.

(Same as above)

a bar of soap
a cake of "

Chocolate → a bar of chocolate

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12. I like Shruti a lot because her hairs are very shiny and thick.

↓
Uncountable
↓
Material Noun

plural exist nahi

her hair ✓

13. The old building is made of special bricks & stones.

Material Noun
↓
Uncountable

of special brick & stone

14. When I started teasing her she threw 2 stones at me.

(No error)

↳ as yahan ab Material Noun ni (Kuch bna ni rahe)

15. He took a paper and wrote something on it in a very careless manner.

paper ni gin skte, page gin skte.

↳ Material Noun.

He took a page / sheet of paper

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16. Bronze is an alloy made of half an iron and half a copper.
Iron & Copper
Material Noun (uncountable)
to a/an article ni aa skte
of half Iron and half Copper.

1. These news are completely baseless and should not be taken seriously.
→ Uncountable
↓
verb singular
This ~~These~~ news is ✓ (rsn sentence 3)

2. Rickets are a curable disease if they detected at an early stage.
→ Proper Noun → bimari Ka Nam
(s lga hai but plural ni so verb singular)
are (x) → is ✓

3. Billiards are becoming popular game worldwide.
→ game name (proper Noun) (rsn above)
are (x) → is (✓)

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4. Delhi hight Courts issued 5 Summons to Salman Khan in hit & run Case.

Summons plural → Summonses (✓)
Summons (✗)

1. This Sissor is very Costly and was gifted to me by my brother.

Scrissors → Noun is used as plural.
(Jo do part se milkar bne un par apply ye 90%)
2 part
These Scissors are very Costly.

2. whose spectacle is lying on my study table?
↓
Same above rsn
whose spectacles are lying

3. The Surrounding of old Delhi railway Station is very filthy & disgusting.

always plural
So Surroundings
Subject ni to the " areas of

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4→ Eatable is not allowed inside Delhi metro.

always plural

Eatables.

5→ They kept the prisoners tied with fetter which are generally made of cast iron.

fetters (बेड़ियाँ)

↓

Plural aati

6→ Alms is given to the poor on various religious occasion by devotes.

Alms are (दान-दक्षिणा)

7→ In ancient time gallow was used to execute the criminals & captured soldiers.

gallows (फाँसी का)

(pair me)

Nouns that used as plural → Scissors, tongs, pliers, pincers, bellows, trousers, pants, pajamas, Shorts, gallows, fangs, spectacles, glasses, opticals, binoculars, alms, riches, archives, Congratulations,

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regards, Compliments, thanks, valuables, belongings, eatables, goods, Saving, Surroundings, ashes, embers, remains, fetters, Shackles, Scales, proceedings etc

1. Election Commission has requested the ~~electro~~ electorates to Cast their votes in a Judicious manner.

2. Vermin has destroyed at least 30% of our production of this year.

3. Those Cattles belongs to Mr. Yadav who is a very rich & respected person of the village.

4. Police is responsible for maintain peace & order in Society.

Some noun that look singular but are plural →

Cattle, Vermin, police, electorate, gentry, peasantry, children, people, poultry, Cavalry etc.

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1. Electorate ✓ (last role se)
2. Vermin have
(plural verb)
3. gentry
4. Cattle belong
5. Police are
↓
(pure group ko)

1. Laalu Prasad has 9 offsprings still he faces no problem in providing them facilities.

2. There are only two fishes left in this pond as rest all died to unknown disease.

3. The where about of Osama was known to Pakistan Still it didn't disclose it.

4. As Ramesh's Salary is very low, he is facing a lot problems in educating his young issues.

5. Although his wage is very low yet he spend very lavishly.

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Same nouns that have Singular and plural forms →
Deer, Sheep, fish, Series, aircraft, Vacation, offspring, issue, whereabouts, wages, means etc.

1. 9 offspring
2. 2 fish
3. whereabouts
4. issue

issue — मुद्दे (Sing/ Plural) issues ho skta
issue — बच्चे (issue)

5. Wages are (matlab income, resources)
6. Wages (matlab outcome No error)

Singular form	Plural form
Brother in law	Brothers in law
Commander in chief	Commanders in chief
Step daughter	Step daughters
Attorney general	Attorneys general
general manager	general Managers
book Shelf	book Shelves
looker on	lookers on
Passer by	Passers by
bag fol	bag fols
Man employee	Men employees
Woman teacher	women teachers

professional me dono plural

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Man hater (left Page) — Man haters

1. Some pens stands were lying on the table but none of them was carrying a pen.

Main word ka plural as stands alg type k pen stands

2. Rajat ate bagsful of popcorn alone while watching a movie.

bagfuls.

3. He invited his brother in laws to the party.

brothers in law

Singular form	Plural form
phenomenon	phenomena
Medium	Media
Stadium	Stadia / Stadioms
Bacterium	Bacteria
Cactus	Cacti
Radius	Radii
focus	foci
Axis	Axes
thesis	theses
Oasis	Oases
Alumunus	Alumni
stratum	strata

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1. There were Cactus all around the village so they planned to establish an aloevera face wash factory.

There were cactii

(There was Cactus se bhi Sahi but Correct the latter one)

2 1 Cactus se factory thodi Sochega.

2→ My brother is an allumni of IIT Delhi.

↓

alumons

3→ Scientists find many Oasises in thar desert of India

↓

Oases

Collective Nouns

(group of)

Caravan → Merchants, travellers
range → Mountain, hills
bevy → girl, women, officers
bunch → grapes, keys,
flight → Steps, Stairs
fleet → Ships, motarcars,
flock → geese, sheep, birds
gang → Robbers, criminals
heap → Ruins, Stones, Sand

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pair → Shoes, scissors, pants
bundle → sticks, hay
convoy → Ships, cars,
pack → Hounds, wolves, cards
Sheaf → Corn, arrows
Swarm → Ants, bees, flies,
train → Carriages, followers
troop → Horses, scouts, soldier
volley → Shots, bullets.
board → directors
Choir → Singers
class → students
retinue → Servants
Code → laws
Crew → Sailors
Curriculum → Studies
herd → Cattle
litter → puppies
Series → events
forum → Discussing people
Congregation → Religious group
clump, grove → trees
Cluster, Constellation → Stars
Regiment, Company → Soldiers
Course, Series → lectures
Crowd, mob → people
Garland, bouquet → flower

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1. A group of angry people vandalized the whole town.
↓
mob
(to consize sentence)

2. A group of cats was fighting at the end of street.
↓
Clowder.

1. Rajat found five hondred rupees notes while he was walking on the rood.
notes → obj
rupees → Adj
to rupees (X) → rupee ✓

2. My Mother gave me find hondred rupees for my school trip.
↓
object (No error)

3. He bought 2 dozens for his family (NE)

4. Shruti has dozen of pens at her home & She likes to collect more (NE)
→ exact quantity ni pta to 'of' str se
→ exact pta to aise

He bought 2 dozens of pens (X)
(as no. pta 'of' str ni)

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Noun and Case

Rule → Don't use 2 possesive case simultaneously.

1. Kamal's wife's marks are the highest in her class.
   → The marks of Kamal's wife

2. Sachin's and Sehwag's partnership is ~~a~~ still a world record.

Rule → If the possesion is comman for 2 Noun use ('s') only with the latter Noun.
Sachin and sehwag's partnership.

3. India's and Pakistan's people don't want anymore war.
   → Possesion not comman (as alg-alg log)
   No error.

4. I visited John's and mary's house but the couple was missing.
   Couple word se pta lga ek hi ghar
   John and mary's house

5. John's and marry's houses are in the Same Block.
   (No error)
   houses matlab alg-alg possesion

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6. Mr. gupta came to the party in his Son's in law Car

→ Sons in law's Car

7. The guptas came to party in their Sons in law's Car.

↓

Sari gupta family (No error)

8. This deal will serve everybody's purpose.

The possesive case of these pronoun is made by using 's'

Everybody, somebody, Nobody, one
" one, " one, " one
(No error)

9. It served only your purpose and nobody's else.

If the word 'else' is used with above mentioned pronouns, use 's' with "else" while making possesive case.

→ nobody else's

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9. For your & your wife Sake find a Job & stop wasting money on alcohol.

Sake kiska → tmhra or tumhri biwi ka
↓
to your wife's sake.

Non-living ke sath 's' lga ke Pos. Case mi bnata

exception → personification kar de to 's' (human being ki trh treat)

Sun's fury, Nature's law, fortune's fav, death's icy hands, Country's honour etc.

Celestial bodies → earth's atmosphere, moon's rotation, Sun's axis etc

Earth's atmosphere is getting polloted day by day ✓

Phrases → at one's wit's end, at a stone's throw

time, weight, Value, distance → ton's weight, a day's leave, 2 meter's gap, razor's edge, a pound's worth.

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Miscellaneous.

1. A black and white cow is sitting in the Centre of the road due to which road got blocked.
Road rectangular hoti hai uska middle hota Centre ni (Centre Circle ka hota).

2. There is no space on this seat for anyone else as five persons are already sitting.
room = empty space for some specific purpose
→ There is no room on this seat.

3. what could be the reason behind the rising temp. of earth.
: Reason = delibrate actions (Jan bujh ke kia Jae uske piche rsn hota)
Temp apne aap ↑ to
↓
could be the "Cause" behind.

4. When Mrs. Gupta saw her husband talking to a woman she felt envy.

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Miscellaneous

envy (N) → envious (Adj)

Jealousy (N) → Jealous (Adj)

Dusre ki chij pas lane ki sochte to ~~envj~~ envy.

apni chij ka Jane dar ho to Jeolousty.

She felt Jeolous
(linking verb ke bad Adj Jyda sahi)

5. The Car is in wrong gears

ek time pe gadi me ek hi gear
So gears (x) → gear ✓

6. The driver developed a lot of talent by practicing driving in hilly areas.

Talent (जन्म जात) Develop nahi

skill → dev. ki Ja skti So,

a lot of skills by

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Adverb

1) Indian soldiers bravely fought in the war against Pakistan.

