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# **Full Audit Report**

**Furrever Security Assessment** 





Furrever Security Assessment

# **FULL AUDIT REPORT**

# Security Assessment by SCRL on Monday, February 12, 2024

SCRL is deliver a security solution for Web3 projects by expert security researchers.



# **Executive Summary**

For this security assessment, SCRL received a request on Sunday, February 11, 2024

Client	Language	Audit Method	Confidential	Network Chain	Contract		
Furrever	Solidity	Whitebox	Public	BNB Chain	0xA81B7	DD0abD56bdc711Ad62859D4e05433ceed	16b
Report Version	Twitter		Telegram		Website		
1.1	https://twitter	.com/FurreverToken	https://t.me/Fu	rreverToken	https://f	urrevertoken.com	
Scoring:	Scoring						
	7	7.5 8	8.5	9	9.5	10	

optimization

Vulnerability Summary				
O O Unresolved	<b>O</b> Resolved	<b>O</b> Mitigate	<b>O</b> Acknowledge	<b>D</b> ecline
• 0 Critical		pose a sev	verity is assigned to securif ere threat to the smart co a ecosystem.	
■ 0 High			rity issues should be addre e risk of exploitation and p	
• 0 Medium			ial to fix medium-severity e timeframe to enhance th contract.	
• 0 Low		advisable t	-severity issues can be less to address them to improv osture of the smart contra	e the overall
• 0 Very Low			severity is used for minor s minimal impact and are ge	
■ 0 Informational		direct secu	tegorize security findings urity threat to the smart co lese findings provide addit adations	ontract or its users.
O Gas- optimization			ns for more efficient algori ents in gas usage, even if t	

already secure.



# **Audit Scope:**

File	SHA-1 Hash
contracts/FURR.sol	f11c87336f014221a36034befdeb7318e85f8fb1

#### **Audit Version History:**

Version	Date	Description
1.0	Monday, February 12, 2024	Preliminary Report
1.1	Tuesday, February 13, 2024	Full audit report with Re-assessment

# **Audit information:**

Request Date	Audit Date	Re-assessment Date
Sunday, February 11, 2024	Monday, February 12, 2024	Tuesday, February 13, 2024

# **Snapshot Code:**

```
// SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
pragma solidity 0.8.18;
import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol";
import "@openzeppelin/contracts/access/Ownable.sol";
contract FURR is ERC20, Ownable {
  uint8 private _decimals;
  constructor(
    string memory _name,
    string memory _symbol,
    uint8 __decimals,
    uint256 _totalSupply
  ) ERC20(_name, _symbol) {
    _decimals=__decimals;
    _mint(msg.sender, _totalSupply*(10**__decimals));
  function decimals() public view override returns (uint8) {
     return _decimals;
```





# **Smart Contract Audit Summary**



# **Security Assessment Author**

Auditor: Mark K. [Security Researcher | Redteam]

Kevin N. [Security Researcher | Web3 Dev]

Yusheng T. [Security Researcher | Incident Response]

Document Approval: Ronny C. CTO & Head of Security Researcher

CEO & Founder

# **Digital Sign**



#### Disclaimer

Regarding this security assessment, there are no guarantees about the security of the program instruction received from the client is hereinafter referred to as "Source code".

And **SCRL** hereinafter referred to as "**Service Provider**", the **Service Provider** will not be held liable for any legal liability arising from errors in the security assessment. The responsibility will be the responsibility of the **Client**, hereinafter referred to as "**Service User**" and the

**Service User** agrees not to be held liable to the **service provider** in any case. By contract **Service Provider** to conduct security assessments with integrity with professional ethics, and transparency to deliver security assessments to users The **Service Provider** has the right to postpone the delivery of the security assessment. If the security assessment is delayed whether caused by any reason and is not responsible for any delayed security assessments.

If the service provider finds a vulnerability The service provider will notify the service user via the Preliminary Report, which will be kept confidential for security. The service provider disclaims responsibility in the event of any attacks occurring whether before conducting a security assessment. Or happened later All responsibility shall be sole with the service user.

Security Assessment Is Not Financial/Investment Advice Any loss arising from any investment in any project is the responsibility of the investor.

SCRL disclaims any liability incurred. Whether it's Rugpull, Abandonment, Soft Rugpull, Exploit, Exit Scam.

