Практическое задание №1

В настоящее время методы глубокого обучения показывают высокие достижения в классификации, сегментации и анализе биомедицинских изображений, включая гистологические изображения.

В данном исследовании основное внимание уделяется задаче классификации отдельных участков гистологических тканей.

Подготовка

Установка необходимых пакетов:

```
In [1]:
```

```
!pip install -q tqdm
!pip install --upgrade --no-cache-dir gdown
Requirement already satisfied: gdown in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (4.6.6)
Collecting gdown
  Downloading gdown-4.7.1-py3-none-any.whl (15 kB)
Requirement already satisfied: filelock in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from
gdown) (3.13.1)
Requirement already satisfied: requests[socks] in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
(from gdown) (2.31.0)
Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gdown
(1.16.0)
Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from gdow
n) (4.66.1)
Requirement already satisfied: beautifulsoup4 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages
(from gdown) (4.11.2)
Requirement already satisfied: soupsieve>1.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (
from beautifulsoup4->gdown) (2.5)
Requirement already satisfied: charset-normalizer<4,>=2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist
-packages (from requests[socks]->gdown) (3.3.2)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<4,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (f
rom requests[socks]->gdown) (3.4)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<3,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
ges (from requests[socks]->gdown) (2.0.7)
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa
ges (from requests[socks]->gdown) (2023.7.22)
Requirement already satisfied: PySocks!=1.5.7,>=1.5.6 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-p
ackages (from requests[socks]->gdown) (1.7.1)
Installing collected packages: gdown
 Attempting uninstall: gdown
   Found existing installation: gdown 4.6.6
   Uninstalling gdown-4.6.6:
      Successfully uninstalled gdown-4.6.6
Successfully installed gdown-4.7.1
```

Монтирование Вашего Google Drive к текущему окружению:

```
In [2]:
```

```
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive', force_remount=True)
```

Mounted at /content/drive

Константы, которые пригодятся в коде далее, и ссылки (gdrive идентификаторы) на предоставляемые наборы данных:

```
EVALUATE_ONLY = True
TEST_ON_LARGE_DATASET = True
TISSUE_CLASSES = ('ADI', 'BACK', 'DEB', 'LYM', 'MUC', 'MUS', 'NORM', 'STR', 'TUM')
DATASETS_LINKS = {
    'train': '1XtQzVQ5XbrfxpLHJuL0XBGJ5U7CS-cLi',
    'train_small': '1qd45xXfDwdZjktLFwQb-et-mAaFeCzOR',
    'train_tiny': '1I-2Z0uXLd4QwhZQQltp817Kn3J0Xgbui',
    'test': '1RfPou3pFKpuHDJZ-D9XDFzgvwpUBFlDr',
    'test_small': '1wbRsog0n7uGlHIPGLhyN-PMeT2kdQ21I',
    'test_tiny': '1viiB0s041CNsAK4itvX8PnYthJ-MDnQc'
}
```

Импорт необходимых зависимостей:

```
In [4]:
```

```
from pathlib import Path
import numpy as np
from typing import List
from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
from time import sleep
from PIL import Image
import IPython.display
from sklearn.metrics import balanced_accuracy_score
import gdown
import os
from tensorflow.keras.applications import ResNet101V2
from tensorflow.keras.models import Sequential
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Dense, GlobalAveragePooling2D
from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
```

Класс Dataset

Предназначен для работы с наборами данных, обеспечивает чтение изображений и соответствующих меток, а также формирование пакетов (батчей).

Замечание: Пришлось внести изменение в класс **Dataset**, так как в входе проверки класса, столкнулся с проблемой - **Access denied with the following error**: **Loading Dataset train_small from npz**.

Поэтому, возможно если Вы столкнулись с той же проблемой - раскоментируйте блок кода ниже и закоментируйте другой. Оба варианта работают исправно.

Пожалуйста, не забудьте что нужно указать другой путь до набора данных. У меня находится в папке **My Drive/Colab Notebooks**

