

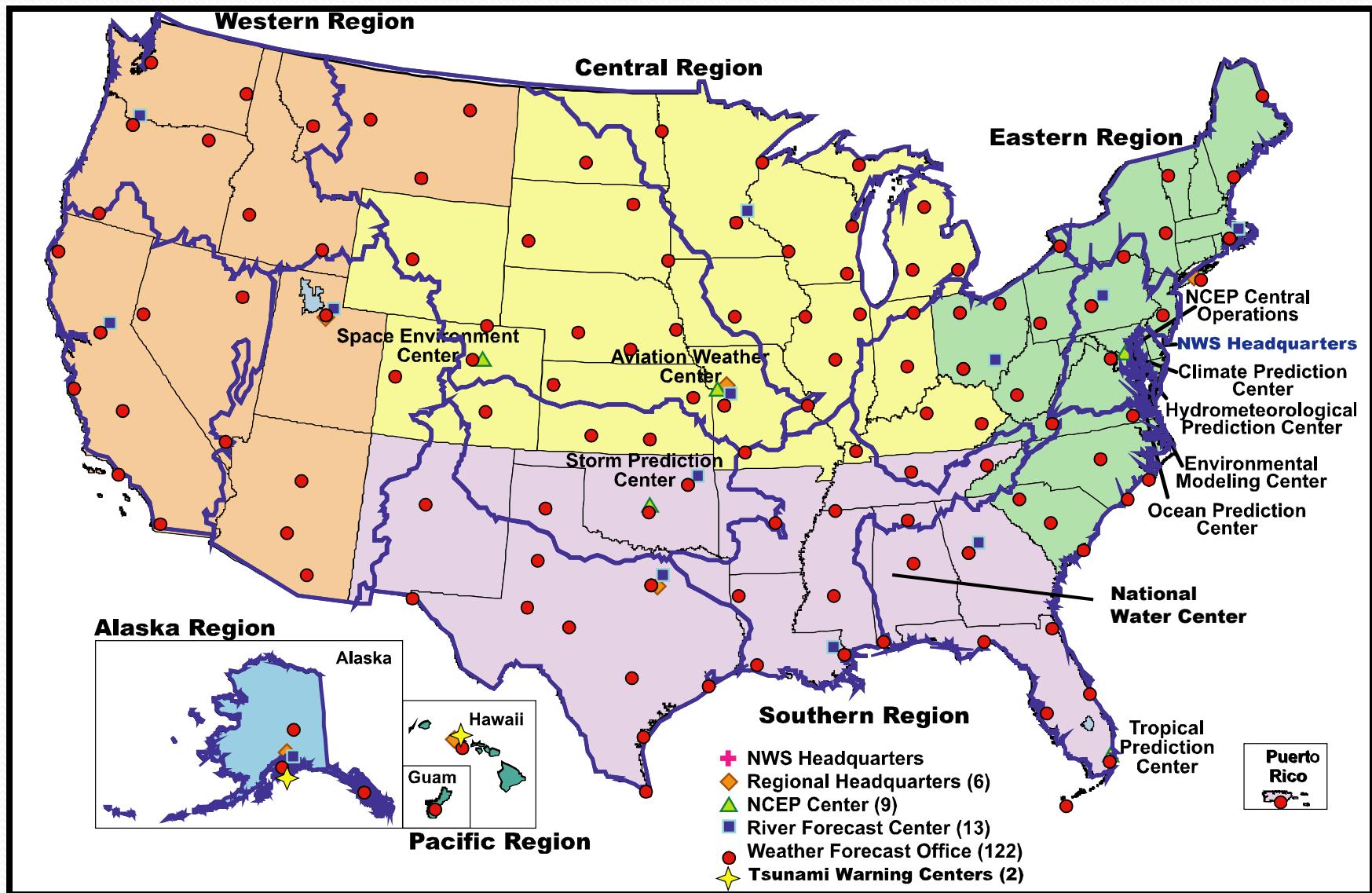
SERFC Operations Forecasting in SC

South Carolina Meeting

February 3rd , 2016

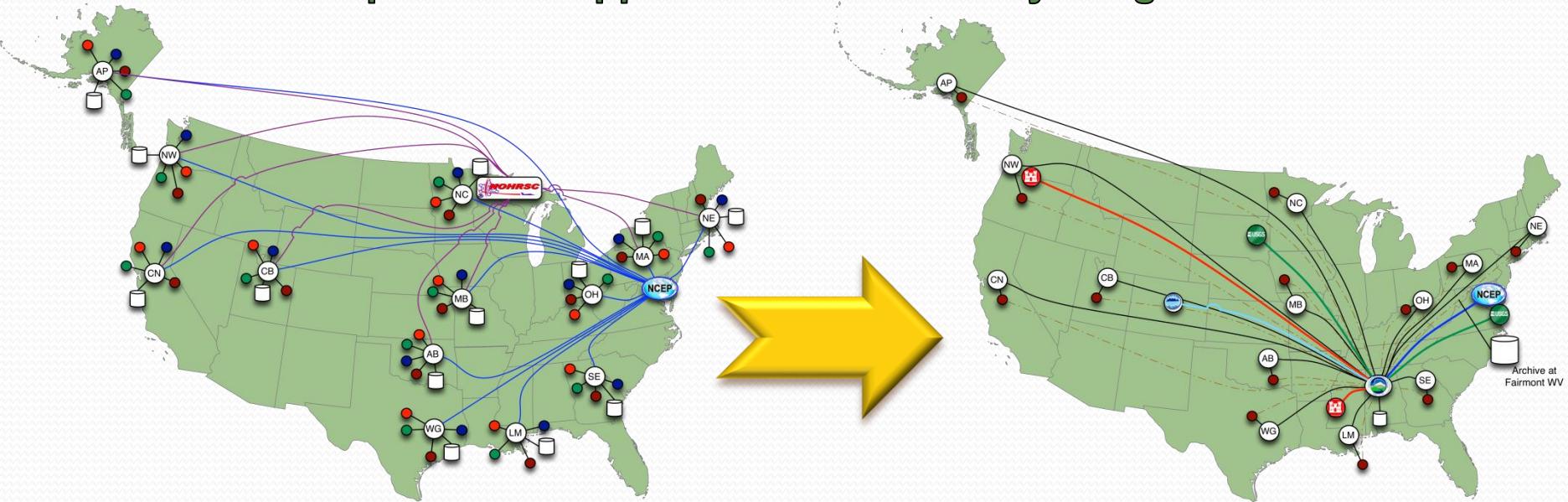


NWS operational Infrastructure



Hydrology Program Data Flow

To enable NWC-provided support and ensure a fully integrated field structure



TODAY

- Each RFC responsible for all data acquisition, QA/QC, modeling, post-processing, archival and service backup



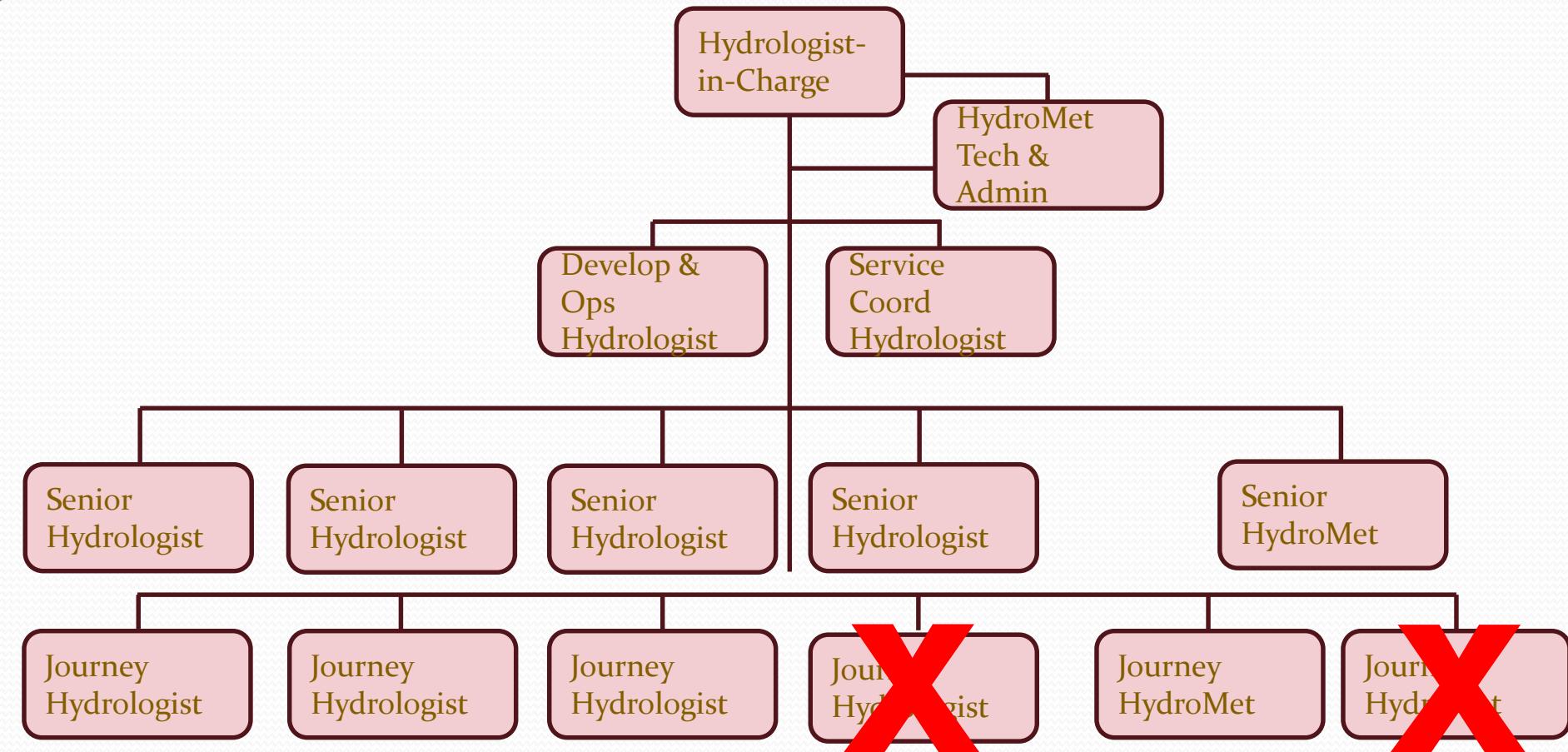
WITH NWC

- NWC centralizes data acquisition, processing, archival and service backup
- RFCs acquire local data, especially anthropogenic, and QA/QC
- NWC provides centralized forecast guidance for full spectrum of water parameters
- Focal point for threading global-regional-local modeling, forecasting and situational awareness to ensure consistency in products and services

