Supplementary Information

Tree height and leaf drought tolerance traits shape growth responses across droughts in a temperate broadleaf forest

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List of Tables

1	Table S1. Monthly Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI), and its rank among all years between 1950 and 2009 (driest=1), for focal droughts	3
2	Table S3. Species-specific height regression equations	5
3	Table S4. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought resistance, where Rt is used as the response variable	6
4	Table S5. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought resistance, where Rt_{ARIMA} is used as the response variable	7
5	Table S6. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought recovery (Rc)	8
6	Table S7. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought resilience (Rs)	9
7	Table S8. Summary of top full models for each drought instance, where Rt is used as the response variable	10
8	Table S9. Summary of top models for each drought instance, where Rt_{ARIMA} is used as the response variable	11
9	Table S10. Summary of top models for each drought instance, where Rc is used as the response variable	12
10	Table S11. Summary of top models for each drought instance, where Rs is used as the response variable	13
List	of Figures	
1	Figure S1. Time series of Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI) for each focal drought year \pm 2 years	14
2	Figure S2. Map of ForestGEO plot showing topographic wetness index and location of cored trees. Scale units are in meters	15
3	Figure S3. Distribution of reconstructed tree heights across drought years	16

4	Figure S4. Distribution of independent variables by species. Species that are assigned	
	the same letter are not significantly different from each other with regard to the tested variable.	17
5	Figure S5. Comparison of Rt and Rt_{ARIMA} results, with residuals, for each drought	
	scenario	18
6	Figure S6. Drought recovery, Rc , across species for the three focal droughts	19
7	Figure S7. Drought recovery, Rc , across species for the three focal droughts	20
Appen	dix S1. Further Package Citations	

Table S1. Monthly Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI), and its rank among all years between 1950 and 2009 (driest=1), for focal droughts.

year	month	PDSI	rank
1966	May	-2.98	2
	June	-3.40	2
	July	-4.08	2
	August	-4.82	1
1977	May	-2.96	3
	June	-3.28	3
	July	-3.61	3
	August	-3.68	3
1999	May	-3.63	1
	$\overline{\mathrm{June}}$	-4.21	1
	July	-4.53	1
	August	-4.64	2

Species	Equations	R^2
Carya cordiformis	$ln[r_{bark}] = -1.56 + 0.416 * ln[DBH]$	0.226
Carya glabra	$ln[r_{bark}] = -0.393 + 0.268 * ln[DBH]$	0.04
Carya ovalis	$ln[r_{bark}] = -2.18 + 0.651 * ln[DBH]$	0.389
Carya tomentosa	$ln[r_{bark}] = -0.477 + 0.301 * ln[DBH]$	0.297
Fagus grandifolia	-	-
Fraxinus americana	$ln[r_{bark}] = 0.418 + 0.268 * ln[DBH]$	0.256
Juglans nigra	$ln[r_{bark}] = 0.346 + 0.279 * ln[DBH]$	0.246
Liriodendron tulipifera	$ln[r_{bark}] = -1.14 + 0.463 * ln[DBH]$	0.545
Quercus alba	$ln[r_{bark}] = -2.09 + 0.637 * ln[DBH]$	0.603
Quercus prinus	$ln[r_{bark}] = -1.31 + 0.528 * ln[DBH]$	0.577
Quercus rubra	$ln[r_{bark}] = -0.593 + 0.292 * ln[DBH]$	0.101
Quercus velutina	$ln[r_{bark}] = 0.245 + 0.219 * ln[DBH]$	0.087

\end{table} We used linear regression on log-transformed data to relate r_{bark} to the diameter inside bark from 2008 data. These were then used to determine r_{bark} in the DBH reconstruction. The equation for Fagus grandifolia because it functionally has negligible bark.