# **Security Assessment Procedure**

- Request The client must submit a formal request and follow the procedure. By submitting the source code and agreeing to the terms of service.
- 2. **Audit Process** Check for vulnerabilities and vulnerabilities from source code obtained by experts using formal verification methods, including using powerful tools such as Static Analysis, SWC Registry, Dynamic Security Analysis, Automated Security Tools, CWE, Syntax & Parameter Check with AI, WAS (Warning Avoidance System a python script tools powered by SCRL).
- 3. Security Assessment Deliver Preliminary Security Assessment to clients to acknowledge the risks and vulnerabilities.
- 4. **Consulting**Discuss on risks and vulnerabilities encountered by clients to apply to their source code to mitigate risks.
  - a. **Re-assessment** Reassess the security when the client implements the source code improvements and if the client is satisfied with the results of the audit. We will proceed to the next step.
- 5. **Full Audit Report** SCRL provides clients with official security assessment reports informing them of risks and vulnerabilities. Officially and it is assumed that the client has been informed of all the information.





# **Risk Rating**

Risk rating using this commonly defined:  $Risk\ rating = impact * confidence$ 

Impact The severity and potential impact of an attacker attack
Confidence Ensuring that attackers expose and use this vulnerability

Confidence	Low	Medium	High
Impact [Likelihood]			
Low	Very Low	Low	Medium
Medium	Low	Medium	High
High	Medium	High	Critical

**Severity** is a risk assessment It is calculated from the Impact and Confidence values using the following calculation methods,

 $Risk\ rating = impact * confidence$ 

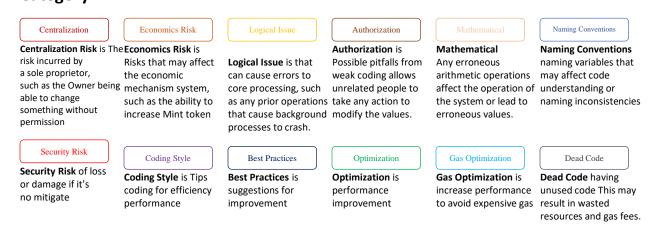
It is categorized into

7 categories severity based



For Informational & Non-class/Optimization/Best-practices will not be counted as severity

# Category





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# **About SCRL**



Source Units in Scope

Source Units Analyzed: 1 Source Units in Scope: 1 (100%)

Ty pe	File	Logic Contr acts	Interfaces	Lin es	nLi nes	nSL OC	Com ment Lines	Com plex. Score	Capabilities
	contracts/F URR.sol	1		20	20	18	1	10	
	Totals	1		20	20	18	1	10	

#### Legend: [-]

- **Lines**: total lines of the source unit
- **nLines**: normalized lines of the source unit (e.g. normalizes functions spanning multiple lines)
- **nSLOC**: normalized source lines of code (only source-code lines; no comments, no blank lines)
- Comment Lines: lines containing single or block comments
- **Complexity Score**: a custom complexity score derived from code statements that are known to introduce code complexity (branches, loops, calls, external interfaces, ...)



# Visibility, Mutability, Modifier function testing

# Components

<b>Contracts</b>	譽Libraries	<b>\Q</b> Interfaces	Abstract
1	0	0	0

# **Exposed Functions**

This section lists functions that are explicitly declared public or payable. Please note that getter methods for public stateVars are not included.

Public	Payab	le		
1	0			
External	Internal	Private	Pure	View
0	1	0	0	1

# **StateVariables**

Total	# Public				
1	0				

# **Capabilities**

Solidity Versions observed	Experimental Features		③ Can Receive Funds  ■ Uses Assembly		Receive			Has Destroyable Contracts
0.8.18								
Transfer Level I		Dele Call	egate	Hash Functions	S	ECReco ver	<b>⑤</b> New/Create/C reate2	



Σ Unchecked

# **Dependencies / External Imports**

Dependency / Import Path	Count





# **Vulnerability Findings**

ID	Vulnerability Detail	Severity	Category	Status	
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# Not found any vulnerability

SCRL evaluates security using static analysis + formal verification + automated custom script + manual analysis to evaluate security. However, a code security assessment is not an investment-related document. Although we did not find any vulnerabilities But we do not guarantee that any project is safe. Please study and do your own research yourself.

SCRL disclaims any liability related to investments. Please read more in the Disclaimer.





