# Flutter 94: 初识 MediaQuery

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当我们同时<mark>为手机和平板适配编写 app 针对不同屏幕尺</mark>寸进行 UI 布局或当用户偏好设置较大字号或是想要最大限度等减少动画等;此时就需要 MediaQuery 来帮我们获取所用设备的信息以及用户设置的偏好信息; MediaQuery 媒体询问

# MediaQuery

MediaQuery 一直存在于 WidgetsApp 和 MaterialApp中, MediaQuery 继承自 InheritedWidget 是一个单独的Widget, 但一般通过 MediaQuery.of(context) 来获取相关信息;

当相关信息发生变化,例如<mark>屏幕旋转</mark>等时,屏幕中 Widget 会重新构建,以保持最新状态;我们可以通过 MediaQuery 构造函数和提供的静态方法手动设置对应的相 关信息;

# 1. MediaQuery()

```
const MediaQuery({

Key key,

@required this.data,

@required Widget child,
```

# 2. MediaQuery.removePadding() 删除内边距

```
factory MediaQuery.removePadding({
    Key key,
    @required BuildContext context,
    bool removeLeft = false,
    bool removeTop = false,
    bool removeRight = false,
    bool removeBottom = false,
    @required Widget child,
})
```

# 3. MediaQuery.removeViewInsets() 删除视图内边距

```
factory MediaQuery.removeViewInsets({
    Key key,
    @required BuildContext context,
    bool removeLeft = false,
    bool removeTop = false,
    bool removeRight = false,
    bool removeBottom = false,
    @required Widget child,
})
```

# MediaQueryData

MediaQueryData <mark>包含关于媒介的相关信息</mark>;一般通过

# MediaQuery.of(context) 获取;

```
const MediaQueryData({
   this.size = Size.zero,
   this.devicePixelRatio = 1.0,
   this.textScaleFactor = 1.0,
   this.platformBrightness = Brightness.light,
   this.padding = EdgeInsets.zero,
   this.viewInsets = EdgeInsets.zero,
   this.systemGestureInsets = EdgeInsets.zero,
   this.viewPadding = EdgeInsets.zero,
   this.physicalDepth = double.maxFinite,
   this.alwaysUse24HourFormat = false,
   this.accessibleNavigation = false,
   this.invertColors = false,
   this.highContrast = false,
   this.disableAnimations = false,
   this.boldText = false,
```

# 1. size

size 为媒介的尺寸大小,以逻辑像素为单位;

```
print('屏幕 Size -> ${MediaQuery.of(context).size}');

print('按钮 Size -> $
{_itemExpandedKey.currentContext.size}');

print('文字 Size -> ${_itemTextKey.currentContext.size}');

print('文字 Size -> $
{MediaQuery.of(_itemTextKey.currentContext).size}');
```

```
I/flutter (11488): Current Button 1 click --> start I/flutter (11488): 屏幕 Size -> Size(392.7, 872.7) I/flutter (11488): Current Button 1 click --> end I/flutter (11488): Current Button 2 click --> start I/flutter (11488): 按钮 Size -> Size(190.4, 48.0) I/flutter (11488): 文字 Size -> Size(67.0, 23.0) I/flutter (11488): 文字 Size -> Size(392.7, 872.7) I/flutter (11488): Current Button 2 click --> end
```

#### 2. devicePixelRatio

devicePixelRatio 为像素密度;与设备物理像素有关,与横竖屏等无关;

```
print('屏幕像素比 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).devicePixelRatio}');
```

```
I/flutter (11488): Current Button 4 click ---> start I/flutter (11488): 屏幕像素比 -> 2.75
I/flutter (11488): Current Button 4 click ---> end
```

#### 3. orientation

orientation 为横竖屏, Orientation.landscape 为横屏,

orientation 方向, landscape 横向, portrait 竖向的

# Orientation.portrait 为竖屏;

#### print('横竖屏 -> \${MediaQuery.of(context).orientation}');

```
I/flutter (11488): Current Button 3 click ---> start I/flutter (11488): 横竖屏 -> Orientation.portrait I/flutter (11488): Current Button 3 click ---> end I/flutter (11488): Current Button 3 click ---> start I/flutter (11488): 横竖屏 -> Orientation.landscape I/flutter (11488): Current Button 3 click ---> end
```

#### 4. textScaleFactor

#### textScaleFactor 为

每个逻辑像素的字体像素数,小菜理解为字体的像素比;注意,小菜设置了默认字体像素密度为标准的 1.2 倍之后调整设备系统字号,其 1.2 倍依旧是以标准字号为基础扩大 1.2 倍;

```
print('字体像素比 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).textScaleFactor}');

MediaQuery(data:
MediaQuery.of(context).copyWith(textScaleFactor: 1.2),
        child: Text('字体像素比 * 1.2', style: TextStyle(color: Colors.white, fontSize: 16.0));
print('字体像素比 * 1.2 -> $
```

```
I/flutter (14264): Current Button 5 click --> start I/flutter (14264): 字体像素比 -> 1.0
I/flutter (14264): Current Button 5 click --> end I/flutter (14264): Current Button 6 click --> start I/flutter (14264): 字体像素比 * 1.2 -> 1.2
I/flutter (14264): Current Button 6 click --> end

I/flutter (14801): Current Button 5 click --> start I/flutter (14801): 字体像素比 -> 1.25
I/flutter (14801): Current Button 5 click --> end
I/flutter (14801) Current Button 5 click --> end
I/flutter (14801) Current Button 6 click --> start 字体像素比 * 1.2 -> 1.2
I/flutter (14801) Current Button 6 click --> end
```

