

Git

Who are we?



Stijn Van Hoey

 Twitter

 GitHub



Peter Desmet

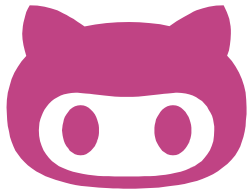
 Twitter

 GitHub

WHAT IS YOUR
CURRENT
BACKUP STRATEGY?



+



=





"FINAL".doc



FINAL.doc!



FINAL_rev.2.doc



FINAL_rev.6.COMMENTS.doc



FINAL_rev.8.comments5.
CORRECTIONS.doc



FINAL_rev.18.comments7.
corrections9.MORE.30.doc



FINAL_rev.22.comments49.
corrections.10. #@\$%WHYDID
ICOMETOGRADSCHOOL?????.doc



JORGE CHAM © 2012

current working version backup



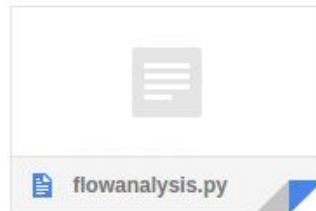
Inbox x



stijn van hoey <stijnvanhoey@gmail.com>

aan mij ▾

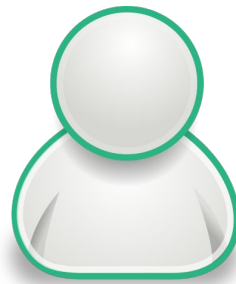
important, use this one...



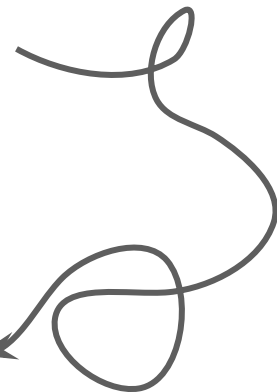
flowanalysis.py



I KNOW
WHAT YOU
DID LAST
SUMMER



v1



v2



Version control

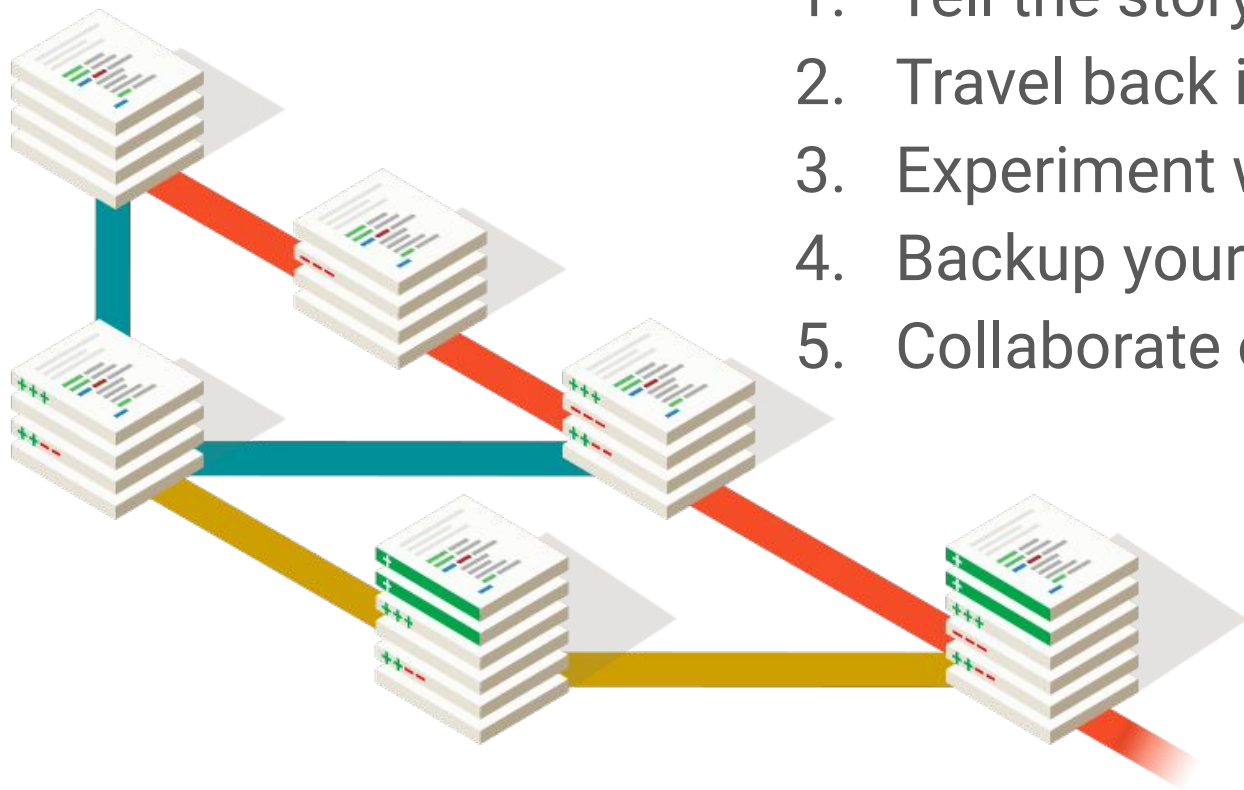


Version control...

1. Tell the story of your project
2. Travel back in time
3. Experiment with changes
4. Backup your work
5. Collaborate on projects



Version control...



1. Tell the story of your project
2. Travel back in time
3. Experiment with changes
4. Backup your work
5. Collaborate on projects



What is Git?



git

“Git is an application that runs on your computer, like a web browser or a word processor”

(Tom stuart)

Git is a [free and open source](#) distributed version control system designed to handle everything from small to very large projects with speed and efficiency.

Git is [easy to learn](#) and has a [tiny footprint with lightning fast performance](#). It outclasses SCM tools like Subversion, CVS, Perforce, and ClearCase with features like [cheap local branching](#), convenient [staging areas](#), and [multiple workflows](#).



Learn Git in your browser for free with [Try Git](#).



About

The advantages of Git compared to other source control systems.



Documentation

Command reference pages, Pro Git book content, videos and other material.



Downloads

GUI clients and binary releases for all major platforms.



Community

Get involved! Bug reporting, mailing list, chat, development and more.



