# Module 02: Numerical Methods Unit 11: Finite Volume Method: IBVP

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### **Learning Objectives**

 To derive the algebraic form for a IBVP using Finite Volume Method.

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### **General Equation**

A form of differential equation with a general variable  $\phi$ :

$$\frac{\partial(\Lambda_{\phi}\phi)}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (\Upsilon_{\phi}\phi\mathbf{u}) = \nabla \cdot (\Gamma_{\phi} \cdot \nabla \phi) + F_{\phi_o} + S_{\phi}$$
 (1)

#### where

 $\phi$  = general variable

 $\Lambda_{\phi}, \Upsilon_{\phi} = \text{problem dependent parameters}$ 

 $\Gamma_{\phi} = \text{tensor}$ 

 $F_{\phi_0}$  = other forces

 $S_{\phi} = \text{source/sink term}$ 

### **Problem Definition**

### Governing equation

A two-dimensional (in space) IBVP can be written as,

$$\Omega: \quad \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial x^{2}} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial^{2} \phi}{\partial y^{2}} + S_{\phi}(x, y)$$

$$\Omega: \quad \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{\Gamma} \cdot \nabla \phi) + S_{\phi}(x, y)$$

#### **Problem Definition**

subject to

#### **Initial Condition**

$$\phi(x, y, 0) = \phi_0(x, y)$$

and

### **Boundary Condition**

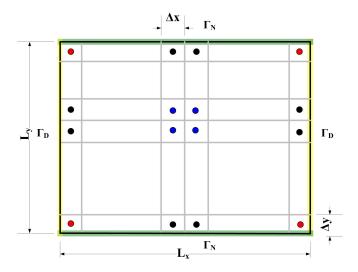
$$\Gamma_D^1: \quad \phi(0, y, t) = \phi_1$$

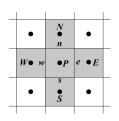
$$\Gamma_D^2: \quad \phi(L_x, y, t) = \phi_2$$

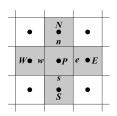
$$\Gamma_N^3: \quad \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y}\Big|_{(x,0,t)} = 0$$

$$\Gamma_N^4: \quad \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y}\Big|_{(x,L_y,t)} = 0$$

### **Domain Discretization**







In Finite Volume Method, the governing equation is integrated over the element volume (in space) and time interval to form the discretized equation at node Point P (Versteeg and Malalasekra, 2008).

$$\int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int_{\Omega_{P}} \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} d\Omega \right] dt = \int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int_{\Omega_{P}} \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{\Gamma} \cdot \nabla \phi) d\Omega \right] dt + \int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int_{\Omega_{P}} S_{\phi}(x, y) d\Omega \right] dt$$
(2)

$$\int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} d\Omega \right] dt$$

$$\begin{split} &\int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} d\Omega \right] dt \\ = & \Lambda_{\phi} \int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \phi d\Omega \right) dt \end{split}$$

$$\begin{split} &\int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} d\Omega \right] dt \\ = &\Lambda_{\phi} \int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \phi d\Omega \right) dt \\ = &\Lambda_{\phi} \int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \phi_{P} \Delta \Omega_{P} \right) dt \end{split}$$

$$\int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int_{\Omega_{P}} \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} d\Omega \right] dt$$

$$= \Lambda_{\phi} \int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \int_{\Omega_{P}} \phi d\Omega \right) dt$$

$$= \Lambda_{\phi} \int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \phi_{P} \Delta \Omega_{P} \right) dt$$

$$= \Lambda_{\phi} (\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l}) \Delta \Omega_{P}$$

$$\begin{split} & \int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \left[ \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial t} d\Omega \right] dt \\ = & \Lambda_{\phi} \int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \int\limits_{\Omega_{P}} \phi d\Omega \right) dt \\ = & \Lambda_{\phi} \int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \left( \phi_{P} \Delta \Omega_{P} \right) dt \\ = & \Lambda_{\phi} (\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l}) \Delta \Omega_{P} \\ = & \Lambda_{\phi} (\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l}) \Delta x \Delta y \end{split}$$

Governing Equation: Spatial Term

$$\int\limits_t^{t+\Delta t}\int\limits_{\Omega^P}\nabla\cdot(\mathbf{\Gamma}\cdot\nabla\phi)d\Omega\ dt=\int\limits_t^{t+\Delta t}\int\limits_{\Omega^P}\nabla\cdot\left(\Gamma_x\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\hat{i}+\Gamma_y\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\hat{j}\right)d\Omega\ dt$$