Table S3. Species-specific height regression equations

Species	Equations	R^2
Carya cordiformis	ln[H] = 0.332 + 0.808*ln[DBH]	0.874
Carya glabra	ln[H] = 0.685 + 0.691*ln[DBH]	0.841
Carya ovalis	$\ln[H] = 0.533 + 0.741 \ln[DBH]$	0.924
Carya tomentosa	ln[H] = 0.726 + 0.713*ln[DBH]	0.897
Fagus grandifolia	ln[H] = 0.708 + 0.662*ln[DBH]	0.857
Liriodendron tulipifera	ln[H] = 1.33 + 0.52*ln[DBH]	0.771
Quercus alba	ln[H] = 0.74 + 0.645*ln[DBH]	0.719
Quercus prinus	ln[H] = 0.41 + 0.757*ln[DBH]	0.886
Quercus rubra	ln[H] = 1.00 + 0.574*ln[DBH]	0.755
all	ln[H] = 0.839 + 0.642*ln[DBH]	0.857

Table S4. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought resistance, where Rt is used as the response variable.

		all droughts			1966		1977		1999	
variable	category	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients							
xylem porosity	R	-0.8	0.0630	2.29**	0.190	1.92	-0.152	3.36**	0.1500	
	D/SR		0.0000		0.000		0.000		0.0000	
PLA	•	6.7**	-0.0140	9.13**	-0.025	-0.32	-0.010	-0.95	-0.0070	
LMA		-2.01	0.0002	-1.9	0.001	-1.68	-0.002	-2.03	0.0003	
π_{tlp}		1.33	-0.1740	-1.65	-0.107	1.23	-0.245	-0.1	-0.1690	
WD		-1.97	-0.0310	-1.26	-0.206	-1.44	-0.154	0.66	0.2720	

^{**} $\Delta {\rm AICc} > 2$: variable considered significant as an individual predictor

Table S5. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought resistance, where Rt_{ARIMA} is used as the response variable.

		all droughts		1966		1977		1999	
variable	category	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients	$\Delta AICc$	coefficients	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients
xylem porosity	R	-1.47	0.0420	0.95	0.1520	2.84**	-0.171	2.27**	0.155
	D/SR		0.0000		0.0000		0.000		0.000
PLA	,	4.48**	-0.0120	10.15**	-0.0240	-0.9	-0.008	-1.67	-0.005
LMA		-1.99	-0.0003	-2.02	0.0005	-0.42	-0.003	-1.9	0.001
π_{tlp}		0.42	-0.1510	-1.94	-0.0530	-0.53	-0.179	0.04	-0.200
WD		-1.94	-0.0390	-0.08	-0.3040	-1.57	-0.142	0.83	0.316

^{**} $\Delta {\rm AICc} > 2$: variable considered significant as an individual predictor

Table S6. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought recovery (Rc).

		all droughts		1966		1977		1999	
variable	category	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients	$\Delta AICc$	coefficients
xylem porosity	R	15.25**	-0.280	9.9**	-0.474	-1.67	-0.0370	17.06**	-0.3380
	D/SR		0.000		0.000		0.0000		0.0000
PLA		-1.98	0.002	-1.33	0.014	1.10	-0.0090	-2.03	0.0010
LMA		-1.35	-0.002	0.32	-0.008	-2.04	-0.0001	-2.03	-0.0005
π_{tlp}		-1.13	-0.149	-1.94	-0.101	1.08	-0.1630	-1.14	-0.2020
WD		-1.86	-0.088	-1.6	0.278	-1.68	-0.0980	-1.03	-0.2950

^{**} $\Delta {\rm AICc} > 2$: variable considered significant as an individual predictor

Table S7. Individual tests of species traits as drivers of drought resilience (Rs).

		all o	all droughts		1966		1977		1999
variable	category	$\Delta { m AICc}$	coefficients						
xylem porosity	R	0.24	-0.147	-1.29	-0.110	1.42	-0.263	-1.11	-0.0840
	D/SR		0.000		0.000		0.000		0.0000
PLA	,	1.09	-0.016	1.09	-0.020	-0.51	-0.017	0.67	-0.0130
LMA		-1.9	-0.001	-1.00	-0.004	-1.95	-0.001	-2.02	-0.0004
π_{tlp}		2.5**	-0.347	-1.11	-0.212	1.57	-0.468	6.11**	-0.3730
WD		-1.83	-0.109	-2.05	-0.020	-1.37	-0.298	-2.02	0.0360

^{**} $\Delta {\rm AICc} > 2$: variable considered significant as an individual predictor

Table S8. Summary of top full models for each drought instance, where Rt is used as the response variable.