Git has a **bad** reputation...


```

* 1edfbb1 (HEAD -> master, origin/master, origin/HEAD) update environment to minimal required <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* e10365b update readme with usage info <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* d788db7 update environment dependencies <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* b5b6aff move python dependency file <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* 60ae4d6 restructure module code <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* a72709b add environment file <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* 5c1e357 Merge pull request #28 from enram/getbaltrad <Stijn Van Hoe> (3 weeks ago)

* 2126a76 (origin/getbaltrad, getbaltrad) update tests <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* eaaa739 fix s3 connector api file listing <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* 3b04729 update zip file handling to updated only <stijnvanhoe> (3 weeks ago)
* 7d21972 update dependencies <stijnvanhoe> (4 weeks ago)
* c0e28c3 make sure transferred files are removed <stijnvanhoe> (4 weeks ago)
* 55e35e5 add test for local connector <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* c644348 fix subpath variable bug <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* b5a1c62 update naming of s3 enram specific handlers <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* d3da3f2 solve sorted writing of dict to csv <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 64de4a6 update file naming <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* e9ad6ad change file writing to file handling <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 772ad99 create individual tests for utility function <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* c67a334 fix imports handlers <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 0d3f7d1 fix parsing test <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* e9d3bf5 correct importing of functions <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 54339d3 remove unused test function <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* d47060f update parse file test <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* f2fec2 refactor listing of files <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* f08b44d update enram specific uploading <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 50c116f move porting functionalities to separate file <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 3ac1b61 move enram specific upload to handler specific class <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 804f03d update imports <stijnvanhoe> (5 weeks ago)
* 7c7f1e6 update docstring information <stijnvanhoe> (6 weeks ago)
* c8be124 update docstring information <stijnvanhoe> (6 weeks ago)
* 8e2f2fb add parsing and month counting <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* db74da5 extract s3handling from connector <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* 80eba30 add zip handling function <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* bad918d use paginator version of s3 object listing <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* c239194 add coverage listing to ec2 routine <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* 8ee68f0 add coverage counting to connectors <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* b1ceaa4 remove folder usage locally <stijnvanhoe> (7 weeks ago)
* 949a3c5 add technical overview file of the setup <Stijn Van Hoe> (5 weeks ago)
* bf57d3e Merge pull request #26 from enram/calendar-heatmap <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)

* 3efe3c2 This time with non-rubbish settings <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* 3679f3c Add calendar-heatmap <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* c937e0c Add working draft of calendar heatmap <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* dafcc0f Use local list.js <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* aa0f5b8 Merge pull request #25 from enram/cleanup <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)

* 8feca7d Merge master, but remove vignettes <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)

* a123c7c Merge gh-pages <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)

* 78c71fc Rename breadcrumbs container <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* 7825a85 (origin/gh-pages) Use enram/s3-bucket-listing template (Bootstrap) <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* 25ab64e Remove local list.js, link to https://enram.github.io/s3-bucket-listing/list.js file <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* 4e6d013 Update index.html with enram bucket info <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* 4507465 Copy index.html and list.js from s3-bucket-listing <Peter Desmet> (7 weeks ago)
* 646fe7f cleaning up <Plieper> (7 weeks ago)

* 7e92871 remove bioRad vignettes <Plieper> (7 weeks ago)

```

There are other applications you can use to use Git*

* Github desktop, GitKraken, integration in IDE environments (Rstudio, Eclipse,...),...

First,

TERMINOLOGY

1. Tell the story of your project



You use Git to take snapshots of all the files in a folder. This folder is called a **repository** or **repo**.

