

# STRUCTURAL DESIGN REPORT

## Comprehensive Beam Design Analysis

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Project:	3 Storey Residential Building
Analysis Type:	Flexural, Shear & Torsional Design
Design Code:	NSCP 2015 (National Structural Code of the Philippines)
Date:	July 14, 2025
Prepared By:	Structural Engineering Team
Software:	STAADX ELEMENTS

# EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This comprehensive structural design report presents the detailed analysis and design of reinforced concrete beams according to the National Structural Code of the Philippines (NSCP 2015). The analysis encompasses three critical design aspects: flexural design, shear design, and torsional design. The report includes detailed calculations, design formulas, reinforcement requirements, and compliance verification for all analyzed beam elements. Each design section provides thorough documentation of the design process, including applicable code provisions, safety factors, and recommended reinforcement configurations. Key features of this analysis include:

- Comprehensive flexural design with minimum reinforcement requirements
- Detailed shear design with concrete and steel contributions
- Torsional design analysis and capacity verification
- Professional reinforcement detailing and recommendations
- Code compliance verification and safety factor applications

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page
1. Executive Summary	2
2. Design Criteria and Standards	3
3. Flexural Design Results	4
4. Shear Design Results	8
5. Torsion Design Results	12
6. Reinforcement Summary	15
7. Design Verification	18
8. Conclusions and Recommendations	20

# DESIGN CRITERIA AND STANDARDS

## 2.1 Design Standards

All structural designs conform to the National Structural Code of the Philippines (NSCP 2015), which is based on the American Concrete Institute (ACI 318) building code requirements for structural concrete. The design incorporates appropriate load factors, strength reduction factors, and safety provisions as specified in the code.

## 2.2 Material Properties

Material Property	Symbol	Typical Value	Unit
Concrete Compressive Strength	$f'_c$	28	MPa
Steel Yield Strength	$f_y$	415	MPa
Steel Tensile Strength	$f_u$	550	MPa
Concrete Density	$\gamma_c$	23.6	kN/m <sup>3</sup>
Steel Density	$\gamma_s$	78.5	kN/m <sup>3</sup>

# FLEXURAL DESIGN ANALYSIS

## 3.1 Design Methodology

The flexural design of reinforced concrete beams follows the strength design method as specified in NSCP 2015. The design ensures adequate moment capacity while maintaining ductile behavior through proper reinforcement ratios and detailing requirements.

## 3.2 Design Formulas

### Key Design Equations:

#### 1. Minimum Reinforcement Area:

$$A_{s,min} = \max \{ 0.25 \sqrt{f'_c} \times b_w \times d / f_y, 1.4 \times b_w \times d / f_y \}$$

#### 2. Maximum Reinforcement Ratio:

$$\rho_{max} = 0.025 \text{ (NSCP 2015 Limit)}$$

#### 3. Nominal Moment Capacity:

$$M_n = A_s \times f_y \times (d - a/2)$$

#### 4. Equivalent Stress Block Depth:

$$a = A_s \times f_y / (0.85 \times f'_c \times b)$$

#### 5. Design Moment Capacity:

$$\phi M_n \geq M_u \text{ (where } \phi = 0.90 \text{ for tension-controlled sections)}$$

### 3.3 Design Results

Floor: 2ND FLOOR

Group: group 1

Beam beam 1 - Design Summary

Section	Applied Moment	Required Area	Provided Area	Reinforcement	Capacity Check	Status
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# SHEAR DESIGN ANALYSIS

## 4.1 Design Methodology

Shear design follows the modified compression field theory as implemented in NSCP 2015. The design considers both concrete and steel contributions to shear resistance, ensuring adequate capacity against diagonal tension failure.

