AZURE DEVOPS ENVIRONMENT SETUP

Aim:

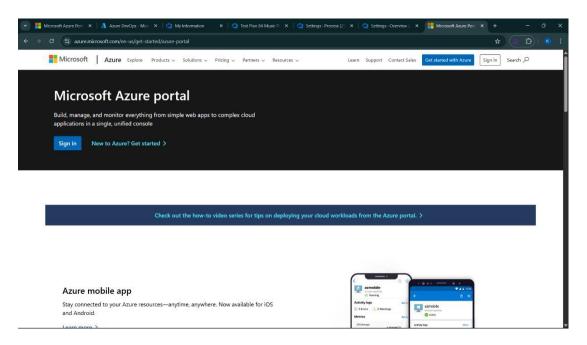
To set up and access the Azure DevOps environment by creating an organization through the Azure portal.

INSTALLATION

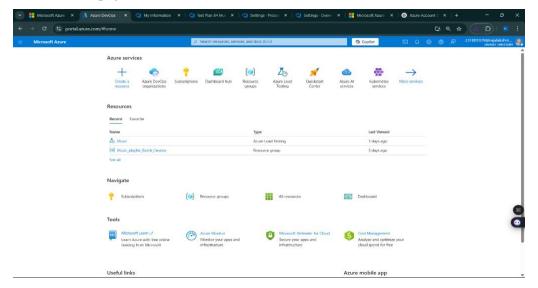
1. Open your web browser and go to the Azure website: https://azure.microsoft.com/en-us/get-started/azure-portal.

Sign in using your Microsoft account credentials.

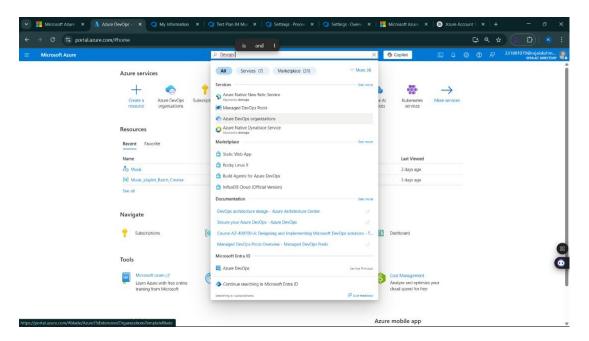
If you don't have a Microsoft account, you can create one here: https://signup.live.com/?lic=1



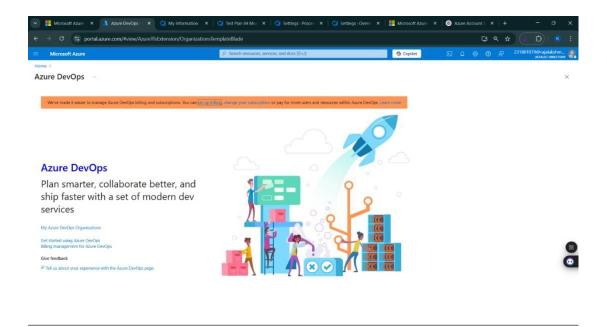
2. Azure home page



3. Open DevOps environment in the Azure platform by typing *Azure DevOps Organizations* in the search bar.



4. Click on the *My Azure DevOps Organization* link and create an organization and you should be taken to the Azure DevOps Organization Home page.



Result:

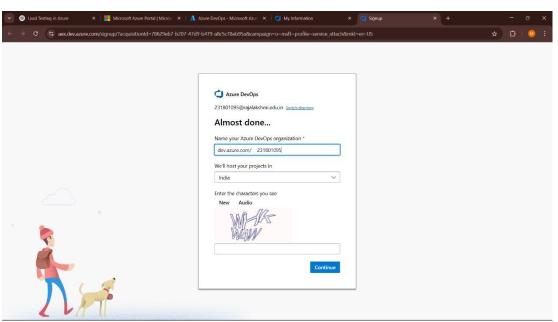
Successfully accessed the Azure DevOps environment and created a new organization through the Azure portal.

AZURE DEVOPS PROJECT SETUP AND USER STORY MANAGEMENT

Aim:

To set up an Azure DevOps project for efficient collaboration and agile work management.

1. Create An Azure Account



2. Create the First Project in Your Organization

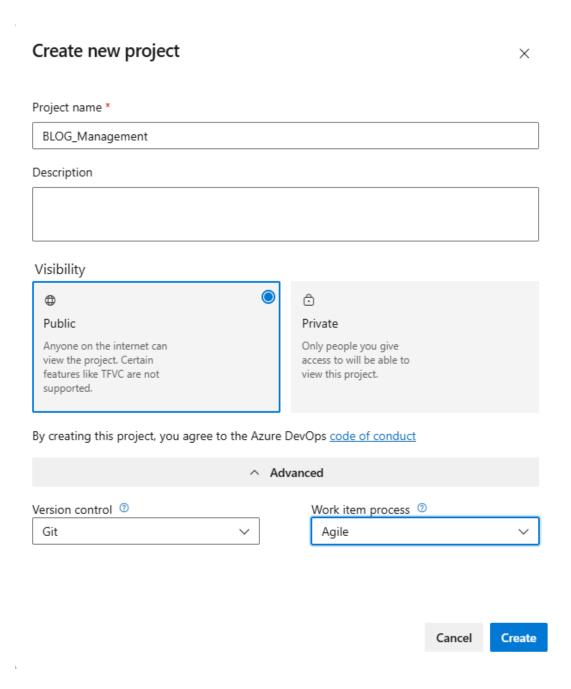
- a. After the organization is set up, you'll need to create your first **project**. This is where you'll begin to manage code, pipelines, work items, and more.
 - b. On the organization's **Home page**, click on the **New Project** button.
 - c. Enter the project name, description, and visibility options:

Name: Choose a name for the project (e.g., LMS).

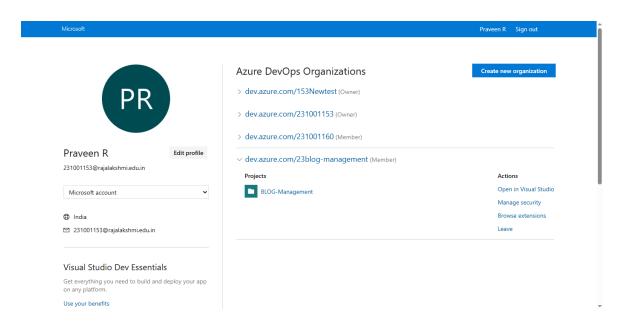
Description: Optionally, add a description to provide more context about the project.