When you want to take a snapshot of a file or files, you create a **commit**



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis-2-remarks-promotor.R



flowanalysis-4-bug-fix.R



flowanalysis-FINAL.R



flowanalysis-FINAL-2.R

by saving copies

by making commits

by saving copies



flowanalysis.R

by making commits



flowanalysis.R

by saving copies



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis-2-remarks-promotor.R

by making commits

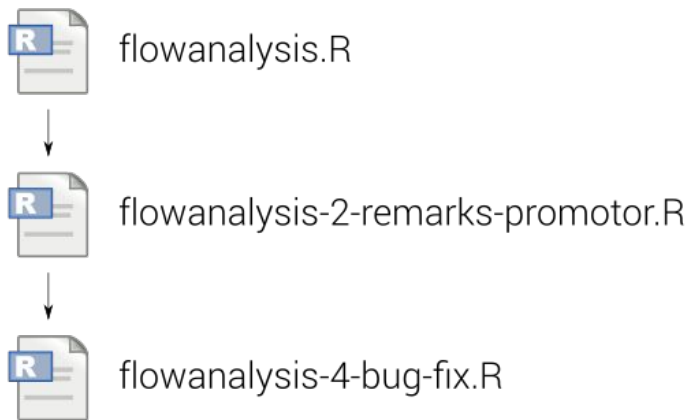


flowanalysis.R

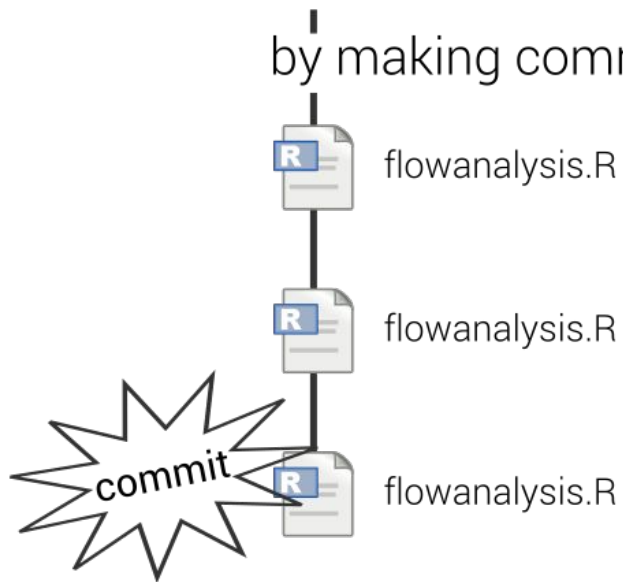


flowanalysis.R

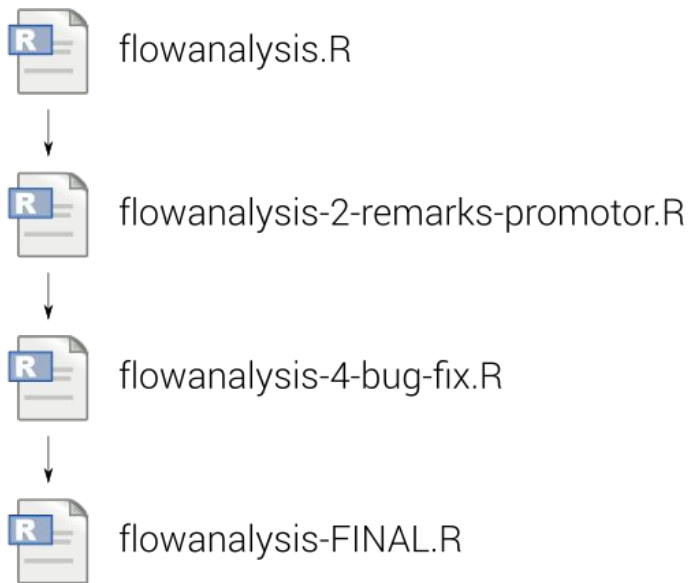
by saving copies



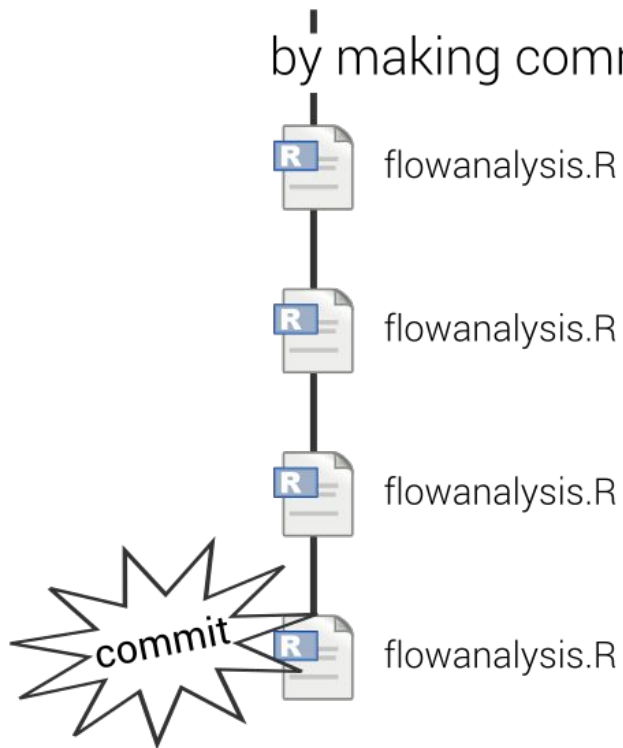
by making commits



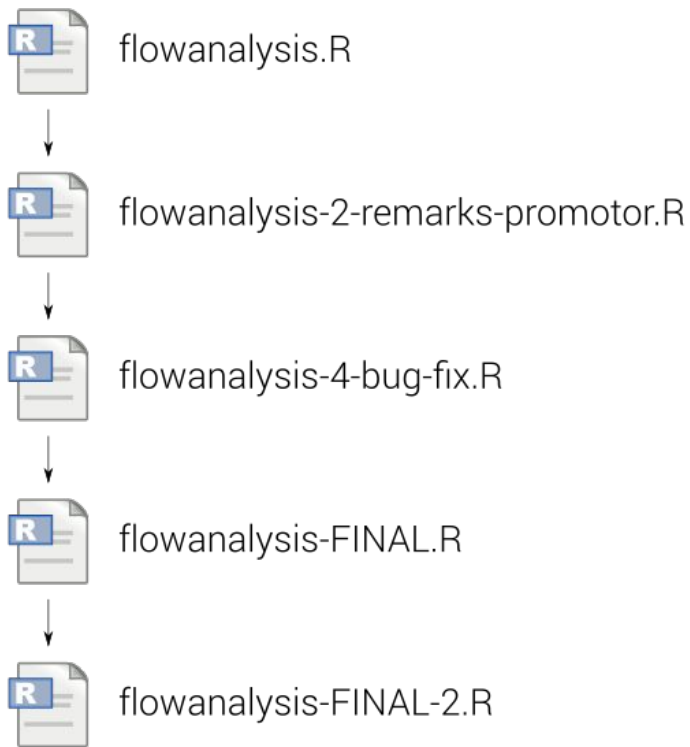
by saving copies



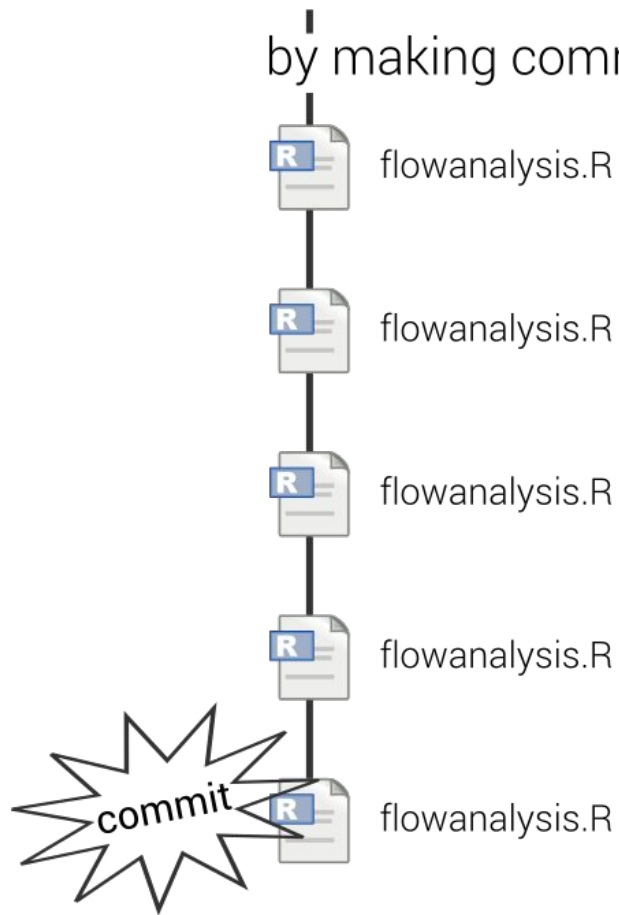
by making commits



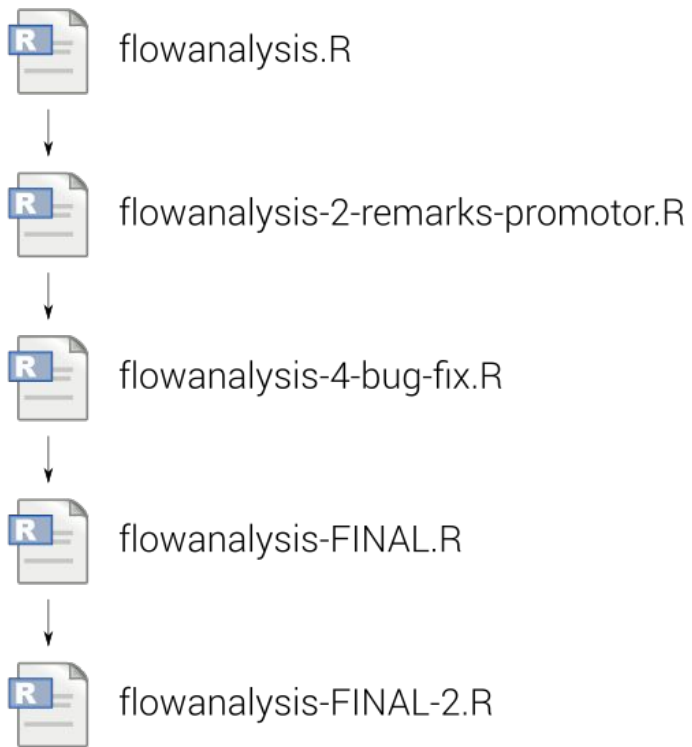
by saving copies



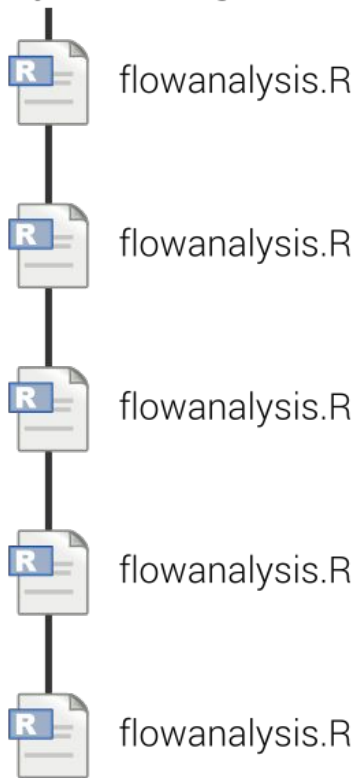
by making commits



by saving copies



by making commits



When you **commit** a file or files,
some information is saved along
with the changes of the file

1. Who
2. When

You can add more information about
the changes you've made in a
commit message

A good commit message:

```
Extend season handling
```

```
Dependent of the use-case, the  
meteorological or astrological  
handling of season start and end  
dates is required. This commit  
provides support for both use  
cases as class property
```

