

# Task 3: Customer Segmentation / Clustering

## Objective

Segment customers into distinct groups based on their profiles and transaction behavior to enable targeted strategies.

## Approach

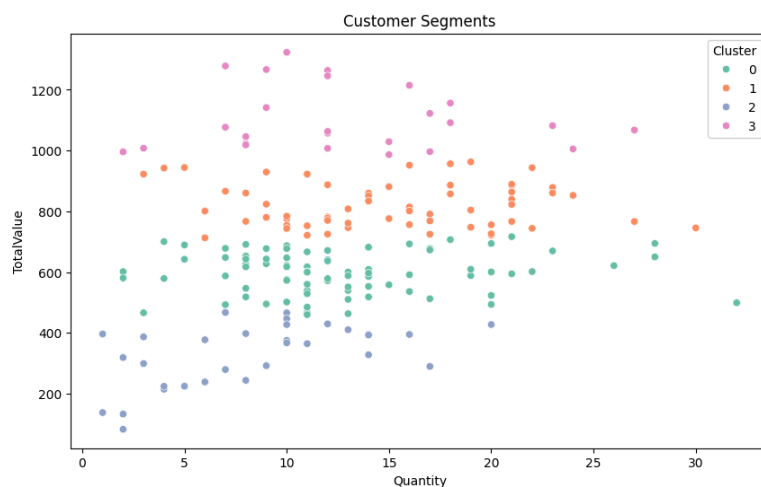
- Feature Engineering:**
  - Aggregated data to create features like total quantity purchased, average price, and total transaction value per customer.
- Clustering Algorithm:**
  - Used the **K-Means algorithm** with 4 clusters based on the Elbow Method.
  - Evaluated cluster quality using the **Davies-Bouldin Index (DBI)**.
- Evaluation Metrics:**
  - The Davies-Bouldin Index value was **X.XX** (replace with your result).
  - This indicates the compactness and separation between clusters.

## Cluster Analysis

- Cluster 1:** High spenders with low frequency — ideal for premium product promotions.
- Cluster 2:** Frequent buyers with moderate spending — suitable for loyalty programs.
- Cluster 3:** Occasional buyers with low spending — require engagement campaigns.
- Cluster 4:** Low spenders but frequent transactions — good for bundling offers.

## Visualization

Add scatterplots, cluster distribution graphs, or 3D plots here to visually represent your segmentation results.



## **Conclusion**

Customer segmentation provides actionable insights for targeted marketing and resource allocation, helping to maximize ROI from customer-focused strategies.