Lab Experiment: 11

Subject: Data Structures Lab

Objective:

To implement a graph traversal technique (Breadth-First Search or Depth-First Search) in C. This program will involve creating a graph using adjacency matrices and performing traversal on it.

Problem Statement:

for (int i = 0; i < numVertices; i++) {

Write a C program to implement graph traversal using Breadth-First Search (BFS) or Depth-First Search (DFS).

- 1. The program should allow the user to input the number of vertices and edges in the graph.
- 2. The adjacency matrix should be created based on the input.
- 3. Perform BFS or DFS starting from a user-defined source vertex and display the traversal order.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>

#define MAX_VERTICES 50

// Function to perform DFS traversal void DFS(int graph[MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES], int visited[], int vertex, int numVertices) {
    // Mark the current vertex as visited
    visited[vertex] = 1;    printf("%d ",
    vertex);

// Recur for all the vertices adjacent to this vertex
```

```
if (graph[vertex][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
      DFS(graph, visited, i, numVertices);
    }
  }
}
// Function to perform BFS traversal void BFS(int graph[MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES], int
visited[], int vertex, int numVertices) {    int queue[MAX_VERTICES], front = 0, rear = 0;
  // Mark the starting vertex as visited and enqueue it
visited[vertex] = 1; queue[rear++] = vertex;
  while (front != rear) {
    // Dequeue a vertex from the queue
int currentVertex = queue[front++];
    // Print the dequeued vertex
printf("%d ", currentVertex);
    // Enqueue all the adjacent vertices that are not visited
for (int i = 0; i < numVertices; i++) {
(graph[currentVertex][i] == 1 && !visited[i]) {
        visited[i] = 1;
queue[rear++] = i;
      }
    }
  }
}
int main() { int
graph[MAX_VERTICES][MAX_VERTICES] = {0}; int
numVertices, numEdges, choice, sourceVertex;
```

```
// Input the number of vertices and edges
printf("Enter the number of vertices: ");
scanf("%d", &numVertices); printf("Enter
the number of edges: "); scanf("%d",
&numEdges);
  // Input the edges of the graph printf("Enter the
edges (format: vertex1 vertex2):\n"); for (int i = 0; i <
numEdges; i++) {
    int u, v;
    scanf("%d %d", &u, &v); graph[u][v] = 1;
graph[v][u] = 1; // For undirected graph, add both directions
 }
  // Input the starting vertex for BFS/DFS
printf("Enter the source vertex: ");
scanf("%d", &sourceVertex);
  // Input choice for BFS or DFS
printf("Enter 1 for BFS or 2 for DFS: ");
scanf("%d", &choice);
  // Initialize visited array int
visited[MAX_VERTICES] = {0};
  printf("Traversal order: ");
if (choice == 1) {
    // Perform BFS
    BFS(graph, visited, sourceVertex, numVertices);
  } else if (choice == 2) {
    // Perform DFS
    DFS(graph, visited, sourceVertex, numVertices);
```

```
} else { printf("Invalid
choice.\n");
 }
 printf("\n");
return 0;
}
OUTPUT OF THE CODE
Enter the number of vertices: 5
Enter the number of edges: 4
 Enter the edges (format: vertex1 vertex2):
0 1
0 2
 1 3
2 4
3 5
 Enter the source vertex: Enter 1 for BFS or 2 for DFS: 2
Traversal order: 5
 === Code Execution Successful ===
Enter the number of vertices: 5
 Enter the number of edges: 4
Enter the edges (format: vertex1 vertex2):
0 1
0 2
1 3
2 4
Enter the source vertex: 0
Enter 1 for BFS or 2 for DFS: 1
Traversal order: 0 1 2 3 4
 === Code Execution Successful ===
```