NWS National Water Center



Staffing Profile



3 civil engineers
1 Hydrology major
8 Meteorologists

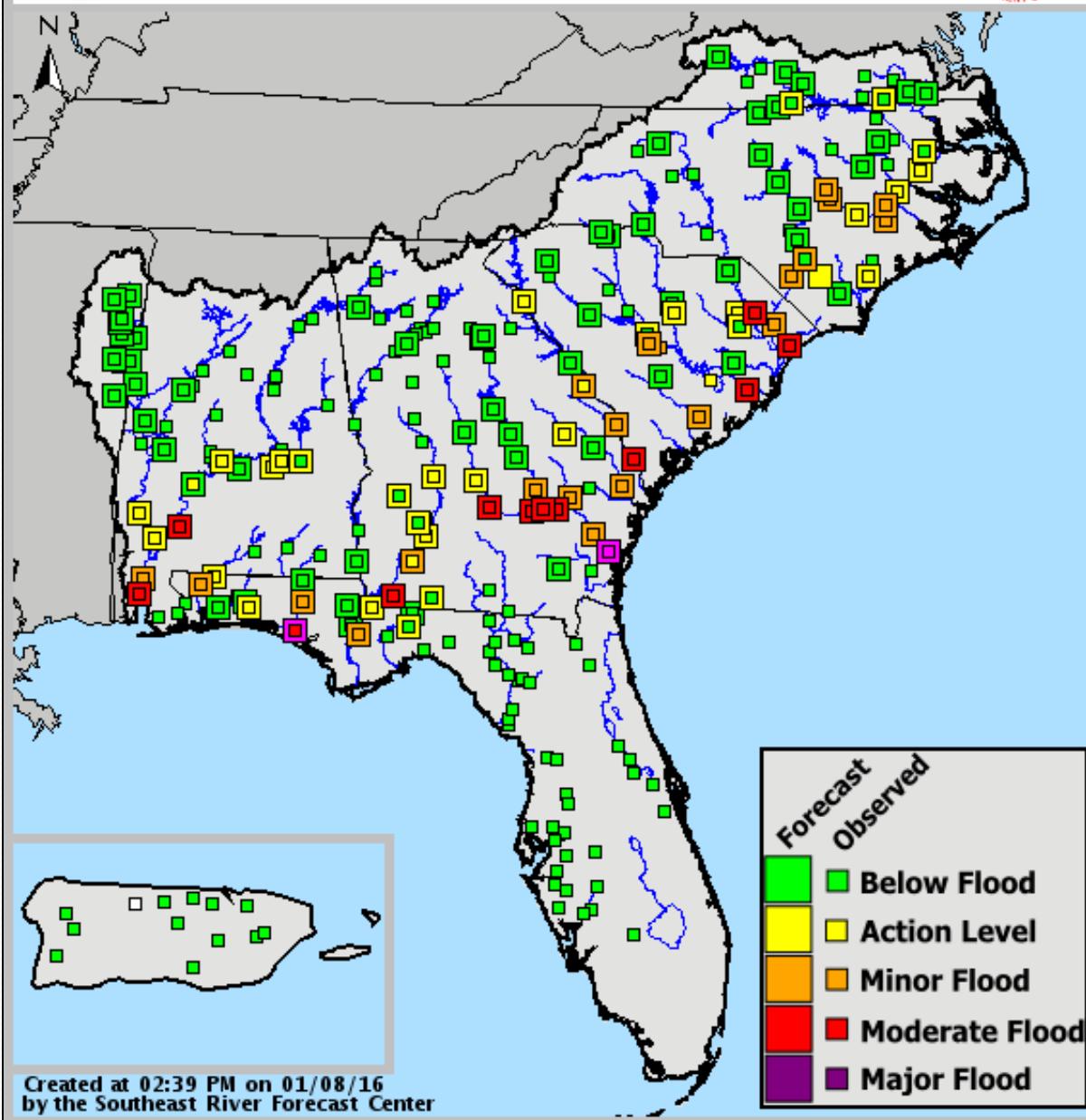
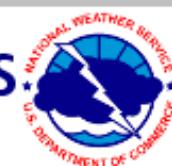
University of Oklahoma
Penn State
Georgia Tech
Iowa State
Universidad de Chile

University of Colorado
University of Arizona
THE Ohio State University
SUNY Oneonta



SERFC River Conditions

Valid: 01/08/2016 @ 02:39 PM



Hydrometeorology Function at the SERFC

Quantitative Precipitation Estimates (QPEs)

Radar

28 Dual-Polarization Doppler Radars

Rain-Gauge

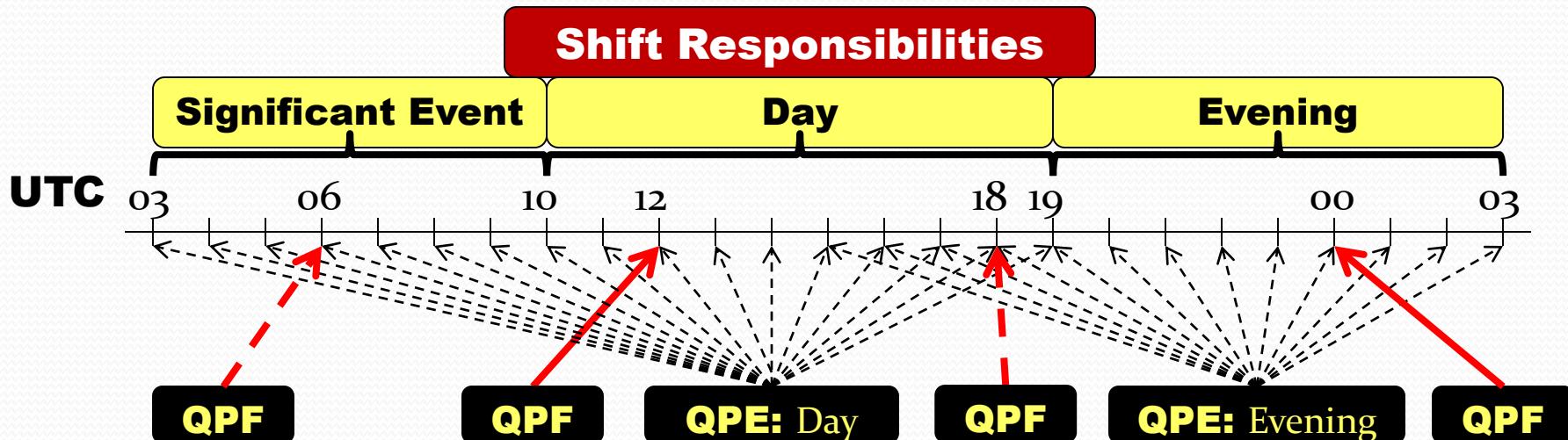
Hundreds of Sub-Hourly, Hourly, and Daily Rain-Gauges