Visibility: Choose whether you want the project to be **Private** (accessible only to those invited) or **Public** (accessible to anyone).

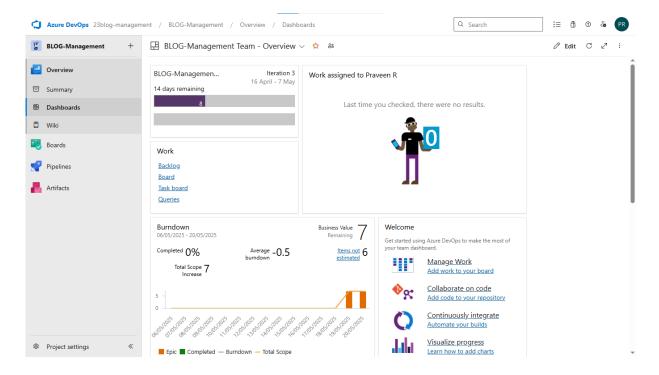
d. Once you've filled out the details, click **Create** to set up your first project.



3. Once logged in, ensure you are in the correct organization. If you're part of multiple organizations, you can switch between them from the top left corner (next to your user profile). Click on the Organization name, and you should be taken to the Azure DevOps Organization Home page.

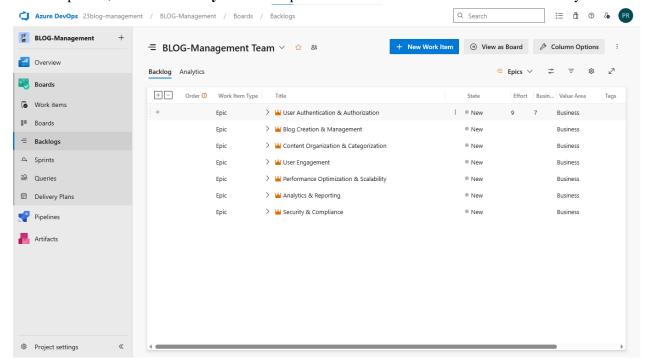


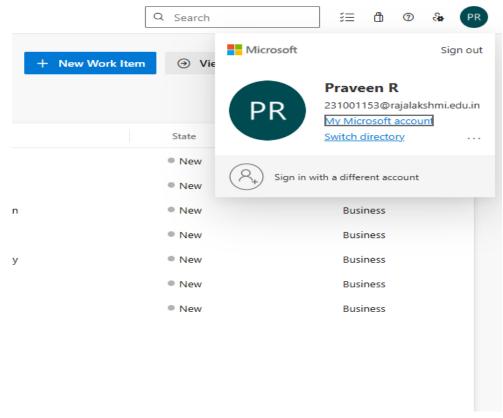
4. Project dashboard



5. To manage user stories:

- a. From the **left-hand navigation menu**, click on **Boards**. This will take you to the main **Boards** page, where you can manage work items, backlogs, and sprints.
- b. On the **work items** page, you'll see the option to **Add a work item** at the top. Alternatively, you can find a + button or **Add New Work Item** depending on the view you're in. From the **Add a work item** dropdown, select **User Story**. This will open a form to enter details for the new User Story.





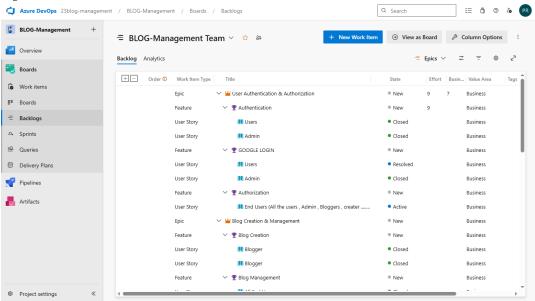
Result:	
Successfully created an Azure DevOps project with user story management and agile workflow	
setup.	
CS23432	

SETTING UP EPICS, FEATURES, AND USER STORIES FOR PROJECT PLANNING

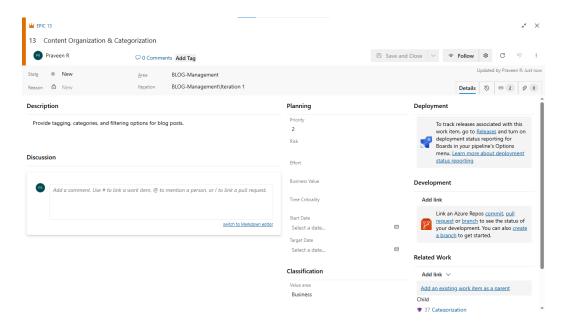
Aim:

To learn about how to create epics, user story, features, backlogs for your assigned project.

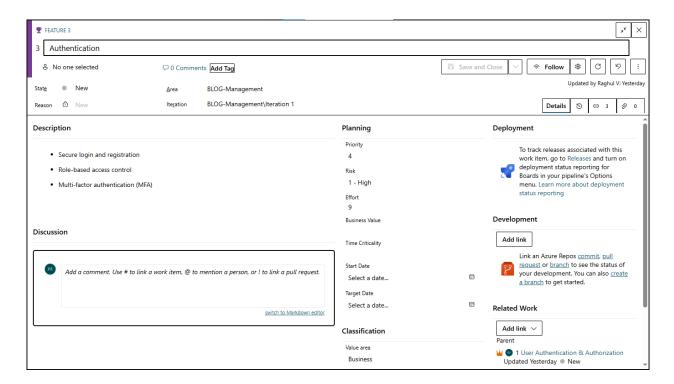
Create Epic, Features, User Stories, Task