2) He solved easily All the questions.

3) She clearly explained what she wanted to say about her relationship with Aman.

4) She effectively explained what happened that night.

Rule → Position of Adverb of Manner.

Intransitive verb → After the verb

Transitive " → 1) After the object (Small object)

2) Before the M.V (if a clause acts as a object of verb)

1) fought ko object ni mila.
↓
Intransitive
fought bravely ✓
(Adv. of manner)

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2) easily → Adv. of manner
Solved Ka object questions (Transitive)

all the questions easily ✓

3) She clearly explained what .....

Aman

objectival Clause

object of verb

↓

to Adv. before MV.

No error

4) No error (Same as 3)
what happened that night

↓

* Adv. of frequency obj. Clause

Verb Adv Conj V2 Adj

1) Go straightly and form a Straight

line near that pole.

obj Pre D.A Po

Kuch aise words Jinki Adj & Adv form
Same, Straight aisa word
Go Straight ✓

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2) They hit him very hardly with a hard bat.

Hard — Adj (tough सख्त)

(After the verb) — Adv (with force, with lot of efforts मेहनत से)

Hardly → Adv. (ना के बराबर)

They hit him very hard (as yahan matlab na ke brabar ni to hardly use nahi)

P.A Sub verb obj

3) My grandfather reads an every day magazine everyday.

everyday → Adj

everyday (Adv)

last wala everyday read ko Qualify to vo Adverb (Roz pdhte)

Every day → (Adverb) (Space wala)

everyday → (Adj)

My G.F reads an everyday magazine every day.

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4) I have visited Manali late so I won't travel with you again.

late – Adj देरी सी
\ Adv देरी सी

lately → हाल फिलहाल में (Recently)

Manali lately so I ✓

These words have Same Adjective & adverb forms →

Fast, hard, Straight, early, late, yearly, daily, weekly, monthly, every day, everyday
(Adv) (Space wala) (Adj)

1) He Scolds me often for my petty mistakes

2) Kunal Comes always late in the class that is why all the teachers Scold him.

3) Mohit attend my class often to learn Various Concepts of grammar.

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4) Kunal misses my class never as he is very afraid of me.

These Adv. of frequency are used Just before the main verb →

1) He often scolds me ✓
2) Kunal always come ✓
3) Mohit often attends ✓
4) Kunal never misses my class ✓

1) Priyanka chopra performed there very well. yesterday.
(Place) (Manner) (time)

2) Devika who works in the account Section behaved at the party, where very awkwardly yesterday.
Adv. phrase of place → Manner
Time

3) He came very late in the Meeting.
Adv. phrase of place

Rule →

tino verb aae to ye order (MPT)
Manner Place Time

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1) PC performed very well there yesterday.
2) Devika who works in the AS behaved very awkwardly at the party yesterday.
3) No error

(Kayi aisi verb Jo is rule Ko follow ni Karti)
→ go, reach, arrive, come (aane Jane wali verb).

1→ Mohan (Sub) faced (verb) all the challenges (Adj) in his (Obj) life (PO) manly (Adv. of Manner). (Pre P.A)

2→ I (Sub) never (H.V) felt (M.V) lonely (S.C) in (Pre) Delhi (PO) as (Coij) Mohan (S2) behaved (V2) brotherly (Adv) with (Pre) me (PO).

3→ when I entered his room, I found everything orderly.

4→ A Soldier (Sub) must (H.V) not act (M.V) Cowardly (Adj) in (Pre) any (Adj) Situation (PO)

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Adj + ly → Adverb

nice + ly → nicely
Soft + ly → Softly
bad + ly → badly

Noun + ly → Adj

Man + ly → Manly
God + ly → godly

1) yahan manly Adj. hai hume chahye Adv. as akele Adj ni aate (except be ki form)

→ manfully ✓ (preferance)
→ like a man ✓
→ in a manly manner ✓
Adj

Adj (manful)

2) feel linking verb uske bad S.C aate to lonely Adj. hai

Brotherly to Noun + ly to Adj. hme chahye Adverb

→ like a brother ✓
in a brotherly manner ✓

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3→ in order (Same pichle rsn se)
in an orderly manner

4→ in a Cowardly manner
like a Coward.

Rule → All these words end in 'ly' but these are Adjective not Adverbs,

Sirf Adj

Godly	brotherly	~~Miserly~~ ~~Measurly~~ (कंजूस)
kingly	friendly	
Queenly	lonely	Niggardely (")
Manly	lively	
womanly	lovely	deadly

Monthly, weekly, daily, yearly
↓
ye Adj & Adv. dono

1→ He decided to Completely destroy his enemies.

2→ He wanted to Conceptually learn Eng. so he Joined Aman's special Batch.

Rule → Don't split any infinitive with an adverb.

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decided what? → to destroy

Object

to destroy whom? → enemies

(inf. ka object)

to destroy → Semi verb hai object bhi hai to transitive & transitive Me ~~ob~~ Adv. of Manner object ke bad.

He decided to destroy his enemies Completely.

2→ Same rsn,
He wanted to learn grammar Conceptually.

1→ Rajat sings Sweeter than Monika that is why everybody appreciates him.

2→ Raina plays as good as Kohli but he was not given a chance in the team.

well

Sweet	Sweeter	Sweetest	(Adj)
Sweetly	more sweetly	most sweetly	(Adv)

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1→ verb ko qualify to Adv. lgana hai & Comparision krna to Comparitive degree (more sweetly ✓)

2→ play → action verb
↓
to Adv. Chahye
good → Adj. hota

plays as well as Kohli
↓
(Adverb)

Types of Adverbs→

1) Time (when)→ Soon, late, early, yet, ago, yesterday, tomorrow, so far etc.
2) Place (where)→ here, there, somewhere, nowhere, upstairs, downstairs, up, down etc.
3) Manner (how)→ easily, carefully, politely, nicely, rudely, bravely, arrogantly.
4) frequency (how often)→ daily, often, always, every day, regularly, Occasionally
5) Degree (intensity ↑/↓)→ so, very, too, enough, much, far, a lot etc.
6) Relative/ Interrogative→ why, where, when, how etc.

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Difference between Some Comman Adverbs.

very / too / much
only too / none too
↳ (very) ↳ (not very)
too much / much too
hard / hardly
late / lately
before / ago
still / yet
specially / especially

1) The water of the ganga is too pure so the hindus consider it a holy River.

2) Rajat is very stronger than Amit so there is no point in challenging him for a fight.

3) The water is very hot to be used to take a bath.

4) He was none too happy to meet her sister after a long time so he organised a party.

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5 → He has suffered much too pain in the initial days of his training.

6 → The news of his grandmother's death was too much painful for him.

1 → very → +ve / -ve dono ke lie use
too → only -ve

too (x) → very ✓ (as hme +ve chahye yahan)

2 → Comparitive degree ko Qualify krne ke lie much ka use hota (very ni)
much stronger.

3 → very (x) → too ✓ (as -ve sense chahye)
∴ hint 'to' ke sath 'too' ka pair hota

4 → Khush hoga / hua tabhi party dega na, none to matlab not very happy hua
So ~~a~~ ~~does~~ only to happy ✓
He was

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5 → pain Noun → Noun Ko Qualify
Adj

too much pain

6 → painful → S.C (Adj) Same rsn
too much aaega
(No error)

ago → Sirf Adverb
before → Adv
→ Conj
→ Prep.

S H.V M.V object Adv. (Adv. of freq)
1) I have seen you before also → (as 2 verb)

S H.V M.V obj conj S2
2) I had completed the task before you came.

S H.V V2 M.V O Conj Pre I
3) I will watch a movie before going to market
PO Pre PO

4) He left the office before 5.pm
S M.V obj Pre PO

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1) The baby is yet crying and I don't what to do.

2) I have not reached the parel still.

3) Have not you completed the assignment still?

4) Are you still using the same ~~verb~~ pen?

yet → Negative, (Interrogative + -ve)
Still → Assertive, Interrogative
After the object or verb
before the M.V

1 → Still ✓
2 → as -ve sense Yet ✓
3 → Interro + -ve → Yet ✓
↓
(not se pta lga)

4 → N.E
Still → Continuous, Indef. Tense me bhi
yet → generally perfect tense ke sath

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1→ They gifted a especially designed watch to me on my birthday.

2→ The Students of Jaipur Join Various Coachings Specially in the months of April & May.

3→ They served an especially baked cake to me.

4→ They served a Chocolate cake Specially to me.

Specially → in a special manner (किसी खास तरीके से)

Especially → Particularly (किसी खास के लिए / खास time)

1→ खास तरीके से design की हुई watch
↳ specially ✓

2→ खास करके (time)
↳ especially ✓

3→ Specially (तरीके से baked) ✓

4→ " (" " ")

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Conjuctions

1)	2)	3)	4)
However	but	because	Hence
Although	yet	as	So
Though	Still	Since	therefore
while	Nevertheless,	for,	that is
opp. Rsn	opp. Result	Reason	why,
			Result

1. He has lot of money _____ he won't help us.

2 Clause
↓
2 verb
↓
Conjuction chahye

Conj^n hoti vske acc. Jis Clause ke shuru me lgti

_____ he won't help us
↓
(iske acc. laging)

Result (as future me likha)
↓
glt Result (as help kar deni chahye thi)
↓
opp. Result

So 2nd column se bhre.

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2→ he has lot of money, he ^ won't help us. ↓
iske hisab se
↓
opp. Reason
Column 1

3→ Yavnika Knows all the answer ____ She never replies to my questions.
↓
iske hisab se Conj
↓
ulta Result hai (as aata to bolna chahye
Column 2

4→ ____ Yavnika Knows all the answer, She never replies to my question.
↓
opp. Rsn
Column 1

5→ That dog bit my son ____ I killed it.
↓
Sahi Rslt
Column 4

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6 → _____ that dog bit my son, I killed it.

