# <u>PHASE – 5</u> Apex Programming (Developer)

In this phase of my project, I mainly focused on integrating Salesforce custom objects with Apex logic and ensuring that the deployment process worked correctly.

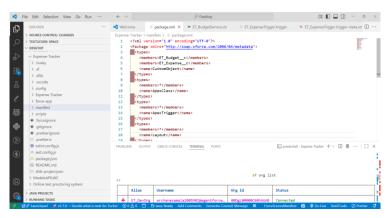
#### **Create a new SFDX project:**

sfdx force:project:create -n Expense-Tracker

cd Expense-Tracker

## Authorize your Dev Org (this opens the browser to login). Use a short alias:

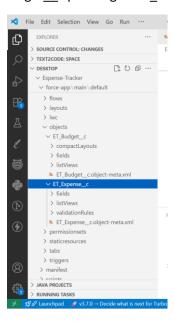
sfdx auth:web:login -a ET\_DevOrg



#### 1. Verification of Objects and Fields

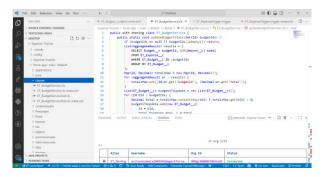
First, I verified that the required custom objects and fields existed in my Salesforce Developer Org.

- The main objects used were ET\_Budget\_\_c and ET\_Expense\_\_c.
- On ET\_Budget\_\_c, I ensured that fields like Threshold\_Amount\_\_c and Total\_Expenses\_Apex\_\_c were created.
- On ET\_Expense\_\_c, I checked for fields such as Amount\_\_c, Expense\_Date\_\_c, Category\_\_c, and the lookup relationship Budget\_\_c pointing to ET\_Budget\_\_c.



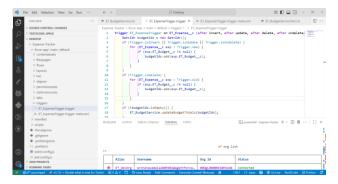
## 2. Development of Apex Class

I created a service class called **ET\_BudgetService.cls**. This class ensures that the budget always reflects the correct total expenses.



# 3. Creation of Trigger

I created a trigger called **ET\_ExpenseTrigger.trigger** on the ET\_Expense\_\_c object. This trigger is the connector between expenses and budgets.

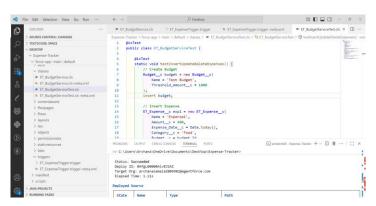


## 4. Writing Test Class

I developed a test class named **ET\_BudgetServiceTest.cls**.

- In the test class, I created test data for budgets and expenses.
- I tested different scenarios like inserting an expense, updating an expense amount, adding multiple expenses, and deleting an expense.
- After each operation, I used SOQL queries to fetch the budget and validated the total using System.assertEquals().

This test class ensures proper code coverage and validates that the trigger and service class logic works correctly.



#### **5. Deployment Process**

Deployment was done using the Salesforce CLI (sf project deploy).

The steps I followed were:

- 1. Deploy custom objects (ET\_Budget\_\_c and ET\_Expense\_\_c).
- 2. Deploy Apex classes (ET\_BudgetService and ET\_BudgetServiceTest).
- 3. Deploy **triggers** (ET\_ExpenseTrigger).
- 4. Finally, run the **Apex tests** to confirm successful execution and coverage.

I have deployed my custom objects, apex classes and triggers using the commands as follows:

- sf project deploy start --metadata CustomObject:ET\_Budget\_\_c --target-org ET\_DevOrg
- sf project deploy start --metadata CustomObject:ET\_Expense\_\_c --target-org ET\_DevOrg
- sf project deploy start --source-dir force-app/main/default/classes --target-org ET\_DevOrg
- sf project deploy start --source-dir force-app/main/default/triggers --target-org ET\_DevOrg

#### 6. Outcome of Phase-5

By the end of this phase, I was able to:

- Successfully deploy objects, Apex classes, and triggers into my Salesforce org.
- Ensure that budgets correctly reflect total expenses in real-time.
- Gain hands-on experience in debugging deployment errors and fixing metadata issues.

This phase was a major milestone because it connected all the previous setups into a working, automated process inside Salesforce.