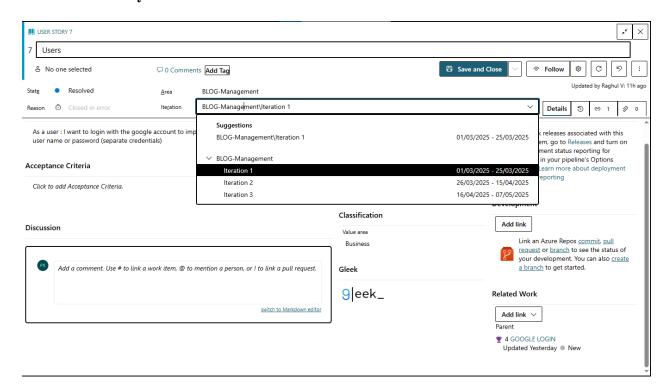
1. Fill in Epics



2. Fill in Features



3. Fill in User Story Details



Result: Thus, the creation of epics, features, user story and task has been created successfully.
Thus, the creation of epies, reatures, user story and task has been created successfully.
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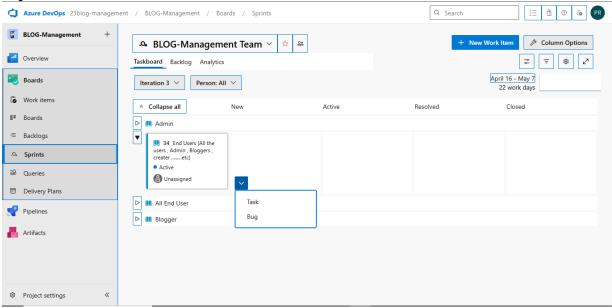
SPRINT PLANNING

Aim:

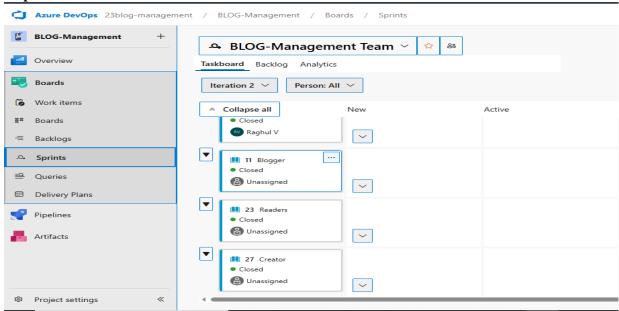
To assign user story to specific sprint for the BLOG-management team Creator Project.

Sprint Planning

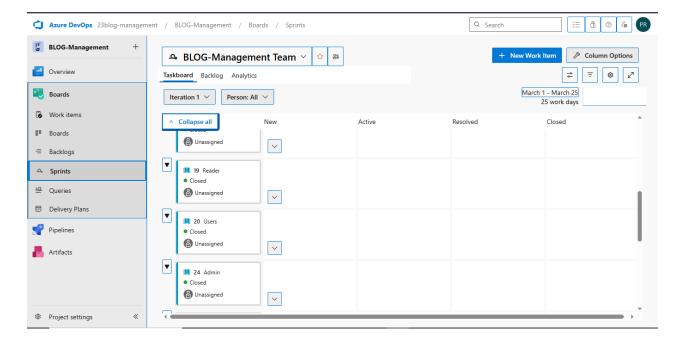
Sprint 1



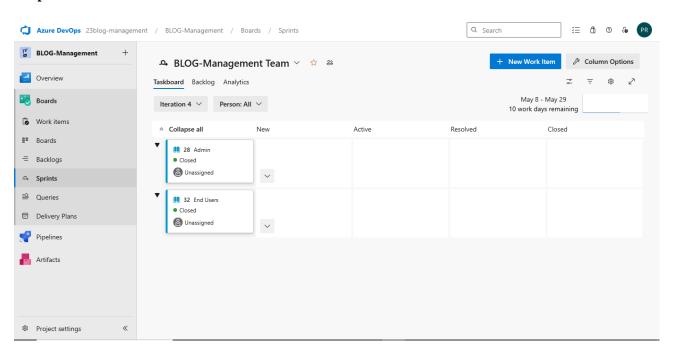
Sprint 2



Sprint 3



Sprint 4



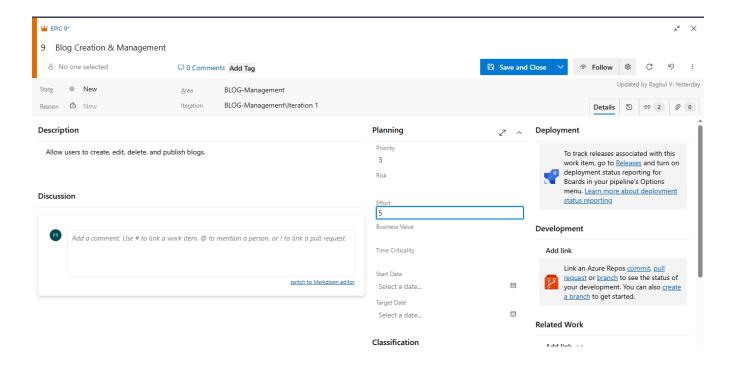
Result:	
The Sprints are created for the BLOG-management Team creator Project.	
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POKER ESTIMATION

Aim:

Create Poker Estimation for the user stories – BLOG-management System Project.

Poker Estimation



Result:

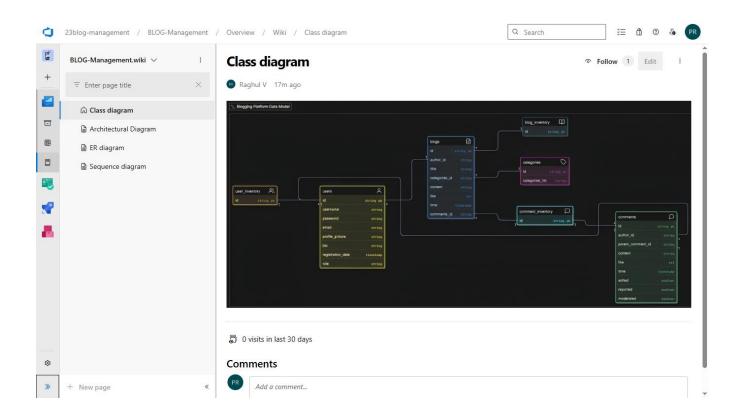
The Estimation/Story Points is created for the project using Poker Estimation.

DESIGNING CLASS AND SEQUENCE DIAGRAMS FOR PROJECT ARCHITECTURE

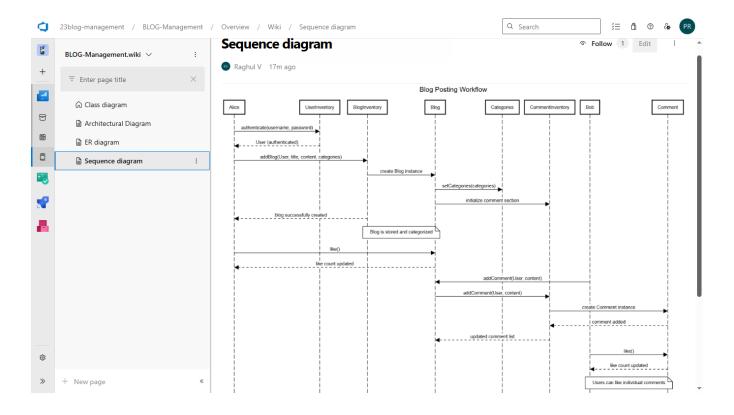
Aim:

To Design a Class Diagram and Sequence Diagram for the given Project.