In [5]:

```
class Dataset:
    def __init__(self, name):
        self.name = name
        self.is_loaded = False

    # Uncomment. If you have got rid of the problem. "Don't forget to comment below t
he block of code."
        ''' url = f"https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&confirm=pbef&id={DATASETS}
_LINKS[name] }"
        output = f'(name).npz'
        gdown.download(url, output, quiet=False)
        print(f'Loading dataset {self.name} from npz.')
        np_obj = np.load(f'{name}.npz') '''

# Get the path to the current directory where the trained date set is located
        current_directory = '/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks'
```

```
file path = os.path.join(current directory, f"{name}.npz")
    # Load the data from the file
   np obj = np.load(file path)
   self.images = np obj['data']
    self.labels = np_obj['labels']
    self.n files = self.images.shape[0]
    self.is loaded = True
   print(f'Done. Dataset {name} consists of {self.n files} images.')
def image(self, i):
    # read i-th image in dataset and return it as numpy array
   if self.is loaded:
        return self.images[i, :, :, :]
def images seq(self, n=None):
    # sequential access to images inside dataset (is needed for testing)
    for i in range(self.n files if not n else n):
        yield self.image(i)
def random image with label(self):
    # get random image with label from dataset
    i = np.random.randint(self.n files)
   return self.image(i), self.labels[i]
def random batch with labels(self, n):
    # create random batch of images with labels (is needed for training)
   indices = np.random.choice(self.n files, n)
   imgs = []
   for i in indices:
        img = self.image(i)
        imgs.append(self.image(i))
   logits = np.array([self.labels[i] for i in indices])
    return np.stack(imgs), logits
def image with label(self, i: int):
    # return i-th image with label from dataset
   return self.image(i), self.labels[i]
```

Пример использвания класса Dataset

Загрузим обучающий набор данных, получим произвольное изображение с меткой. После чего визуализируем изображение, выведем метку. Этот фрагмент кода не несет никакой информационной ценности, а лишь предназначен для проверки корректности выполнения класса **Dataset**."

```
In [8]:
```

```
d_train_tiny = Dataset('train_small')

img, lbl = d_train_tiny.random_image_with_label()
print()
print(f'Got numpy array of shape {img.shape}, and label with code {lbl}.')
print(f'Label code corresponds to {TISSUE_CLASSES[lbl]} class.')

pil_img = Image.fromarray(img)
IPython.display.display(pil_img)
```

Done. Dataset train small consists of 7200 images.

Got numpy array of shape (224, 224, 3), and label with code 0. Label code corresponds to ADI class.





Класс Metrics

Реализует метрики точности, используемые для оценивания модели:

- **1.** точность,
- 2. сбалансированную точность.

In [6]:

```
class Metrics:
    @staticmethod
    def accuracy(gt: List[int], pred: List[int]):
        assert len(gt) == len(pred), 'gt and prediction should be of equal length'
        return sum(int(i[0] == i[1]) for i in zip(gt, pred)) / len(gt)

    @staticmethod
    def accuracy_balanced(gt: List[int], pred: List[int]):
        return balanced_accuracy_score(gt, pred)

    @staticmethod
    def print_all(gt: List[int], pred: List[int], info: str):
        print(f'metrics for {info}:')
        print('\t accuracy {:.4f}:'.format(Metrics.accuracy(gt, pred)))
        print('\t balanced accuracy {:.4f}:'.format(Metrics.accuracy_balanced(gt, pred))
)
```

Класс Model

Класс, хранящий в себе всю информацию о модели.

In [7]:

```
class Model:
        init (self, input shape=(224, 224, 3), num classes=9):
        self.model = self.build model(input shape, num classes)
    def build model(self, input shape, num classes):
        #LBL13
        base model = ResNet101V2 (weights='imagenet', include top=False, input shape=inpu
t shape)
        model = Sequential()
       model.add(base model)
       model.add(GlobalAveragePooling2D())
       model.add(Dense(num classes, activation='softmax'))
       return model
    def save(self, name: str):
        self.model.save(f'{name}.h5')
    def load(self, name: str):
        DATASETS LINKS = {
            'best final': '1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8DqZa4TEixlg',
            'best small':'1-1hmjHOaxJ29SHmbs2Pf8zL14jy4SaBB',
            'best tiny': '1qb9BK5TAqJak9QlRTrsKaM7IAgT6Lgm-'
        link = f"https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id={DATASETS LINKS.get(name,
```

```
'') } "
       gdown.download(link, f'{name}.h5', quiet=False)
       self.model.load weights(f'{name}.h5')
   def train(self, dataset: Dataset, epochs=10, batch size=32):
       self.model.compile(optimizer=Adam(), loss='sparse categorical crossentropy', metr
ics=['accuracy'])
       self.model.fit(dataset.images, dataset.labels, epochs=epochs, batch size=batch s
ize)
   def test on dataset(self, dataset: Dataset, limit=None):
       predictions = []
       n = dataset.n files if not limit else int(dataset.n files * limit)
       for i in tqdm(range(n)):
           img, label = dataset.image with label(i)
            predictions.append(self.test on image(img))
       return predictions
   def test on image(self, img: np.ndarray):
       prediction = self.model.predict(np.expand dims(img, axis=0))[0]
       return np.argmax(prediction)
```

