- Satheesh D M
- MA24M023
- Task 1 Canny Edge Detector

```
# Library imports
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.ndimage import gaussian filter, convolve
import os
# Helper functions
def rgb2gray(image):
    """Convert RGB image to grayscale."""
    return np.dot(image[..., :3], [0.2989, 0.5870, 0.1140])
def sobel filters(image):
    """Compute Sobel gradients."""
    Kx = np.array([[-1, 0, 1], [-2, 0, 2], [-1, 0, 1]])
    Ky = np.array([[1, 2, 1], [0, 0, 0], [-1, -2, -1]])
    Gx = convolve(image, Kx)
    Gv = convolve(image, Kv)
    G = np.hypot(Gx, Gy) # Gradient magnitude
    theta = np.arctan2(Gy, Gx) * (180.0 / np.pi) % 180 # Convert to
0-180 degrees
    return G, theta
def non maximum suppression(gradient, theta):
    """Apply Non-Maximum Suppression with subpixel interpolation."""
    M, N = gradient.shape
    suppressed = np.zeros((M, N), dtype=np.float32)
    # Define angle bins for discretization
    angle bins = np.array([0, 22.5, 67.5, 112.5, 157.5, 180])
    direction = np.digitize(theta, angle bins) - 1
    for i in range(1, M - 1):
        for j in range(1, N - 1):
            # Get neighboring pixels using subpixel interpolation
            if direction[i, j] in [0, 4]: # Horizontal (0^{\circ})
                q = gradient[i, j + 1]
                r = gradient[i, j - 1]
            elif direction[i, j] == 1: # Diagonal (45°)
                q = gradient[i + 1, j - 1]
                r = gradient[i - 1, j + 1]
            elif direction[i, j] == \frac{2}{2}: # Vertical (90°)
```

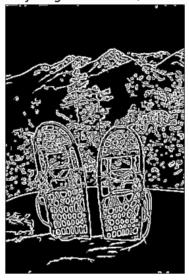
```
q = gradient[i + 1, j]
                r = gradient[i - 1, j]
            else: # Diagonal (135°)
                q = gradient[i - 1, j - 1]
                r = gradient[i + 1, j + 1]
            # Subpixel interpolation
            subpixel q = (q + r) / 2.0
            # Suppress non-maximum pixels
            if gradient[i, j] >= subpixel q:
                suppressed[i, j] = gradient[i, j]
    return suppressed
def threshold(image, low, high):
    """Apply double thresholding."""
    strong = 255
    weak = 75
    strong i, strong j = np.where(image >= high)
    weak i, weak j = np.where((image <= high) & (image >= low))
    output = np.zeros like(image, dtype=np.uint8)
    output[strong_i, strong_j] = strong
    output[weak i, weak j] = weak
    return output, strong, weak
def hysteresis(image, strong, weak):
    """Apply edge tracking by hysteresis with an 8-neighborhood
approach."""
    rows, cols = image.shape
    output = image.copy()
    for i in range(1, rows - 1):
        for j in range(1, cols - 1):
            if output[i, j] == weak:
                # Check if any of the 8 neighbors is a strong edge
                if (strong in output[i-1:i+2, j-1:j+2]):
                    output[i, j] = strong # Promote weak edge to
strong
                else:
                    output[i, j] = 0 # Suppress weak edge
    return output
def canny edge detection(image, sigma=1.4, low=20, high=40):
    """Full Canny Edge Detection Pipeline."""
    gray = rgb2gray(image)
```

```
blurred = gaussian filter(gray, sigma)
   gradient, theta = sobel filters(blurred)
   suppressed = non maximum suppression(gradient, theta)
   thresholded, strong, weak = threshold(suppressed, low, high)
   final edges = hysteresis(thresholded, strong, weak)
   return final edges
### CUSTOM FUNCTION FOR DIFFERENT SIGMA ###
def canny different sigma(image, sigma):
   image path = os.path.join("archive/images/test", image)
   ground truth path =
os.path.join("archive/ground truth boundaries/test", image)
   image = plt.imread(image path)
   ground truth = plt.imread(ground truth path)
   edges = canny edge detection(image, sigma)
   # Show results
   plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
   plt.subplot(1, 3, 1)
   plt.imshow(image, cmap='gray')
   plt.title("Original Image")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.subplot(1, 3, 2)
   plt.imshow(edges, cmap='gray')
   plt.title(f"Canny Edge Detection, $\sigma = {sigma: .2f}$")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.subplot(1, 3, 3)
   plt.imshow(ground_truth, cmap='gray')
   plt.title("Ground Truth")
   plt.axis("off")
   plt.show()
for i in range(15):
   canny different sigma(f"2018.jpg", (i*0.2 + 1))
```

Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.00$ 



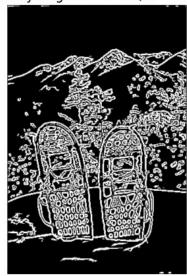
**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.20$ 



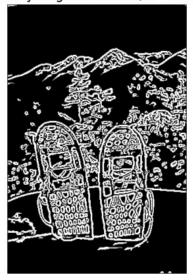
Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.40$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.60$ 