6A. Class Diagram



6B. Sequence Diagram



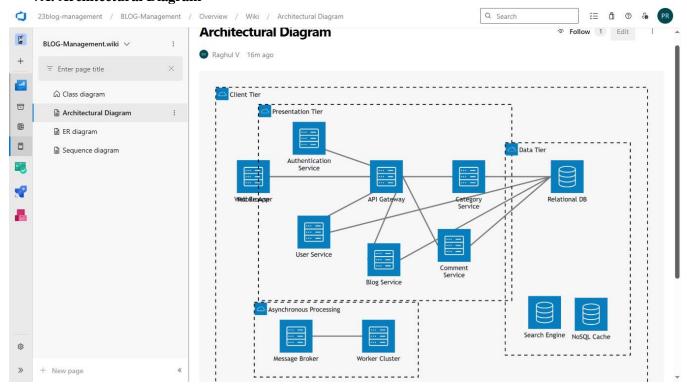
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Result:	
11050111	
	The Class Diagram and Sequence Diagram is designed Successfully for the BLOG management
	2 and a sequence 2 inglain is designed discountry for the DDOO management
	System.
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DESIGNING ARCHITECTURAL AND ER DIAGRAMS FOR PROJECT STRUCTURE

Aim:

To Design an Architectural Diagram and ER Diagram for the given Project.

7A. Architectural Diagram



7B.ER Diagram ∷ ∆ ② & PR 23blog-management / BLOG-Management / Overview / Wiki / ER diagram Q Search BLOG-Management.wiki ∨ User user_id string ₹ Enter page title string username ▤ string password Architectural Diagram string email ER diagram Sequence diagram Blog string blog_id PK title Category string string content string category_id like_count string name timestamp time FK string author_id

Res	sult:	
	The Ambitecture Diagram and ED Diagram is designed Successfully for the DI	OC management
	The Architecture Diagram and ER Diagram is designed Successfully for the BL	OG -management
	System.	
	•	
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TESTING – TEST PLANS AND TEST CASES

Aim:

Test Plans and Test Case and write two test cases for at least five user stories showcasing the happy path and error scenarios in azure DevOps platform.

Test Planning and Test Case Test Case Design Procedure

1. Understand Core Features of the Application

- User Signup & Login
- Viewing and Managing Playlists
- o Fetching Real-time Metadata
- Editing the Blog (Title, Content, Tags)
- Creating Smart Blog Filters Based on Categories

2. Define User Interactions

o Each test case simulates a real user behavior.

3. Design Happy Path Test Cases

- o Focused on validating that all features function as expected under normal conditions
- o Example: user logs in, creates a blog post, or filters blogs by category.

4. Design Error Path Test Cases

- o Simulate negative or unexpected scenarios to test robustness and error handling.
- Example: login fails with invalid credentials, blog creation fails with empty fields, no blogs found for selected category.

5. Break Down Steps and Expected Results

 Each test case includes clear steps and expected results to ensure accuracy for testers and automation in blog management.

6. Use Clear Naming and IDs

- o Test cases are named clearly.
- TC01 Successful Login, TC05 Blog Save Fails) to allow quick identification and linking to blog-related user stories or features.

7. Separate Test Suites

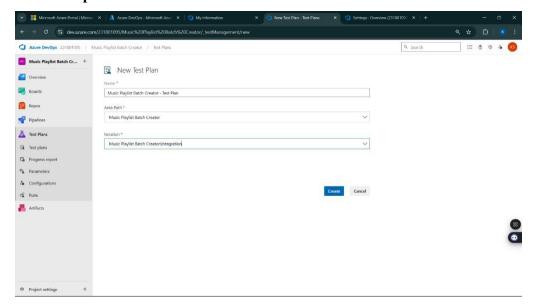
Test cases are grouped by functionality (e.g., Login, Blog Editing, Category Filtering) for better organization in blog management.

o Improves organization and test execution flow in Azure DevOps.

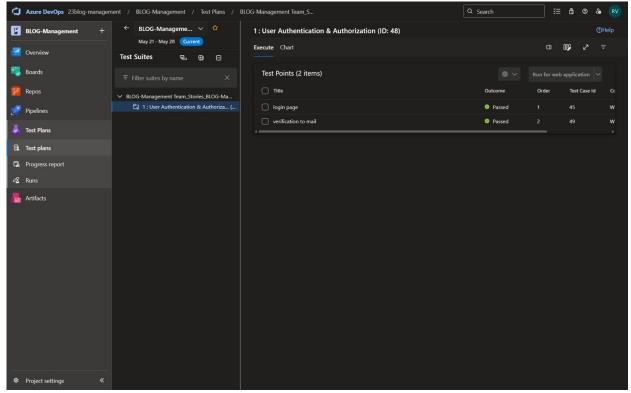
8. Prioritize and Review

- o Critical user actions are marked high-priority.
- o Reviewed for completeness and traceability against feature requirements.

1. New test plan



2. Test suite



3. Test case

Give two test cases for at least five user stories showcasing the happy path and error scenarios in azure DevOps platform.

Music Playlist Batch Creator – Test Plans

USER STORIES

- As a user, I want to sign up and log in securely so that I can access my playlists (ID: 79).
- As a user, I need to see my playlist in one place (ID: 76).
- As a user, I should be able to create an audio playlist as needed (ID: 73).
- As a user, I should be able to rename, record, and change the playlist (ID: 68).
- As a user, I need to have real-time metadata (ID: 65).

