Concept of Circular Motion:

· Circular motion is described as a movement of an object

while rotating along a circular path.

· It can be Uniform or Non-Uniform. · During non-uniform, rate of rotation keeps changing.

V= d3 water flow water flow Boots & Streams:

Let the speed of boat in still water= x Speed of stream = y

a: Along the stream (Downstream): Speed of boot = xty (b) Against the stream (Upstream): Speed of boat = x - y @ If Downstream Speed, a , and upstream speed, b are given, then Speed of $|x| = \frac{a+b}{2}$ Speed of $|y| = \frac{a-b}{2}$ Stream

eq: A train 125 m long passed a man, suming at 5km/hv in the same direction in which the train is going, in 10 secs.

The goed of train is:

Speed of train relative to man = $\frac{125}{2}$ m/s

= $\frac{25}{2}$ m/s

$$= \left(\frac{25}{2} \times \frac{18}{5}\right) \frac{\text{km/hy}}{\text{km/hy}}$$

Lot the speed of train be x knlhr. Then, relative speed= (x-5) kmlhr
x-5 = 45

eg: A man rows a certain distance downstream in 5 hrs f back to same point in 8 hrs. If the speed of stream 13
9 km/hr then what is the speed of man in still water? Soln' Time in DS= 5 hrs D D Time in Us = 8 hrs Speed of Stream = 9 km/hr Let the gred of man in still water be a knihr Downstream speed= (x+a) km/hv Upstream speed = (x-9) kmlhr $\therefore x = 39 \text{ km/hr}$ # Data Interpretation: https://www.toppr.com/guides/ quantitative-aptitude/datainterpretation/ Continuous - Numerical