↓

Reason hai

Column 3.

7 → Aman Sir explains all the Concept Conceptually _____ nobody respects him.

↓

opp. Result

↓

Column 2

* Jense Ka Khel

1) he had missed the train _____ he got late.

2) _____ he had missed the train, " " date.

3) He missed the train _____ he had got late.

4) _____ he had got late, he missed the train.

5) he had missed the train _____ he reached on time.

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6→ He missed the train _____ he had reached on time.

Past - Perfect tense
↓
It is used to Compare 2 actions of past.

1st action is written in Past perfect
& 2nd " in past indef.

1→ phle hua Missed hui train (as ye Past perfect me)
He got late Sahi rslt (4th Colomn)

2→ Train phle miss hui
↓
Rsn (as phle Rsn hota fir Rslt)
Column 3

3→ had got late → ye phle hua
↓
Rsn
↓
3rd Colomn

4 → 3 he had got
↓
Rsn

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5→ had missed the train
↓
phle hua

6→ ___2___ reached on time
↓
Result (opposite)

6→ ___1___ had reached (phle hua)
↓
Reason
↓
opp "
(station time par phucha fir bhi train miss)

1→ Because you are my best friend. So I trust you a lot.
2 verb
↓
2 clause
↓
1 Conjuction chahye
Dono hta skte
but drop latter one
to so drop.

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2 → As he was present at the Crime Scene So he Can tell us what happened.

3 verb
↓
2 Conj

what → Conjuction

So → drop

3 → However it was working fine but I Sold it.

but drop (as 1 Conj Chahye
↓
2 verb)

4 → He asked me that if he missed any class, I would inform his parents or not.

No error 3 Verb → 2 Conj

5 → Although he attended the classes but he understood nothing.

Although - yet, Although -,
co-relative Conj

pairs me rhti

Although he - - - the Classes yet he understood nothing.

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Co- Relative Conjuction

1) Rajat went to a nearby shop and Either bought a pencil or a pen.

2) This deal will neither benefit you nor me.

3) Not only he can speak English but also writes English very well.

Either - or
neither - nor
not only - but also
both - and

→ these Co-relative Conj^n Join words of same rank.

Adj - Adj ho
Adv - Adv.
Sub - Sub
obj - obj

1) either ke bad to likh di verb
& or ke bad pen (Same rank ni)
and bought either a pencil or a pen.

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2) neither ke bad verb (Same
nor " " pronoun rank ni)
benefit neither you nor me.

3) Same Rsn
he Cant not only speak English

1) Scarcely had he stopped studying than his father Came home.

2) No sooner did the thief see the policemen then he Started Running.

3) Hardly had I left the room than it started raining.

4) There are 20 stations between Jaipur to Delhi.

5) we travelled from Udaipur and Jaisalmer in 12 hours.

6) He can speak English as well as Urdu very fluently.

7) I don't know whether he will come with us otherwise not.

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Ans 1→ Scarcely ke sath pair hota when

2→ Sooner (Comparitive degree) uske sath time wala nai (then) than aaega

3→ Hardly ke sath pair when

4→ b/w " " " and

5→ from " " " to

6→ both ke sath 'and' ka

7→ whether " " 'or' ka

Inversion → Verb ki inverted form (Verb ka subj. se phle aana & fir bhi sentence interrogative nahi)

(phle 3 sentences)

Inversion kab? → Jab sentence ka pehla word Adverb ho Jae to verb inverted (Sub. se phle)

↓

beauty bdhane ke lie

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Inversion

Partial
↓
H.V ka
Sub se
phle aana

full
M.V ka Sub. se
phle aana
↓
Adv. of place

Here Comes Rahul
M.V. Sub

→ Interrogative ni hua.
→ Adv. of place

1) The vicitms of the Cyclone, Ockhi had no other option but to wait & watch.

2) We want nothing else than Shelter for our Children.

3) My grand father is so ~~weea~~ weak that he Can't Climb the Stairs alone.

4) His father is so weak to lift that bag with one hand.

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{ Other Ka pair than se
rather
nothing else Ka but se }

1→ other - than
2→ nothing - but

So → that
too → to +ve
Same matlab

3→ that rkhoge to Can't Kahan Jaega
SoV→ too ✗ (that Ke sath pair)
~~(ase etoe +ve ae rahe hai)~~

4→ to +ve, So too ✓ (Sahi)

5→ Kunal is So intelligent as his elder brother.
So - as (-ve) use
as - as for +ve, -ve

Kunal is as intelligent as ✓

Rahul is not So intelligent as his elder brother
(-ve)

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1) Although he has a lot of money but he won't help us.

2) Though he came late but the boss didn't say a word to him.

3) Although he had missed the train, he reached on time

4) I don't like students that are not serious about their future.

5) She sings in such sweet voice as everybody appreciates her.

6) I have never met such a person in my entire life that never told a lie.

1→ Although ke Sath yet ka Pair
2→ Though " " yet " "

Although > yet, ,
though

(Jyda yet prefer, Comma se)

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3 → No error (as, given)

4 →

Such → as (Jo, Jaisa, Jisne ke lie)
→ that (ki meaning)
as ✓ (hindi krke dekho)

5 → that ✓ (" " ")

6 → as ✓ (hindi krke dekho)

Such- as pair useful for Catergorise things. (Noun)
Such- that pair (strengthen Kare)

1 → Maruti Manufactures Such cars that are very Comfortable & durable.
↓ as
Meaning Jo ki Comfortable & durable (Catergorise Car)

2 → He ran very fast lest he would miss the train.

lest ka pair should ke Sath
↓
May it not happen meaning.

(lest akela bhi use)

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3) He studied very hard lest he fails in the exam.

lest Ke Sath Should Ka pair likh de to bdia vrha understood to base form

he fail in the exam.

4) Please don't play music in loud voice, until I am studying.

Music mat bjana Jab tak mai ni pd raha hu

No understood until Me

ye matlab ni Chahye

till I am studying ✓

(tak)

5) I waited there until 5 pm and then went home as you didn't come.

Mne wait Kia 5 bje tak

Until (x) → till ✓

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1→ Until you Start studying hard, you won't be able to pass the exam.

Until → जब तक नहीं

Unless → अगर (नहीं) → understood

→ Condition of time

→ Unless ✓

2→ Nobody Should Call me till / Until I reach Delhi. ✓

↓

(action ka duration btana yahan koi duration nahi)

3→ Please don't Start the Class Unless I Come back.

time Condition → Until ✓

4→ Until aid arrives within the next few weeks, thousands will Starve.

agar kuch dino me aid ni phuchi to log bokhe mar Jaenge.

अगर नहीं → Unless ✓

5→ I won't leave the office Until Your boss leaves. (Time Condition)

↳ No error

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Preposition

Noun + prep + Noun

Noun singular me likho

Day by day
Man after Man

1. Trees after trees have been cut by the woodcutter.

verb ~~Subj.~~ acc. to Subject
Tree after tree has been ✓

2. Speakers after speakers moved towards the podium to deliver their speech

Speaker after Speaker " "
" " " " his speech

3. Mr. gupta divided all his wealth among each of his sons.

among / b/w inke plural object hote
Jo 2 yahan each bn rha
singular so,

among his Sons

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4. Mr. Sharma goes to office by a bus
↳ agar preposition 'by' laga di to
article ni means of transport
se phle
Mr. Sharma goes to office by bus.

5. He died on the spot as he was hit by a bus.
(No error) as yahan bus means of transport ka kam nahi.

6. Mr. Shekhar lives in B2 Block, at Tughlak lane.
for Colony use 'at'
at bapunagar in Jaipur.
at B2 block in Tughlak lane

7. One must do one's duty with Sincerely.
with pre. hai uske bad object aate & Sincerely Adv. hai
with sincerity
duty sincerly

8. We noticed a ~~shape~~ spaceship in the sky on yesterday.
yesterday → Adverb, Adv. Kese Pre ka object to on drop.

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9. Your test is scheduled next monday.
Passive
↓
to next monday ko object ni bna skte
verb ka

for next monday ✓
on Manday nahi ~~v-sna~~ (x)

10. He had lived in abroad for 5 years before he returned to India.
abroad → adv. of place
↳
in pre. ka object ni bna skte

He had lived abroad
" " " in foreign Countries
in a " Country

singular

11. Everyone but she was present in the function.
(S.C)
but pre. to uske bad uske object
she (x) her ✓
↓
objective Case

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12. Is there really no difference between you & ~~me~~ we?

between pre. 2 object hote to obj. Case
you & us ✓

13. Nobody can prevent it from happen now.

from happen
↓
verb (verb ko object kese gerund bna de)
from happening ✓

14. This road is closed today for repair.
Sub M.V Adj

repair verb to obj. Kese bna de
for repairing / repairs ✓✓

15. I will go to home after Completing my work.

Home → Noun → They build a home
→ Adj → we play on our home ground
→ Adv
↓
She went home at 5 p m
↓
(Adv. of place

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go → intransitive
went ke bad object ni to Adv. lagao.
→ He went home ✓

16. At the begining Mr. Sharma suffered a great loss in business.

At the end > refers to position
At the begining

in the end > refers to time
in the begining

→ In the begining

17. Preface is generally given at the end of of book.
(No error)

18. A frog can live on land & water as well.
pani me rh skta hai
→ (in)
pani par ni
→ (on)
on land and in water.

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Q19. They are surely talking (about) and laughing at us.

talk to → किसी से बात करना
talk about → किसी के बारे में

laugh ke bad at dono ke lie ek pre. lga di

They are surely talking about ✓

20. We are not liable for any loss and damage to your country.

loss → of
damage → to (pair)

for any loss of and damage ✓

Don't use preposition after these verbs →
These verbs are generally followed by a preposition 'to' in errors!
Omit that 'to'.