Stijn Van Hoey
11:08am September 2nd 2016

Adapt plot date label handling

Change the default handling of
xlabel date values vertical
printing into multiline date
labels

by making commits



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R



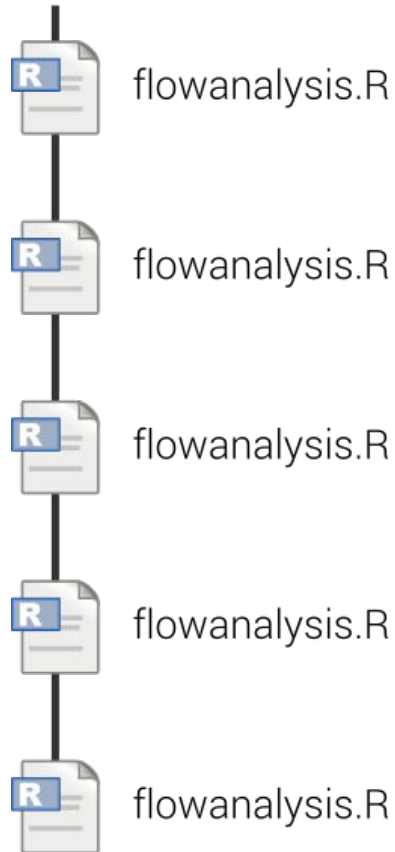
flowanalysis.R

Stijn Van Hoey
09:20am September 10th 2016

Extend season handling

Dependent of the use-case, the meteorological or astrological handling of season start and end dates is required. This commit provides support for both use cases as class property

by making commits



Stijn Van Hoey
3:06pm December 15th 2016

Add horizon plot

The horizon plot enables to quickly compare the flow during time for multiple stations at once. By overlapping, color intensity represents peak values and low values are more clearly visualised

by making commits



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis.R

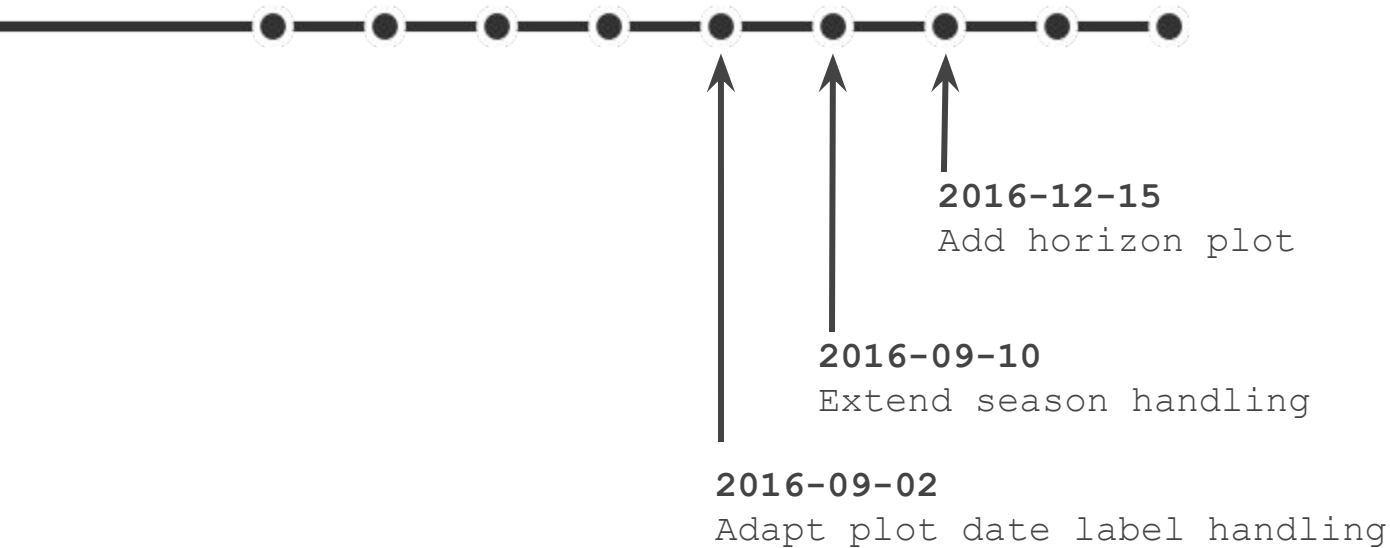
A good commit message:

GUIDELINES:

1. Separate subject from body with a blank line
2. Limit the subject line to 50 characters
3. Capitalize the subject line
4. Do not end the subject line with a period
5. Use the imperative mood in the subject line
6. Wrap the body at 72 characters
7. Use the body to explain what and why vs. how

When you want to include a previously nonexistent file to the **commit**, you need to **add** the file before committing