1 1	A A T.C.	14 : 102	C 1:1: 1D2	T	1 [77]	1 [CTITIT]	1 [17] 1 [771777]	D. I. A.	
drought	$\Delta AICc$	MarginalR ²	$Conditional R^2$	Intercept	ln[H]	ln[TWI]	ln[H] * ln[TWI]	PLA	π_{tlp}
all	0.000	0.08	0.12	1.131	-0.057	-0.086	-	-0.012	-0.113
	0.583	0.06	0.11	1.423	-0.055	-0.086	-	-0.013	-
	0.726	0.08	0.12	1.537	-0.202	-0.326	0.082	-0.012	-0.114
	1.352	0.06	0.11	1.826	-0.198	-0.324	0.081	-0.013	-
1966	0.000	0.16	0.25	1.622	-0.135	-	-	-0.025	-
1977	0.000	0.06	0.22	0.503	_	-0.144	_		-0.24
1911	0.908	0.00	0.21			-0.144 -0.144		-	-0.24
			-	1.069	-	-	-	-	- 0.040
	0.988	0.06	0.22	0.568	-0.03	-0.139	-	-	-0.246
	1.144	0.08	0.24	0.684	-	-0.142	-	-0.007	-0.204
	1.267	0.04	0.22	1.211	-	-0.141	-	-0.01	-
1999	0.000	0.01	0.18	1.061	_	-0.102	_	_	_
1999	0.023	0.01						-	0.160
			0.19	0.659	-	-0.101	-	- 0.007	-0.169
	0.954	0.02	0.19	1.157	-	-0.1	-	-0.007	-
	1.513	0.05	0.21	0.783	-	-0.1	-	-0.005	-0.145
	1.803	0.01	0.18	1.024	0.013	-0.103	-	-	-
	1.901	0.04	0.19	0.635	0.011	-0.102	-	-	-0.166

Models are ranked by AICc. Shown are all models whose AICc value falls within 2.0 (Δ AICc<1) of the best model (bold). R^2 refers to conditional R^2 . Year was included in the model for all drought years, but its effect was not included in any top models, and coefficients were small (1966: 0, 1977: -0.019, 1999: -0.005; same values in all top models).

Table S9. Summary of top models for each drought instance, where Rt_{ARIMA} is used as the response variable.

drought	$\Delta { m AICc}$	$Marginal R^2$	$Conditional R^2$	Intercept	ln[H]	ln[TWI]	ln[H] * ln[TWI]	PLA	π_{tlp}
all	0.000	0.05	0.09	2.113	-0.307	-0.506	0.14	-0.012	-
	0.419	0.06	0.10	1.872	-0.31	-0.508	0.141	-0.011	-0.096
	1.217	0.05	0.09	1.395	-0.06	-0.1	-	-0.012	_
	1.698	0.06	0.10	1.153	-0.062	-0.1	-	-0.011	-0.095
1966	0.000	0.17	0.23	1.660	-0.154	_	_	-0.024	_
1000	1.393	0.17	0.23	1.735	-0.152	-0.047	_	-0.024	_
	1.457	0.16	0.23	1.859	-0.152	-	-	-0.025	0.078
1077	0.000	0.01	0.16	1 190		0.10			
1977	0.000	0.01	0.16	1.130	0.461	-0.18	0.05	-	-
	0.424	0.02	0.16	2.453	-0.461	-0.896	0.25	-	0.170
	0.688	0.03	0.17	0.720	- 0.466	-0.179	- 0.051	-	-0.173
	0.922	0.04	0.17	2.040	-0.466	-0.898	0.251	- 0.000	-0.18
	0.927	0.03	0.17	1.248	- 0.461	-0.177	- 0.05	-0.008	-
	1.322	0.03	0.17	2.569	-0.461	-0.893	0.25	-0.008	-
	1.709	0.01	0.15	1.183	-0.02	-0.177	-	-	-
1999	0.000	0.04	0.20	0.563	-	-0.076	_	-	-0.2
	0.064	0.03	0.19	0.421	-	-	-	-	-0.202
	0.127	0.00	0.18	1.036	-	-0.077	-	-	-
	0.256	0.00	0.18	0.899	-	-	-	-	-
	1.777	0.04	0.20	0.529	0.016	-0.078	-	-	-0.195
	1.797	0.01	0.20	1.101	-	-0.076	-	-0.004	-
	1.815	0.00	0.18	0.986	0.018	-0.079	-	-	-
	1.838	0.01	0.20	0.972	-	-	-	-0.005	-
	1.933	0.03	0.19	0.391	0.012	-	-	-	-0.199
	1.979	0.04	0.21	0.612	-	-0.075	-	-0.002	-0.19
	1.999	0.04	0.21	0.482	-	-	-	-0.002	-0.19

Models are ranked by AICc. Shown are all models whose AICc value falls within 2.0 (Δ AICc<1) of the best model (bold). R^2 refers to conditional R^2 . Year was included in the model for all drought years and appeared in all its top models, but coefficients were small (1966: 0, 1977: -0.03, 1999: 0.008; same values in all top models).