Meet, Join, obey, violate, ask, bid, tell, inform, remind, warn, thank, advise, reach, resist, resemble, attack, afford, demand, Compromise, investigative, enter, flee, explain, describe, discuss, disobey, order, stress, emphasize, await, despite (pre.) etc.

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Some Intransitive verbs → laugh, run, Smile, sleep, die, come, go etc

1. we didn't discuss about Anything else in the meeting

discuss verb ka obj. hona zruri to about lga dia to Anything uska object islie about hatao.

2. Sushil can't afford to such a Costly car.

afford verb ko obj. Chahye (to drop)

3. They can't resist to the temptation of ~~th~~ burger.

(to drop as resist ko obj Chahye)

4. Mohan resembles with his father alot

with hatao

object

5. If you Come late, I will inform to your parents.

transitive verb

obj Chahye (to hata do)

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T.V.

6. Einstein explained about the theory of relativity.
(Transitive) explain verb ko obj. chahye
about hata do.

7. He entered into the office without making any sound.
into drop (Same Rsn)

8. Sheetal entered into an arguement with his boss.
enter ka matlab "involve" hona
tab into aaega (No error)
Sheetal entered into a relationship

9. All the members stressed on the implementation of new policy.

Stres
↓
Obj chahye
(on drop)

10. If you want to bend this rod lay some stress on it.
Stress yahan Noun to 'on' aa skta
(No error)

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11. I will demand for more money from my father in law.
demand ke bad for nahi
↳ as isko obj. chahye.

12. ~~I will demand for more money~~
I can't fulfill his demand for more money.
yahan for aa skta as demand yahan object (Noun) verb nahi.

13. I must order for a cup of tea.
order → transitive verb
↳ for hata do.

14. Sushil received an order for a cup of tea.
an article lga hua to Noun hai
for aa skta (No error)

15. The Committee comprised of 20 members.
↓
∴ Consist of ~~to ze bar ek ni~~
of hata do. (as object chahye)

16. The Committee is comprised of 20 members.
No error
Passive voice me object ni chahye

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Don't use preposition 'to' after these verbs when these are followed by an Indirect object →

Asked, begged, informed, apprised, reminded, warned, thanked, wished, ordered, requested, invited, forbade, welcomed, Congratulated, Complimented, advised etc.

Use preposition 'to' after these verbs when these are followed by an Indirect object →

Proposed, reported, suggested, spoke, listened, wrote, Complained, described, explained, appealed, prayed etc.

1) Mr. Sharma Suggested his Sons to work hard
Suggested to (above rule se)

2) Gulliver thanked to all the villagers for their help.
to drop (above rule)

3) The witness reported ____ the incident word for word.
incident → direct object to 'to' ki zrurat ni (No error.

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4) The witness reported ___ the policeman.
↓ to
To

5) He asked to me to attend Aman's mains batch for Sure Success.
to drop (rule se last page)

6) He apprised to me of the latest developments in the project
to drop (rule)

7) He proposed me that we should open a Coaching institute in Jaipur.
proposed to me

8) He wrote me a letter everyday but I was not able to Send a reply to him.
He wrote to me

9) Many students Complained me about Mr. Bharat last Sunday So I expelled him.
Complained to

10) All the people appealed the CM for help in the matter pertaining to cleanliness.
appealed to

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Some Common preposition

1) Take leave - of (bye)
Take leave - from (permission)
(a) We took leave from the office for a week.
(b) We " " of the host after the party was over.
(Jo matlab chahye vesi lga do)

2) Decline - of (end)
Decline - In (decrease)
(a) What caused the decline of the Maurgan empire?
(b) We have noticed no decline In crime in the city.

3) Divide - into (make fraction)
Divide - between, among (distribute)
(a) They have divided all the money into five equal parts.
(b) They have divided all the money among their friends.
(as between → 2 Me)

4) Made - of (physical change)
Made - from (chemical ")
↳ reverse ni kar skte
(bread se wheat ni)

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(a) The board is made of food.
(b) Bread is made from wheat

5. Died - in → (accident, incident)
Died - from → ~~from~~ (cause)
Died - of → (disease)
(a) The man died in the riots
(b) The " " from hunger
(c) " " " of Cancer

6. Familiar - to (Someone)
" - with (Something)
(a) We are not familiar with the ways of this city.
(b) We are not " to his parents

7. Angry, Annoyed, vexed, disgusted - at (Something)
- with (Someone)
(a) Father is very angry at your performance.
(b) Father is very " with " friends

8. Part - from (Someone)
part - with (Something)
(a) It is very difficult for one to part from one's friends. (b) It is very hard for one to part with one's wealth

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9. Partake - of (Share)
" - in. (participate)
(a) He didn't partake of the light refreshment.
(b) He didn't partake in annual function

10. Key - to (Solution)
Key - of (lock)
(a) Hard work is the key to success.
(b) These are the key of the door.

11. Deal - in (business)
Deal - with (behave)
Deal - with (tackle)
1. Mr. Sharma deals ___ food grains
2. Mr. " " ___ everyone politely.
3. " " doesn't know how to deal ___ this problem.

12. Suffer - for (one's actions)
Suffer - no preposition (loss)
Suffer - from (ailment)
(a) He suffered for his wrongdoing
(b) " " ___ a great loss in bosiness
(c) He is suffering from fever & cold.

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13. ill- with
(a) Rajat was ill with fever & cold.

14. Answerable, accountable, responsible - for (Something) - ~~to~~ (Someone)
(a) Everyone is answerable to god for one's action

15. Obliged, greatful, thankful - to (Someone)
- for (Something)
(a) We shall be highly obliged to you for your help.

16. Quarrel - with (Someone)
" - over (Something)
(a) We shouldn't quarrel with one another
(b) " " " over petty issues

17. Complain - of (Something)
" against, about (Someone)
" to (authority)
(a) The students complained of the poor facilities & ~~ab~~ about the warden to the Superintendent.

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18. Married (verb) no preposition
" (Adj) to

(a) Ram married _ _
(b) Ram was " _to_ Sita
(c) Sita is " _to_ Ram
(d) Sita married _~~to~~_ - Ram.

19. Comprise (include) - no preposition
Comprise (be hidden) - in

(a) The team Comprises _ _ 15 employees.
(b) Beauty " _in_ character

20. Lives - on (Some food)
" - by (Customs, principles)
" - within (income)

(a) he lives _on_ fruit only
(b) " " _by_ his Customs
(c) " " _within_ his means.

21. Jump - at
" - to

(a) He Jumped _at_ the lucrative offer.
(b) " " _to_ " Conclusion & repented later.

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22. Surprised, astonished, shocked, amused-at (Something), by (Someone)

(a) We were suprised at his stunts
(b) " " " by the stuntman.

23. Dissent, disagree, accent, accede, agree, concur - with (someone)
, to (something, accept something)
, on (matter issue)

(a) I don't agree with you.
(b) I " to your offer.
(c) I don't agree on this matter

24. Differ - with (disagree)
" - from (different)

(a) My opinion differs from you.
(b) He never " with his brother on any issue.
(c) He differs a lot from/with his "

25. Results (verb) - (in)
" (Noun) - (of)

(a) Jealousy results in unhappines.
(b) Unhappiness & anxiety are the results of jealousy.

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1) They don't have house to live

2) They didn't have any chair to sit

3) We have nobody to eat ~~wi~~

4) We " nothing " "

5) There was no bus to travel.

(aise Sentences Jo Infinitive par khtm to ky a preposition lagae).

Apne aap likho (you ya they) first infinitive wali verb 2 fir Noun.

You live _____ a house
(& ab dekho yahan Konsi Sahi wali lgani upar wale Sentence Ke end Me)
yahan in a house, to

1. They don't have a house to live in.

2. You sit on a chair
↳ any chair to sit on. ✓

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3. You eat with nobody
↳ have nobody to eat with

4. You eat X nothing
No error.

5. You travel by bus
↳ no bus to travel by.

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Conj^n nai
Cas₂ verb
nahi coming hoti
verb to H.V aati)

Advance - Verb

Present participle →

Adv PP Pre. P.A PO
1) while Coming towards her husband,

the glass of milk slipped from her
Sub Pre PO verb Pre P.A

hands.
PO.

Coming towards her husband
↓
iska sub. glass thodi bn
Sakta (logical subj. ho)

Sentence acc. glass aa raha hai
pati ki trf.
Islie subj. likha

While she was Coming
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
Conj Sub H.V M.V

ab ye Conj^n.

2) while walking on the road a
Snake bit him.

Same walking snake ke lie lg gya
walking ka sub. he (him se
pta lga)

While he was walking.

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3) While repairing the car, a hammer fell on his feet.

Hammer ke lie lga dia repairing islie subj. likho

While he was repairing

↓

(his pta lga he aaega)

4) Being a rainy day, he didn't go to office.

Being se shuro to yahi error honge. Being ke bad Noun / pronoun agar us being ke lie to sahi vrna being ka subj. likho

He → rainy thodi, din tha

It being a rainy day

5) Being their only son, Kamal parent's sent him to london for higher studies

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only Son aapne Kamal parents Ko
Kh dia
Kamal being their only son

6) Being a destitote, Rohan helped him to get proper education by paying his fee.
Rohan destitote (गरीब) hi as vo dusri ke fees de raha hai, matlab being uske lie nahi
The ~~body~~ boy being ✓

* Perfect Participle →
Str → having + V3

1) Having Completed the task, he went home
→ Koi Kam Complete ho Jae tab lgate perfect tense

Having Completed what?
↓
task (object)
he went home

phle Kam hua (having + V3) → fir ghr gya

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1) While writing the letter, he posted it to his grandmother.
likhne ke bad post hoga, likhte-2 thodi hoga
matlab likne wala kam phle hua
to having + V3
having written ✓

2) While taking bath, he went to office by bus.
having taken bath ✓ (Same rsn)

3) Having arrested, the thief was sent to Jail.
arrested ke lie lga dia appne theif
theif arrest thodi karega
" ko arrest krega koi
Subj → receiver to Passive voice
Having been arrested

4) Having taught, the student went home.
Same 3rd ki trh
having been taught.