Git stores the whole history of your project



repository - your project folder

add - add a new file history

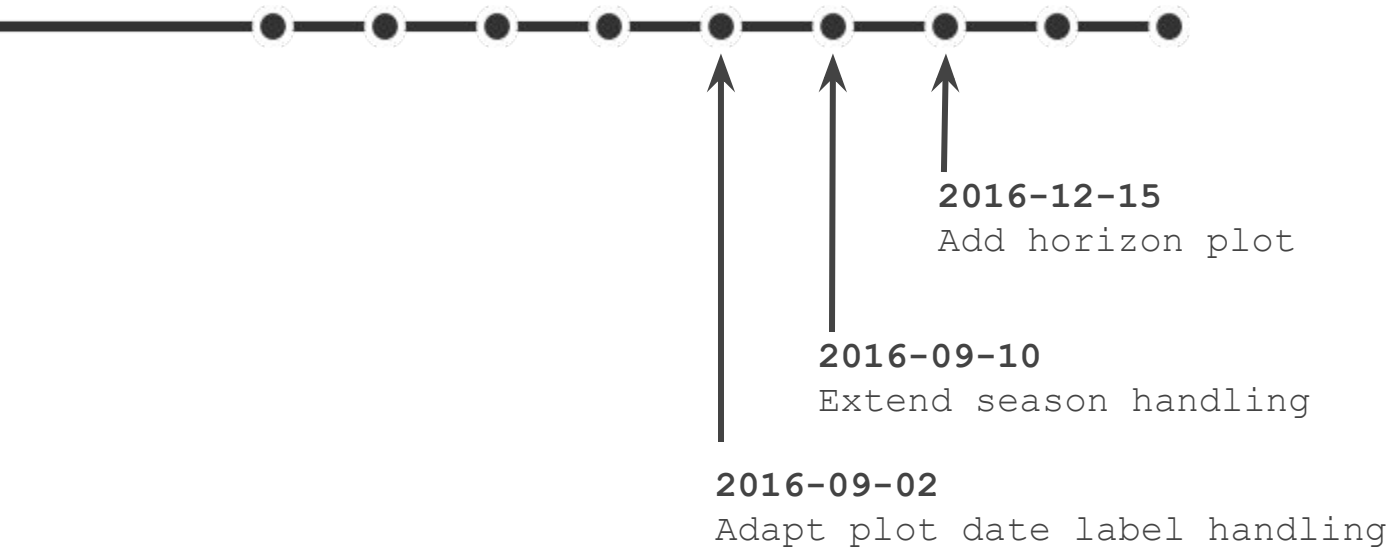
commit - save a snapshot

2. Travel back in time

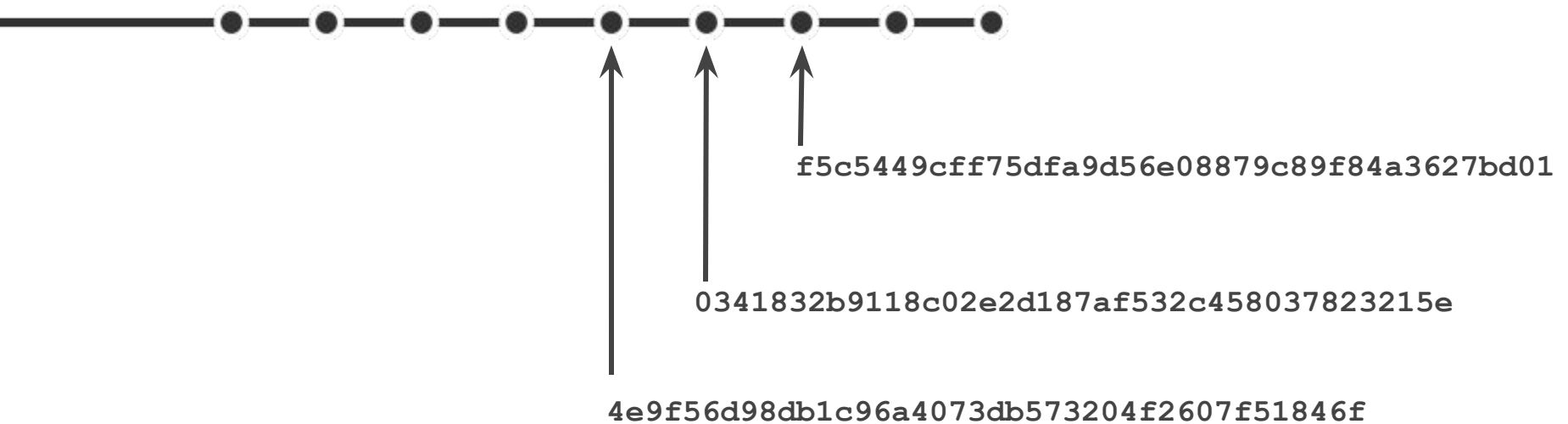


Once you've saved some snapshots,
Git lets you move through them

Git stores the whole history of your project



Each of these commits has
an id called a **hash**

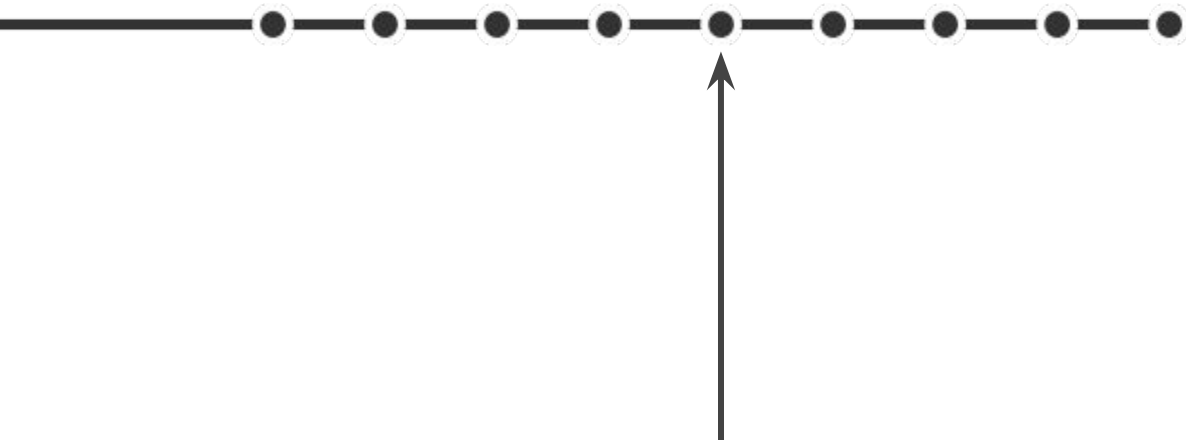


You can tell Git what commit you want
to **check out** using the commit hash



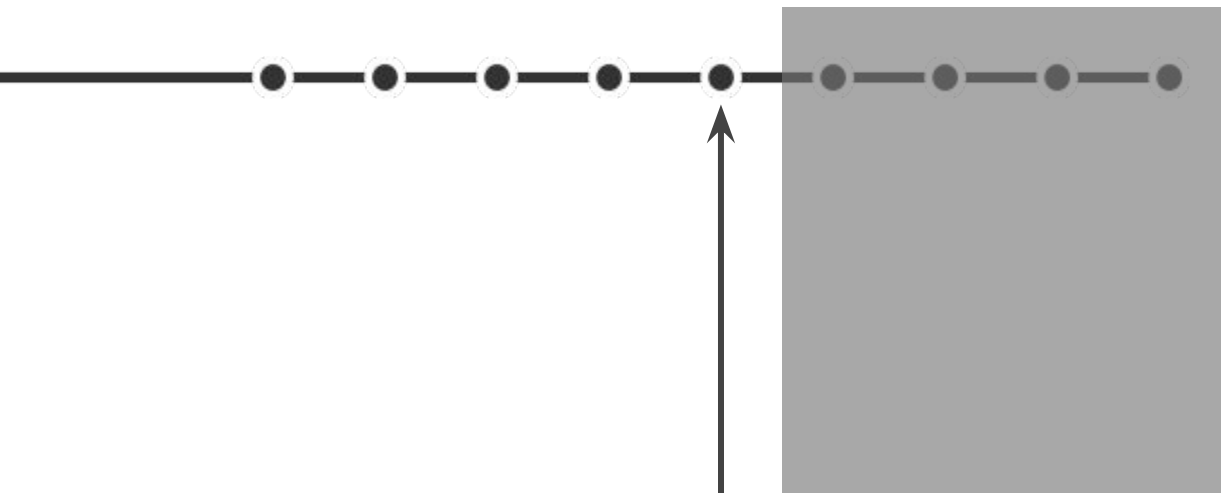
Getting the files from a commit in the past is known as doing a **check out**