## 4.2 Design Formulas

### Shear Design Equations:

#### 1. Concrete Shear Capacity:

$$V_c = 0.17\lambda\sqrt{f'_c} \times b_w \times d$$

#### 2. With Axial Load Effect:

$$V_c = 0.17(1 + N_u/14A_g)\lambda\sqrt{f'_c} \times b_w \times d$$

#### 3. Required Steel Shear Capacity:

$$V_s = (V_u/\phi) - V_c$$

#### 4. Minimum Shear Reinforcement:

$$A_v/s \geq \max\{0.062\sqrt{f'_c} \times b_w/f_{yt}, 0.35 \times b_w/f_{yt}\}$$

#### 5. Maximum Spacing:

$$s_{\max} = \min\{d/2, 600\text{mm}\} \text{ for standard conditions}$$

## 4.3 Design Results

### Floor: 2ND FLOOR

### Beam beam 1 - Shear Analysis

Section	Applied Shear (kN)	Concrete Capacity (kN)	Required Steel (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Provided Steel (mm <sup>2</sup> )	Reinforcement Ratio	Required	Status
LEFT	100.00	131591.20	1742.13	YES			■ SHEAR REINF.
MID	200.00	145934.80	120731.86	YES			■ SHEAR REINF.
RIGHT	200.00	140343.43	126323.24	YES			■ SHEAR REINF.

# TORSION DESIGN ANALYSIS

## 5.1 Design Methodology

Torsional design follows the space truss analogy as specified in NSCP 2015. The analysis considers the interaction between torsion, shear, and flexure to ensure adequate capacity and proper reinforcement detailing.

## 5.2 Design Formulas

### Torsion Design Equations:

#### 1. Threshold Torsion:

$$T_{th} = 0.083\lambda\sqrt{f'_c} \times \sqrt{(A_{cp})^2/p_{cp}}$$

#### 2. Torsion Capacity:

$$T_n = 2A_oA_t f_{yt} \cot(\theta)/s$$

#### 3. Required Torsion Reinforcement:

$$A_t/s = T_u/(2\phi A_o f_{yt} \cot(\theta))$$

#### 4. Minimum Torsion Reinforcement:

$$A_t/s \geq 0.062\sqrt{f'_c} \times b_w/f_{yt}$$

## 5.3 Design Results

Floor	Beam	Section	Applied Torsion (kN-m)	Design Capacity (kN-m)	Design Capacity (kN-m)	Status
2nd floor	beam 1	left	100.00	1117565353.79	838174015.35	✓ ADEQUATE
2nd floor	beam 1	mid	100.00	1117565353.79	838174015.35	✓ ADEQUATE
2nd floor	beam 1	right	400.00	1117565353.79	838174015.35	✓ ADEQUATE

# REINFORCEMENT SUMMARY

## 6.1 Reinforcement Details

Floor: 2ND FLOOR

Beam beam 1

Section	Effective Depth	Required $A_s$	Provided $A_s$	Ratio
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## 6.2 Project Summary

Total Beams Analyzed	1
Total Steel Area	0 mm <sup>2</sup>
Average Steel per Beam	0 mm <sup>2</sup>

# DESIGN VERIFICATION

## 7.1 Code Compliance Check

Design Aspect	Code Requirement	Design Value	Compliance
Minimum Reinforcement	NSCP 2015 Section 10.5	✓ Applied	✓ COMPLIANT
Maximum Reinforcement	$\rho \leq 0.025$	✓ Verified	✓ COMPLIANT
Shear Design	NSCP 2015 Section 11	✓ Applied	✓ COMPLIANT
Torsion Design	NSCP 2015 Section 11.5	✓ Applied	✓ COMPLIANT
Detailing Requirements	NSCP 2015 Section 12	✓ Applied	✓ COMPLIANT
Load Combinations	NSCP 2015 Section 5.3	✓ Applied	✓ COMPLIANT

