

## Code of Linear Regression:

2230113, 2230286, 2230092 (GR-2)

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.metrics import (mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score,
                             confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, precision_score, recall_score, f1_score)

df = pd.read_csv("Delhi_temp.csv")

if 'time' in df.columns:
    df['time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['time'])
    df = df.sort_values('time')
    df['Day'] = (df['time'] - df['time'].min()).dt.days
else:
    print("Column 'time' not found. Using row index as 'Day'.")
    df['Day'] = range(len(df))

if 'temperature_2m_max' not in df.columns:
    raise KeyError("Column 'temperature_2m_max' not found in the CSV file")

X = df[['Day']]
y = df['temperature_2m_max']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

lr_model = LinearRegression()
lr_model.fit(X_train, y_train)

y_pred = lr_model.predict(X_test)

mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)

print("Linear Regression Performance (Regression Metrics):")
print("Mean Absolute Error (MAE):", mae)
print("Mean Squared Error (MSE):", mse)
print("Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE):", rmse)
print("R² Score (Regression Accuracy):", r2)

threshold = np.median(y_test)
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y_test_class = (y_test > threshold).astype(int)
y_pred_class = (y_pred > threshold).astype(int)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test_class, y_pred_class)
acc = accuracy_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class)
prec = precision_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class, zero_division=0)
rec = recall_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class, zero_division=0)
f1 = f1_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class, zero_division=0)

print("\nClassification Metrics:")
print("Accuracy:", acc)
print("Precision:", prec)
print("Recall:", rec)
print("F1 Score:", f1)

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues',
            xticklabels=['Low', 'High'], yticklabels=['Low', 'High'])
plt.xlabel("Predicted Class")
plt.ylabel("Actual Class")
plt.title("Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

Result:

**Linear Regression Performance (Regression Metrics):**

**Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 6.338558247813267**

**Mean Squared Error (MSE): 5.7667456573732004**

**Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 7.593909176026008**

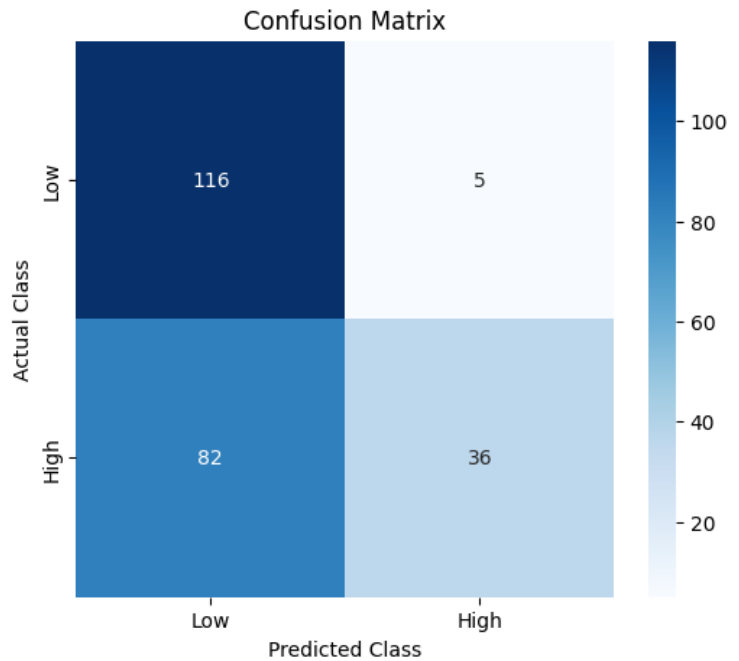
**R<sup>2</sup> Score (Regression Accuracy): 0.017174454180048704**

Classification Metrics (Based on Binarized Predictions):

**Accuracy: 0.6359832635983264**

**Precision: 0.8780487804878049**

**Recall: 0.3050847457627119**  
**F1 Score: 0.45283018867924535**



### Code of LSTM Regression:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
from sklearn.metrics import (mean_absolute_error, mean_squared_error, r2_score,
                             confusion_matrix, accuracy_score, precision_score,
                             recall_score, f1_score)
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import LSTM, Dense

df = pd.read_csv("Delhi_temp.csv")

if 'time' in df.columns:
    df['time'] = pd.to_datetime(df['time'])
    df = df.sort_values('time')
else:
    print("Column 'time' not found. Proceeding without date-based sorting.")

if 'temperature_2m_max' not in df.columns:
    raise KeyError("Column 'temperature_2m_max' not found in the CSV file")

data = df[['temperature_2m_max']].values

scaler = MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 1))
scaled_data = scaler.fit_transform(data)

def create_sequences(data, seq_length):
    X, y = [], []
    for i in range(len(data) - seq_length):
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X.append(data[i:i+seq_length])
y.append(data[i+seq_length])
return np.array(X), np.array(y)

seq_length = 3
X_lstm, y_lstm = create_sequences(scaled_data, seq_length)

train_size = int(len(X_lstm) * 0.8)
X_train, X_test = X_lstm[:train_size], X_lstm[train_size:]
y_train, y_test = y_lstm[:train_size], y_lstm[train_size:]