Governing Equation: Spatial Term

$$\int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t}\int\limits_{\Omega^{P}}\nabla\cdot(\boldsymbol{\Gamma}\cdot\nabla\phi)d\Omega\ dt=\int\limits_{t}^{t+\Delta t}\int\limits_{\Omega^{P}}\nabla\cdot\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\hat{\boldsymbol{i}}+\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\hat{\boldsymbol{j}}\right)d\Omega\ dt$$

$$=\int\limits_{t}^{t+\theta\Delta t}\int\limits_{\Omega^{P}}\nabla\cdot\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\hat{i}+\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\hat{j}\right)d\Omega\ dt+\int\limits_{t+\theta\Delta t}^{t+\Delta t}\int\limits_{\Omega^{P}}\nabla\cdot\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\hat{i}+\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\hat{j}\right)d\Omega\ dt$$

Governing Equation: Spatial Term

$$\int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \int_{\Omega^{P}} \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{\Gamma} \cdot \nabla \phi) d\Omega dt = \int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \int_{\Omega^{P}} \nabla \cdot \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \hat{j} \right) d\Omega dt$$

$$= \int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \int_{\Omega^{P}} \nabla \cdot \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \hat{j} \right) d\Omega dt + \int_{t+\theta\Delta t}^{t+\Delta t} \int_{\Omega^{P}} \nabla \cdot \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \hat{i} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \hat{j} \right) d\Omega dt$$

$$= \left[ \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{e}^{l} A_{xe} - \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{w}^{l} A_{xw} + \left( \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right)_{n}^{l} A_{yn} - \left( \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right)_{s}^{l} A_{ys} \right] \theta \Delta t + \left[ \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{e}^{l+1} A_{xe} - \left( \Gamma_{x} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_{w}^{l+1} A_{xw} + \left( \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right)_{n}^{l+1} A_{yn} - \left( \Gamma_{y} \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial y} \right)_{s}^{l+1} A_{ys} \right] (1 - \theta) \Delta t$$

**Governing Equation** 

In a uniform grid system, East Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{e}^{l} = \Gamma_{xe}\frac{\phi_{E}^{l} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta x} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{e}^{l+1} = \Gamma_{xe}\frac{\phi_{E}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \tag{3}$$

#### **Governing Equation**

In a uniform grid system,

East Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{e}^{l} = \Gamma_{xe}\frac{\phi_{E}^{l} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta x} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{e}^{l+1} = \Gamma_{xe}\frac{\phi_{E}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \tag{3}$$

West Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x}\right)_w^l = \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_W^l}{\Delta x} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x}\right)_w^{l+1} = \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \tag{4}$$

#### **Governing Equation**

In a uniform grid system,

East Face:

$$\left( \Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_e^l = \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta x} \quad \text{and} \quad \left( \Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_e^{l+1} = \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \qquad (3$$

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North Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{n}^{l} = \Gamma_{yn}\frac{\phi_{N}^{l} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta y} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{n}^{l+1} = \Gamma_{yn}\frac{\phi_{N}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l+1}}{\Delta y} \tag{5}$$

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### Discretization

**Governing Equation** 

In a uniform grid system,

East Face:

$$\left( \Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_e^l = \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta x} \quad \text{and} \quad \left( \Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x} \right)_e^{l+1} = \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta x}$$
 (3)

West Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x}\right)_w^l = \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_W^l}{\Delta x} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_x \frac{\partial \phi}{\partial x}\right)_w^{l+1} = \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \quad (4)$$

North Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{n}^{l} = \Gamma_{yn}\frac{\phi_{N}^{l} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta y} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{n}^{l+1} = \Gamma_{yn}\frac{\phi_{N}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l+1}}{\Delta y} \tag{5}$$

South Face:

$$\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)^{l} = \Gamma_{ys}\frac{\phi_{P}^{l} - \phi_{S}^{l}}{\Delta y} \quad \text{and} \quad \left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)^{l+1} = \Gamma_{ys}\frac{\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{S}^{l+1}}{\Delta y} \tag{6}$$

In a uniform grid system,

$$A_{xe} = A_{xw} = \Delta y$$

$$A_{yn} = A_{ys} = \Delta x$$
(7)

In a uniform grid system,

$$A_{xe} = A_{xw} = \Delta y$$

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(7)