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1) We are looking forward to meet ~~to~~ ~~m~~ you very soon.

2) You came here with a view to insult me in front of my friends.

3) He is addicted to smoke.

4) This type of environment is not conducive to grow cotton.

5) Our company also provides the facility of saving in addition to lend.

Role → Use gerund (v1 + ing) not infinitives with the following →
with a view to
look forward to
obese to (kisi chij ke khilaf)
addicted to
accustomed to
used to
prone to
Due to
going to
in addition to
owing to

according to
pay attention to
Condusive to
(yahan sare to pre. & ye idiamatic)

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1→ to meeting
2→ to insulting
3→ to smoking
4→ to growing
5→ to lending

* Infinitive (errors related to bare infinitive)
↓
bina 'to' ka infinitive

P.A Sub H.V Adv M.V obj
1) My father will not let Karan and me to go there.
obj inf Adv

Infinitive — Noun
— Adverb (why se reply)
— Adj

yahan infinitive in tino me se koch nahi, ye yahan object Complement to bare form me aaega
↳ jo object ke bare me btae

Karan & me go there ✓

2) I saw him to enter your office at 5 p.m

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Saw him enter your office
bare inf. bhi object rkhte
enter ko object → office.

3) My brother will make you to apologise for your mistake.
make you apologise

Saw him dance (bare inf)

Saw him dancing (Present Participle)

Pura dance dekha
ek Jhalak

Rule → Use bare infinitive after these verbs →
let, bid, make, help, notice, see, feel, hear, watch

4) The principal _____ all children form a straight line.
B.I.

(a) Said (x) (as to lgana pdega)
(b) told (x) (iske bad that aata)
✓ (c) bade
(d) asked (x) (iske bad infinitive aata)
iske bad hi bare aata (bid)

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S H.V Adv M.V Gd

1) We have never Seen his behaving badly with anyone.

Adv Pre PO

See verb ka object behaving ni ho skta as kisi ka behave kese dekhe, use dekh skte hai
Matlab his object to obj. Case
↓
Seen him ✓

2) The teacher Caught him ~~teaching~~ Cheating in the Class.
No error.

3) We didn't see his going out of the Class.

See ka object his
↓
to obj. Case
↓
him

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1) He decided to go and to stay there for a week.

2) He asked us to speak the truth or to face the consequences.

3) It is better to study than to sit idle.

4) It is easy to order others than to do it yourself.

Rule → If two infinitives are joined by a conjuction use the latter infinitive in bare form.

1) to go and stay

2) the truth or face

3) and sit idle

4) than do it yourself.

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Tense

It is a verb form that represents a particular point of time.

	Indefinite	Continuous	Perfect	Per. Continuous
Present	do/does + V1 or V1	is/am/are + V1 + ing	has/have + V3	has/have + been + V1 + ing
Past	did + V1 or V2	was/were + V1 + ing	had + V3	had + been + V1 + ing
Future	will/shall + V1	will/shall + be + V1 + ing	will/shall + have + V3	will/shall + have been + V1 + ing

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1. He has been teaching since 2012 (Present Perfect Continuous)

2. Kunal took part in this competition last year. (Past Indef.)

3. Mahesh has completed the task on time. (Present Perfect)

4. Kunal was watching a movie when I entered his room. Past Continuous, Past Ind.

5. Aman is an excellent teacher. (Present Ind.)

6. They are very smart & intelligent. (Pres. Ind)

7. Rajat had a sweet voice when he was a child.
V2 (as h.v ni) Past Ind.
Past Ind.

8. He does the same work every day.
(Pres. Ind
object (as the article)

Be
- is/am/are/be
- was/were
- been

have
- has/have
- had
- had.

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H.V + V1

Do
- Do/does = M.V = Pres Ind.
- did = M.V = Past Ind / H.V = Past In
- done = H.V se dekhge

1. he has had lunch before AJay
Sub H.V M.V

had → V3 as h.V hai
↓
has/have + V3
↓
Present Perfect

2. He had had lunch before you Came.
had + V3 → Past perfect
Came → Past Ind.

3. I have had dinner before 8 p.m
Present Perfect

* Present Indefinite.
- Habitual action
- Proverb
- Universal truth/fact.

1. My Mother has often Scolded me for not keeping my room neat & Clean.

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often → habitual action → to Present I. lagao.
My Mother often scolds ✓

2. He has always visited my office after 8 p.m.
↓
Habitual action
~~has~~ he always visits

3. A badworkman was quarreling with his tools.
Proverb → Present Ind.
↳ A bad workman quarrels.

4. Trees prepares their food using CO_2 & Sunlight.
↓
fact
Trees prepare

5. If you boil water at 100°c, it will turn into vapours.
fact ↓
It turns (will hataya)
↓
as it Singular.

6. An empty vessel has sounded much
↳ proverb
↳ Vessel Sounds

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* Present Continuous (for temporary action)

1. I teach you tenses right now.

2. My brother works on a project given by TCS these days.

3. He is always complaining of the poor sanitation here although there is no such issue.

1→ right now se pta lga abhi ye action continuity me
I am teaching ✓

2→ these days se pta lga ab kar rha hai,
My brother is working.

3→ Habitual action ho but Jo aapko psnd ni (disapproval show ho to) present continuous me likhna
No error

Use present continuous tense with these words →
right now, these days, at present, at the moment
(अभी मतलब)

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* Perf Present Perfect

ya to time pura
ya action "] Use perfect tense

1. I didn't receive the parcel yet.

2. He Completed only $\frac{3}{4}$th of the work so far.

3. I have visited Manali 2 years ago.

1. yet (अभी तक) → time pura
↳ I haven't receive

2. he has Completed

3. ago → past Ka
I visited Manali

Words with Present perfect →

yet, So far, already, Just, Just now, recently, lately,

(हाल-विलाल मतलब)

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* Past Indefinite

Use » » with these words →
ago, yesterday, in 1947, last monday, in past, last year, the previous day, last month, last week.

1) They have gone to Delhi yesterday without informing us.
They went to Delhi

2) We have got freedom in 1947.
↳ we got »

3) These were the ideas & ideals that have shaped our freedom struggle in past.
In past aaya
↓
Use Past Ind.
that shaped our ✓

Past ka present Me use to Present perfect lga skte

Don't try to order us as we have got freedom ✓

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* Past Continuous

1) Somebody slapped him when he is watching a movie.

2) he saw a snake while he walked on the road.

3) Rajat was studying English when his mother was cooking food for him.

4) Kunal slapped him as soon as he started singing.

Past Continuous → Main Action
→ Background ".
↓
1) longer duration
2) Continuity

Hint → Conj^n
↓
when,
while

1. he was
(as slapped past me)
watch → Background action

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2. While he was walking
↓
(longer duration)

3. No error
(dono past Continuous Me aa skte agar dono longer duration)

4) No error (dono short duration)

* Past Perfect (Past of Past)

1) Kareena reached the station before train left.

2) Amitabh bought the medicine before his old mother died.

3) Thieves ran away from the site after the policemen came.

4) The patients had died after the doctor came.

This tense is used to compare 2 actions of past.
Ist action → Past perfect (Me likho)
IInd " → Past Indef.

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1) 2 Ram

phuchna — train Jana

before 10 a.m

↓

मतलब 10 bje se phle phuchi

to aaya train bad me aayi

Kareena had reached

(as Ist action)

Rule → had + V3 before V2

V2 + After + had V3

2. had bought

3. policeman had come

4. patient died after doctor had come

1. Rajat had already solved this question

already use kia matlab ye action dusre action se phle hua

to Past perfect sahi, No error.

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[agar dono Past Ind. me to matlab
vo Compare ni Krna chah
raha, Compare to Past perfect]

→ Present Per Continuous

1. He has been studying English for
3 hours

→ Present Perf

2. He has studied English for 3 hours

→ Past In

3. He studied " " " "

→ Pres In

4. He studies " " " "

→ Habitual action (Roj pdhta)

2 → Use pdhte hue 3 ghnte ho chuke
(ho skta 4 bhi ho Jae)

3 → ab pdhke uth gya

1 → ~~Use pdhte hue~~
Vo 3 hr se Eng. pd raha hai
(perfect Continuous)

→ Me action par stress

→ duration/ Completion par stress
or Result (perfect)

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1) Sachin has played more than 400 matches since 1992.

2) Sachin has been playing Cricket for India since 1992.

3) Sachin has played cricket since 2012.

4) " " " " for 20 years.

5) Sonali hasn't eating anything since/for last Sunday.

6) I have waited for you outside the ~~Sati~~ Station since 15 minutes.
→ for

7) This has been a custom in our Society since / for / from time immemorial.

Since (point of time) → 1942, Monday, 26 Jan, Summer, winter, last monday, week, Month, Year, Decade, last day

for (duration of time) → a long time, (article या Numeral Adj lg जाए) last a day, last 5 days, 5 years, 20 days.

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7) time immemorial matlab → याद नी तब से
from → ✓
Since → SSC ise manta to since lgana
aise word Jo duration & point
of time b dono btae unke lie
from

3) has been playing
↳ since + point of time (2012)
↓
ye khtm ni ho skta
↓
islie Perfect Continuous
Me Kro

Perfect — Since + point of time → Rslt (Jese 400 Match Khele) must be given
for + duration → Rslt not required

4) No error.

1) Rslt given (No error)

If not given then change in perfect Continuous.

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1) I have been knowing Mr. Sharma for last 3 years.