Table S10. Summary of top models for each drought instance, where Rc is used as the response variable.

drought	$\Delta { m AICc}$	$Marginal R^2$	$Conditional R^2$	Intercept	ln[H]	ln[TWI]	ln[H] * ln[TWI]	PLA	π_{tlp}
all	0.000	0.05	0.17	0.434	0.345	0.844	-0.269	-	-
	0.995	0.05	0.17	1.913	-0.126	-	-	-	-
	1.135	0.06	0.17	0.077	0.344	0.845	-0.269	-	-0.152
	1.991	0.05	0.18	0.410	0.346	0.843	-0.269	0.002	-
1966	0.000	0.01	0.28	-0.797	0.89	1.263	-0.475	_	_
	1.040	0.00	0.25	1.577	-	-	-	_	_
	1.367	0.02	0.30	-0.984	0.888	1.257	-0.474	0.013	_
	1.785	0.00	0.26	1.781	_	-0.114	-	_	_
	1.956	0.01	0.30	-1.025	0.89	1.261	-0.475	-	-0.097
1977	0.000	0.17	0.17	2.485	-0.482	-	-	-	-0.157
	0.299	0.17	0.17	2.943	-0.47	-	-	-0.008	-
	0.716	0.17	0.18	2.657	-0.477	-	-	-0.006	-0.114
	0.807	0.17	0.18	1.152	0.071	1.026	-0.308	-0.009	-
	0.875	0.17	0.18	2.729	-0.47	0.124	-	-0.009	-
	0.891	0.17	0.18	2.271	-0.479	0.115	-	-	-0.158
	0.910	0.17	0.18	0.712	0.054	1.004	-0.304	-	-0.159
	1.315	0.17	0.18	0.871	0.065	1.023	-0.308	-0.006	-0.112
	1.331	0.16	0.17	2.805	-0.464	-	-	-	-
	1.372	0.17	0.18	2.445	-0.475	0.122	-	-0.006	-0.112
	1.974	0.16	0.17	2.597	-0.466	0.118	-	-	-
1999	0.000	0.00	0.16	1.281	_	_	_	_	_
1000	0.532	0.00	0.17	1.093	_	0.105	_	_	_
	1.091	0.02	0.19	0.779	_	-	_	_	-0.212
	1.609	0.02	0.19	0.173	_	0.106	_	_	-0.212
	1.755	0.00	0.17	1.200	0.027	-	_	_	-0.211
	1.996	0.00	0.18	1.251	-	_	-	0.002	-

Models are ranked by AICc. Shown are all models whose AICc value falls within 2.0 (Δ AICc<1) of the best model (bold). R^2 refers to conditional R^2 . Year was included in the model for all drought years and appeared in all its top models (1966: 0, 1977: -0.14, 1999: -0.217; same values in all top models).

Table S11. Summary of top models for each drought instance, where Rs is used as the response variable.