Test Suites

Test Suit: TS01 - User Login (ID: 86)

- 1. TC01 Successful Sign Up
 - o Action:
 - Go to the Sign-Up page.
 - Enter valid name, email, and password.
 - Click "Sign Up".
 - Expected Results:
 - Sign-Up form is displayed.
 - Fields accept values without error.
 - Account is created, and the user is redirected to the dashboard.
 - o **Type**: Happy Path

2. TC02 - Secure Login

- o Action:
 - Go to the Login page.
 - Enter valid email and password.
 - Click on "Login".
- Expected Results:
 - Login form is displayed.
 - Fields accept data without error.
 - User is logged in and redirected to the dashboard.
- o **Type:** Happy Path

3. TC03 – Sign Up with Existing Email

- o Action:
 - Go to the Sign-Up page.
 - Enter a name and an already registered email.
 - Click on "Sign Up".
- Expected Results:

- Fields accept data.
- Error message "Email already registered" is displayed.
- o **Type:** Error Path

4. TC04 – Login with Wrong Password

- o Action:
 - Go to the Login page.
 - Enter valid email and incorrect password.
 - Click on "Login".
- Expected Results:
 - Input is accepted.
 - Error message "Invalid username or password" is shown.
- o **Type:** Error Path

Test Suit: TS02 - View Playlists (ID: 87)

- 1. TC05 View Playlist Page
 - o Action:
 - Log in successfully.
 - Navigate to "Home page of Blog" section.
 - Expected Results:
 - All created playlists are displayed clearly.
 - Type: Happy Path
- 2. TC06 Home page Loading Failure
 - o Action:
 - Disconnect from the internet.
 - Navigate to "Home page".
 - Expected Results:
 - Network is offline.
 - Error message "Unable to load playlists" is shown.
 - o **Type:** Error Path

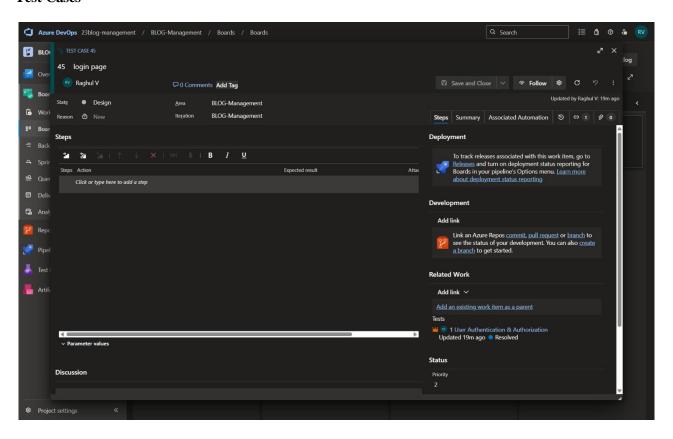
Test Suit: TS03 - Real-Time Metadata (ID: 88)

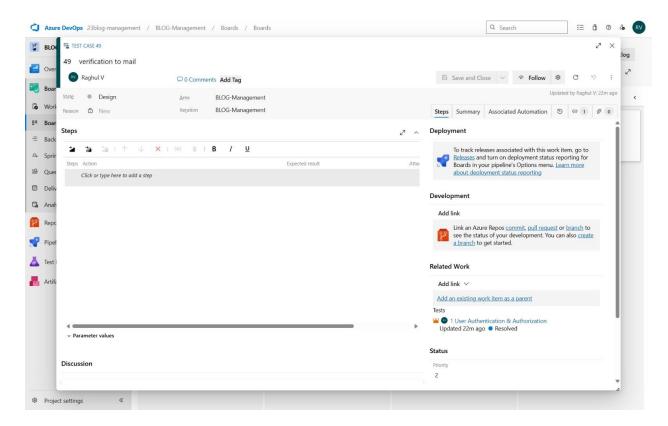
- 1. TC07 Real-Time Metadata Display
 - o Action:
 - Create blog.
 - Observe the metadata panel.
 - Expected Results:
 - Metadata is displayed and updates in real time.
 - o **Type:** Happy Path

2. TC08 - Metadata Not Updating

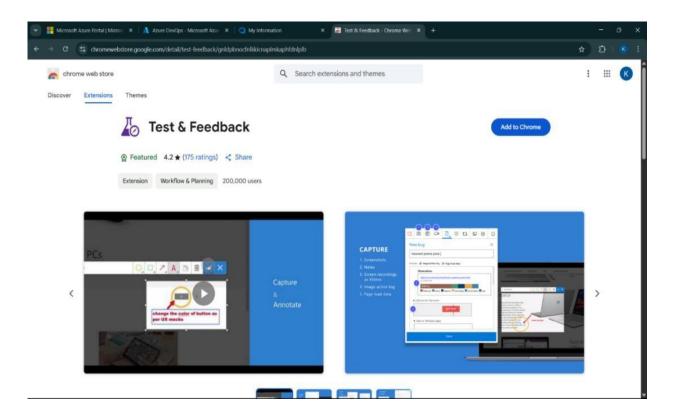
- Action:
 - Create a blog.
 - Observe the metadata panel.
- Expected Results:
 - Metadata remains static or shows default/fallback message.
- o **Type:** Error Path

