

February 7, 2018

Name: Lionore Giner

Exercise 1. Fill in the blanks with the simplest equivalent. No justifications required.

 $\sinh(x) \underset{x\to 0}{\sim}$ $\frac{2}{2} \cos(x) - 1 \underset{x \to 0}{\sim} - \frac{x^2}{2}$ $e^{\cosh(x)-1}-1 \underset{x\to 0}{\sim} 2$

Exercise 2. Fill in the blanks:

 $(1 - 2x + 3x^2 + o(x^2)) + (x - 3x^2 + o(x^3)) = 1 - 2 + o(x^2)$ $(1 - 2x + 3x^2 + o(x^2))(x - 3x^2 + o(x^3)) = x - 5x^2 + 9x^3 + o(x^3)$ $\frac{1 - 2x + 3x^2 + o(x^2)}{x - 3x^2 + o(x^3)} = \frac{1}{x - 0} + \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1$

Exercise 3. Recall the Taylor-Young Theorem.

ff is N (N 21) times differentiable at xo: 8 (x0+h) = & f(x) hk +0 (hu)