drought	$\Delta { m AICc}$	$Marginal R^2$	$Conditional R^2$	Intercept	ln[H]	ln[TWI]	ln[H]*ln[TWI]	PLA	π_{tlp}
all	0.000	0.10	0.17	-0.265	0.348	0.864	-0.291	-0.012	-0.287
	0.176	0.08	0.16	-0.572	0.347	0.859	-0.291	-	-0.347
	1.518	0.07	0.16	0.458	0.354	0.866	-0.292	-0.016	-
	1.552	0.09	0.17	1.253	-0.166	_	-	-0.011	-0.288
	1.698	0.08	0.16	0.940	-0.166	-	-	-	-0.348
1966	0.000	0.04	0.15	1.834	-0.085	_	_	-0.02	_
	0.402	0.03	0.16	1.589	-	_	-	-0.02	-
	1.189	0.00	0.14	1.534	-0.082	_	-	-	-
	1.313	0.00	0.15	1.293	-	_	-	-	-
	1.692	0.04	0.16	1.534	-0.085	-	-	-0.018	-0.116
1977	0.000	0.14	0.28	-0.932	0.294	1.207	-0.384	_	-0.467
	0.497	0.13	0.28	1.194	-0.383	_	-	_	-0.469
	1.304	0.15	0.30	-0.648	0.294	1.208	-0.383	-0.011	-0.411
	1.542	0.13	0.28	1.026	-0.387	0.095	-	_	-0.472
	1.555	0.09	0.28	0.138	0.304	1.211	-0.385	_	_
	1.852	0.14	0.29	1.467	-0.381	-	-	-0.01	-0.416
1999	0.000	0.07	0.13	0.237	_	_	_	_	-0.366
	0.313	0.08	0.14	0.472	-	_	-	-0.008	-0.317
	0.503	0.07	0.13	0.358	-0.048	_	-	_	-0.376
	0.532	0.07	0.13	0.394	-	-0.086	-	_	-0.364
	0.726	0.09	0.14	0.588	-0.047	-	-	-0.008	-0.328
	1.079	0.09	0.15	0.602	-	-0.081	-	-0.008	-0.319
	1.249	0.07	0.13	0.495	-0.044	-0.08	-	-	-0.374
	1.706	0.09	0.14	0.699	-0.044	-0.075	-	-0.007	-0.329

Models are ranked by AICc. Shown are all models whose AICc value falls within 2.0 (Δ AICc<1) of the best model (bold). R^2 refers to conditional R^2 . Year was included in the model for all drought years and appeared in all its top models (1966: 0, 1977: -0.099, -0.099, -0.099, -0.097, -0.097; 1999: -0.174, -0.174, -0.174, -0.173, -0.172).

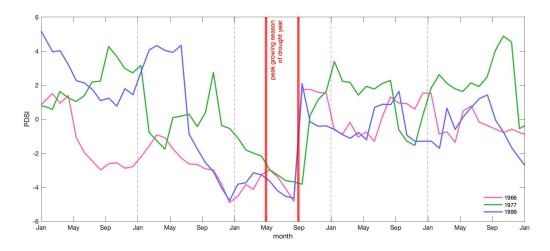


Figure S1. Time series of Palmer Drought Severity Index (PDSI) for each focal drought year \pm 2 years



Figure S2. Map of ForestGEO plot showing topographic wetness index and location of cored trees. Scale units are in meters

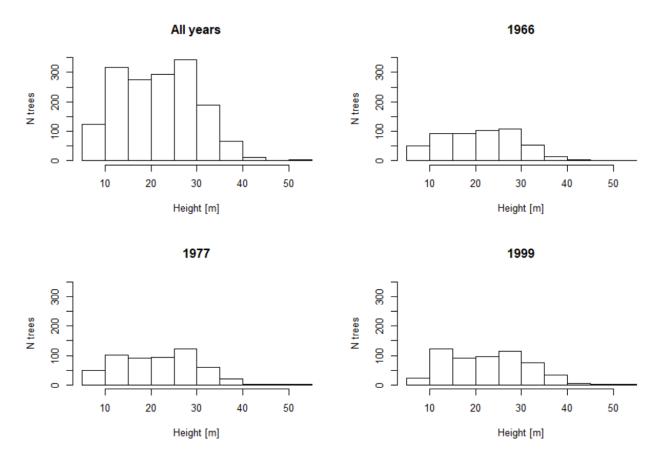


Figure S3. Distribution of reconstructed tree heights across drought years.

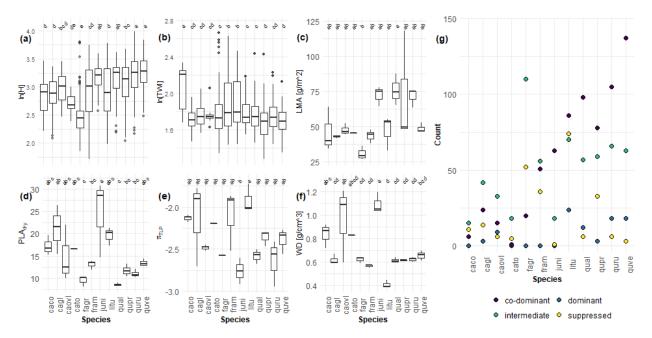


Figure S4. Distribution of independent variables by species. Species that are assigned the same letter are not significantly different from each other with regard to the tested variable.