Satellite

Only if Radar and Rain-Gauge Data Unavailable

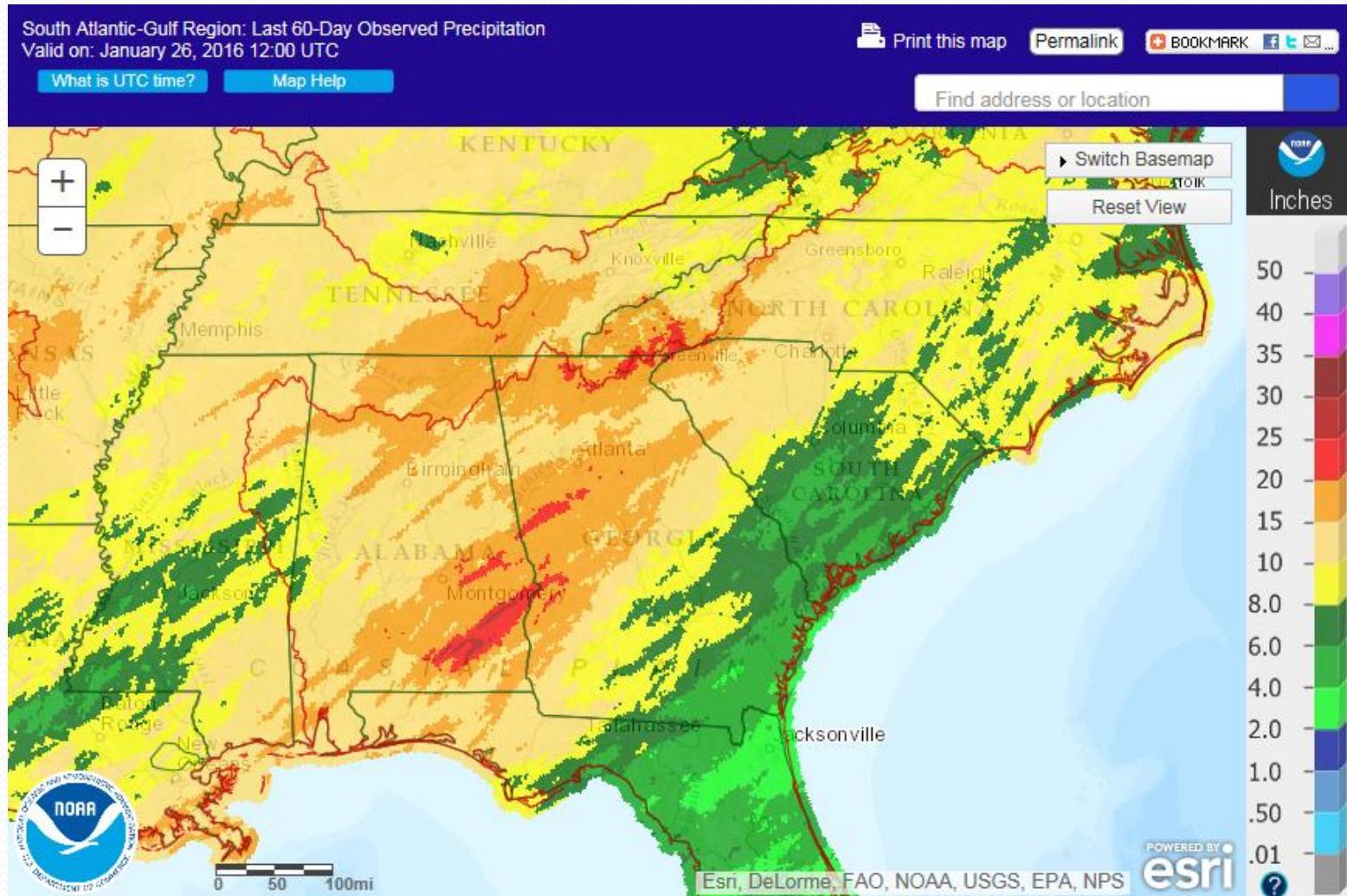
Multisensor Precipitation Estimate (MPE) Editor

- ~20 QPE Gridded Fields
 - Mean-Field Bias Correction
 - Manual Editing
- **QPE**



Quantitative Precipitation Estimates (QPE)

- Daily+
- water.weather.gov/precip



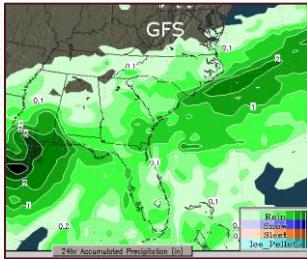
Hourly+

www.srh.noaa.gov/ridge2/RFC_Precip

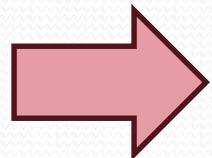
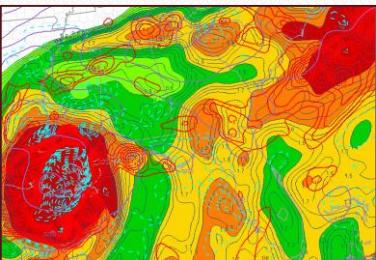
Daily+

water.weather.gov/precip

Quantitative Precipitation Forecast



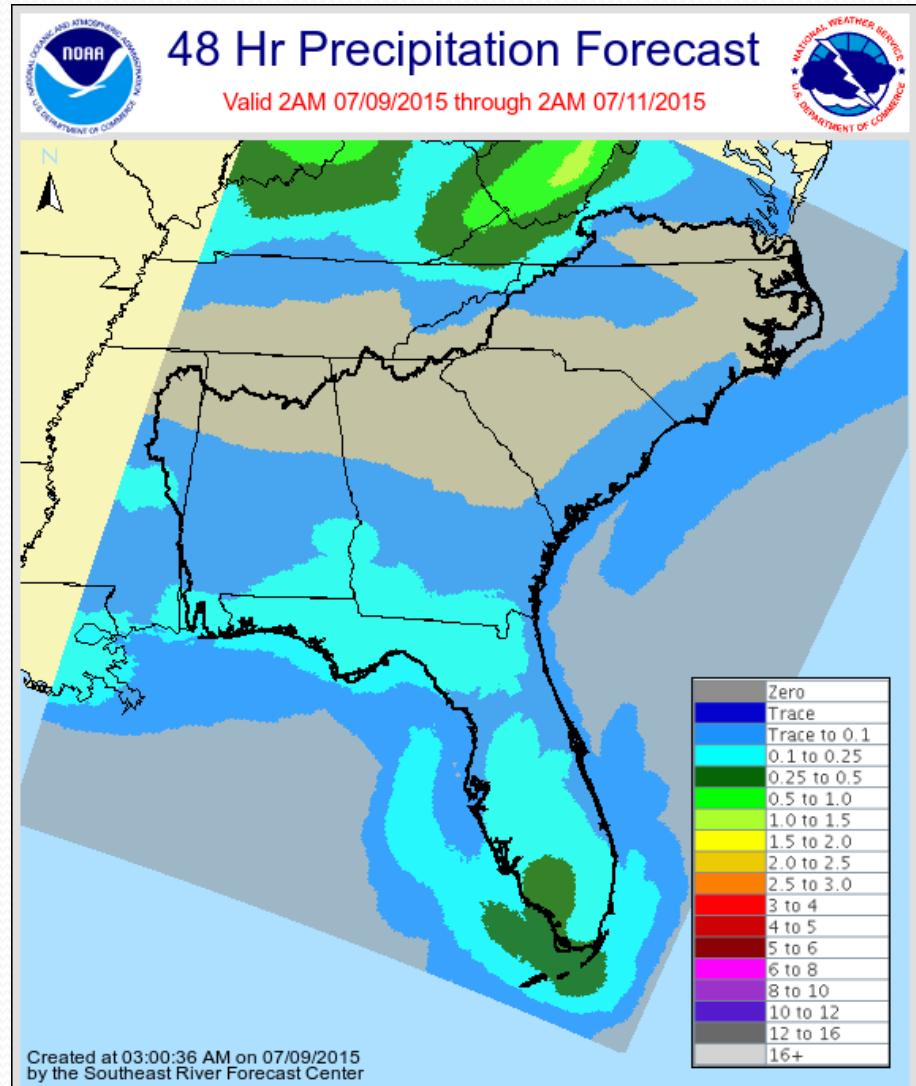
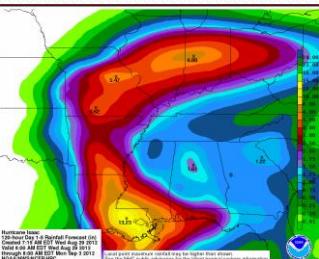
Model Output



