

Image related layers

Several layers are specifically designed for image input. They work by sliding a window across the image and producing one value for each slide of the window. The slide is controlled by the **strides** parameter.

The input is typically a tensor of 4 dimensions: [**batch, height, width, channels**].

batch: number of images. Value -1 means this value is currently unspecified.

height: height of each image.

width: width of each image.

channels: number of “colors” of each image. (gray 1, rgb 3, etc.)

Important arguments

strides. `strides=(1,1)` - move 1 in each dimension (width, height) while sliding,
`strides=(2,2)` - move 2 in each dimension while sliding, etc.

padding. Either 'valid' or 'same'. Valid means no padding. Same means output size same as input size.

`tf.keras.layers.MaxPool2D`

This reduces the image size by taking max value over a neighborhood.

Arguments: `pool_size, strides, padding, data_format`.

Examples: `pool_size=(2)`. (Same as `MaxPool2D(2)`). `pool_size=(2,2)`. (Same as `MaxPool2D(2,2)`).

`tf.keras.layers.Conv2D`

Arguments: `filters, kernel_size, strides=(1, 1), padding='valid', data_format=None, dilation_rate=(1, 1), activation=None, use_bias=True, kernel_initializer='glorot_uniform', bias_initializer='zeros', kernel_regularizer=None, bias_regularizer=None, activity_regularizer=None, kernel_constraint=None, bias_constraint=None`.

Important arguments: `filters, kernel_size, strides=(1, 1), padding='valid', activation=None, use_bias=True, kernel_regularizer=None, bias_regularizer=None`.

filters: how many “outputs”. An output is generated from one each filter.

kernel_size: the size of the convolution kernel.

activation: we can specify activation here (eg “relu”) or as a separate layer.

use_bias adds a bias value to each kernel.

kernel_regularizer: specify regularizer for kernel values.

bias_regularizer: specify regularizer for bias values (less common).

input_shape. Should be specified for the first layer. For example, if input is gray images of size 28x28 specify: `input_shape=(28,28)`. if input is color (RGB) images of size 28x28 specify: `input_shape=(28,28,3)`.