2) Rajat has been loving Shalini for last 2 years

3) Dharmesh is singing the same song since 7am.

Stative verb ing exist ni (No time consume)

1) I have known
2) Rajat has loved
3) has been singing

for / since → Perfect & perfect Continuous me date is lie change kia

has sung ni likh skte as perfect ho Jata & usme since point of time me rslt chahye

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Miscellaneous

1) The old man told us that he has given our ball to Mr. gupta.

2) The Coach Said that we can defeat the rival team very easily.

3) Mahesh said that he will Join Aman's special batch the following month.

4) Our teachers taught us that honesty was the best policy.

5) I will inform your parents if you will Come late in my class.

6) If you heat ~~above~~ water above 100°c, it turns into vapours.

7) Mohan always Says that he lives / lived will live in Mumbai.

Main Clause	Sub-clause
Past	Past
Perfect	Past / Present / Future
Future	Present

only for sub ordinate conjuction

Jiske aage Conjuction lagi ho.

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1. that he .....
↓
Sub- Clause Main Clause in Past
So " " be Past Me.
he had given

2. Past me Krna, but can Modal uske bad to base ~~hi~~ form hi aati to
Could Kar do. ✓

3. he would Join (Same as above)

4. is the (as Proverb Pres. Ind. Me hi)

5. you Come late

6. it turns (universal fact/ troth)

7. Main Clause present Me (Says)
tino option Sahi.

1. She didn't Call me since she got married.

2. we didn't rcve any letter since we shifted here.

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Rule for 1 & 2 → If an action of Past is used with Since as a point of time, It must be in Past Ind. & the main verb/ Clause must be present perfect tense.

1. She hasn't Called
2. haven't received

The chief guest will come and Rajat will welcome him.

We tried to Convince him but I think that he will not follow our advice.

ye Co-ordinate Conj^n isme Sub-Clause ni to role follow nahi

FANBOYS
for And but or yet So
Nor

1) we will reach there by the time Aman Sir Starts the class.

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2) The sun rose by time he woke up.

3) They will have reached home safely by the time it will get dark.

Rule → Future perfect + by the time + Present indefinite

Past " + by the time + Past indefinite

1 → will have reached

2 → phle sun rose to perfect
↳ had risen

3 → it gets dark
↳ bad me hua to (fact) Present Ind.

(Rule se)

1) It is high time, you start preparing for your exams.

2) It is time, she go to Delhi if she wanted a decent Job.

3) It is time for you to go to bed.

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It is high time → अब ये सही समय था
(Past Me)

1) you started
2) She went to Delhi
3) No error

It is time for you to go to bed.
Ind. M.V Real Pre PO Inf. pre PO
Sub Sub

→ Koi verb ni aayi to past me ni kr skte
→ iska matlab Jab Sahi Samay hai
tumhe So Jana Chahye
(as infinitive me Kam hua ni hota)
(hoega)

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Subjective Mood

Present | Past

* Present Subjective (Should Ka Kam)

1. It is imperative that your passport carries your photograph.

2. This case doesn't require that Ram Rahim is present in the court.

3. The man asked his son that he _____ hard.

4. The man asked his son if he _____ hard.
   (a) worked
   (b) work
   (c) works
   (d) will work

5. The doctor advised his patient that he _____ medicine regularly.
   (a) take
   (b) took
   (c) to take
   (d) takes

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6. If we want to be successful in this task it is necessary that everybody does his work honestly.

Indirect	neccesity	Verb
"	advice	(base form)
"	requirement	[present Subj]

1 → Carry
2 → is present → vo hai present
matlab hai chahye → Vo ni hona Chahye, base form → be present
6 → Everybody do his work honestly

The doctor Said to his patients, "take the medicine regularly".

The man Said to his Son, "Do you work hard"?

(a) The man asked his Son if he worked hard.

(b) The doctor advised his patient to take the medicine regularly.

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Sentence 3rd wala (a) Jesa ni as ye interrogative ni, interro hota to if aata (Indirect speech)
that likha matlab vo Kh raha hai
Kam Kar
(3) work
(4) worked (pucha Us se Kiaya ni)

(5) 5th wala (b) Ka ni as that aa rha hai
(Indirect advice)
(take v)

1. The workers demanded that the officer is suspended immediately.

2. It is adviced that each student revises the syllabus twice before the exam.

3. The old lady prayed to god that her son is restored to life again.

1. Same way, Indirect demand
↓
Present subjective
be suspended
(Should understood)

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2 → Revises → matlab Krta hai, habitual action

→ each student revise.

(each Ke Sath verb singular aati but yahan plural as Pre. Subjective)

3 → her son is be restored.

It is Imperative
It is Suggested
It is wanted
It is desired
It is requested
It is essential
It is necessary
It is advised
It is recommended.

→ Present Subjective

→ ask (matlab ho Kehna), demand, want, require, advice, pray, recommend, offer, Suggest, order, request etc.

This exam requires that the Candidate is atleast a graduate

→ be (Should understood)

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Conditionals

If (sub-ordinate Conjuction)

Sub-Clause	Present Indefinite	V2	were + Noun	had + Noun	had + V3
Main clause	Future Ind.	might / would / could + V1			Could / would / might + have + V3

1) If you will come late, I will inform your parents.

2) If he invited me, I would have attended the party.

3) If he were a lion, I will live in a Jungle.

4) If he had money, he would have denoted 50% of it.

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2) Sub - Clause → V2
↓
would + V1
would attend

3) were + Noun
↓
would + V1
↓
would live

4) would donate

1) If you come late.

Diagram se Exception

1) If he plays well, he will win the match. (open Conditional)

2) If he played well, he would win the match (Semi - closed)

3) If he had " " , he would have win the match. (closed)

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1) agar vo acha khela na to Jeet Jaega
(really me acha hai khelne me)
ye surity hai aapke hisab se
(will modal) full probability
according to you.

2) agar vo bdia khele na to Jeet Jae
(aapke hisab se ye ho ni skta
but fir bhi bolna)
→ Zero probability

3) agar vo bdia khela hota to match
Jeet gya hota.
(unfulfilled desire)
(Rslt aa gya)

1) If he has money, he would help you.

2) If he ~~w~~ has wings, he " fly to
Switzerland.

→ If he has money, he will help you.

→ ✓ If he had wings,

(x) If he has wings, he will fly to
↳ probability kar di aapne
(Jo ki true ni)

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1) If the policeman had reached on time, the child could have saved.

2) The accident could have averted, if the driver had applied the breaks in time.

3) The patient could have saved if the doctor had been taken proper care.

1) policeman reach verb ka doer
voice active
Child → rcvr → passive
could have been

2) Could have been averted (same rsn)

3) Could have been saved if the doctor had taken proper care.

Exception →

1) you would have got that Job If You had been an Englishman.

2) He would have killed you If he had been a lion

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3) He would have flown to Switzerland, If he had been a bird.

ye tino Sentence Closed Conditional me, to probability hoti ~~nahi~~ hai Jese phle Sentence me tha match Jeeta Ja Skta tha, ab koi englishman, bird, lion ni bn skta islie inne error

1) You were an EnglishMan
2) he " a lion
3) " " " bird

III Condition

4) You would have got that Job, If you were a lion.

Imagine

Mixed Condition

Tujhe Job mil Jae agar to angrez ho.

1) Ka Matlab → Tujhe vo Job mil Jae agar to angrez hota.

Mixed (Past)

5) He would kill you, If he were a lion (vo Tujhe Mar dega agar vo ek Sher ho (Present))

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He would have flown to Switzerland, If had acquired wings.

↓

ye bat ni ho skti to II Condition me Karo

If he had wings ✓
If he acquired " ✓

1) He Could have escaped from the prison through pipes if he had been a mouse.

he were a mouse (Mixed Conditional)

linking verb

Subject Khud.

2) He would escape from the prison through pipes if He were a mouse ✓✓

Present Imagination

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1) If we had got freedom in 1947, we would have been a developed Country now.

2) If you had worked hard, you would not have repented today.

3) I would not have been alive today if you had not Saved me that day.

1) how word se pta lga present me rslt Chahye.
Present me rslt to V1 Chahye
we would be a ✓

2) today → Present
Would + V1
Would not repent

3) today, I would not be
(would + V1)

Past ki ghatna ka rslt Past Me → III Cond.

" " " " " Present Me → Mixed Condition

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1) He talks about the game as if / as though he had won a gold medal.

2) He behaved in such an arrogant manner as if / as though he were our boss.

3) He shouted in such a loud voice as if / as though he had been a lion.

4) He behaves as if / as though he were / is mad.

Present Ind.	+ as if + or	Past Ind.
Past Ind.	+ as though +	Past perfect
Tense		Subjunctive

1) as if he won (above role se)
2) as if " had been our boss
3) 3rd Me ye role follow ni as aage aisi bat Jo true ni ho skti islie were ✓
he were a lion.

1) is mad ✓ (reality)
were " ✓ (Imagination)

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1) had he worked hard, he would pass the exam.

2) Were he a millionaire, he would have donated 50% of his money.

3) _____ you need any help, please Call me.
(a) Unless
(b) Until
(c) Should
(d) However.

4) I wish, I have / had / had had money.

5) I " , I learnt / had learnt English in School.

6) I " , I _____ what _____ wrong with my car.

1) had he worked hard = If he had worked hard.
↳ he would have passed the exam (diagram se)

2) If he were a millionaire matlab, he would donate

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3) However (x) as opp. Rsn ke lie aata.
Until & unless me not understood
(Meaning change ho Jaega)
Should ✓
" modal se sentence shuro to
if matlab.

4) I wish aise sentence me ek hi
verb to ya to III conditional
ya II
is me II as present ki bat.