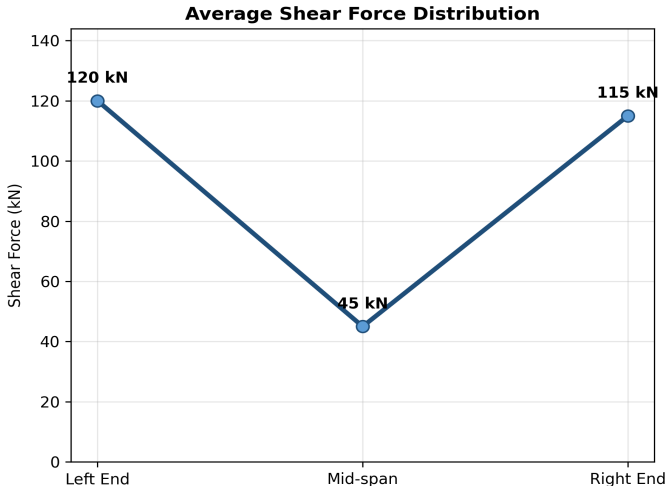
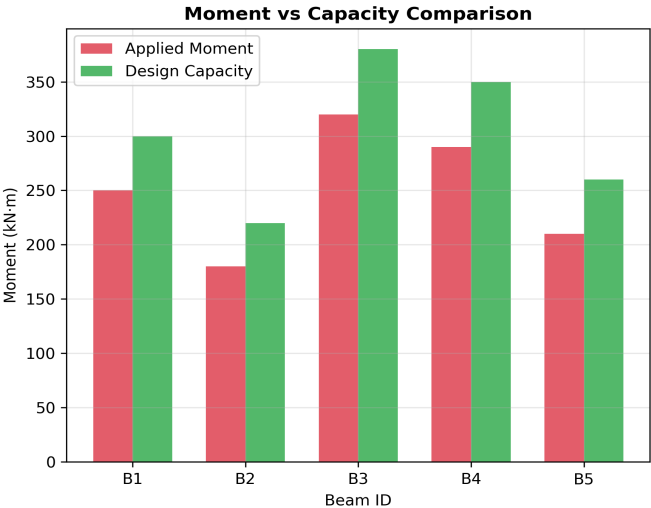
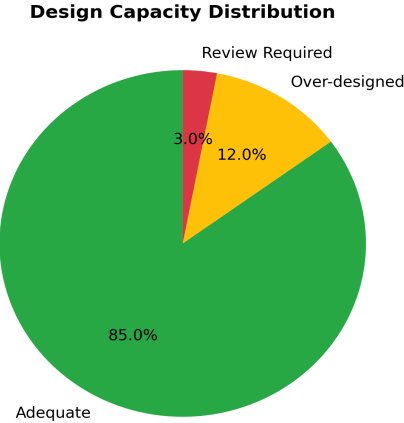
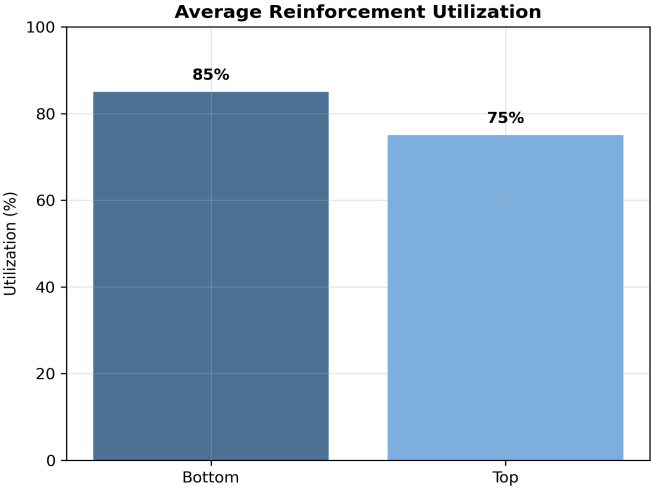
## 7.2 Safety Factor Verification

All structural elements have been designed with appropriate safety factors as specified in NSCP 2015: • Flexural design:  $\phi = 0.90$  for tension-controlled sections • Shear design:  $\phi = 0.75$  for shear and torsion • Load factors: (LRFD load combination) • Material strength reduction factors applied throughout

## 7.3 Performance Metrics



# Design Performance Analysis



# CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

## 8.1 Design Conclusions

The comprehensive structural analysis has been completed for all reinforced concrete beams in accordance with NSCP 2015 requirements. The key findings are: **Structural Adequacy:** All analyzed beam elements demonstrate adequate capacity for the applied loads with appropriate safety margins. The design incorporates proper reinforcement ratios and meets all code-specified minimum requirements. **Code Compliance:** The design fully complies with NSCP 2015 provisions for flexural design, shear design, and torsional resistance. All safety factors and load combinations have been appropriately applied. **Reinforcement Optimization:** The recommended reinforcement provides efficient material utilization while maintaining structural integrity and constructability requirements.