Current Hourly
Rainfall



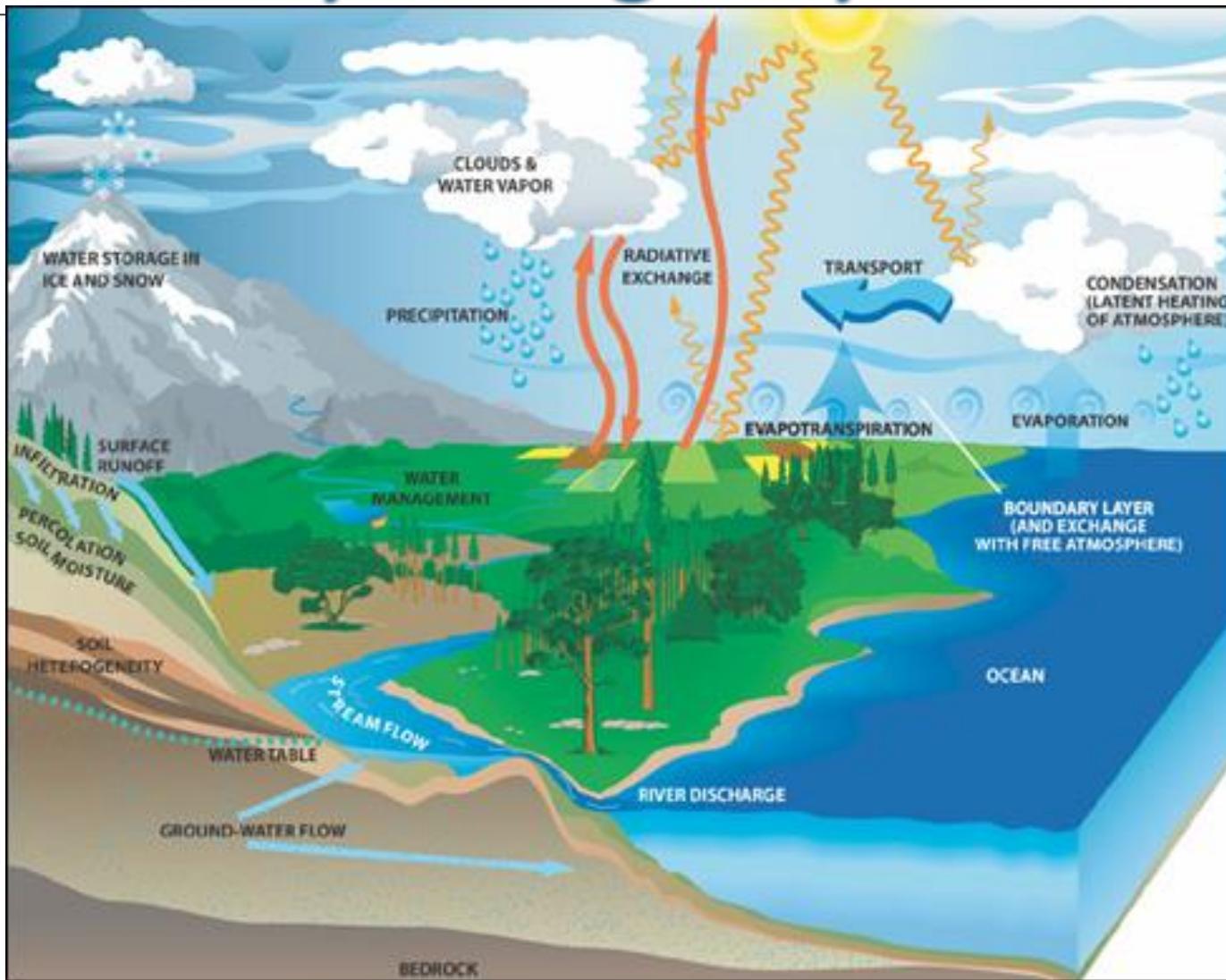
WPC Rainfall
Forecast



Hydrologic Forecast Operation Role

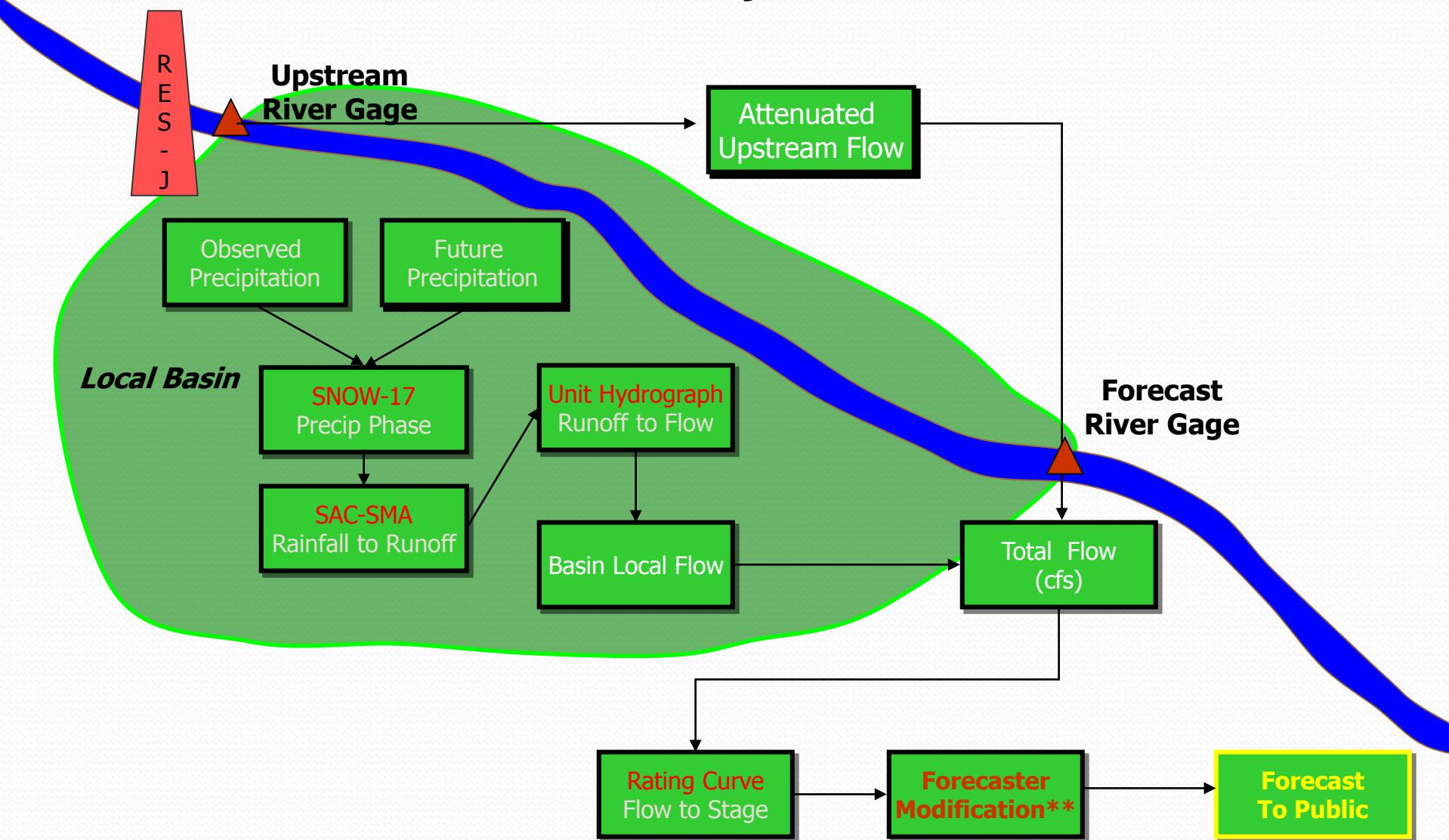
- SERFC models...
 - *Rainfall-runoff processes* exclusively with the Sacramento Soil Moisture Accounting Model (SAC-SMA). It is continuous, conceptual, lumped-parameter*, and calibrated to streamflow.
 - *Precipitation phase* exclusively with the SNOW-17 model.
 - *Major reservoirs* exclusively with the RES-SNGL/RES-J model.
 - *Basin-to-basin hydrograph routing* with the LAG/K model and a stray HEC-RAS hydraulic model or two.
- SERFC hydrologic forecasters are also modelers. The operational forecaster knows the assumptions and limitations of these models and makes modifications when they are violated to generate “forecasts”.

Hydrologic Cycle



Deterministic River Forecasts

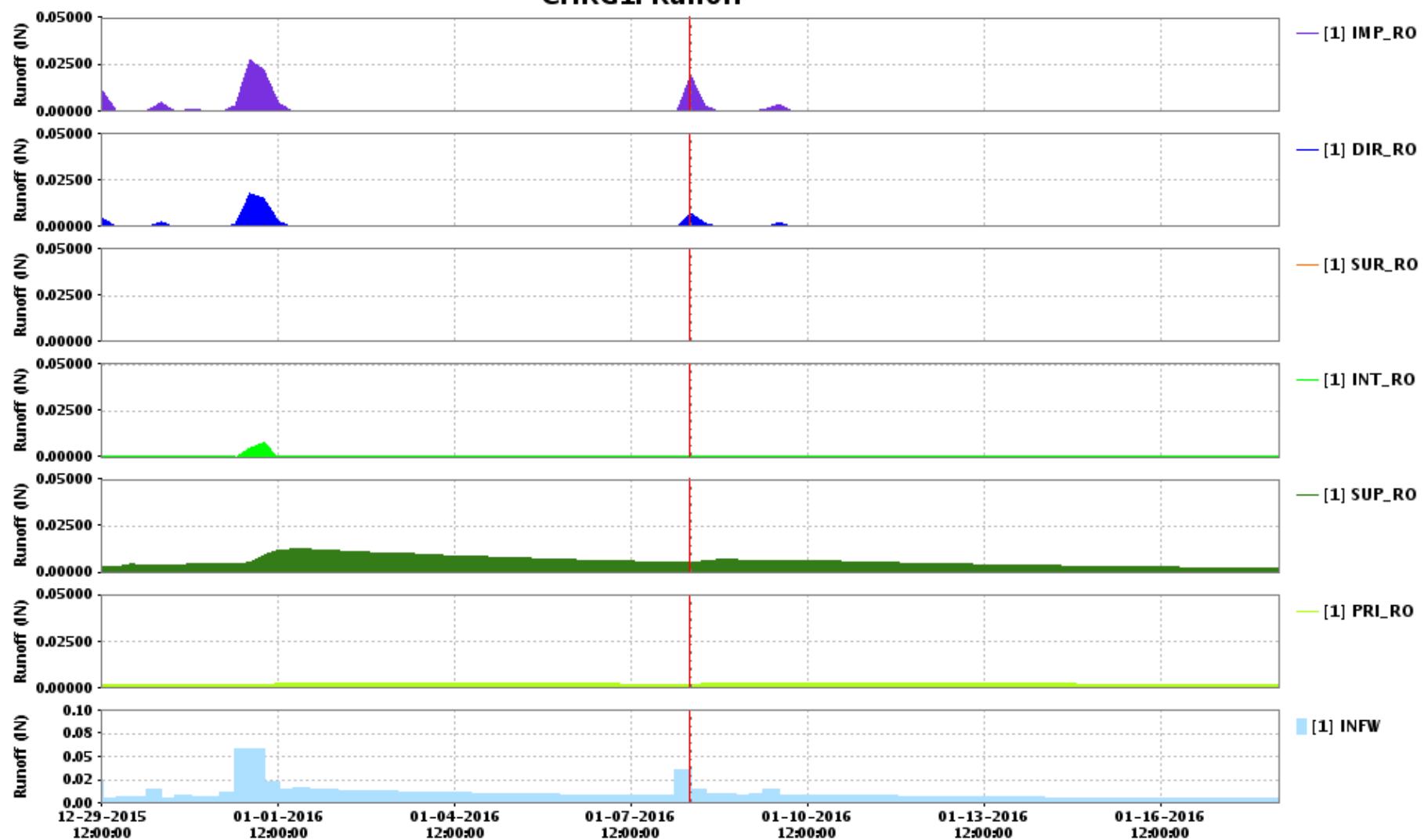
How are they created?



