Module 02: Numerical Methods

Unit 22: Algebraic Equation: LU Decomposition Method

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Learning Objective

• To apply LU Decomposition Method for direct solution.

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Matrix Form

$$\mathbf{A}\boldsymbol{\phi} = \mathbf{r}$$

Matrix Form

$$\mathbf{A}oldsymbol{\phi}=\mathbf{r}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \\ \vdots & \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots & \vdots & \vdots \\ \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \\ \times & \times & \times & \dots & \times & \times & \times \end{pmatrix}_{N \times N} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \vdots \\ \phi_{N-2} \\ \phi_{N-1} \\ \phi_N \end{pmatrix}_{N \times 1} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ \vdots \\ r_{N-2} \\ r_{N-1} \\ r_N \end{pmatrix}_{N \times 1}$$

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Computational Hydraulics

• Decomposition: A = LU

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ullet Forward Substitution: $\mathbf{L} \psi = \mathbf{r}$

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- Decomposition: A = LU
- Forward Substitution: $\mathbf{L}\psi = \mathbf{r}$
- Backward Substitution: $U\phi = \psi$

- Decomposition: A = LU
- Forward Substitution: $\mathbf{L}\psi = \mathbf{r}$
- Backward Substitution: $U\phi = \psi$

Overall calculation can be presented as

$$\mathbf{L}(\mathbf{U}\phi - \boldsymbol{\psi}) = \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}\phi - \mathbf{L}\boldsymbol{\psi} = \mathbf{A}\phi - \mathbf{r}$$

with

$$\mathbf{L}\mathbf{U} = \mathbf{A}$$
$$\mathbf{L}\boldsymbol{\psi} = \mathbf{r}$$

Gauss Elimination LU Decomposition

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & a_{25} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & a_{35} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & a_{45} \\ a_{51} & a_{52} & a_{53} & a_{54} & a_{55} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ r_4 \\ r_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

LU Decomposition

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} & a_{24} & a_{25} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} & a_{34} & a_{35} \\ a_{41} & a_{42} & a_{43} & a_{44} & a_{45} \\ a_{51} & a_{52} & a_{53} & a_{54} & a_{55} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ r_4 \\ r_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Matrix form generated from forward elimination process

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ 0 & a'_{22} & a'_{23} & a'_{24} & a'_{25} \\ 0 & 0 & a''_{33} & a''_{34} & a''_{35} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a''_{44} & a''_{45} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a^{IV}_{55} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r'_2 \\ r''_3 \\ r'''_4 \\ r_5^{IV} \end{pmatrix}$$

Gauss Elimination LU Decomposition

In the first step $\gamma_1^2, \gamma_1^3, \gamma_1^4, \gamma_1^5$ were multiplied for Rows 2, 3, 4, and 5 respectively.

LU Decomposition

In the first step $\gamma_1^2, \gamma_1^3, \gamma_1^4, \gamma_1^5$ were multiplied for Rows 2, 3, 4, and 5 respectively. The multiplication factors can be stored as

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ \gamma_1^2 & a_{22}' & a_{23}' & a_{24}' & a_{25}' \\ \gamma_1^3 & 0 & a_{33}'' & a_{34}'' & a_{35}'' \\ \gamma_1^4 & 0 & 0 & a_{44}'' & a_{45}'' \\ \gamma_1^5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{55}' \end{pmatrix}$$

LU Decomposition

In the first step $\gamma_1^2, \gamma_1^3, \gamma_1^4, \gamma_2^5$ were multiplied for Rows 2, 3, 4, and 5 respectively. The multiplication factors can be stored as

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ \gamma_1^2 & a_{22}^2 & a_{23}' & a_{24}^2 & a_{25}' \\ \gamma_1^3 & 0 & a_{33}'' & a_{34}'' & a_{35}'' \\ \gamma_1^4 & 0 & 0 & a_{44}''' & a_{45}''' \\ \gamma_1^5 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{55}^{IV} \end{pmatrix}$$

Similarly,

$$\begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ \gamma_1^2 & a_{22}' & a_{23}' & a_{24}' & a_{25}' \\ \gamma_1^3 & \gamma_2^3 & a_{33}' & a_{34}'' & a_{35}'' \\ \gamma_1^4 & \gamma_2^4 & \gamma_3^4 & a_{44}''' & a_{45}''' \\ \gamma_1^5 & \gamma_2^5 & \gamma_3^5 & \gamma_4^5 & a_{55}' \end{pmatrix}$$

Gauss Elimination LU Decomposition

$$\mathbf{A} \Leftarrow \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}$$

LU Decomposition

$$\mathbf{A} \Leftarrow \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}$$

where

$$\mathbf{U} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ 0 & a_{22}' & a_{23}' & a_{24}' & a_{25}' \\ 0 & 0 & a_{33}'' & a_{34}'' & a_{35}'' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{44}'' & a_{45}'' \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{55}^{IV} \end{pmatrix}$$