# 5. platformBrightness

platformBrightness 为当前设备的亮度模式;注意调整 屏幕亮度并不会改变该模式,与当前系统支持的黑暗模式和 明亮模式相关;

```
print('亮度模式 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).platformBrightness}');
```

```
I/flutter (18240): Current Button 7 click --> start I/flutter (18240): 亮度模式 -> Brightness.light I/flutter (18240): Current Button 7 click --> end
```

# 6. alwaysUse24HourFormat

alwaysUse24HourFormat 为当前设备是否为 24 小时制;

```
print('24 小时制 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).alwaysUse24HourFormat}');
```

```
I/flutter (18240): Current Button 8 click --> start I/flutter (18240): 24 小时制 -> false I/flutter (18240): Current Button 8 click --> end
```

# 7. accessible Navigation

accessibleNavigation 为是否使用 TalkBack 或 VoiceOver 之类的辅助功能与应用程序进行交互,用以辅助 视力障碍人群;

```
print('亮度模式 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).accessibleNavigation}');
```

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 9 click --> start

I/flutter (18240): 辅助视力障碍 -> false

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 9 click --> end

### 8. invertColors

invertColors 为是否使用颜色反转,主要用于 iOS 设备;

#### <mark>print(</mark>'颜色反转 -> \${MediaQuery.of(context).invertColors}'**);**

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 10 click --> start

I/flutter (18240): 颜色反转 -> false

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 10 click --> end

# 9. highContrast

highContrast 为用户是否要求前景与背景之间的对比度高、主要用于 iOS 设备;

# print('前后背景高对比度 -> \$ {MediaQuery.of(context).highContrast}');

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 11 click --> start

I/flutter (18240): 前后背景高对比度 -> false

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 11 click --> end

### 10. disableAnimations

# disableAnimations 为平台是否要求禁用或减少动画;

# print('是否减少动画 -> \$ {MediaQuery.of(context).disableAnimations}');

```
I/flutter (18240): Current Button 12 click --> start
```

I/flutter (18240): 是否减少动画 -> false

I/flutter (18240): Current Button 12 click --> end

#### 11. boldText

boldText 为平台是否要求使用粗体;

#### print('是否使用粗体 -> \${MediaQuery.of(context).boldText}');

```
I/flutter (19849): Current Button 13 click --> start
```

I/flutter (19849): 是否使用粗体 -> false

I/flutter (19849): Current Button 13 click --> end

# 12. padding

padding 为屏幕内边距,一般是刘海儿屏或异形屏中被系统遮挡部分边距;

#### <mark>print(</mark>'内边距 -> \${MediaQuery.of(context).padding}'**);**

```
I/flutter (19849): Current Button 14 click --> start I/flutter (19849): 内边距 -> EdgeInsets(0.0, 34.5, 0.0, 0.0) I/flutter (19849): Current Button 14 click --> end
```

# 13. viewInsets

viewInsets 为键盘弹出时等遮挡屏幕边距,其中 viewInsets.bottom 为键盘高度;

```
print('键盘遮挡内边距 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).viewInsets}');
```

```
I/flutter (19849): Current Button 15 click --> start I/flutter (19849): 键盘遮挡内边距 -> EdgeInsets.zero I/flutter (19849): Current Button 15 click --> end I/flutter (19849): Current Button 15 click --> start I/flutter (19849): 键盘遮挡内边距 -> EdgeInsets(0.0, 0.0, 0.0, 337.5) I/flutter (19849): Current Button 15 click --> end
```

# 14. systemGestureInsets

systemGestureInsets 为手势边距,如 Android Q 之后添加的向左滑动关闭页面等;

```
print('系统手势边距 -> $
{MediaQuery.of(context).systemGestureInsets}');
```

```
I/flutter (19849): Current Button 16 click --> start I/flutter (19849): 系统手势边距 -> EdgeInsets(0.0, 34.5, 0.0, 0.0) I/flutter (19849): Current Button 16 click --> end
```

# 15. viewPadding

viewPadding 小菜理解为视图内边距,为屏幕被刘海儿 屏或异形屏中被系统遮挡部分,从 MediaQuery 边界的边缘 计算;此值是保持不变;例如,屏幕底部的软件键盘可能会 覆盖并占用需要底部填充的相同区域,因此不会影响此值;

# print('系统手势边距 -> \$ {MediaQuery.of(context).systemGestureInsets}');

```
I/flutter (19849): Current Button 17 click --> start
```

I/flutter (19849): 视图内边距 -> EdgeInsets(0.0, 34.5, 0.0, 0.0)

I/flutter (19849): Current Button 17 click --> end

# 16. physicalDepth

physicalDepth 为设备物理层级,小菜暂时还未想到对应的应用场景;

# print('设备物理层级 -> \$ {MediaQuery.of(context).physicalDepth}'<mark>);</mark>

I/flutter (19849): Current Button 18 click --> start

I/flutter (19849): 设备物理层级 -> 1.7976931348623157e+308

I/flutter (19849): Current Button 18 click --> end

# **Tips**

小菜在尝试获取其他子 Widget Size 时,有两点需要注意,首先要设置一个全局的 GlobalKey 来获取当前位置,key 需要为唯一的;第二通过 GlobalKey().currentContext 获取 BuildContext 上下文环境,从而获取对应尺寸;

```
var _itemExpandedKey = GlobalKey();
var _itemTextKey = GlobalKey();

Expanded(
    key: _itemExpandedKey,
    child: FlatButton(
        onPressed: () => _itemClick(2),
        child: Center(child: Text('按钮 Size', key:
    _itemTextKey, style: TextStyle(color: Colors.white,
    fontSize: 16.0))),
        color: Colors.purpleAccent.withOpacity(0.4)))
```

MediaQuery 案例尝试