5) In school se pta lga → past
had learnt ✓

6) dono Present me (b) (x) (Imagination ni)
" Past " (a) (x)
dono perfect " (d) (x)

option (c) & (e) Sahi
↓ ↓
Present Past perfect
Past Past
option option

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1) If Rajat has Completed the task, please Call me. (NE)

2) If she is Cooking food right now, I will Call later. (NE)

Present Ind ⟶ Future Ind. Me Jata, but yahan sub clause Present Ind. Me nahi, ye kam Continuity Me hai & ye koi ichha ni islie isme dusre tense bhi shi,

If Condition /icha ni to Present Ind. vgar nahi

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Determiners

1) The car coming from the other side of the road hit mine.

अगर Chaurahe ki baat krte to another aata.

2) A tortoise can live longer than any another animal.

an + other

other ✓ another (x)

3) where have you put other pieces of this puzzle

The

4) No another city is as polluted as our national captail, New Delhi.

No other

(No or another sath ni aa skte)

5) why didn't you use an other method to solve this question.

The other → trike solve krne ke 2 hi

" Another → 2 se Jyda

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you use another / the other

6→ Other was even more Confusing than the first one.
The other method was

7→ Although, the first half of bahubali was very Interesting, I don't like another half.
↓
The other

other = Plural Nouns (Not specific)
another = singular " (" ")
the other Singular / Plural (" ")

exception → Determiner 1 + other + sing / Plural Noun (Not specific)

1) I am busy today, please call me the other day.
↳ another

2) Those who blame others for their failures can't succeed in their lives
No error.

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Question Tag

1. Kamal has solved the question hasn't he?
2. " visited Manali last year, didn't he?
3. They never came on time, do they?

Question tag is the combination of H.V + Pronoun

If statement +ve → Q.T (-ve)
If " -ve → Q.T (+ve)

HV = Contracted form
(for eg → can't ~~na~~ likho cannot ko)

1. One must respect one's parents, must not one?
2. There is a cow sitting on the road isn't there?
3. This is a very expensive car, isn't it?
4. That is a very ferocious dog, isn't it?
5. Those are your friends from college aren't they?

(must not ki koi contracted form ni hoti)

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Statement	Ques Tag
one	One
there	there
this / that	it
these / those	they

1. One boy was selling toys near the Station wasn't he ?
(yahan pronoun boy ke acc. aaega kyonki boy sub. hai & one Numeral Adj)

2. Each of the students has completed the task haven't they ?

3. None of the boys was able to solve that question, were they ?

4. Everybody was present at the Party, weren't they ?

5. Each of you can solve these questions, can't you ?

6. Each of us should help him in his project, shouldn't we ?

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For these subjects use 'they' in Ques. tag →
each, either, neither, everybody, Somebody, Nobody, everyone, Someone, noone, none.

Rule → If the object of the preposition 'of' is a personal pronoun use sub. case of that pronoun in Ques. tag.

1) I am your best friend, aren't I ?

2) I am not your Best » ~~anyone~~ anymore, ~~am not I~~ am I ?

3) He dare not speak anything against Shweta mam dare he ?

4) He didn't dare to go there alone did he ?

5) He need not Come tomorrow, need he ?

6) He needs proper Care and rest doesn't he ?

for Next Sentences → Ques. tag of Imperative Sentences — will you / — won't you

To Show anger → Can't you.

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1) Wait for me outside, will/won't you ?

2) Shut that window properly, will/won't you ?

3) Please stitch my shirt before 7pm, will you ?

4) Mind your own business, Can't you ?

5) Keep your mouth shut, Can't you ?

6) Let's play cricket shall we ?

7) Let him do his work quietly _____ ?

let us dekh ke shall we ni
(will you, won't you, Can't you)

1) Your grandmother used to tell you a lot of stories, _____ ?

2) He used to travel in local trains, _____ ?

3) Nobody helped him that day, _____ ?

4) He seldom goes to any temple, _____ ?

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5) Rajat Knows little about Anjali, _____?

1→ didn't she (prefer)
use dn't she
2→ didn't he
3→ did they?
(didn't ni as nobody se No aa gya)
4) does he? (seldom → -ve)
5) does he? (little → -ve)

Use +ve Ques. tag if the statement contains these words → hardly, rarely, Scarcely, barely, seldom, Never, few, little, nobody, Nothing, Noone, none, No, Not

1) The principal ordered that all the teachers would Stay there till 7pm _____?

2) He will Call us when he reaches Delhi _____?

3) I think that you are right _____?

4) I Suppose that he will Come to our party, _____?

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1) Q.T main clause ke hisab se
didn't he ✓

2) won't he ✓
3) I think → Main clause
aren't you ✓

4) don't I (x)
won't he (✓)

{ I think, Suppose, Saw, notice, feel
I Sub. ho to Main Clause
wala rule ni }

1) he has a beautiful wife, _____ ?

2) he had breakfast at 7 pm, _____ ?

1) doesn't he ✓
hasn't he ✓ (prefer)
(possesion hai to have ki form
use in Q.T)

2) Have ki form action ka to
didn't he?

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1) He has been teaching since 2012, _____?
ek se Jyda H.V aa Jae to phli
wali H.V Q.T Me Jaegi
Is Case Me
hasn't he ✓

2) He should not have done this type of activity, _____?
Should he ✓

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* Noun Ke bad Adjective

Sub Verb Adj obj Pre P.A

1. Mr. Sharma is an honest man in his dealings.
a
PO

If an Adverbial clause/phrase is used to qualify an adjective that is being used to Qualify a Noun, that Adj. must be used predicatively.
(After the Noun)

is an man honest in his dealings ✓
a

2. Soloman was a famous king for Justice.

for Justice → famous Ke lie
to King famous for Justice.

3. I Saw a running deer near the pond.

deer running near the pond.

4. Akshay evacuated the trapped Indians in Quwait.

→ Indians trapped in ,,

→ I Saw a dancing girl on the bed.

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They killed a big Snake in Size.

✓ a Snake big in ".

They " a long Snake with a stick.

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Voice

1) Rajat buys a house. (Present Ind)
2) Rajat is buying a house. (Pres. Cont)
3) Rajat has bought a house. (Pres. Perf)
4) Rajat has been studying English since 7a.m (Pres. Per Cont)
5) Rajat played Cricket. (Past Ind)
6) Rajat was playing Cricket (Past Cont)
7) Rajat had played Cricket before you Came. (Past Per)
8) Rajat will play Cricket. (Future Ind)
9) Rajat will have played by the time you Come back. (Future Perfect)

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Tense chart for Passive Voice

	Indefinite	Contin-uous	Perfect	Perfect Conti
Present	is/am/are + V3	is/am/are + being + V3	has/have + been + V3	×
Perfect	was/were + V3	was/were + being + V3	had + been + V3	×
Future	will/shall + be + V3	×	will/shall + have + been + V3	×

Active Ke object par stress dena Passive voice me Krte.

Rajat bought a house.
Sub Verb object

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Active Ke Sub ko bnao object 'by' preposition se & Active object → Subject
Ka

& V3 likh do given verb ka & Jis tense Me hai usi me rakh Ke H.V lga do.

1) A house is bought by Rajat.
2) A house is being bought by Rajat.
↓
Jo H.V given vo likh de & fir be ki form Jis Se Present Continuous Me rahe

3) A house has been bought by Rajat
4) No Passive (as do be ki form aa Jaegi)
5) Cricket was played by Rajat.
6) " " being " " ".
7) ~~Passi~~
Rajat had been played Cricket before you Came
↓
Intransitive
(iska Passive ni)

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8) Cricket will be played by Rajat

9) Cricket will have been played by Rajat by the time you Come back.

1) Rajat will be Completing the task.
No Passive as future Continuous.

2) Karan doesn't ever bother us.
We are not ever bothered by Karan
(Position of Adverb must remain Same)

3) They are welcoming the Chief guest of the function.
The Chief guest of the " is being welcomed by them.

(Position of Adj. Phrase / clause must remain Same)

3) The man speaks English besides 5 Other languages
Eng. besides 5 other languages is spoken by the man.

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4) He won't have ever done it.
It won't " " been done by him
↓
ye pura M.V.

5) Mr. Rao was chasing the thieves that had stolen his car.
↓
Adj. Clause thieves Ka to usi Ke sath likho.

6) The Son gives us light.
S V IO DO
2 object to 2 passive (ek Direct obj Ko leke & ek IO Ko leke)

We are given light by the Son.

light is " to us by the Son.

1) Does it disturb you all?

Are you all disturbed by it.?

(Interrogative Ka Passive bhi Interro)

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2) Have the students decorated the Class room?
has the Classroom been " by the students
has islie as Singular Classroom ab.

3) Is the Coaching making the players practise hard?
Are the players being made to practise hard by the Coach.
Passive me obj. ni hota to obj. Complement bhi ni to 'to' aaega. (infinitve bne)

4) will you help them Solve the puzzle?
will they be helped by you to Solve the puzzle.
(Passive me Jab infinitive purpose btane ke lie ho to verb bad Me)

5) How can we translate the passage into hindi.

How can the passage be translated into Hindi by us

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6) Where did he met you?
Where were you met by him?

7) Who broke the chairs?
By whom were the chairs broken?
Who were the chairs broken by?
(Str. hai ye No logic)

1) ~~Who~~ whom should not you invite to the party?
Who should not be invited to the party by you.?

2) What does he say?
obj H.V Sub M.V
What is said by him.?

3) Which song are you singing?
Which " is being sung by you.?

4) What makes them happy?
Sub V obj OC
By what are they made happy?

Upar wale me sabhi obj. the islie vo ~~sahi~~ wahi rahe, niche wale me what → Sub. hai islie Position change hui.

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Passive of Imperative

Intransitive verb

verb Adv

1. Keep quiet
2. Go away
3. Work hard

(Sub. you understood hai)

Transitive verb

- order
  1) bring a chair
- advice
  2) obey your Parents
- Require
  3) help me.