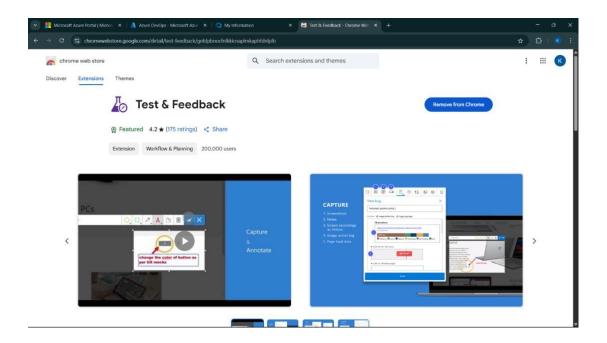
Test Cases



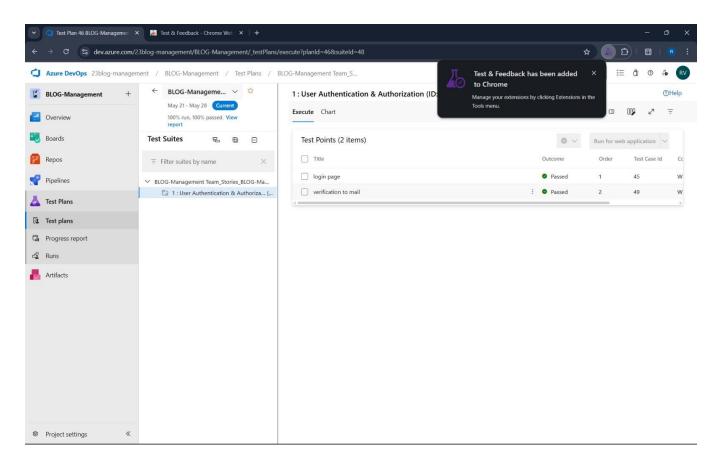


4. Installation of test

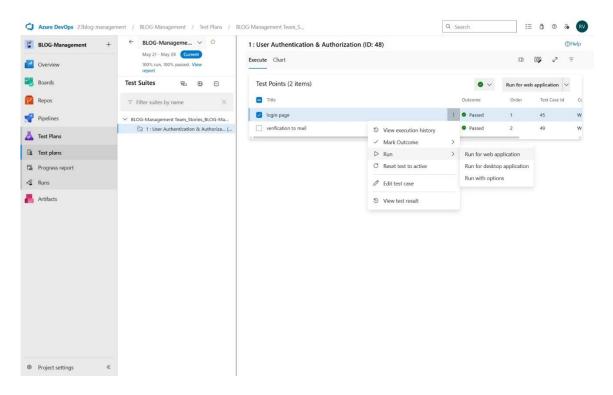


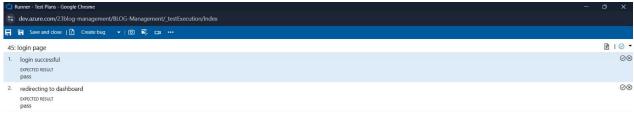


Test and feedback Showing it as an extension

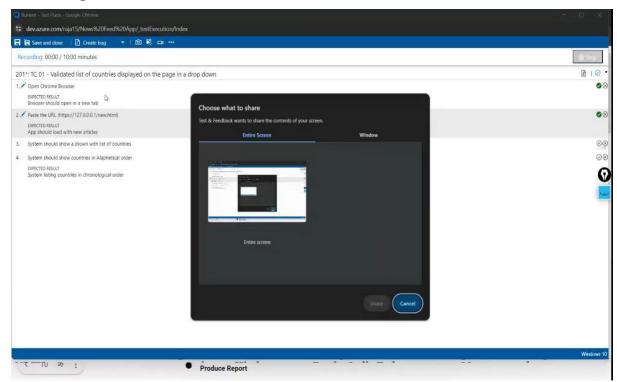


5.Running the test cases

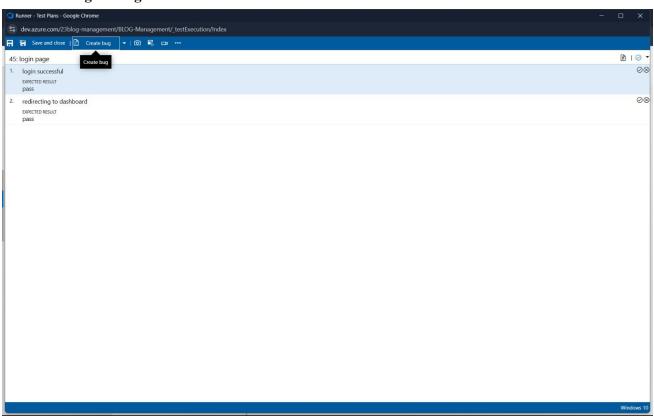


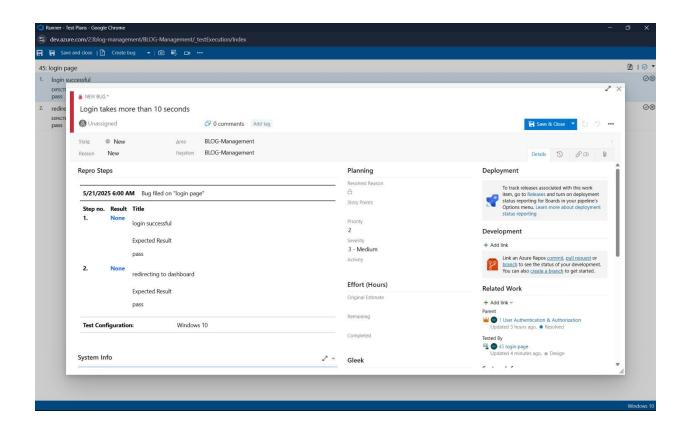