You can tell Git what commit you want to **check out** using the commit hash



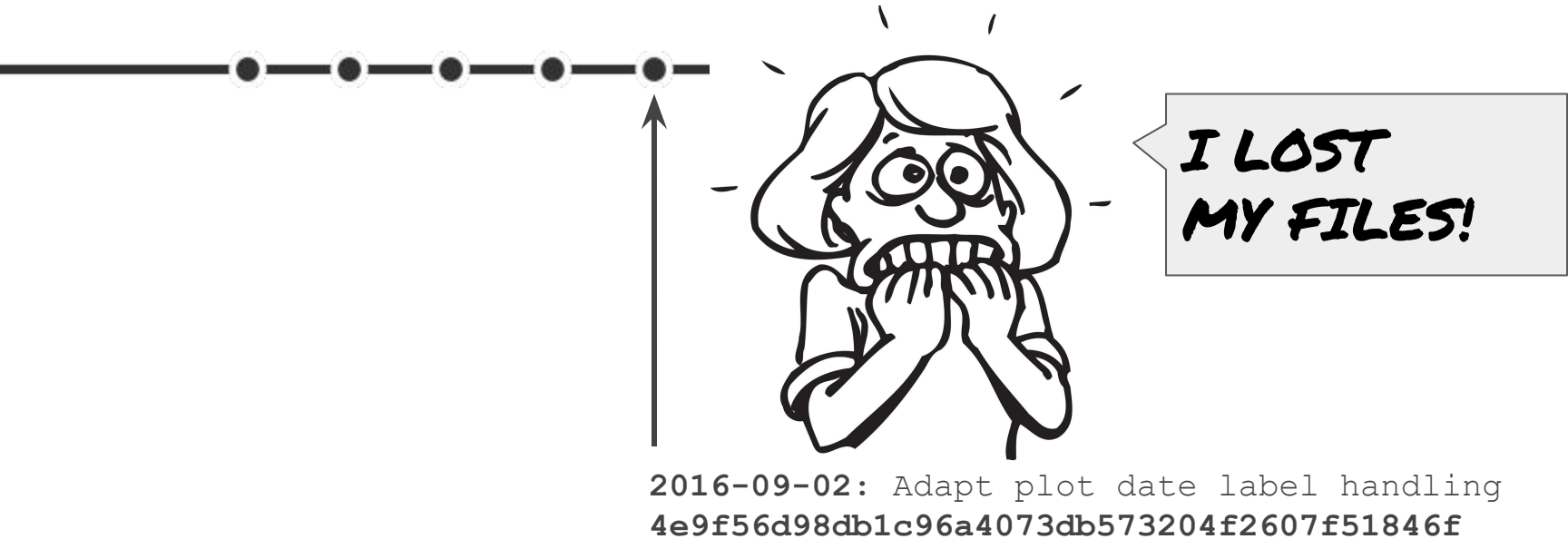
```
2016-09-02: Adapt plot date label handling  
4e9f56d98db1c96a4073db573204f2607f51846f
```


Your other commits still exist, but when you look into your repo, it's as if they never happened



2016-09-02: Adapt plot date label handling
4e9f56d98db1c96a4073db573204f2607f51846f

Your other commits still exist, but when you look into your repo, it's as if they never happened



No worries, everything still exists!



hash - a computer generated id

checkout - time travel to a specific commit

3. Experiment with changes



So far, everything has been very
linear and ordered...

So far, everything has been very
linear and ordered...

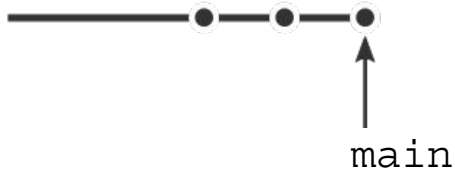
... science is not linear!

Within research projects, you want
to make easily discardable
experiments

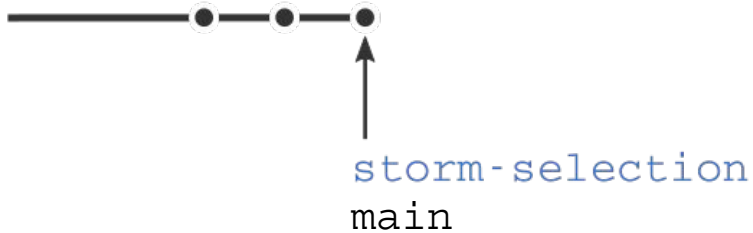
The way you do this in Git is
with **branches**

A **branch** is a moveable label
attached to a commit

The default branch name in
Git is **main**



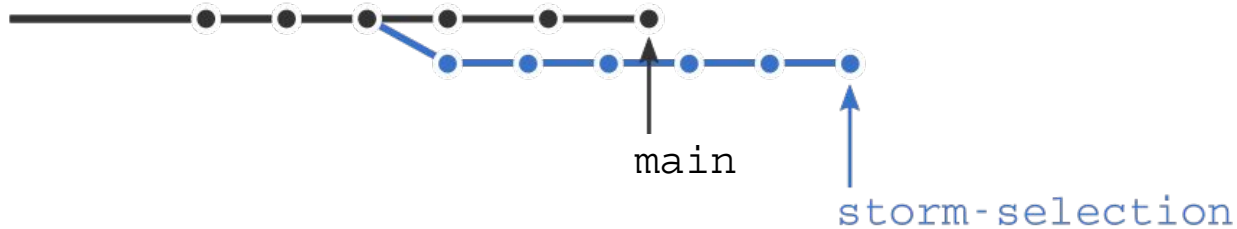
You can add your own
branches too, with a chosen name



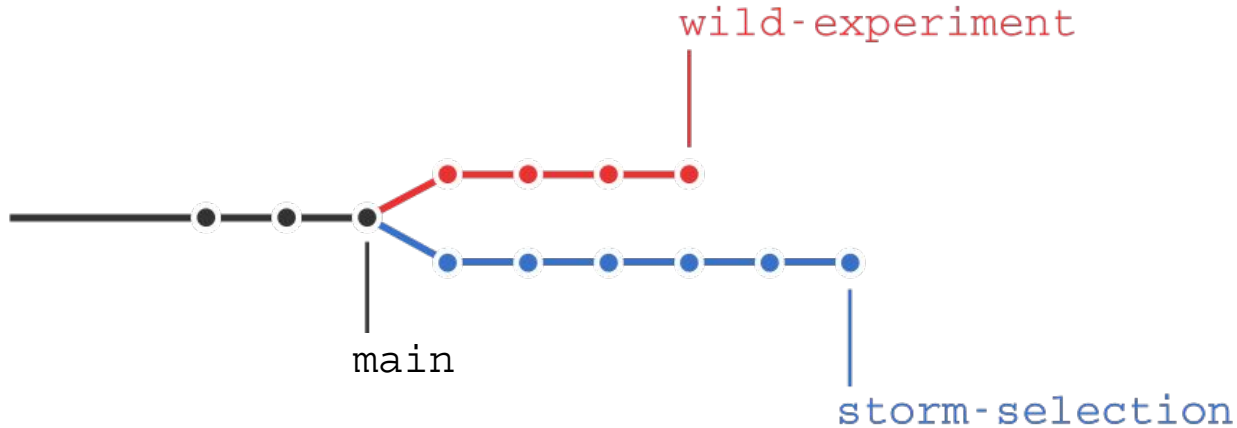
You will mostly do multiple
commits on a **branch** while working