** Forecaster Modification can also happen at any step in the process!

What the Forecaster Sees

CHRG1: Charlotte – Altamaha R.
CHRG1: Runoff



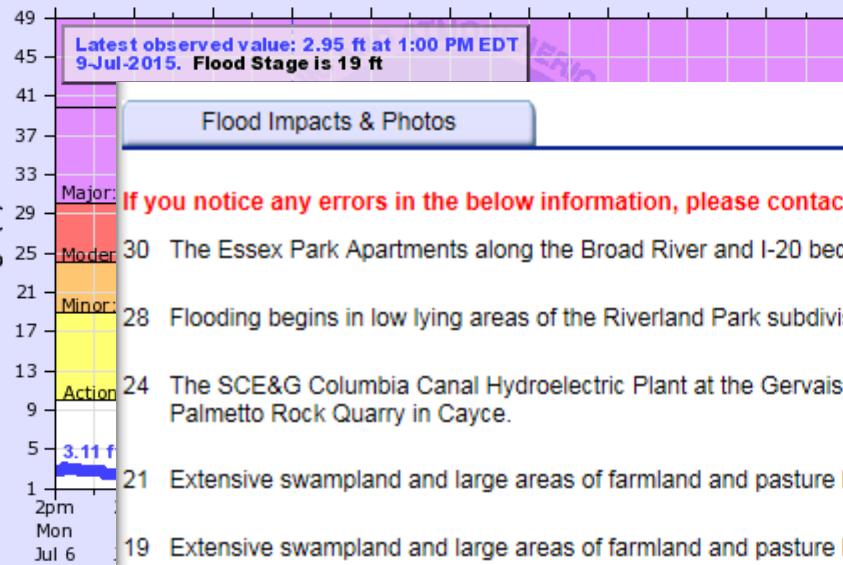
CHRG1_Forecast: [1] FO CHRG1 : CHARLOTTE 01-08-2016 12:00:00 GMT Local

What the Public Sees

CONGAREE RIVER AT COLUMBIA

Universal Time (UTC)

18Z
Jul 6 Jul 7 Jul 8 Jul 9 Jul 10 Jul 11 Jul 12 Jul 13 Jul 14 Jul 15 Jul 16



Collapse

If you notice any errors in the below information, please contact our Webmaster

- 30 The Essex Park Apartments along the Broad River and I-20 become flooded.
- 28 Flooding begins in low lying areas of the Riverland Park subdivision in Cayce.
- 24 The SCE&G Columbia Canal Hydroelectric Plant at the Gervais Street bridge becomes flooded. Flooding also occurs in the Palmetto Rock Quarry in Cayce.
- 21 Extensive swampland and large areas of farmland and pasture land downstream from Columbia are flooded.
- 19 Extensive swampland and large areas of farmland and pasture land downstream from Columbia become flooded.
- 16 Old State Road, SC 66, below Cayce becomes flooded.
- 14 Roads in low lying areas and swampland downstream from Columbia become flooded. Most of the Cayce and West Columbia river walk is flooded.
- 13 Flooding occurs in flood prone areas near and downstream from Columbia. Flooding also occurs over much of the Cayce and West Columbia river walk.
- 10 At 10 feet, flooding occurs in flood prone areas near and downstream from Columbia. Flooding also occurs on parts of the Cayce and West Columbia river walk.

Zoom Level:16

Basemap



esri

LOW WATER RECORDS

- (1) -2.10 ft on 09/08/1925
- (2) -1.90 ft on 10/21/1923
- (3) -1.70 ft on 08/30/1931
- (4) -1.30 ft on 11/25/1934
- (5) -1.30 ft on 12/10/1933