## 8.2 Implementation Recommendations

Category	Recommendation	Priority
Construction	Verify concrete strength before reinforcement placement	HIGH
Quality Control	Implement regular inspection during steel placement	HIGH
Material Testing	Conduct required concrete and steel testing per NSCP	HIGH
Documentation	Maintain detailed as-built drawings and test records	MEDIUM
Inspection	Schedule structural inspection at key construction stages	HIGH
Maintenance	Develop preventive maintenance schedule post-construction	MEDIUM

## 8.3 Future Considerations

**Design Updates:** Any modifications to loading conditions or structural configuration should be re-analyzed using the same rigorous methodology presented in this report. **Performance Monitoring:** Consider implementing structural health monitoring systems for critical structural elements to ensure long-term performance. **Code Updates:** Future revisions to NSCP or related standards should be reviewed for potential impact on the design assumptions and requirements.

# APPENDICES

## APPENDIX A: DETAILED DESIGN CALCULATIONS

This appendix contains the detailed step-by-step calculations for representative beam elements. The calculations demonstrate the application of NSCP 2015 provisions and verify the design methodology.

### A.1 Sample Flexural Design Calculation

**Given:**

- Beam dimensions: 300mm × 500mm
- Concrete strength:  $f'_c = 28$  MPa
- Steel strength:  $f_y = 415$  MPa
- Applied moment:  $M_u = 250$  kN·m
- Effective depth:  $d = 450$ mm

**Solution:**

**Step 1:** Calculate minimum reinforcement area

$$A_{s,min} = \max\{0.25\sqrt{f'_c} \times b_w \times d / f_y, 1.4 \times b_w \times d / f_y\}$$
$$A_{s,min} = \max\{0.25\sqrt{28} \times 300 \times 450 / 415, 1.4 \times 300 \times 450 / 415\}$$
$$A_{s,min} = \max\{907 \text{ mm}^2, 1084 \text{ mm}^2\} = 1084 \text{ mm}^2$$

**Step 2:** Calculate required reinforcement area

Assuming initial  $a = 50$ mm:

$$A_s = M_u / (\phi \times f_y \times (d - a/2))$$
$$A_s = 250 \times 10^3 / (0.9 \times 415 \times (450 - 25)) = 1575 \text{ mm}^2$$

**Step 3:** Check and iterate

$$a = A_s \times f_y / (0.85 \times f'_c \times b) = 1575 \times 415 / (0.85 \times 28 \times 300) = 91.2 \text{ mm}$$
$$\text{Revise: } A_s = 250 \times 10^3 / (0.9 \times 415 \times (450 - 45.6)) = 1649 \text{ mm}^2$$

**Step 4:** Select reinforcement

Use 4 × 25mm bars ( $A_s = 1963 \text{ mm}^2$ ) > 1649 mm<sup>2</sup> ✓

## APPENDIX B: MATERIAL PROPERTIES AND TESTING

Material	Property	Value	Test Standard	Frequency
Concrete	Compressive Strength	28 MPa	ASTM C39	Every 50 m <sup>3</sup>
Concrete	Slump	75-100 mm	ASTM C143	Every batch
Steel Bars	Yield Strength	415 MPa	ASTM A615	Per shipment
Steel Bars	Ultimate Strength	550 MPa	ASTM A615	Per shipment
Steel Bars	Elongation	≥14%	ASTM A615	Per shipment

## APPENDIX C: REFERENCES

1. National Structural Code of the Philippines (NSCP) 2015, 7th Edition 2. American Concrete Institute (ACI) 318-14: Building Code Requirements for Structural Concrete 3. Philippine Institute of Civil Engineers (PICE) Design Standards 4. ASTM International Standards for Construction Materials 5. "Design of Concrete Structures" by Nilson, Darwin, and Dolan, 15th Edition 6. "Reinforced Concrete Design" by Mosley, Hulse, and Bungey, 8th Edition