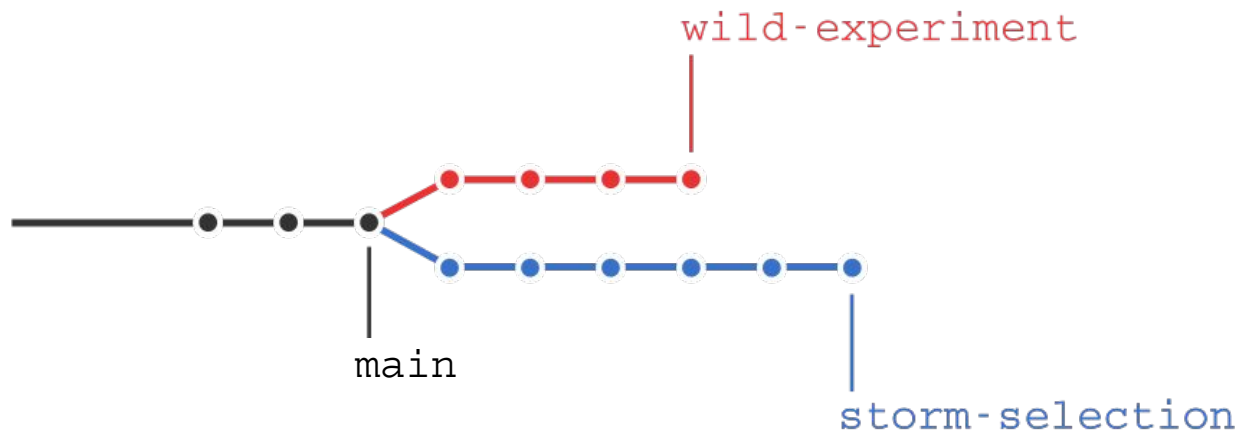
You can have multiple
branches at the same time...



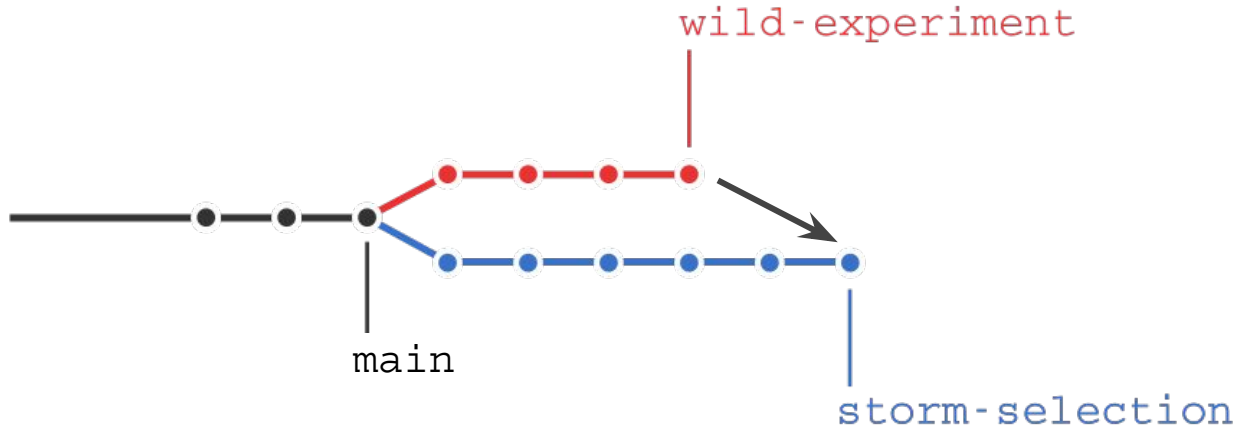
But it is good practice to treat your **main** branch *special*



Branches are *cheap* and ideal for trying out stuff



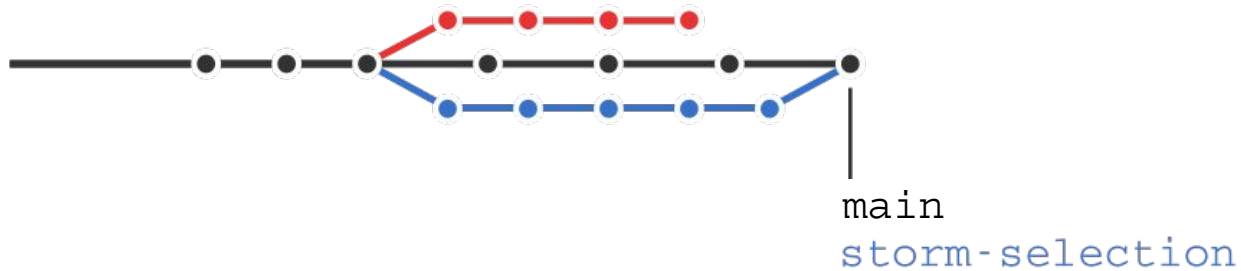
You can switch between branches using **check out** using the branch label



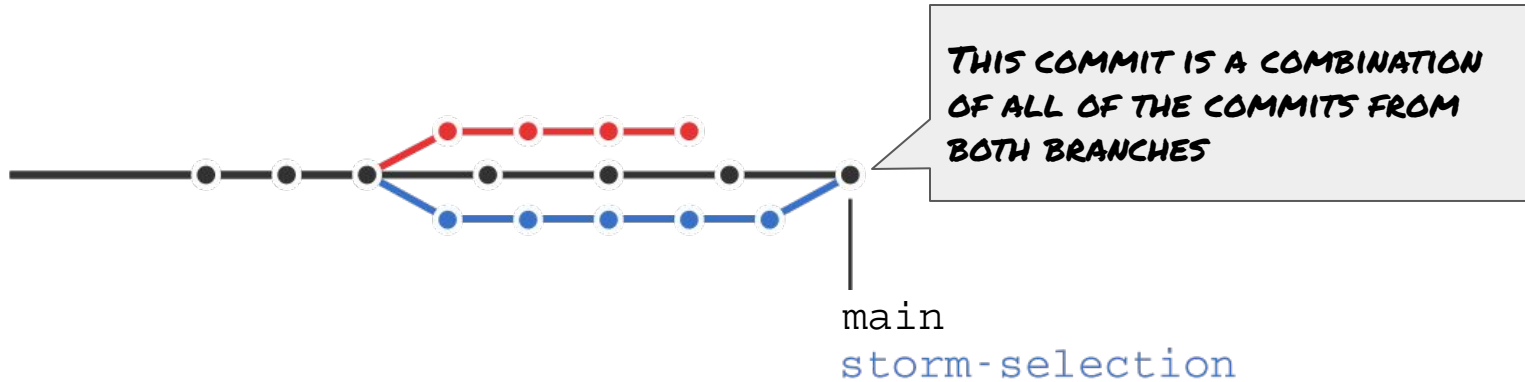
Branches contain work in progress

Once you're happy with some work,
you need a way to get it back into
main

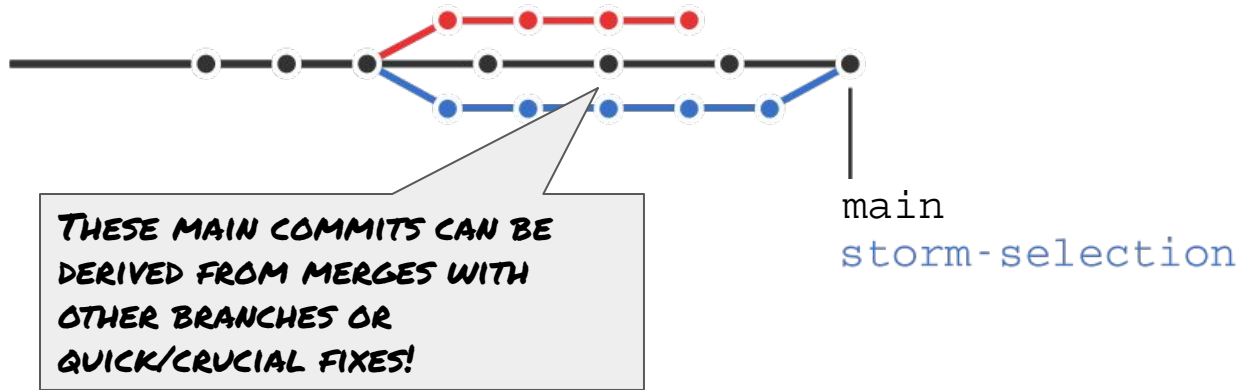
To get changes from one branch into another, you **merge** them