Source Term:

$$\int_{t}^{t+\Delta t} \int_{\Omega^{P}} S_{\phi}(x,y) d\Omega \ dt = \left[\theta S_{\phi}^{l}(x_{P}, y_{P}) + (1-\theta) S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_{P}, y_{P})\right] \Delta x \Delta y \Delta t$$
 (8)

Compact Form of the equation can be written as.

$$\begin{split} &\Lambda_{\phi}(\phi_{P}^{l+1}-\phi_{P}^{l})\Delta x\Delta y\\ &=\left[\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{e}^{l}A_{xe}-\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{w}^{l}A_{xw}\right]\theta\Delta t\\ &+\left[\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{n}^{l}A_{yn}-\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{s}^{l}A_{ys}\right]\theta\Delta t\\ &+\left[\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{e}^{l+1}A_{xe}-\left(\Gamma_{x}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial x}\right)_{w}^{l+1}A_{xw}\right](1-\theta)\Delta t\\ &+\left[\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{n}^{l+1}A_{yn}-\left(\Gamma_{y}\frac{\partial\phi}{\partial y}\right)_{s}^{l+1}A_{ys}\right](1-\theta)\Delta t\\ &+\left[\theta S_{\phi}^{l}(x_{P},y_{P})+(1-\theta)S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_{P},y_{P})\right]\Delta x\Delta y\Delta t \end{split}$$

**Governing Equation** 

Compact Form of the equation can be written as,

$$\begin{split} &\Lambda_{\phi}(\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_P^l) \Delta x \Delta y \\ &= \left[ \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta x} A_{xe} - \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_W^l}{\Delta x} A_{xw} \right] \theta \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \Gamma_{yn} \frac{\phi_N^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta y} A_{yn} - \Gamma_{ys} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_S^l}{\Delta y} A_{ys} \right] \theta \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta x} A_{xe} - \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x} A_{xw} \right] (1 - \theta) \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \Gamma_{yn} \frac{\phi_N^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta y} A_{yn} - \Gamma_{ys} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_S^{l+1}}{\Delta y} A_{ys} \right] (1 - \theta) \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \theta S_{\phi}^l(x_P, y_P) + (1 - \theta) S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_P, y_P) \right] \Delta x \Delta y \Delta t \end{split}$$

Compact Form of the equation can be written as.

$$\begin{split} &\Lambda_{\phi}(\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_P^l) \Delta x \Delta y \\ &= \left[ \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta x} \Delta y - \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_W^l}{\Delta x} \Delta y \right] \theta \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \Gamma_{yn} \frac{\phi_N^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta y} \Delta x - \Gamma_{ys} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_S^l}{\Delta y} \Delta x \right] \theta \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \Delta y - \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x} \Delta y \right] (1 - \theta) \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \Gamma_{yn} \frac{\phi_N^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta y} \Delta x - \Gamma_{ys} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_S^{l+1}}{\Delta y} \Delta x \right] (1 - \theta) \Delta t \\ &+ \left[ \theta S_{\phi}^l(x_P, y_P) + (1 - \theta) S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_P, y_P) \right] \Delta x \Delta y \Delta t \end{split}$$

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Compact Form of the equation can be written as,

$$\begin{split} &\Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_P^l}{\Delta t} \\ &= \theta \left[ \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta x^2} - \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_W^l}{\Delta x^2} \right] \\ &+ \theta \left[ \Gamma_{yn} \frac{\phi_N^l - \phi_P^l}{\Delta y^2} - \Gamma_{ys} \frac{\phi_P^l - \phi_S^l}{\Delta y^2} \right] \\ &+ (1 - \theta) \left[ \Gamma_{xe} \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta x^2} - \Gamma_{xw} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x^2} \right] \\ &+ (1 - \theta) \left[ \Gamma_{yn} \frac{\phi_N^{l+1} - \phi_P^{l+1}}{\Delta y^2} - \Gamma_{ys} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_S^{l+1}}{\Delta y^2} \right] \\ &+ \left[ \theta S_{\phi}^l(x_P, y_P) + (1 - \theta) S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_P, y_P) \right] \end{split}$$