Классификация изображений

Используя введенные выше классы можем перейти уже непосредственно к обучению модели классификации изображений. Пример общего пайплайна решения задачи приведен ниже.

```
In [ ]:
model = Model()
```

Обучение на train_tiny

```
In [ ]:
d train tiny = Dataset('train tiny')
model.train(d train tiny)
#I,BI,3
model.save('/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/best tiny')
#LBL5
Done. Dataset train tiny consists of 900 images.
Epoch 1/10
29/29 [============ ] - 88s 486ms/step - loss: 1.1205 - accuracy: 0.6444
Epoch 2/10
Epoch 3/10
Epoch 4/10
Epoch 5/10
Epoch 6/10
Epoch 7/10
Epoch 8/10
Epoch 9/10
Epoch 10/10
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/engine/training.py:3079: UserWarning: Y
ou are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()`. This file format is consider
```

ed legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my model

```
.keras') .
 saving api.save model (
```

Обучение на train_small

```
In [ ]:
#LBL4
d train small = Dataset('train small')
model.load('/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/best tiny') # Loading the weights fr
om the previous step
model.train(d train small)
model.save('/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/best small')
Done. Dataset train small consists of 7200 images.
Epoch 1/10
431
Epoch 2/10
225/225 [=============== ] - 107s 476ms/step - loss: 0.2848 - accuracy: 0.9
078
Epoch 3/10
Epoch 4/10
225/225 [=============== ] - 109s 485ms/step - loss: 0.1525 - accuracy: 0.9
476
Epoch 5/10
526
Epoch 6/10
225/225 [=============== ] - 110s 490ms/step - loss: 0.1101 - accuracy: 0.9
```

225/225 [===============] - 109s 486ms/step - loss: 0.1017 - accuracy: 0.9

611

654

657

786

Epoch 7/10

Epoch 8/10

Epoch 9/10

```
Epoch 10/10
225/225 [============== ] - 109s 485ms/step - loss: 0.0662 - accuracy: 0.9
775
Обучение на train
In [ ]:
d train = Dataset('train')
model.load('/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/best small') # Loading the weights fr
om the previous step
model.train(d train)
model.save('/content/drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/best final')
Done. Dataset train consists of 18000 images.
Epoch 1/10
563/563 [============== ] - 345s 491ms/step - loss: 0.1405 - accuracy: 0.9
539
Epoch 2/10
634
Epoch 3/10
563/563 [============== ] - 275s 489ms/step - loss: 0.0849 - accuracy: 0.9
716
Epoch 4/10
563/563 [============== ] - 275s 489ms/step - loss: 0.0837 - accuracy: 0.9
739
Epoch 5/10
```

```
Epoch 6/10
563/563 [============== ] - 275s 488ms/step - loss: 0.0561 - accuracy: 0.9
Epoch 7/10
829
Epoch 8/10
563/563 [============== ] - 275s 489ms/step - loss: 0.0423 - accuracy: 0.9
Epoch 9/10
563/563 [============= ] - 275s 489ms/step - loss: 0.0353 - accuracy: 0.9
879
Epoch 10/10
563/563 [============= ] - 275s 488ms/step - loss: 0.0474 - accuracy: 0.9
843
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/keras/src/engine/training.py:3079: UserWarning: Y
ou are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()`. This file format is consider
ed legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my model
.keras')`.
 saving api.save model (
```

Пример тестирования модели на части набора данных:

```
In [ ]:
```

```
d_test = Dataset('test')
# evaluating model on 10% of test dataset
pred_1 = model.test_on_dataset(d_test, limit=0.1)
Metrics.print_all(d_test.labels[:len(pred_1)], pred_1, '10% of test')
```

Done. Dataset test consists of 4500 images.

```
1/1 [======= ] - Os 55ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - Os 31ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 34ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 31ms/step
1/1 [=======] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 40ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 34ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 41ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 33ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - Os 28ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [=======] - Os 31ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [=======] - Os 35ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 32ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 28ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 35ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 32ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 32ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [======= 1 - Os 32ms/step
```

```
1/1 [======] - Os 32ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 45ms/step
1/1 [=======] - Os 50ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 32ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 27ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 35ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 34ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 33ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 32ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 31ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 41ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - Os 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 34ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 32ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 28ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 32ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 29ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 30ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 28ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 31ms/step
metrics for 10% of test:
 accuracy 0.9533:
 balanced accuracy 0.9533:
/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/_classification.py:2184: UserWarn
ing: y pred contains classes not in y true
 warnings.warn("y pred contains classes not in y true")
```

