# Flutter异常捕获方式

• 同步异常捕获

同步捕获:使用try catch

```
try {
   throw FlutterError('同步异常');
} catch (e) {
   print(e);
}
```

• 异步异常捕获

#### 方法 1:

使用 Flutter 提供的 catchError 捕获

```
Future.delayed(Duration(seconds: 1)).then((value) {
    throw FlutterError('异步异常');
}).catchError((e) {
    print(e);
});
```

### 方法 2:

将异步转为同步捕获

```
try {
```

```
await Future.delayed(Duration(seconds: 1), () {
    throw FlutterError('异步');
    });
} catch (e) {
    print(e);
}
```

## • 全局捕获

### 方法 1:

在入口函数main里全局捕获

```
void main() {
    HiDefend.run(MyApp());
}
import 'dart:async';
import 'package:flutter/foundation.dart';
import 'package:flutter/material.dart';
import 'package:hi_base/log_util.dart';

class HiDefend {
    /// 全局异常捕获
    static run(Widget app) {
        /// 捕获flutter框架异常
        FlutterError.onError = (FlutterErrorDetails details) {
        if (kReleaseMode) {
```

```
// 线上环境, 走上报逻辑
       Zone.current.handleUncaughtError(details.exception,
details.stack!);
     } else {
       // 开发环境, 走console抛出
       FlutterError.dumpErrorToConsole(details);
     }
   };
   /// 捕获程序异常
   runZonedGuarded(() {
     runApp(app);
   }, (e, s) => _reportError(e, s));
 }
 /// 通过接口上报异常
 static _reportError(Object e, StackTrace s) {
   LogUtil.log('error', e);
   LogUtil.log('StackTrace', s);
```

### 方法 2:

使用 bugly 的 flutter 插件捕获

```
dependencies:
  flutter_bugly: ^0.3.3
```