Compact Form of the equation can be written as,

$$\begin{split} & \Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta t} \\ &= \theta \left[ \Gamma_{x} \frac{\phi_{E}^{l} - 2\phi_{P}^{l} + \phi_{W}^{l}}{\Delta x^{2}} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\phi_{N}^{l} - 2\phi_{P}^{l} + \phi_{S}^{l}}{\Delta y^{2}} \right] \\ &+ (1 - \theta) \left[ \Gamma_{x} \frac{\phi_{E}^{l+1} - 2\phi_{P}^{l+1} + \phi_{W}^{l+1}}{\Delta x^{2}} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\phi_{N}^{l+1} - 2\phi_{P}^{l+1} + \phi_{S}^{l+1}}{\Delta y^{2}} \right] \\ &+ \left[ \theta S_{\phi}^{l}(x_{P}, y_{P}) + (1 - \theta) S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_{P}, y_{P}) \right] \end{split}$$

With 
$$\Gamma_{xe} = \Gamma_{xw} = \Gamma_x$$
,  $\Gamma_{yn} = \Gamma_{ys} = \Gamma_y$ 

### $\theta$ -Schemes

### Explicit Scheme ( $\theta = 1$ )

$$\Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta t} = \Gamma_{x} \frac{\phi_{E}^{l} - 2\phi_{P}^{l} + \phi_{W}^{l}}{\Delta x^{2}} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\phi_{N}^{l} - 2\phi_{P}^{l} + \phi_{S}^{l}}{\Delta y^{2}} + S_{\phi}^{l}(x_{P}, y_{P})$$

### $\theta$ -Schemes

### Explicit Scheme ( $\theta = 1$ )

$$\Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\phi_{P}^{l+1} - \phi_{P}^{l}}{\Delta t} = \Gamma_{x} \frac{\phi_{E}^{l} - 2\phi_{P}^{l} + \phi_{W}^{l}}{\Delta x^{2}} + \Gamma_{y} \frac{\phi_{N}^{l} - 2\phi_{P}^{l} + \phi_{S}^{l}}{\Delta y^{2}} + S_{\phi}^{l}(x_{P}, y_{P})$$

### Implicit Scheme ( $\theta = 0$ )

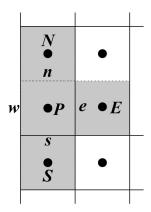
$$\Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_P^l}{\Delta t} = \Gamma_x \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - 2\phi_P^{l+1} + \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x^2} + \Gamma_y \frac{\phi_N^{l+1} - 2\phi_P^{l+1} + \phi_S^{l+1}}{\Delta y^2} + S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_P, y_P)$$

### $\theta$ -Schemes

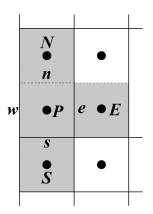
### Crank-Nicolson Scheme $(\theta = \frac{1}{2})$

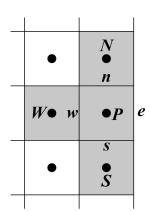
$$\begin{split} 2\Lambda_{\phi} \frac{\phi_P^{l+1} - \phi_P^l}{\Delta t} &= \Gamma_x \frac{\phi_E^l - 2\phi_P^l + \phi_W^l}{\Delta x^2} + \Gamma_y \frac{\phi_N^l - 2\phi_P^l + \phi_S^l}{\Delta y^2} \\ &+ \Gamma_x \frac{\phi_E^{l+1} - 2\phi_P^{l+1} + \phi_W^{l+1}}{\Delta x^2} + \Gamma_y \frac{\phi_N^{l+1} - 2\phi_P^{l+1} + \phi_S^{l+1}}{\Delta y^2} \\ &+ S_{\phi}^l(x_P, y_P) + S_{\phi}^{l+1}(x_P, y_P) \end{split}$$

### Boundary Conditions Left and Right Boundary

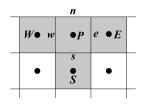


### Boundary Conditions Left and Right Boundary

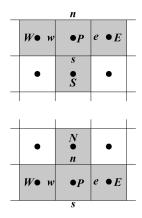




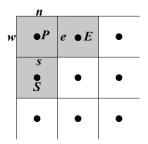
### Boundary Conditions Top and Bottom Boundary



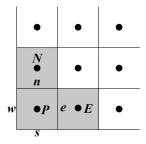
# Boundary Conditions Top and Bottom Boundary

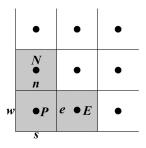


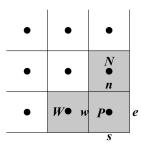
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### Thank You

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#### References

Versteeg, H. and Malalasekra, W. (2008). An Introduction to Computational Fluid Dynamics: The Finite Volume Method. Pearson, New Delhi.

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