

Graph Coloring

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Given, a planar graph $G = (V, E)$ and a set of four colors, $C = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$

Variables:

$$x_{ic} = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if node } i \text{ is colored with color } c \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$z_c = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } c \text{ is assigned to at least one node} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

Constraints:

1. One color for each node.

$$\sum_{j \in C} x_{ij} = 1 \quad \forall i \in V \quad (3)$$

2. The set of neighbor nodes is denoted by $N(i)$ for node i . Nodes $j \in N(i)$ cannot have the same color as i for all node i .

$$\sum_{k \in N(i)} x_{kc} \leq |N(i)|(1 - x_{ic}) \quad \forall c \in C \quad (4)$$

3. A color is assigned if at least one node uses that color.

$$z_c \geq x_{ic} \quad \forall c \in C \quad \forall i \in V \quad (5)$$

4. Binary constraints

$$x_{ic} \in \{0, 1\} \quad (6)$$

$$z_c \in \{0, 1\} \quad (7)$$

Objective:

$$\min_{c \in C} z_c \quad (8)$$