model = Sequential()
model.add(LSTM(50, activation='relu', input_shape=(seq_length, 1)))
model.add(Dense(1))
model.compile(optimizer='adam', loss='mean_squared_error')

model.fit(X_train, y_train, epochs=20, batch_size=16, verbose=1)

y_pred_scaled = model.predict(X_test)

y_pred = scaler.inverse_transform(y_pred_scaled)
y_test_inv = scaler.inverse_transform(y_test)

mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test_inv, y_pred)
mse = mean_squared_error(y_test_inv, y_pred)
rmse = np.sqrt(mse)
r2 = r2_score(y_test_inv, y_pred)

print("LSTM Regression Performance:")
print("Mean Absolute Error (MAE):", mae)
print("Mean Squared Error (MSE):", mse)
print("Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE):", rmse)
print("R2 Score:", r2)

threshold = np.median(y_test_inv)
y_test_class = (y_test_inv > threshold).astype(int)
y_pred_class = (y_pred > threshold).astype(int)

cm = confusion_matrix(y_test_class, y_pred_class)
acc = accuracy_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class)
prec = precision_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class, zero_division=0)
rec = recall_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class, zero_division=0)
f1 = f1_score(y_test_class, y_pred_class, zero_division=0)

print("\nLSTM Classification Metrics:")
print("Accuracy:", acc)

```

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print("Precision:", prec)
print("Recall:", rec)
print("F1 Score:", f1)

plt.figure(figsize=(6, 5))
sns.heatmap(cm, annot=True, fmt='d', cmap='Blues', xticklabels=['Low', 'High'],
yticklabels=['Low', 'High'])
plt.xlabel("Predicted Class")
plt.ylabel("Actual Class")
plt.title("LSTM Confusion Matrix")
plt.show()

```

## Result:

LSTM Regression Performance:

**Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 1.3331013559293345**

**Mean Squared Error (MSE): 3.36005709467741**

**Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 1.8330458517662374**

**R<sup>2</sup> Score: 0.9603695950794969**

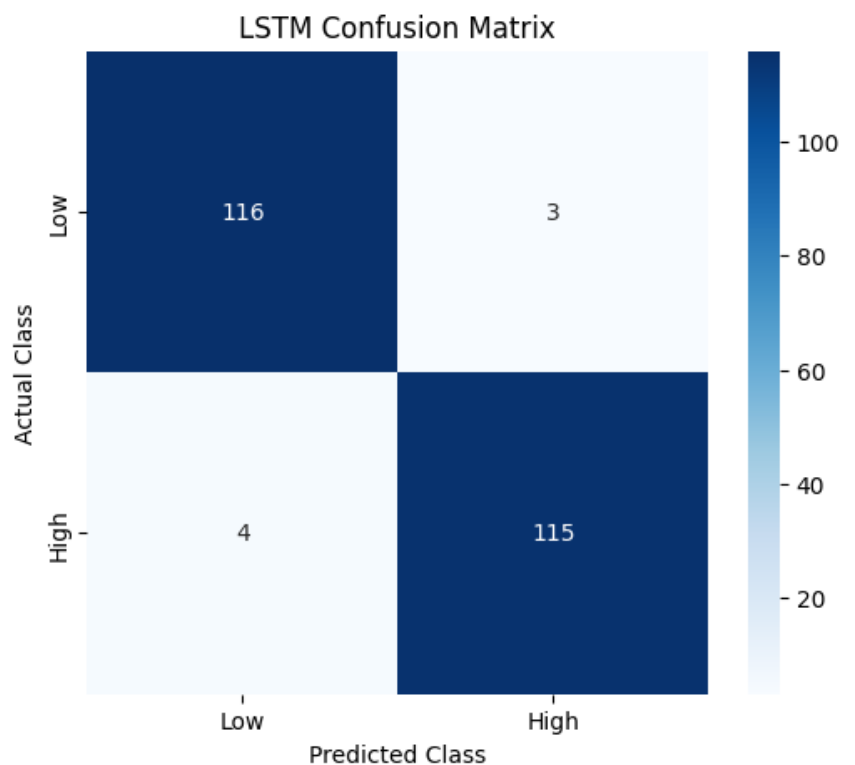
LSTM Classification Metrics:

**Accuracy: 0.9705882352941176**

**Precision: 0.9745762711864406**

**Recall: 0.9663865546218487**

**F1 Score: 0.970464135021097**



Model	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R <sup>2</sup> Score	Accuracy	Precision	F1 Score
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LR	6.33	5.7	7.7	10.0	63	87	45
LSTM	1.33	3.3	1.8	96.0	97.0	97.4	97.0

### **Conclusion:**

The Linear Regression model shows significantly inferior performance with high error rates and poor variance explanation. With MAE of 6.33, RMSE of 7.7, and an  $R^2$  score of only 10.0, its predictions are imprecise. The classification metrics, although showing a high precision (87%), suffer from low overall accuracy (63%) and F1 score (45%). In contrast, the LSTM model excels with a MAE of 1.33, RMSE of 1.8, and an impressive  $R^2$  score of 96.0, indicating near-perfect regression performance. Its classification metrics are outstanding, achieving 97% accuracy, 97.4% precision, and 97% F1 score, making it the superior model in this analysis. So that LSTM model is better than LR model.