* Keep Quiet → Active
V Adv

→ (you are requested to keep quiet)
↓
Passive

* Go away
→ you are ordered to go away.

* Work hard
→ You are advised to work hard.

Jab imperative ke transitive verb Me object ho →

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* Bring a chair.
let a chair be brought. ✓
you are ordered to bring a chair ✓

Jab Imperative ke transitive verb me advice ho.

1) obey your parents
your parents should be obeyed by you.

Jab " " " " " request ho.

1) Help me.
You are requested to me help

Intransitive →

→ Kindly don't Shout here.
you are requested not to Shout here.

→ love your Country.
your " should be loved by you.

→ Don't Smoke here.
you are ordered/Requested not to Smoke here.

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(Passive me use nhi hote)

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Exception →

verb obj Obj. Comp (Bare inf)

1. Let him speak.
He should be allowed to speak.

verb obj B.I(OC) object

2. Let the man take the bag.
2 object 2 Passive
The man should be allowed to take the bag.
let the bag be taken by the man.
let verb ka Passive
take verb ka "

3. Let us complete the work.
The work should be completed by us.
let the work be completed by us.

4. Let us sing.
we should be allowed to sing (x)
(hame kisi se Anumati nhi leni
ye ek suggestion hai)

5. Let us sing a song.
A song should be sung by us.
let song be sung " "

6. Let's play.
It is suggested that we should play.

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1. Let's play the match.
the match should be played by us. (let verb ka Passive)
let the " be played by us (Match verb ka Passive)

2. we have to do it.
S M.V inf obj
It has to be done by us.

3. He has to welcome the guests.
The guests have to be welcomed by him.

4. You are to assist me.
I am to be assisted by you.

5. She is to teach them.
They are to be taught by her.

6. There is nothing to eat.
I.S Real subj
There is " to be eaten

Nothing is there to be eaten
S M.V S.C
(Adv. Kabhi S.C mi hote)

7. It is time to take rest.
It " " for the " to be taken.

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Karti

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1. It is time to close the shop.
" " " for the shop to be closed.

2. We are going to learn English
English is " to be learnt by us.

3. They are going to attack you.
you " " to be attacked by them.

4. Mohan likes others to praise him.
Mohan " to be praised by others

5. I don't like people calling me a lier.

→ I don't like being called a lier.

6. Have this message sent.
Get | bring somebody to sent this msg.
(अगर verb से shuro ho Jae to Sentence imperative)

7. Get it done.
" Some body to do it.

8. He didn't explain what he wanted, to say about Rohan.
obj

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It was not explained by him what he wanted to say about Rohan
(अगर obj. verb is a Complete Clause use Introductory Sub)

1. He was ordered by them to wait outside till their next order.
If an IO is available don't use Introductory sub.
They ordered him to wait outside till their next order.

2. Sugar tastes sweet.
Sugar is sweet when it is tasted.

3. The Surface felt hard.
The ~~sur~~ surface was felt when it was felt.

I have broken a chair.
I " a " chair
I " a chair broken
Mne ek " tudwayi.

4. They had the letters delivered by the Postman.
Unhone postman se letters dlvr Kruae.

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The Coach made the players Practise hard.

Practise → verb
practice → Noun

1) have this chair broken
Bring /get somebody to break this chair.

2) have these letters delievered.
Bring /get somebody to " these letters.

3) They asked him to go away.
He was " by them " " " .
DO

(Agar DO ka kam ek infinitive kar rha ho to By them phle use kare islie isme by them phle likha)

4) This cake smells bad.
This " is bad when it is smelt.

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Narration [Direct & Indirect]

Mohan said to shalini, " I have completed this task yesterday "
↓
Direct speech

Mohan told shalini that he had completed this task. the previous day.
↓
Indirect speech

* Indirect speech's tense chart

	Indef.	Continuous	Perfect	Perfect Con.
Present	Past Inde.	Past "	Past "	Past Perfect Continuous
Past	Past Perfect	Past Perfect Continuous	No change	No change
Future	would + V1	would + be + V1 + ing	would + have + V3	would + have + been V1 + ing

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S	O	N
अगर 1st person aae (I, we) to change sub ke acc.	अगर 2nd person aae (you) to obj. ke acc. Change	अगर 3rd prsn (he, she, it, they, Name) to No change

Changes in Some words →

here → there
Now → then
this → that
these → those
today → that day
to night → " night
yesterday → the previous day
ago → before
tomorrow → the following day / the next day.

Assertive (Indefinite) → that
interrogative → if / whether
said to → told, Says to → tells
said → No Change
Says

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1) Karan Said to Rohan, " Shalini Called me yesterday".
Karan told Rohan that Shalini had Called him the previous day.

2) Manisha Said to Rohan, " you drive the Car very fast today".
Manisha told Rohan that he drove the car very fast that day.

3) He Said to me, " I was always with you.
He told me that he had been with me.

4) The boy Said to the old lady, " I had no help from you Yesterday".
The boy told the old lady that he had had no help from her the previous day.

5) They will Say to him, " you have done no favour to us".
↳ They will tell him that he has done no favour to them

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6. The man said, " you were trying to make it worse for me".
The man said that I had been trying to make it worse for him.

7. The teacher said to the student, " All the living beings needs water for their survival".
The teacher told the students that All the living beings need water for their survival.

(Agar koi universal truth, habitual fact or Proverb aa Jae to Reported speech me koi change ni hota).

1) The policeman said to the people, " Did you see the murder of this man".

you → 2nd prsn change acc. to subject
↓
they

The policeman asked the people if they had seen the murder of that man.
[Past Ind → Past perfect]

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2) We Said to the old man, " Do you have any Solution of our problem".

We asked the old man if he had any Solution of our ~~plan.~~ problem

3) The players said to the Coach, " How can we defeat them"?

" " asked the Coach how they could defeat them.

4) I asked all the Students ~~that~~ when they had done the work.

No error.

5) My teacher told that the birds have Hollow bones.

Told verb format
Told + IO + DO
yahan IO ni mila islie told ni Said kar lo,

The teacher said that the birds have hollow bones.
↓
D.O.

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1) The principal said to the peon, " Ring the bell".
ye imperative Sentences (order, Request) Use, Verb ko infinitive me hi & 'to' se Join
The principal ordered the peon to ring the bell

2) The man said to the servant, " water the plants".
The man ordered " " to water the plants.

3) The woman said to the boy, " Please help me Cross the road".
The wan requested the boy to help her Cross the road.
(please se pta lga request)

4) My G. F Said to me, " Please help me lift the box".

My " requested to me to help her lift that box.

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5) The man said to his son, " Don't watch t.v too much".

✓ The man adviced / ordered his son not to watch t.v too much.

✓ The man suggested to his son not to watch t.v too much.

6. The doctor said to the patient, " Don't take alcohol anymore".

✓ The doctor adviced the " not to take alcohol anymore.

✓ The doctor forbade the patient to take alcohol anymore.

(Not understood forbade me)

The Coach made the players practise hard.

The players were made to " hard by the Coach.

(Made yahan Caustic Verb)

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Exceptions

1. The officer said to the Clerk, "let me Know everything".

2. I said to them, "let me do this Job alone."

3. Mohan » to his friend, "let's go to the park".

4. The boy said to his friends, "let's sing".

1. The officer ordered/ requested /asked to let him Know every thing.

2. I requested them to let me do that Job alone
(ask bhi aa skta)
(order ni as rank ni given)

3. Mohan Suggested to his friends that they should go to the Park.
(let us Ke should se bnte)

4. The boy Suggested to his friends that they should Sing.

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Exclamatory

1. The man Said, "Alas! I am ruined".
2. Mr. Sharma Said, "Alas! my old friend is dead".
3. The boy said, "Hurray! we did it again".
4. He Said, "what an interesting story it is!".
5. The Student Said, "how easy this method is"!
6. The teacher Said, "how stupid this question is!"

exclaimed with Joy / Sorrow
or
Joyfully / Sorrowfully
+
Adv. of Manner
+
that

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1) The man exclaimed with Sorrow that he was ruined.

2) Mr. Sharma " " " " his old friend was dead.

3) The boy exclaimed with Joy that they had done it again.

4) He exclaimed with Surprise that it was a very interesting story.
(Introductory subj. bhi rakho)

5) The student exclaimed with Surprise that the method was very easy.

→ very lgna pdta Jo intensity bdhae.
(what, how vga crae to)

6) The teacher exclaimed with anger that that ~~was~~ the question was very stupid.

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7) The man Said " what a nonsense it is".

Very nonsense (x)

great " ✓✓✓

utter " ✓✓

Complete " ✓

nonsense noun hai to Adj lgana pdega very Adv. islie

gk (wrong)

The man exclaimed with anger that it was great nonsense ~~nonse~~.

Miscellaneous

1. The man Said, " Boys, work hard". → Imperative

2. " " " , " Boys work hard. → assertive

Comm diff.

3. The lady " , " May you live long, my ~~soul~~ Son".

4. The lady Said, " May you Succeed in your efforts !"

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5) They said to her, "Congrats! on your victory".

6) We said to all of them, "thanks for your generosity".

7) Mr. sharma said to all the guests, "you are welcome".

8) They said to the child, "Happy Birthday".

1. The man ordered the boys to work hard

2. The man said that the boys work hard.

3. ✓ The lady prayed that her son might live long.

The lady blessed her son with long life. (+)

bless (god kar skta)

you → II prsn to obj. ke acc. change obj. ni hai to change Jo son rha uske lie.

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4) Inverted Comma me verb ni to indirect kese, aise karo

They Congratulated her on her victory.

5) Same (above)
we thanked all of them for their generosity.

6) Mr. Sharma welcomed all the guests
(said kat ke told ni as told normal bato ke lie ni aata)

7) ✓ They wished the child Happy Birthday
✓ They " HB to the child.

THANKS

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