# **SWC Findings**

Swe Findings				
ID	Title	Scanning	Result	
SWC-100	Function Default Visibility	Complete	No risk	
SWC-101	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Complete	No risk	
SWC-102	Outdated Compiler Version	Complete	No risk	
SWC-103	Floating Pragma	Complete	No risk	
SWC-104	Unchecked Call Return Value	Complete	No risk	
SWC-105	Unprotected Ether Withdrawal	Complete	No risk	
SWC-106	Unprotected SELFDESTRUCT Instruction	Complete	No risk	
SWC-107	Reentrancy	Complete	No risk	
SWC-108	State Variable Default Visibility	Complete	No risk	
SWC-109	Uninitialized Storage Pointer	Complete	No risk	
SWC-110	Assert Violation	Complete	No risk	
SWC-111	Use of Deprecated Solidity Functions	Complete	No risk	
SWC-112	Delegatecall to Untrusted Callee	Complete	No risk	
SWC-113	DoS with Failed Call	Complete	No risk	
SWC-114	Transaction Order Dependence	Complete	No risk	
SWC-115	Authorization through tx.origin	Complete	No risk	



SWC-116	Block values as a proxy for time	Complete	No risk
SWC-117	Signature Malleability	Complete	No risk
SWC-118	Incorrect Constructor Name	Complete	No risk
SWC-119	Shadowing State Variables	Complete	No risk
SWC-120	Weak Sources of Randomness from Chain Attributes	Complete	No risk
SWC-121	Missing Protection against Signature Replay Attacks	Complete	No risk
SWC-122	Lack of Proper Signature Verification	Complete	No risk
SWC-123	Requirement Violation	Complete	No risk
SWC-124	Write to Arbitrary Storage Location	Complete	No risk
SWC-125	Incorrect Inheritance Order	Complete	No risk
SWC-126	Insufficient Gas Griefing	Complete	No risk
SWC-127	Arbitrary Jump with Function Type Variable	Complete	No risk
SWC-128	DoS With Block Gas Limit	Complete	No risk
SWC-129	Typographical Error	Complete	No risk
SWC-130	Right-To-Left-Override control character (U+202E)	Complete	No risk
SWC-131	Presence of unused variables	Complete	No risk
SWC-132	Unexpected Ether balance	Complete	No risk
3VVC-132	Offexpected Ether balance	Complete	INO FISK



SWC-133	Hash Collisions With Multiple Variable Length Arguments	Complete	No risk
SWC-134	Message call with hardcoded gas amount	Complete	No risk
SWC-135	Code With No Effects	Complete	No risk
SWC-136	Unencrypted Private Data On-Chain	Complete	No risk





# Contracts Description Table

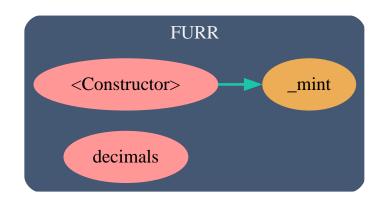
Contract	Туре	Bases		
L	Function Name	Visibility	Mutability	Modifiers
FURR	Implementation	ERC20, Ownable		
L		Public [		ERC20
L	decimals	Public [		NO

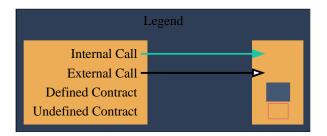
# Legend

Symbol	Meaning
	Function can modify state
ap	Function is payable



# **Call Graph**









# **UML Class Diagram**

FURR contracts/FURR.sol

Private:

\_decimals: uint8

Public:

constructor(\_name: string, \_symbol: string, \_\_decimals: uint8, \_totalSupply: uint256)

decimals(): uint8





# **About SCRL**

SCRL (Previously name SECURI LAB) was established in 2020, and its goal is to deliver a security solution for Web3 projects by expert security researchers. To verify the security of smart contracts, they have developed internal tools and KYC solutions for Web3 projects using industry-standard technology. SCRL was created to solve security problems for Web3 projects. They focus on technology for conciseness in security auditing. They have developed Python-based tools for their internal use called WAS and SCRL. Their goal is to drive the crypto industry in Thailand to grow with security protection technology.

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# Smart Contract Audit

Our top-tier security strategy combines static analysis, fuzzing, and a custom detector for maximum efficiency.

scrl.io



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Website	https://scrl.io/
Twitter	https://twitter.com/scrl_io
Telegram	https://t.me/scrl_io
Medium	https://scrl.medium.com/