To get changes from one branch into another, you **merge** them



To get changes from one branch into another, you **merge** them



branch - a label that points to a commit

merge - the combination of two or more branches

4. Backup your work



Everyone knows that you should
back up your work regularly

Ideally to somewhere that is
geographically distinct from your
computer



flowanalysis.R



flowanalysis-2-remarks-promotor.R



flowanalysis-4-bug-fix.R



flowanalysis-FINAL.R



flowanalysis-FINAL-2.R

WHAT IS YOUR
CURRENT
BACKUP STRATEGY?

- Safer
- Access from different places
- Shared access

In Git this place is called a **remote**

A very popular **remote** is GitHub





personal
computer



remote

GitHub





personal
computer



remote

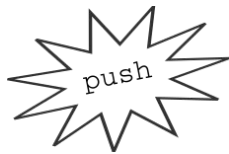
GitHub



Whenever you developed
code on your computer,
you can send the changes
to the remote



personal
computer



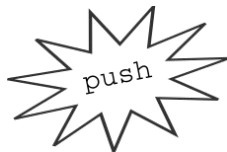
remote

GitHub





personal
computer



remote

GitHub



This is known as a
push



personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university

Consider the situation
where you want to run
your code on a remote
server



personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university





personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university



To get some work
from a remote for
the first time you
clone it



personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university



Now, both your
computer and
calculation cluster
have the same
repo



personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university



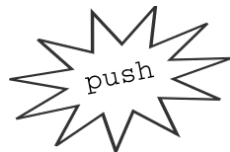
Stijn Van Hoey
09:20am September 10th 2016

Extend season handling

Dependent of the use-case, the meteorological or astrological handling of season start and end dates is required. This commit provides support for both use cases as class property



personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university





personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university



The code on the
cluster does not
contain the new
feature



personal
computer



remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university



To get these
changes, you need
to download them
on the cluster



personal
computer

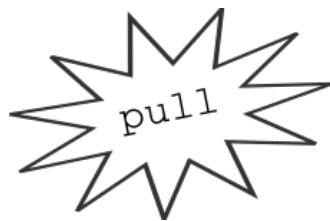


remote

GitHub



calculation
cluster
university



This is known as a
pull

remote - a server with a repo on it

clone - get the repo from the remote for the first time

pull - receive new commits from the remote

push - send your new commits to the remote

So far...

repository	your project folder
add	add a new file to the snapshot
commit	save a snapshot
hash	a computer generated id
checkout	time travel to a specific commit
branch	a moveable label that points to a commit
merge	the combination of two or more branches
remote	server with a repo on it
clone	get the repo from the remote for the first time
pull	receive new commits from the remote
push	send your new commits to the remote



L^AT_EX

Git is great with
text files
(.R, .py, .md,.tex,...)



We're not only working
with text files...

Git is not suitable for...

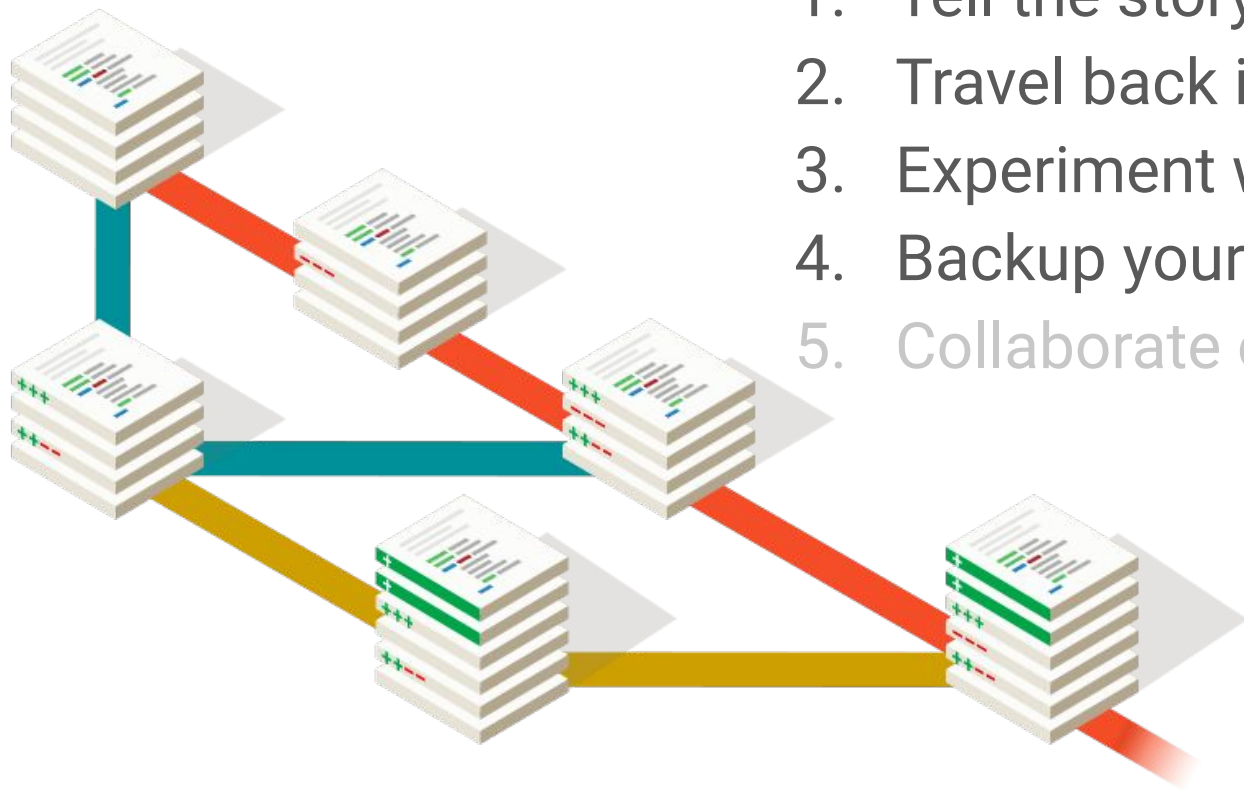
- **Large files** (100s of MBs - GBs)

- **Binary files**

(Pictures, Videos, Music, Office Documents, output binaries)

...for the moment, remember **.gitignore**

Version control...



1. Tell the story of your project
2. Travel back in time
3. Experiment with changes
4. Backup your work
5. Collaborate on projects





WHAT IS YOUR
CURRENT
BACKUP STRATEGY?

Git will not be your backup strategy, but will be **part of** your backup strategy

Acknowledgements:

- <https://speakerdeck.com/alicebartlett/git-for-humans>
- [Benny Colyn 2016](#)