Пример тестирования модели на полном наборе данных:

```
In [ ]:
```

```
# evaluating model on full test dataset (may take time)
if TEST_ON_LARGE_DATASET:
    pred_2 = model.test_on_dataset(d_test)
    Metrics.print_all(d_test.labels, pred_2, 'test')
```

```
1/1 [======] - 0s 47ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 63ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 90ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 69ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 60ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 57ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 61ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 68ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 58ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 51ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 63ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 72ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 63ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 48ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 92ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 61ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 54ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 60ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 79ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 57ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 63ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 60ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 73ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 69ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 50ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 66ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 65ms/step
1/1 [=======] - Os 52ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 43ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 44ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 48ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 42ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 48ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 42ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 42ms/step
metrics for test:
 accuracy 0.7876:
 balanced accuracy 0.7876:
```

Тестирование модели на других наборах данных

In [8]:

Модель должна поддерживать тестирование на других наборах данных. Ниже приведен фрагмент кода, который будет осуществлять тестирование для оценивания Вашей модели на дополнительных тестовых наборах данных.

```
final model = Model()
final model.load('best final')
d test tiny = Dataset('test tiny')
pred = final model.test on dataset(d test tiny)
Metrics.print all(d test tiny.labels, pred, 'test-tiny')
Downloading data from https://storage.googleapis.com/tensorflow/keras-applications/resnet
/resnet101v2 weights tf dim ordering tf kernels notop.h5
Downloading ...
From (uriginal): https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id=1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8DqZ
From (redirected): https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id=1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8D
qZa4TEixlg&confirm=t&uuid=e0dcd667-24b5-4617-8d89-9aafc1717522
To: /content/best final.h5
             | 512M/512M [00:03<00:00, 134MB/s]
100%
Done. Dataset test tiny consists of 90 images.
1/1 [======= ] - 4s 4s/step
```

```
1/1 |======= | - Us 323ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - Os 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 573ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 310ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 1s 581ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 319ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 309ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 312ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 326ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 312ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 334ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 322ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 323ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 317ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 315ms/step
metrics for test-tiny:
 accuracy 0.7556:
 balanced accuracy 0.7556:
In [9]:
final model = Model()
final model.load('best final')
d test tiny = Dataset('test small')
pred = final model.test on dataset(d test tiny)
Metrics.print all(d test tiny.labels, pred, 'test-small')
Downloading...
From (uriginal): https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id=1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8DqZ
a4TEixlg
From (redirected): https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id=1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8D
qZa4TEixlg&confirm=t&uuid=7693b92f-bf5b-4c33-b913-ec1096e862c5
To: /content/best final.h5
100%| 512M/512M [00:02<00:00, 226MB/s]
Done. Dataset test small consists of 1800 images.
1/1 [======] - 5s 5s/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 735ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 624ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 319ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 326ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 331ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 319ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 323ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 330ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 321ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 314ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 327ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 521ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 580ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 611ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 517ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 345ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 326ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 317ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 517ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 496ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 536ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - 1s 511ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 1s 522ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 547ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 516ms/step
```

```
1/1 [======] - 1s 531ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 614ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 594ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 568ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 606ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 689ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 548ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 1s 565ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 564ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 580ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 584ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 575ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 559ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 575ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 523ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 1s 529ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 336ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 316ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 327ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 310ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 312ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 330ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 312ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 311ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 321ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 319ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 329ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 335ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 335ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 322ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 332ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 316ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 314ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - Os 317ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 327ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 322ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 331ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 437ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 568ms/step
metrics for test-small:
 accuracy 0.7950:
 balanced accuracy 0.7950:
In [10]:
final model = Model()
final model.load('best final')
d_test_tiny = Dataset('test')
pred = final_model.test_on_dataset(d_test_tiny)
Metrics.print all(d test tiny.labels, pred, 'test')
Downloading ...
From (uriginal): https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id=1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8DqZ
From (redirected): https://drive.google.com/uc?export=download&id=1-7AICbd8zpHrSZHwcstv8D
qZa4TEixlg&confirm=t&uuid=f5510021-b6e5-4dd0-90e0-75e85bb8db59
To: /content/best_final.h5
100%|
         | 512M/512M [00:02<00:00, 199MB/s]
Done. Dataset test consists of 4500 images.
1/1 [=======] - 3s 3s/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 337ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - Os 330ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 340ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 321ms/step
1/1 [======== ] - Os 315ms/step
```

1/1 [=======] - 0s 317ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 323ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 318ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 325ms/step

```
1/1 [======] - Os 310ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 329ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 314ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 334ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 321ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 344ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 322ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 339ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 319ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 325ms/step
1/1 [======] - 0s 320ms/step
1/1 [======] - Os 322ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 354ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 0s 336ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 0s 362ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 568ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 542ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 1s 590ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 535ms/step
1/1 [=======] - 1s 555ms/step
1/1 [======= ] - 1s 550ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 559ms/step
1/1 [======] - 1s 536ms/step
metrics for test:
 accuracy 0.7876:
 balanced accuracy 0.7876:
```

Отмонтировать Google Drive.

In []:

drive.flush and unmount()