# Parsax + Reparsec

Streaming descriptive parsers

#### **Problems**

- Security
- Performance
- Documentation

#### Security

- Aeson package is based on HashMap
- HashMap is vulnerable to collision attacks
- When a HashMap has many collisions, you encounter linear or even exponential time complexity
- This makes it fairly straight-forward to DoS a server

#### Performance

- Switch to a Data.Map instead; that doesn't have the same problem. It's a balanced tree, not buckets with hashes
- Fine, but:
  - Data.Map's memory use is more heavy
  - We still have the problem that someone could send us 1000 keys and we're only interested in
     3.
  - We'd prefer to ignore those keys, and optionally tell the user so.

### YAML and JSON parsers don't say what they want

#### Yaml:

- Ever had to google what you can put in your stack.yaml?
- That sucks. There should be a stack --help-yaml that tells us exactly what it accepts.
- Aeson and the yaml package don't let us do this:
  - They're monadic.
  - You can't generate a description of a monadic value like with an Applicative.

#### Consider

- Optparse-applicative -- self-describing
- Yesod-forms -- self-describing (they generate an HTML form and also consume the form)

# Proposal

• A streaming, self-describing, key ignoring, kitchen sink

### User experience constraints

- We want an optparse-style UX
- We want full backtracking
- We want to do monadic checks
- We want to report invalid keys, but ignore them otherwise

#### ValueParser

```
data ValueParser e m a where
  Scalar :: Text -> (Scalar -> Either e a) -> ValueParser e m a
  Object :: ObjectParser e m a -> ValueParser e m a
  ObjectMap :: ValueParser e m a -> ValueParser e m (Map Text a)
 Array :: ValueParser e m a -> ValueParser e m [a]
  FMapValue :: (x -> a) -> ValueParser e m x -> ValueParser e m a
  AltValue :: NonEmpty (ValueParser e m a) -> ValueParser e m a
  PureValue :: a -> ValueParser e m a
  CheckValue :: (i -> m (Either e a)) -> ValueParser e m i -> ValueParser e m a
```

#### ObjectParser

data ObjectParser e m a where

```
Field :: Text -> ValueParser e m a -> ObjectParser e m a

LiftA2 :: (b -> c -> a) -> ObjectParser e m b -> ObjectParser e m c -> ObjectParser e m a

FMapObject :: (x -> a) -> ObjectParser e m x -> ObjectParser e m a

AltObject :: (NonEmpty (ObjectParser e m a)) -> ObjectParser e m a

PureObject :: a -> ObjectParser e m a
```

#### Looks like

Object ((,) <\$> Field "k1" (Scalar ..) <\*> Field "k2" ...)

ObjectParser IS Applicative and Semigroup for alternative.

ValueParser is NOT Applicative, a value is just one thing, not many. IS an Semigroup.

# Full backtracking?

We want the freedom to write:

Or

Array (Object ((,) <\$> Field "x" int <\*> (Field "y" int <> Field "z" int))

Depending on our mood.

#### Implementation for streaming

- Consume SAX-style from a conduit sink
  - YAML: get a stream of events sink from the yaml package.
  - JSON: write a simple streaming SAX-style sink using Data.Aeson.Parser's combinators.
- ConduitT i Event m ()
- Generalized data type for events on YAML/JSON-like inputs

#### Reparsec

- We need a resumable, backtracking parser for the SAX tokens
- Resumable like attoparsec
- Backtracks like attoparsec
- Supports any token and error type, like megaparsec

data Result m i e r

= Done !i !Int !More !r

| Failed !i !Int !More !e

| Partial (Maybe i -> m (Result m i e r))

#### Pipeline

Source (parse the events) (JSON or YAML)

Filtering/shema checking

Consuming in a resumable parser

Finally producing a result with warnings

# Data types

-- | A SAX event, containing either a scalar, array or object with keys.

data Event

= EventScalar !Scalar

EventArrayStart

| EventArrayEnd

| EventObjectStart

| EventObjectKey !Text

EventObjectEnd

deriving (Show, Eq)

-- | A constant atomic value.

data Scalar

= ScientificScalar !Scientific

| TextScalar !Text

| BoolScalar !Bool

| NullScalar

deriving (Show, Eq)

#### We make a schema from the parsers

This is used to ignore keys and report warnings for them.

```
data Schema =
 Schema
  { schemaScalar :: Bool
  , schemaObject :: Maybe (Map Text Schema)
  , schemaArray :: Maybe Schema
```

#### Schema enforcing

enforceSchema::

Monad m

=> Maybe Schema

-> ConduitT Event Event m (SchemaValidation, Seq ParseWarning)

#### Streaming into reparsec

```
loop parser = do
 mevent <- await
 result <- lift (parser (fmap pure mevent))
 case result of
   Partial resume -> do
     loop resume
   Failed remaining pos _more errors -> do
     leftovers <- makeLeftovers pos remaining
     pure (Left errors, makeWarnings leftovers)
   Done remaining pos _more a -> do
     leftovers <- makeLeftovers pos remaining
     pure (Right a, makeWarnings leftovers)
 where
   makeLeftovers pos remaining = do
     let leftovers = Seq.drop pos remaining
     mapM_ leftover leftovers
     pure leftovers
   makeWarnings leftovers =
     if Seq.null leftovers
       then mempty
       else pure (LeftoverEvents leftovers)
```

#### **Brainmelt**

- Parsing fields in alternatives with different types
- The fields come in random order, any order is fine
- What do?

