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Assignment 07

https://github.com/SBNEIFFER/IntroToProg-Python-Mod07.git

Classes and Objects

Introduction

In this document, I will outline the steps I took to convert an existing Python program to use classes, objects, and properties to perform tasks. Much of the code for this script already existed, so I added code and edited existing portions. The result is a script that uses classes and objects to accomplish tasks.

Person Class

The first step I took in converting this script to classes and objects, was declaring a class called **Person**. I also added a constructor method and gave it the string attributes of **first_name**, **last_name**, and **course_name**. I then added **first_name** and **last_name** properties to the constructor and used double underscores to indicate that they're private attributes.

Next, I added a getter for the *first_name* property that returns the *first_name* with the first character capitalized. After this, I added a setter for the first_name that checks if the string value contains only letters. If it does or is blank, the *first_name* value is set, but a *ValueError* is raised if the string contains any numbers. I also a getter and setter for the *last_name* property using the same conditions.

Finally, I used the __str__ method to return a string containing the private *first_name*, and *last_name*, attributes from the *Person* class.

Inherited Student Class

I created a class called Student that inherits attributes from the original Person class. I then called the constructor and passed it the *first_name*, *last_name*, and *course_name* attributes using the *super* method. Then, I assigned the private *course_name* property using the *course_name* parameter.

My next step was to add a getter and setter for the *course_name* attribute. The getter returns the private *course_name* attribute with the first character capitalized, and the setter sets it to a string value.

I then used the __str__ method to return the *first_name*, *last_name*, and *course_name* attributes from the *Student* class.

Reading From JSON File

The next step I took was changing where the JSON file data loads. I switched in from the student_data dictionary to the list of dictionary objects called list_of_dictionary_data. Then I used a For Loop to create student objects called student_object from the loaded JSON data and assigned them the Student attributes. Finally, I appended the student_object dictionaries to the student_data list. This conversion was done because JSON doesn't work with objects directly.

Writing to JSON File

In this function, I passed the student objects in **student_data** list into a dictionary called **student_json** using a For Loop. I then appended the **student_json** dictionaries to a list called **list_of_dictionary_data** and used the **dump** function to write it to the JSON file.

Displaying Current Data

When displaying the current data to the user, I changed print function from showing an F string containing student dictionaries, to a string that shows the student objects from the list **student_data** using a **For Loop**.

Capturing User Input

The next step was to pass the captured user input to a student object called **student** instead of a dictionary. I assigned the **Student** class attributes: **first_name**, **last_name**, and **course_name**, to the variables that hold the user input, then I appended the **student** object to the **student_data** list.

Summary

In conclusion, much of the code contained in this script was pre-existing. However, I converted it to use classes and objects instead of dictionaries. I created a Person class and a Student class that inherits attributes from the Person class. I then created constructors for each class and changed the dictionaries to objects. Whenever JSON data was read or written, I had to convert the objects back into dictionaries to work with the JSON. That was the extent of this code conversion.