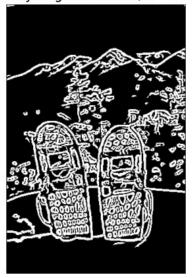
Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.80$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.00$ 



Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.20$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.40$ 



Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.60$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.80$ 



Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.00$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.20$ 



Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.40$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.60$ 



Ground Truth



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.80$ 



**Ground Truth** 



canny\_different\_sigma(f"2018.jpg", 2.4)
canny\_different\_sigma(f"3063.jpg", 4.6)
canny\_different\_sigma(f"388067.jpg",2.2)
canny\_different\_sigma(f"372019.jpg",2.6)
canny\_different\_sigma(f"87015.jpg", 3.6)

Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.40$ 



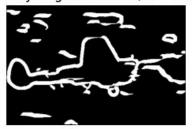
**Ground Truth** 



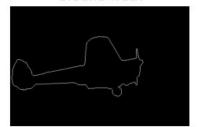
Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 4.60$ 



**Ground Truth** 



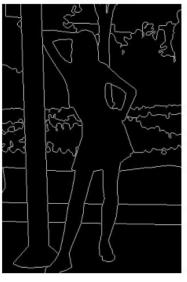
Original Image



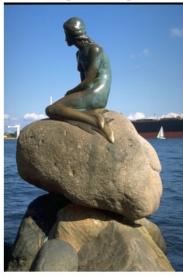
Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.20$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.60$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.60$ 



## **Ground Truth**



```
for i in range(6):
    canny_different_sigma(f"388006.jpg", (i*0.5 + 1))

for i in range(6):
    canny_different_sigma(f"288024.jpg", (i*0.5 + 1))

for i in range(6):
    canny_different_sigma(f"208078.jpg", (i*0.5 + 1))

for i in range(6):
    canny_different_sigma(f"223060.jpg", (i*0.5 + 1))
```

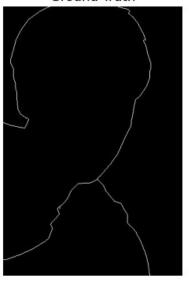
Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.00$ 

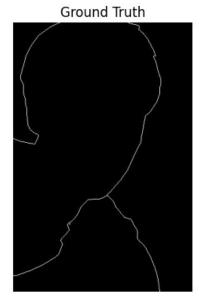


**Ground Truth** 



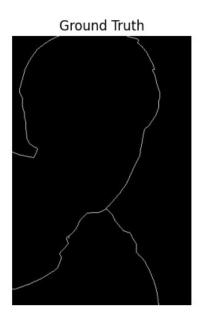
Original Image



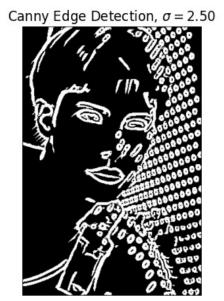


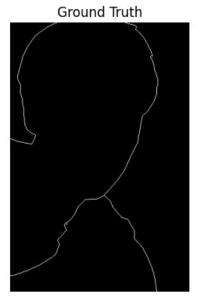






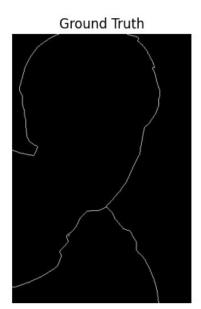
Original Image





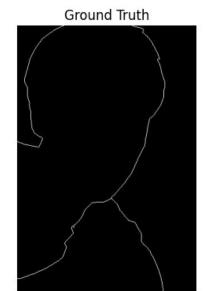






Original Image

Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.50$ 



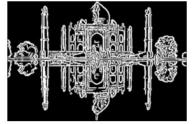
Original Image

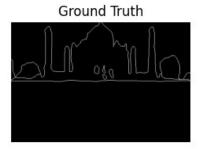
Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.00$ 





Original Image



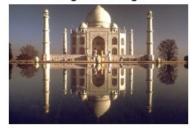




Original Image

**Ground Truth** 





**Ground Truth** 

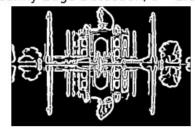
Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.50$ 

Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.00$ 

Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.50$ 



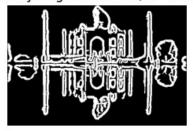
**Ground Truth** 



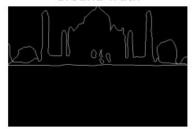
Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.00$ 



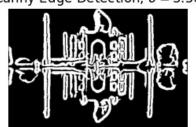
**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.50$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.00$ 



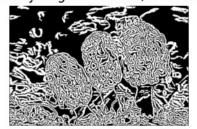
**Ground Truth** 



Original Image



Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.50$ 



**Ground Truth** 



Original Image Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.00$ **Ground Truth** Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 2.50$ Original Image **Ground Truth** Original Image Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.00$ **Ground Truth** Original Image Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 3.50$ **Ground Truth** Original Image Canny Edge Detection,  $\sigma = 1.00$ **Ground Truth** 