# Parsing fields in alternatives with different types

```
F <$> Field "x" int <|> (Y <$> Field "y" text <*> Field "x" text)

x: "1"
y: "2"

Or
v: "1"
```

#### Implementation

```
data EitherKey s e a where
EitherKey :: !Text -> !(Vault.Key s (Either (ParseError e) a)) -> EitherKey s e a

data ParserPair e m s where
ParserPair :: EitherKey s e a -> ValueParser e m a -> ParserPair e m s

data MappingSM s e m a = MappingSM
{ msmAlts :: !(Free.Alt (EitherKey s e) a)
, msmParsers :: !(Map Text (NonEmpty (ParserPair e m s)))
, msmVault :: !(Vault.Vault s)
}
```

# Making the free alt

```
toMappingSM :: ObjectParser e m a -> ST s (MappingSM s e m a)
toMappingSM mp = do
 (alts, parsers) <- runStateT (go mp) mempty
 pure MappingSM {msmAlts = alts, msmParsers = parsers, msmVault = Vault.empty}
 where
  go ::
     ObjectParser e m a
   -> StateT (Map Text (NonEmpty (ParserPair e m s))) (ST s) (Free.Alt (EitherKey s e) a)
  go (PureObject a) = pure $ pure a
  go (FMapObject f x) = do
   x' <- qo x
   pure $ fmap f x'
  go(LiftA2 fab) = do
   a' <- go a
   b' <- go b
   pure $ liftA2 f a' b'
  go (AltObject xs) = do
   xs' <- mapM go xs
   pure $ asum1 xs'
  qo(Field t p) = do
   key <- lift $ EitherKey t <$> Vault.newKey
   let pp = ParserPair key p
   modify' $ M.insertWith (flip (<>)) t (pp :| [])
   pure $ Free.Alt (pure (toAltF key))
  toAltF x = Free.Ap x (pure id)
```

#### Running the alternatives

```
objectReparsec ::
   PrimMonad m
 => MappingSM s e m a
 -> Text
 -> ParserT (Seq Event) (ParseError e) m (MappingSM s e m a)
objectReparsec msm textKey = do
 case M.lookup textKey (msmParsers msm) of
  Nothing -> pure msm
  Just xs -> do
   updateVault <- foldMap1 makeAttempt xs
   pure
    msm
     { msmParsers = M.delete textKey (msmParsers msm)
      , msmVault = updateVault (msmVault msm)
 where
  makeAttempt (ParserPair (EitherKey key) valueParser) = do
   result <- valueReparsec valueParser
   pure (Vault.insert key (Right result))
```

### Finalizing the result

```
finishObjectSM :: forall s b e m. MappingSM s e m b -> Validation (ParseError e) b finishObjectSM msm = Free.runAlt go (msmAlts msm) where go :: forall a. EitherKey s e a -> Validation (ParseError e) a go (EitherKey keyText key) = maybe (Failure (NoSuchKey keyText)) (either Failure Success) (Vault.lookup key (msmVault msm))
```

#### Documentation generation

```
stackLikeGrammar :: ValueParser Text m (Int, [Either Int Int])
stackLikeGrammar = Object ((,) <$> yfield <*> (xfield <> zfield))
y: <scalar>
# one of
z: scalar
# or
```

```
putStrLn $ drawForest $ valueForest stackLikeGrammar
Object
+- Key "y"
   `- Scalar
   +- Key "z"
      `- Scalar
   `- Key "x"
      `- Array
         `- OneOf
            +- Scalar package-name
            `- Object: Git reference
               `- Key "location"
                  `- Scalar
```

#### Code

https://github.com/chrisdone/streaming-parsers

Test suite		Easy
High-level GADT for parser		Fairly straight-forward
Avoiding collision exploits		Difficult
Resumable parsing with backtracking		Difficult
Output warnings of ignored object keys		Easy
Custom errors		Straight-forward
Running m (IO/RIO) actions in a user parser		Fairly straight-forward
YAML backend		Straight-forward
JSON backend		Fairly straight-forward
Documentation generator		Straight-forward
Include line/col info in errors	-	Fairly easy
Supplying extra limits (array length, etc.)	-	Easy
Get code coverage to near 100%	-	Detailed
Memory/allocation tests	-	Fairly straight-forward