Show More Low Water Records

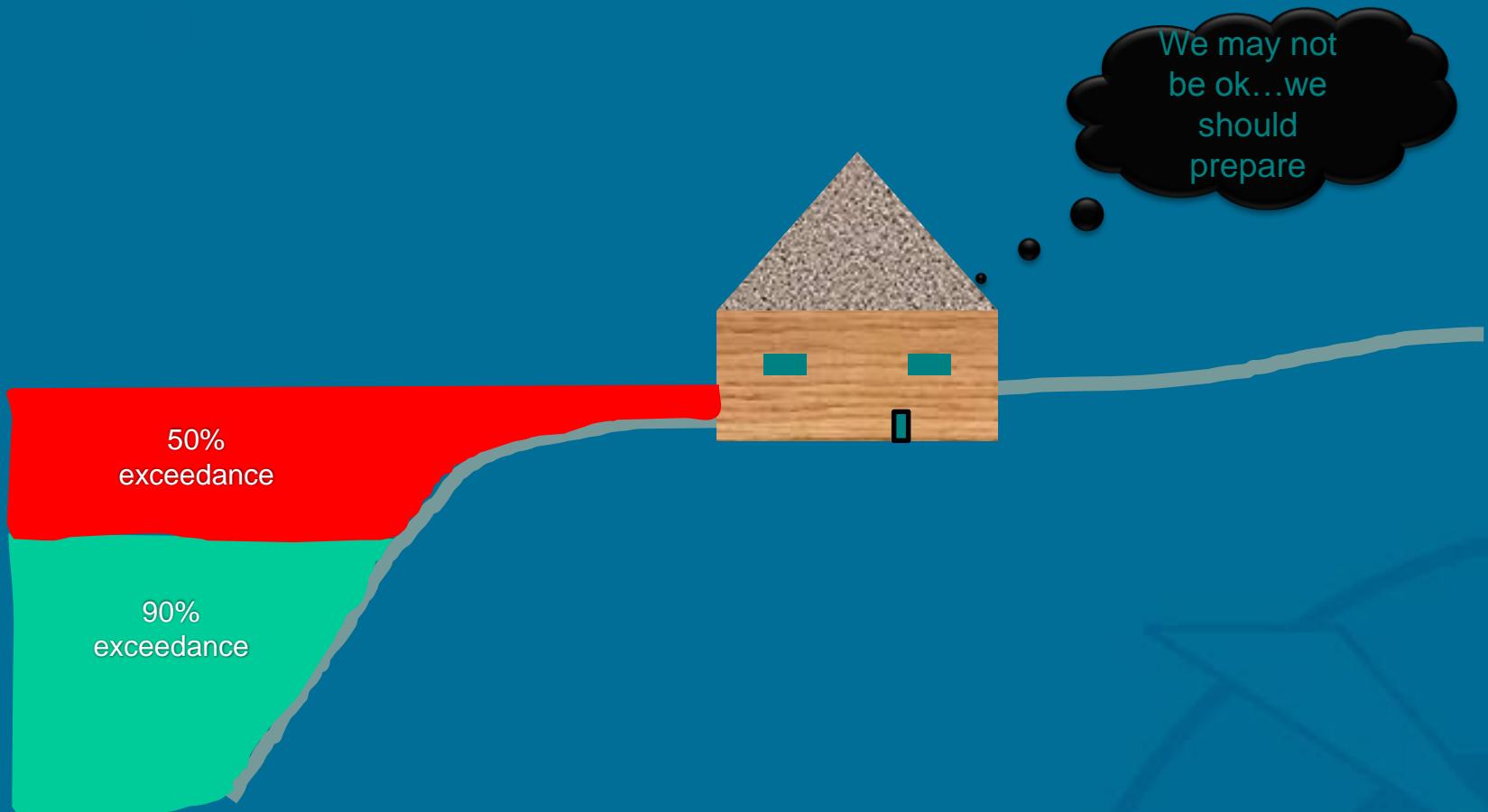


Gauge Location

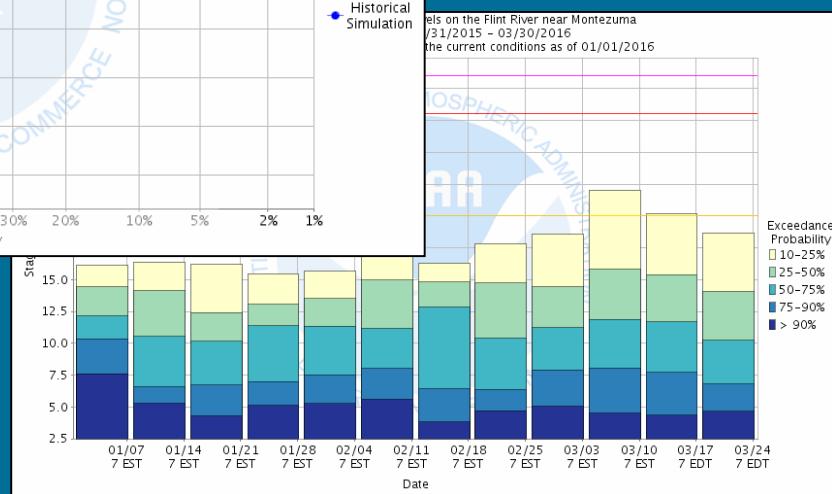
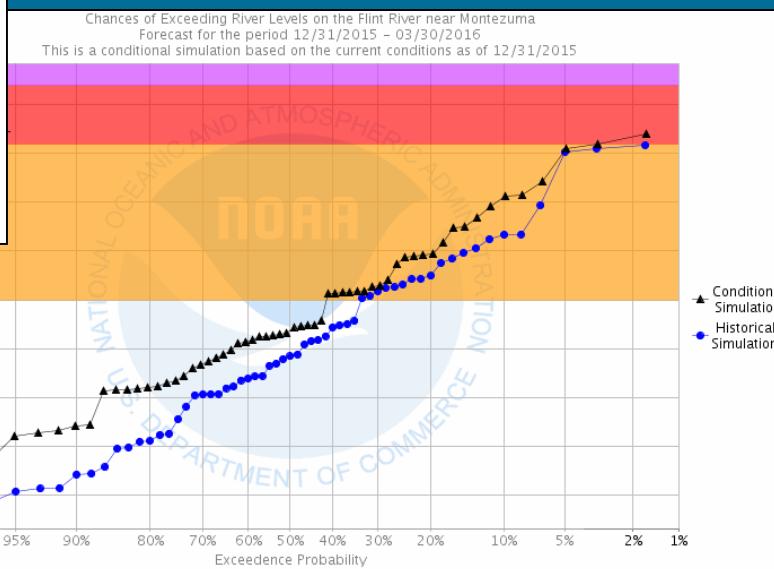
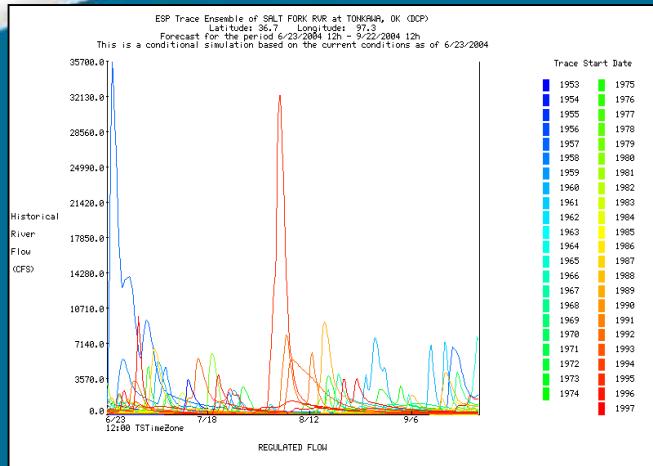
Disclaimer

Latitude/Longitude Disclaimer: The gauge location shown in the above map is the approximate location based on the latitude/longitude coordinates provided to the NWS by the gauge owner.

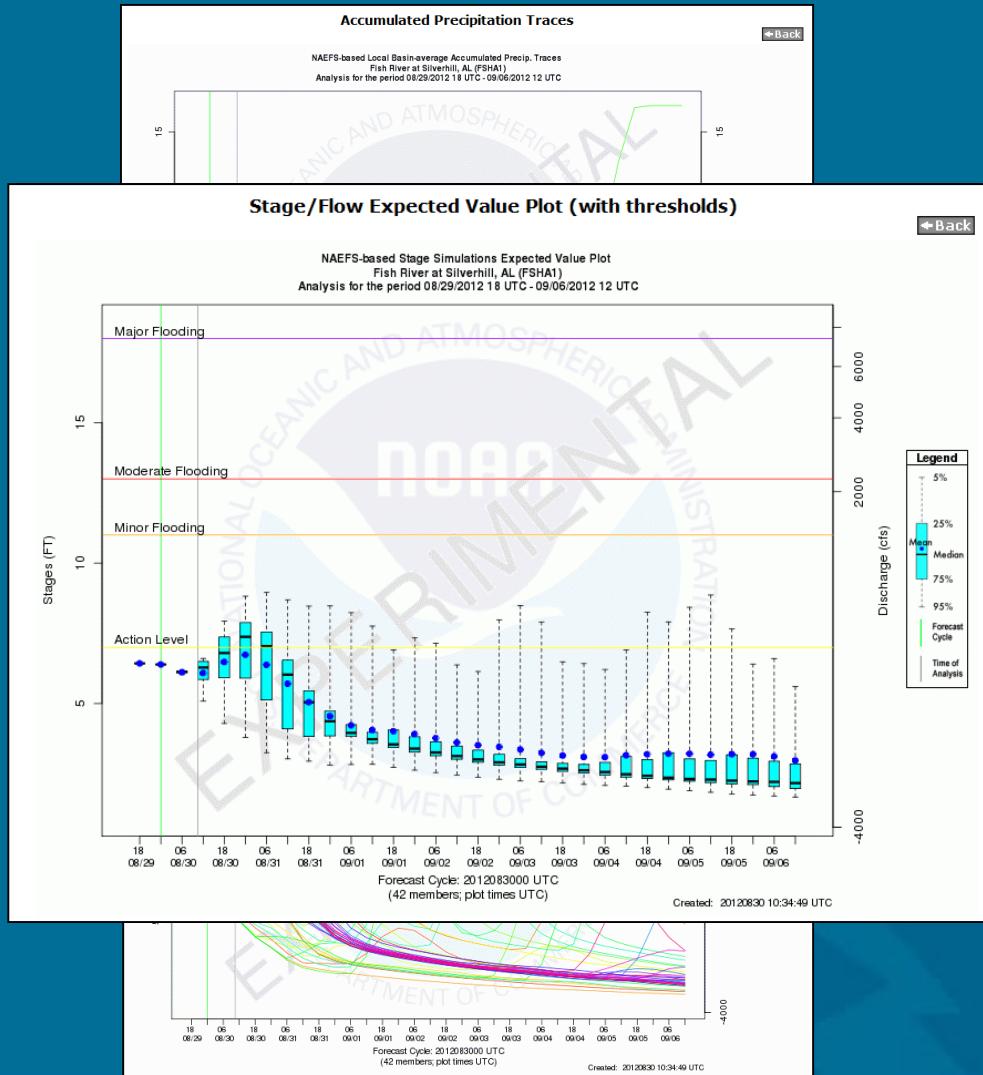
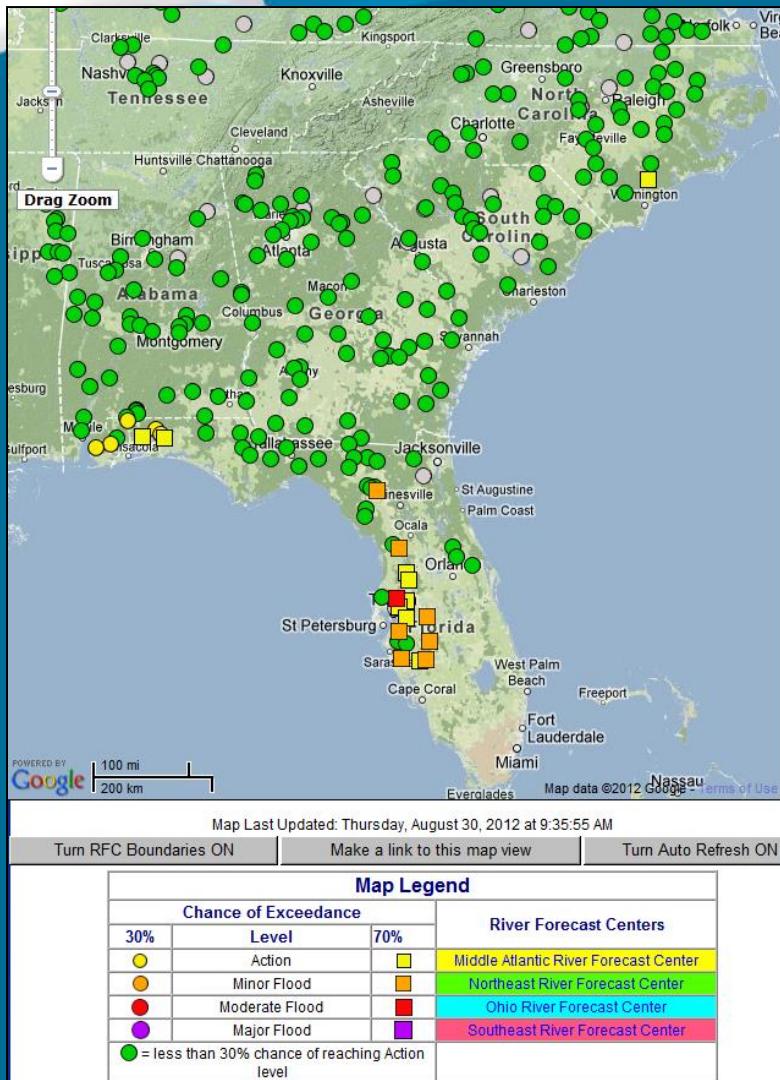
Probabilistic Forecasting