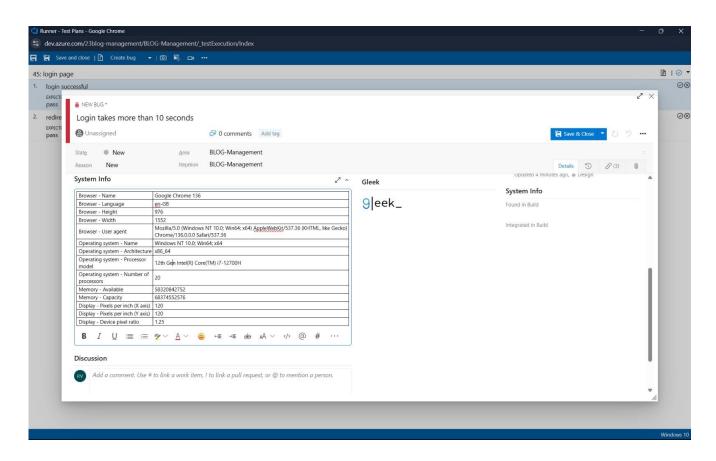
6. Recording the test case



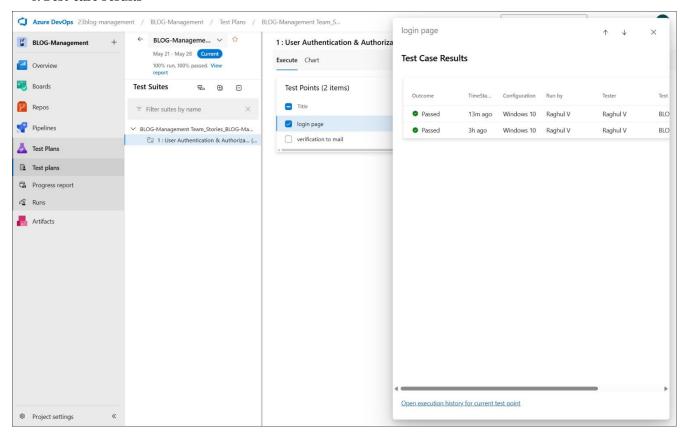
7. Creating the bug



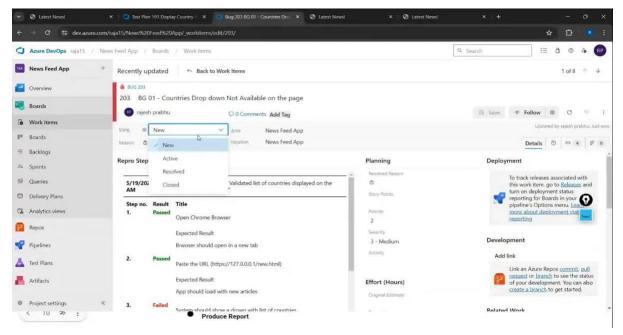




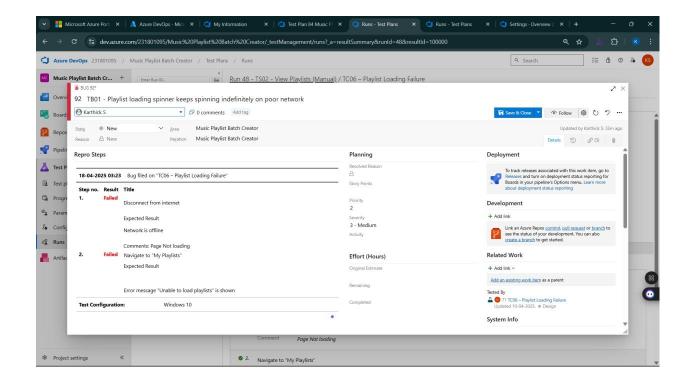
8. Test case results



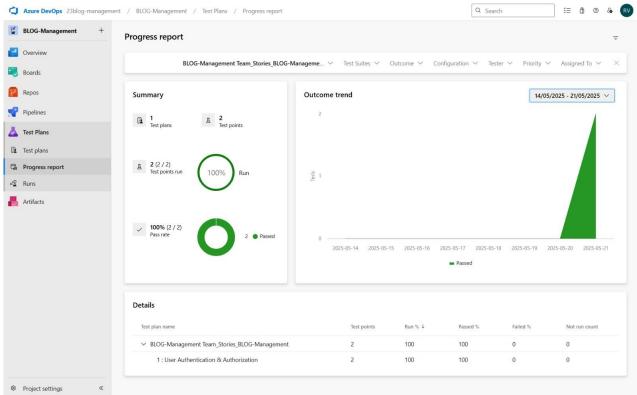
9. Test report summary



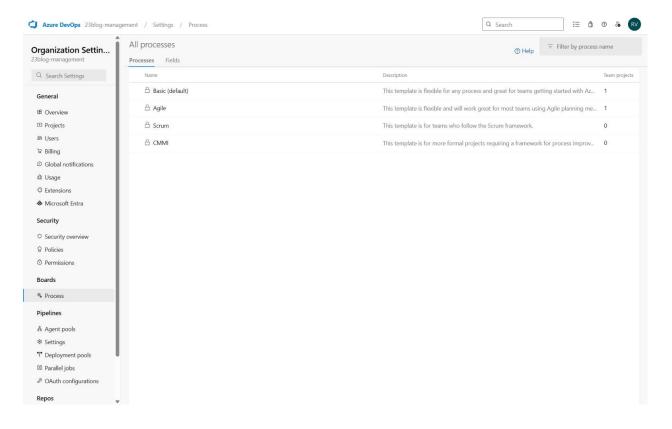
• Assigning bug to the developer and changing state

