Zero-One Triangle Pattern

i) Problem Statement

This problem to understand the nested loop. Given N, a Positive integer, You are supposed to print the alternating 1's and 0's in triangle format. Input Format:

```
Input is positive integer: 5
Output Format:
1
0 1
101
0101
10101
Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class oneZeroPattern {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=0; i<n; i++) {</pre>
             for(int j=0; j<i+1; j++) {</pre>
                 System.out.print((i+j+1)%2 + " ");
             System.out.println();
         }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
D:\230701298>javac oneZeroPattern.java
D:\230701298>java oneZeroPattern
0 1
1 0 1
 101
 0 1 0 1
```

```
ii) Number-increasing reverse Pyramid Pattern
Given N, a Positive integer, You are supposed to print in the below format.
Sample Input:
6
Sample Output:
123456
12345
1234
123
12
1
Code:
import java.util.Scanner;
public class numPyramid {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int n = sc.nextInt();
        for(int i=n-1; i>=0; i--) {
             int num = n - (n-1);
             for(int j=i+1; j>0; j--) {
                 System.out.print(num + " ");
                 num++;
             }
             System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```

Output:

```
D:\230701298>javac numPyramid.java

D:\230701298>java numPyramid

6
1 2 3 4 5 6
1 2 3 4 5
1 2 3 4
1 2 3
1 2
```

Identify the Weekday or Weekend

Sample Output 2

```
Problem Statement:
SYNTAX OF SWITCH CASE
The general syntax for a switch case in Java is as follows:
switch (expression) {
case value1:
// Code to be executed if expression equals value1
break;
case value2:
// Code to be executed if expression equals value2
break;
// ...
default:
// Code to be executed if expression doesn't match any case values
You are developing a scheduling application where users can check whether a
a given day is a weekday or a weekend. The application should prompt the user to
enter a day of the week (e.g., "Monday", "Saturday"), and based on the input, the
program should determine if the day is a weekday or a weekend.
Input Format
Input consists a week of the day
Output Format
Print whether it is weekday or weekend or invalid day
Sample Input 1
Monday
Sample Output 1
It's a weekday
Sample Input 2
Sunday
```

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class weekSchedule {
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        String day = sc.nextLine();
        String d = "None";
        switch(day) {
            case("Sunday"):
            case("Saturday"):
                d = "It's a weekend";
                break;
            case("Monday"):
            case("Tuesday"):
            case("Wednesday"):
            case("Thursday"):
            case("Friday"):
                d = "It's a weekday";
                break;
            default :
                d = "It's not a valid day !";
                break;
        }
        System.out.println(d);
    }
}
```

Output:

```
D:\230701298>javac weekSchedule.java
D:\230701298>java weekSchedule
Sunday
It's a weekend
D:\230701298>javac weekSchedule.java
D:\230701298>java weekSchedule
Monday
It's a weekday
D:\230701298>javac weekSchedule.java
D:\230701298>javac weekSchedule.java
D:\230701298>javac weekSchedule
january
It's not a valid day !
```

Strong Number

Problem Statement:

Write a program to check whether a number is a Strong Number or not. A strong number is a positive integer whose sum of the factorials of its digits equals the original number

Few examples of strong numbers are: 1,2,145 and 40585.

Input Format:

Read the positive number

Output Format:

Print Whether it is strong number or not.

Sample Input 1:

145

Sample Output 1:

Strong number

Code:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
```

```
public class StrongNum {
    public static int factorial(int num) {
            int factorial = 1;
            for(int i = 1; i<num; i++) factorial += factorial*i;</pre>
            return factorial;
    public static void main(String args[]) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
        int num = sc.nextInt();
        int n = num;
        int sum = 0;
        while(num !=0 ) {
            int rem = num % 10;
            sum += factorial(rem);
            num \neq 10;
        if(sum == n) System.out.println("Strong number");
        else
                System.out.println("Not a strong number");
    }
}
```

Output:

D:\230701298>javac StrongNum.java

D:\230701298>java StrongNum

2

Strong number

D:\230701298>javac StrongNum.java

D:\230701298>java StrongNum

145

Strong number

D:\230701298>javac StrongNum.java

D:\230701298>java StrongNum

40585

Strong number

D:\230701298>javac StrongNum.java

D:\230701298>java StrongNum

25

Not a strong number