LU Decomposition

$$\mathbf{A} \Leftarrow \mathbf{L}\mathbf{U}$$

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$$\mathbf{U} = \begin{pmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} & a_{14} & a_{15} \\ 0 & a'_{22} & a'_{23} & a'_{24} & a'_{25} \\ 0 & 0 & a''_{33} & a''_{34} & a''_{35} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & a''_{44} & a''_{45} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & a_{55}^{IV} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{L} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma_1^2 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma_1^3 & \gamma_2^3 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \gamma_1^4 & \gamma_2^4 & \gamma_3^4 & 1 & 0 \\ \gamma_5^4 & \gamma_5^5 & \gamma_5^5 & \gamma_5^5 & \gamma_5^4 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Substitution Step

Forward Substitution

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{21} & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{31} & l_{32} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{41} & l_{42} & l_{43} & 1 & 0 \\ l_{51} & l_{52} & l_{53} & l_{54} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \\ \psi_4 \\ \psi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ r_4 \\ r_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Substitution Step

Forward Substitution

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{21} & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{31} & l_{32} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{41} & l_{42} & l_{43} & 1 & 0 \\ l_{51} & l_{52} & l_{53} & l_{54} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \\ \psi_4 \\ \psi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ r_4 \\ r_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

General Algorithm

$$\psi_1 = r_1$$

Substitution Step

Forward Substitution

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{21} & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{31} & l_{32} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ l_{41} & l_{42} & l_{43} & 1 & 0 \\ l_{51} & l_{52} & l_{53} & l_{54} & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \\ \psi_4 \\ \psi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} r_1 \\ r_2 \\ r_3 \\ r_4 \\ r_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

General Algorithm

$$\psi_1 = r_1$$

$$\psi_i = r_i - \sum_{i=1}^{i-1} a_{ij} \psi_j, \quad \forall i \in \{2, 3, \dots, N\}$$

Substitution Step

Backward Substitution

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} & u_{14} & u_{15} \\ 0 & u_{22} & u_{23} & u_{24} & u_{25} \\ 0 & 0 & u_{33} & u_{34} & u_{35} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & u_{44} & u_{45} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & u_{55} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \\ \psi_4 \\ \psi_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

Substitution Step

Backward Substitution

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} & u_{14} & u_{15} \\ 0 & u_{22} & u_{23} & u_{24} & u_{25} \\ 0 & 0 & u_{33} & u_{34} & u_{35} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & u_{44} & u_{45} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & u_{55} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \\ \psi_4 \\ \psi_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

General Algorithm

$$\phi_N = \frac{\psi_N}{a_{NN}}$$

Substitution Step

Backward Substitution

$$\begin{pmatrix} u_{11} & u_{12} & u_{13} & u_{14} & u_{15} \\ 0 & u_{22} & u_{23} & u_{24} & u_{25} \\ 0 & 0 & u_{33} & u_{34} & u_{35} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & u_{44} & u_{45} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & u_{55} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \psi_1 \\ \psi_2 \\ \psi_3 \\ \psi_4 \\ \psi_5 \end{pmatrix}$$

General Algorithm

$$\phi_N = \frac{\psi_N}{a_{NN}}$$

$$\phi_i = \frac{1}{a_{ii}} \left[\psi_i - \sum_{j=i+1}^N a_{ij} \phi_j \right], \quad \forall i \in \{N-1, N-2 \dots, 1\}$$

```
Data: Matrix A. Vector r
Result: \phi
Decomposition
for k=1.n-1 do
       for i=k+1,n do
              \gamma = a_{i,k}/a_{k,k}
               a_{i,k} = \gamma
              for j=k+1,n do
                      a_{i,j} = a_{i,j} - \gamma \cdot a_{k,j}
               end
       end
end
Forward Substitution
\psi_1 = r_1
for i=2,n do
       sum=r_i
       for j=1, i-1 do
              sum = sum - a_{i,j} \cdot \psi_{j}
       end
       \psi_i = \operatorname{sum}
end
Back Substitution
\phi_n = \psi_n/a_{n,n}
for i=n-1,-1,1 do
       sum = \psi_i
       for j=i+1,n do
               sum=sum-a_{i,j} \cdot \phi_{j}
       end
       \phi_i = \text{sum}/a_{i,i}
end
return \phi
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 28 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 12 \\ 11 \\ 28 \\ 9 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \\ 7 \\ 9 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & -7 & 9 \\ 5 & -4 & 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & -7 & -10 & 13 \\ -15 & 13 & 11 & -9 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 37 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 13 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 & -3 & 4 & 5 \\ 0 & 3 & -5 & -7 & 9 \\ 5 & -4 & 3 & -2 & 1 \\ 1 & 4 & -7 & -10 & 13 \\ -15 & 13 & 11 & -9 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 37 \\ 8 \\ 3 \\ 13 \\ 18 \end{pmatrix}$$

Solution:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \phi_1 \\ \phi_2 \\ \phi_3 \\ \phi_4 \\ \phi_5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{cases} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \end{cases}$$

Thank You