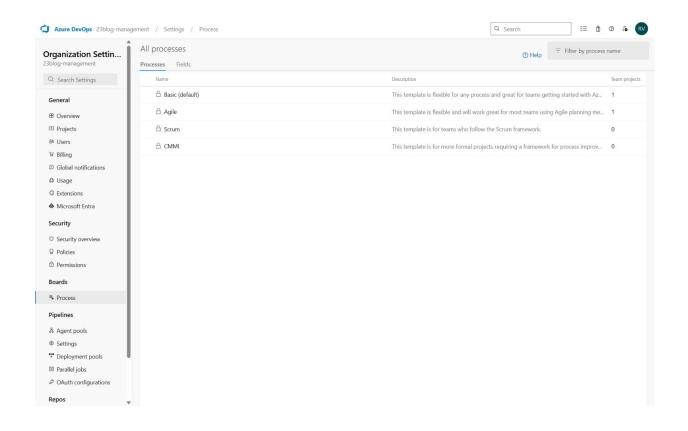


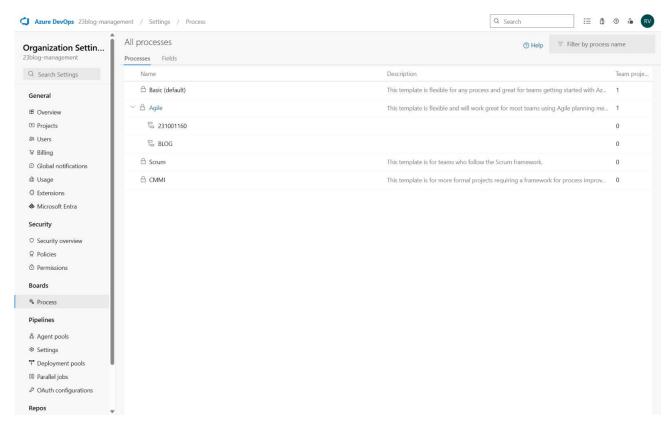
10. Progress report



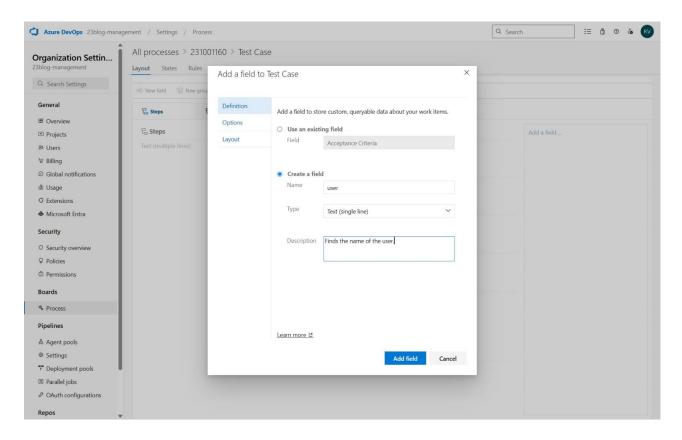
11. Changing the test template

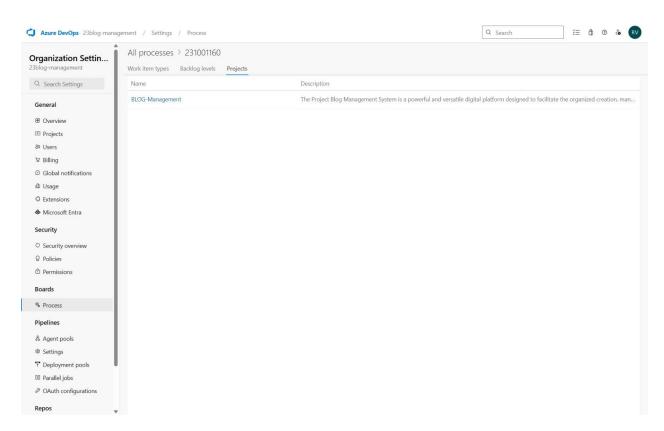


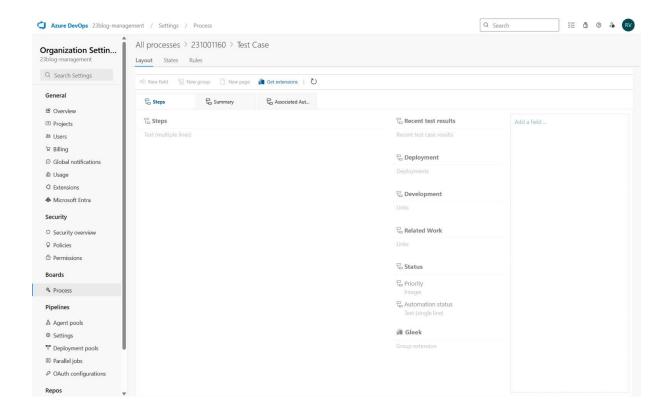




12. View the new test case template







Result:

The test plans and test cases for the user stories is created in Azure DevOps with Happy Path and Error Path

LOAD TESTING AND PERFORMANCE TESTING

Aim:

To create an Azure Load Testing resource and run a load test to evaluate the performance of a target endpoint.

Load Testing

Steps to Create an Azure Load Testing Resource:

Before you run your first test, you need to create the Azure Load Testing resource:

1. Sign in to Azure Portal

Go to https://portal.azure.com and log in.

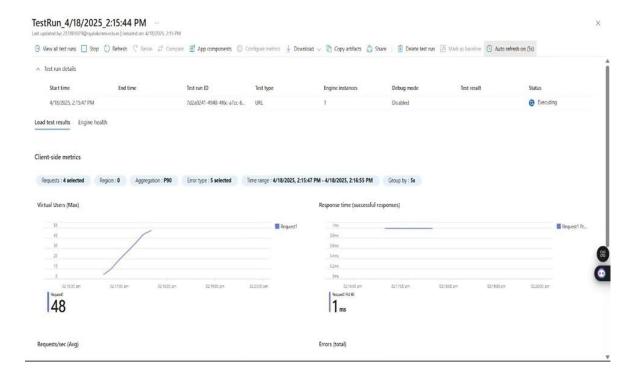
- 2. Create the Resource
 - o Go to Create a resource → Search for "Azure Load Testing".
 - Select Azure Load Testing and click Create.
- 3. Fill in the Configuration Details
 - o Subscription: Choose your Azure subscription.
 - o Resource Group: Create new or select an existing one.
 - o *Name:* Provide a unique name (no special characters).
 - o Location: Choose the region for hosting the resource.
- 4. (Optional) Configure tags for categorization and billing.
- 5. Click Review + Create, then Create.
- 6. Once deployment is complete, click Go to resource.

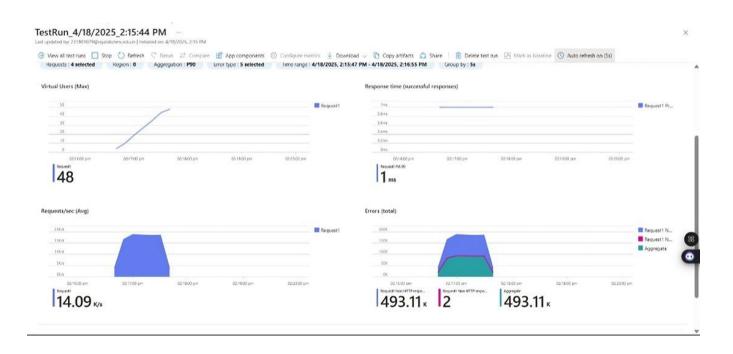
Steps to Create and Run a Load Test:

Once your resource is ready:

- 1. Go to your Azure Load Testing resource and click Add HTTP requests > Create.
- 2. Basics Tab
 - o Test Name: Provide a unique name.
 - o Description: (Optional) Add test purpose.
 - o Run After Creation: Keep checked.
- 3. Load Settings
 - o *Test URL*: Enter the target endpoint (e.g., https://yourapi.com/products).
- 4. Click Review + Create \rightarrow Create to start the test.

Load Testing







Result:

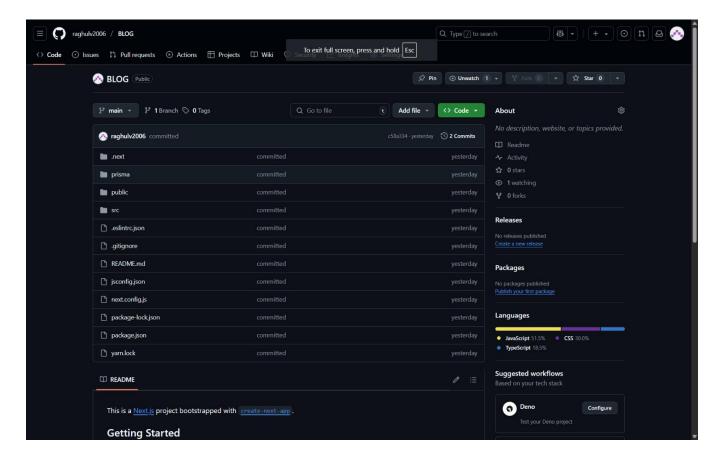
Successfully created the Azure Load Testing resource and executed a load test to assess the performance of the specified endpoint.

GITHUB: PROJECT STRUCTURE & NAMING CONVENTIONS

Aim:

To provide a clear and organized view of the project's folder structure and file naming conventions, helping contributors and users easily understand, navigate, and extend the Music BLOG-management project.

GitHub Project Structure



Result:

The GitHub repository clearly displays the organized project structure and consistent naming conventions, making it easy for users and contributors to understand and navigate the codebase.