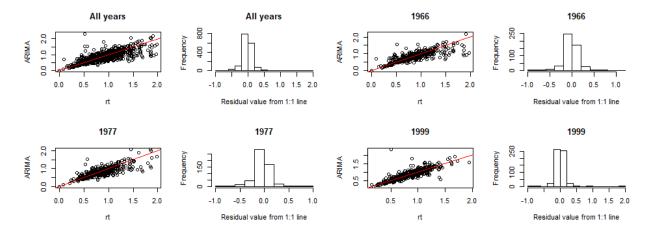


Figure S5. Comparison of Rt and Rt_{ARIMA} results, with residuals, for each drought scenario

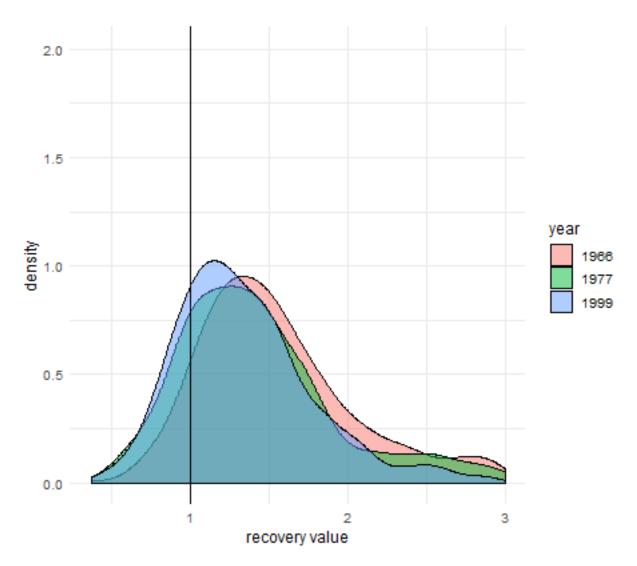


Figure S6. Drought recovery, Rc, across species for the three focal droughts.

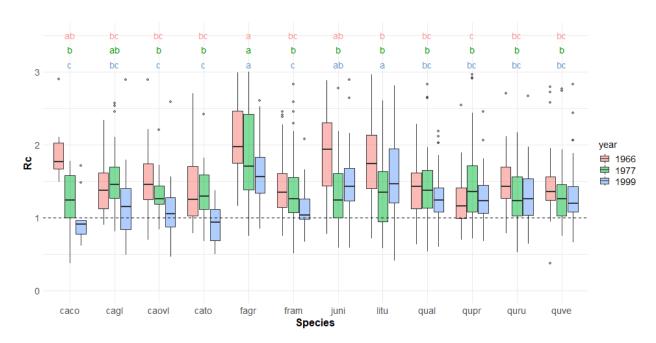


Figure S7. Drought recovery, Rc, across species for the three focal droughts.

Appendix S1. Further Package Citations

While there were several R-packages we used for a specific purpose in our methods, numerous packages were immensely helpful for this research behind the scenes. As in all of science, this study is a representation of the work done by both the authors of this paper as well as countless others. While acknowledging everyone is impossible, we want to at least give thanks to those who made this work possible.

R-packages not already cited in the main manuscript include the following, listed alphabetically by corresponding package name:

(Urbanek, 2013; Winston Chang, 2014; Auguie, 2017; Wickham, 2017, 2019; Spinu et al., 2018; Arnold, 2019; Barton, 2019; Bivand et al., 2019; Bivand & Rundel, 2019; Bunn et al., 2019; Dowle & Srinivasan, 2019; Fox et al., 2019; Henry & Wickham, 2019; Lefcheck et al., 2019; Perpinan Lamigueiro & Hijmans, 2019; R Core Team, 2019; Wickham & Bryan, 2019; Wickham et al., 2019, 2020a,b; Wilke, 2019; Allaire et al., 2020; Gagolewski et al., 2020; Hijmans, 2020; Kassambara, 2020; Pebesma, 2020; Robinson & Hayes, 2020; Temple Lang, 2020; Wickham & Henry, 2020; Xie, 2020)

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