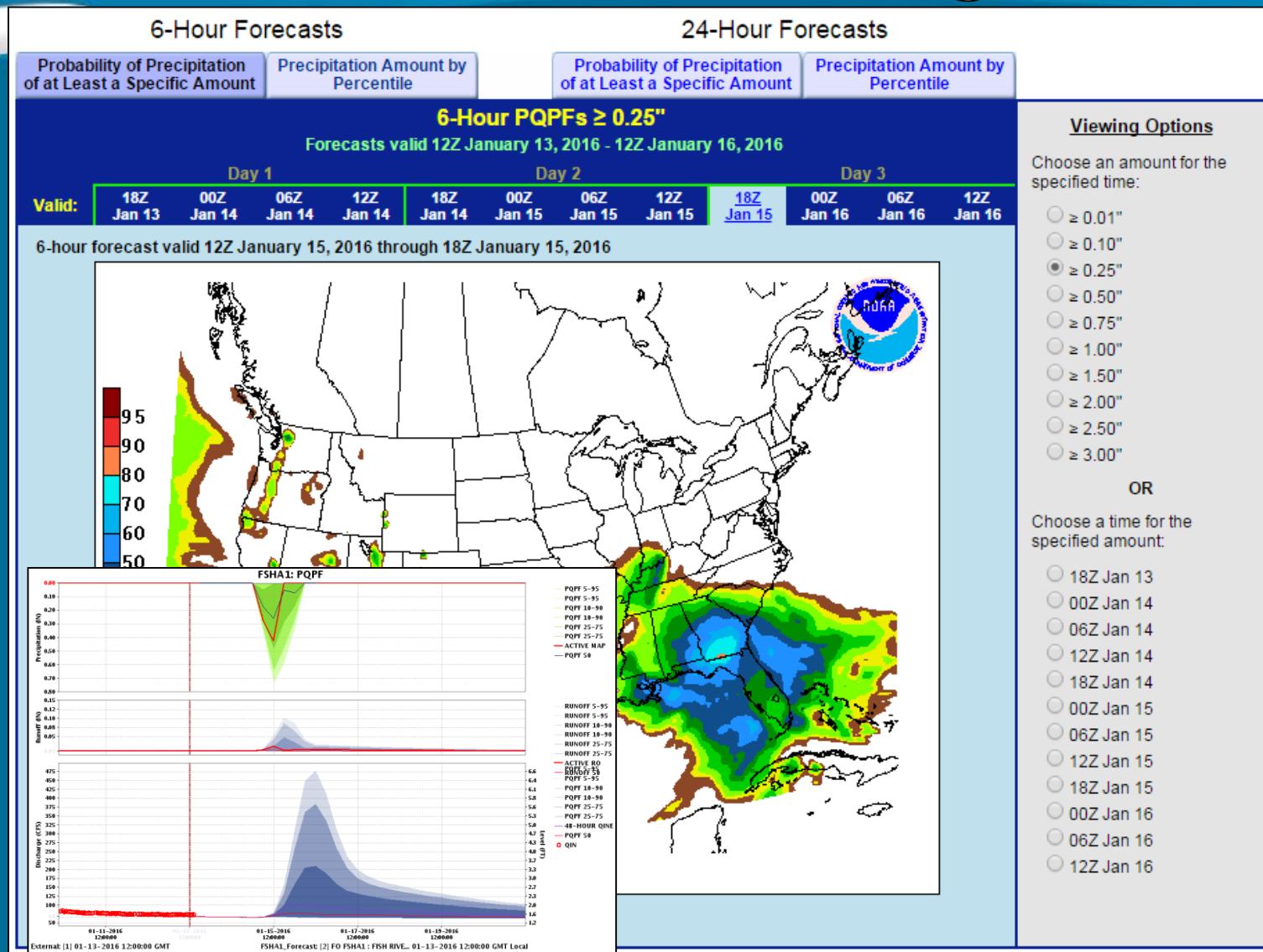
Probabilistic Forecasting: ESP



Probabilistic Forecasting: MMEFS

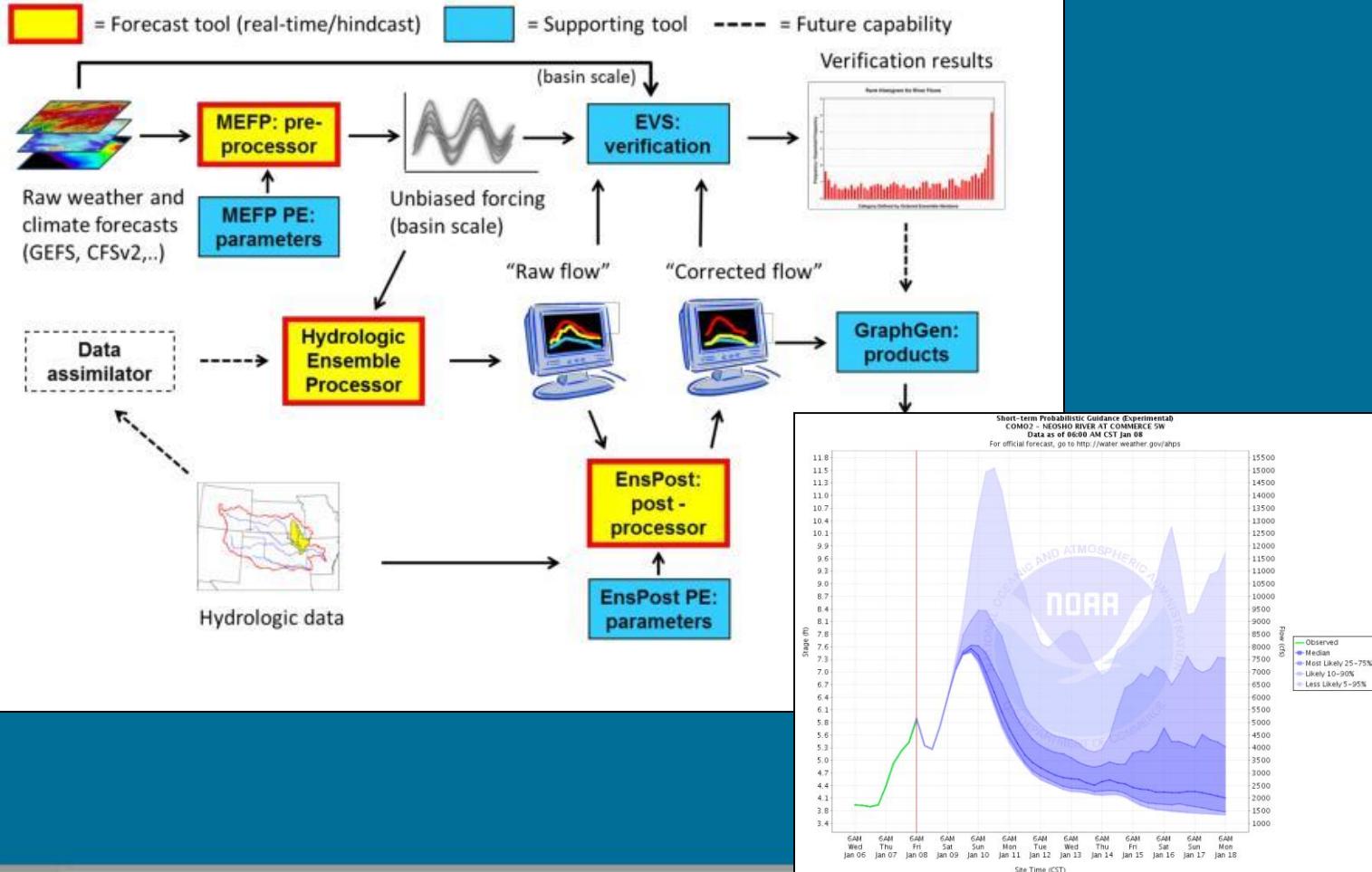


Probabilistic Forecasting: PQPF

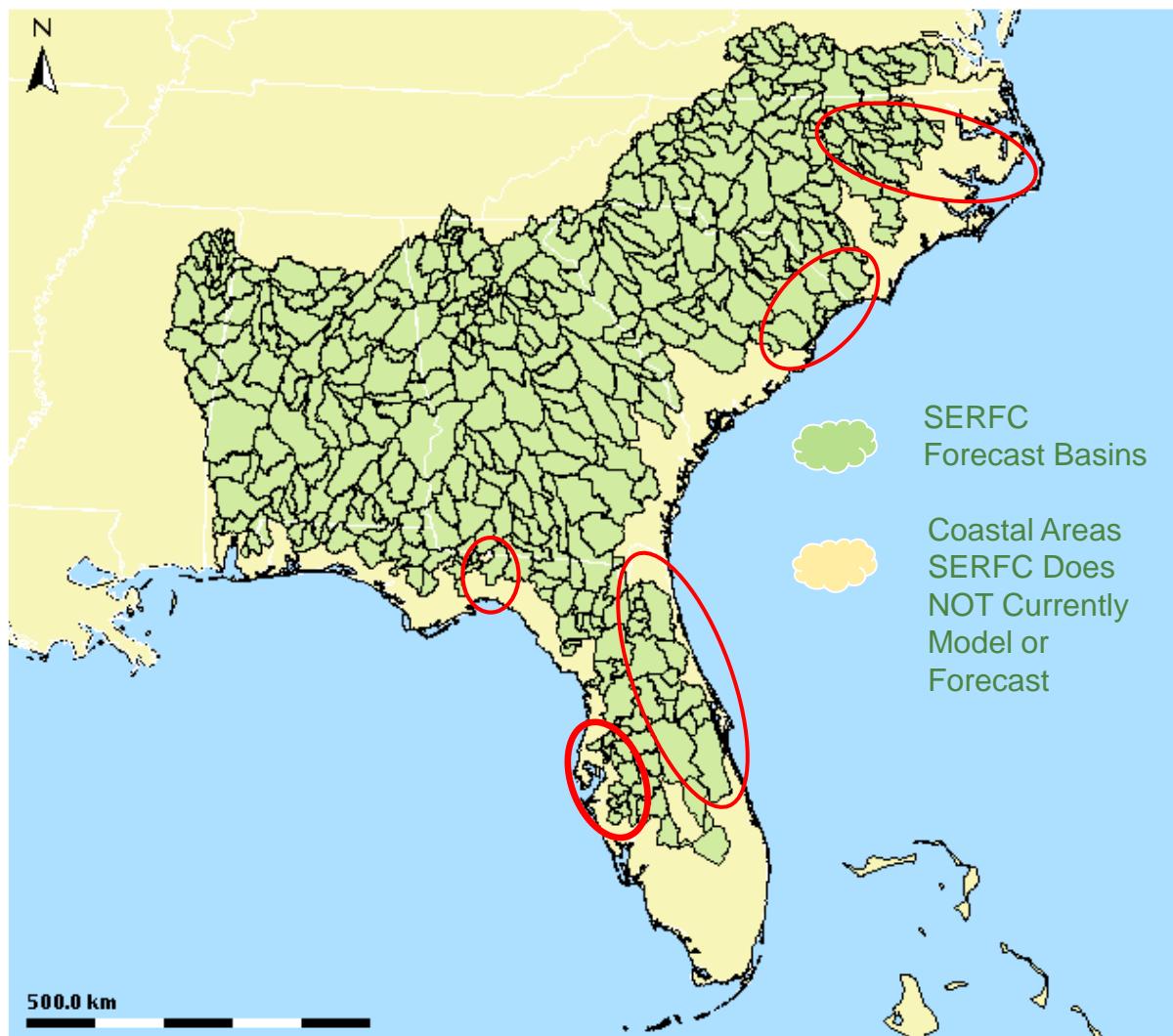


Probabilistic Forecasting: HEFS

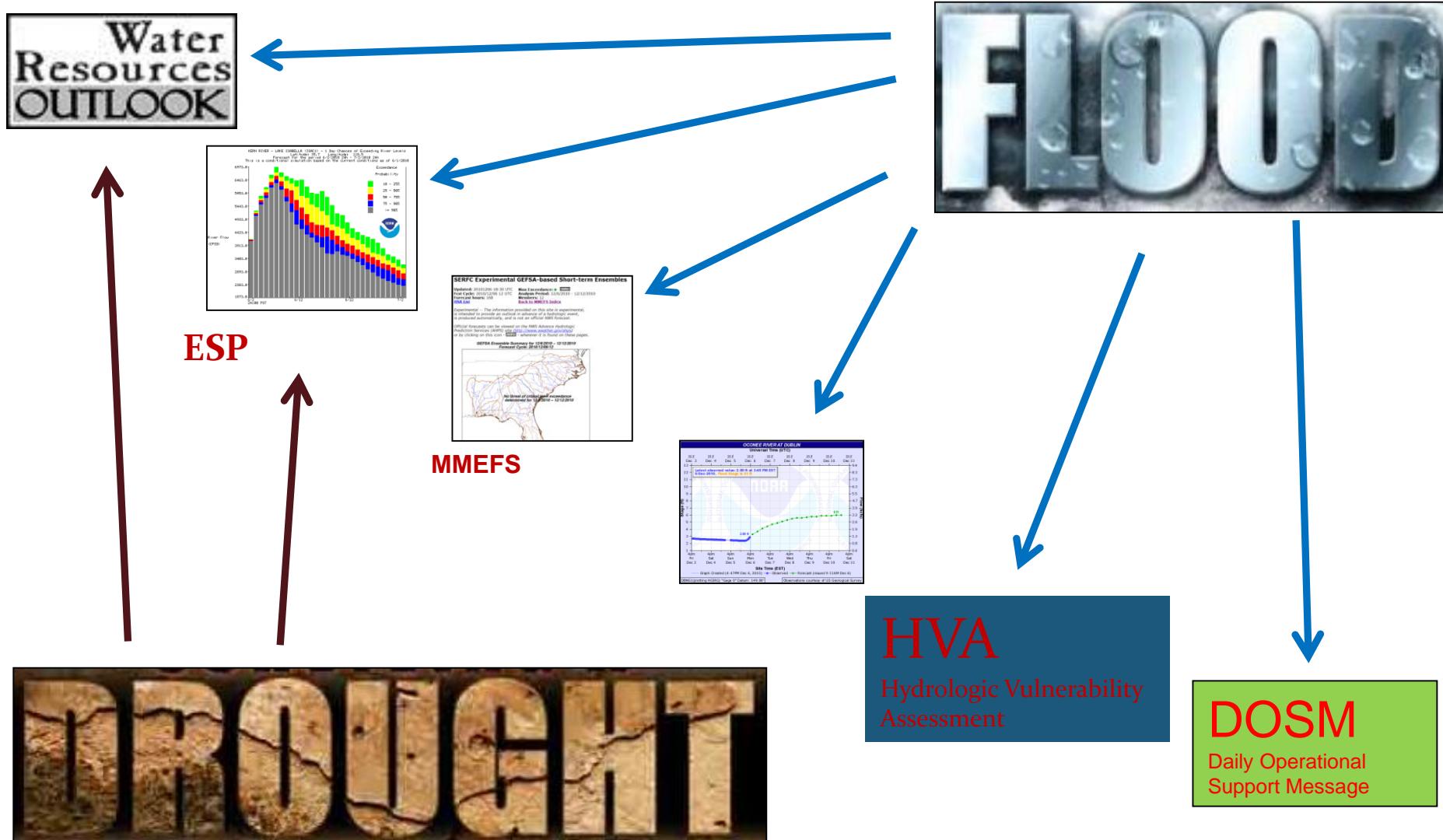
HEFS Components

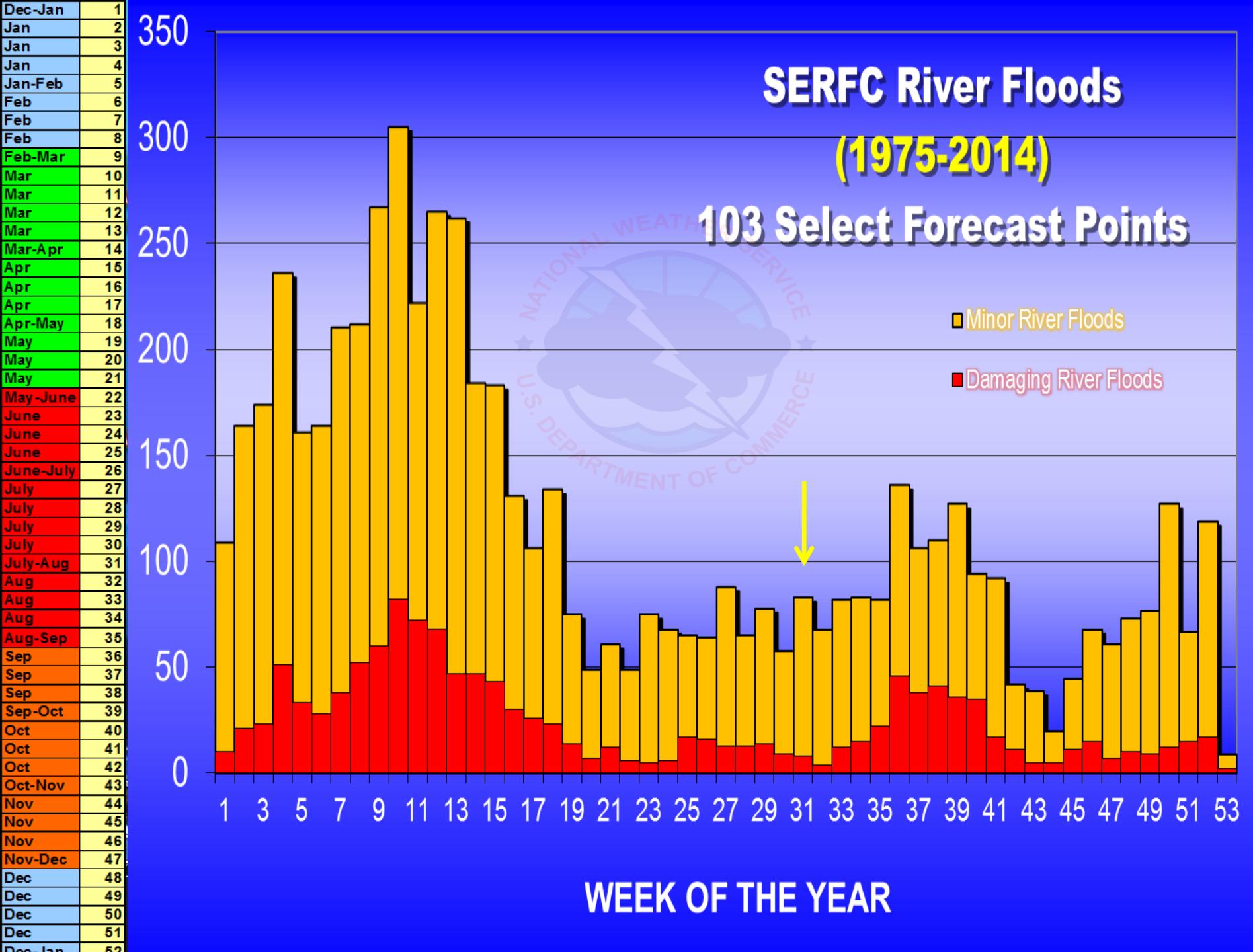


Current Hydraulic Modeling Projects @SERFC



SERFC – Decision Support Services





Important Information

- SERFC Home page : www.weather.gov/serfc
- Office e-mail account : sr-alr.rivers@noaa.gov
- Facebook : <https://www.facebook.com/nws.serfc>
- Twitter: [@NWSSERF](https://twitter.com/NWSSERF)
- E-mail list additions: todd.hamill@noaa.gov

Questions or Comments?

Thanks!!

