

A 卷参考答案和分值草案

1. 选择题

C B D A D

B B D B C

D C A A C

2. 判断题

1. (对) 2. (对) 3. (错) 4. (对) 5. (错)

6. (对) 7. (错) 8. (错) 9. (对) 10. (错)

3. 填空题

1. -0.186°C , 248kPa

2. 150J , 200J , 50J

3. 0.2mol -260.5 kJ/mol 。

4. $\frac{K_1^{\ominus}}{(K_2^{\ominus})^2}$, $\frac{K_1^{\ominus}(p^{\ominus})^3}{(K_2^{\ominus})^2}$, $\frac{K_1^{\ominus}(p^{\ominus}/RT)^3}{(K_2^{\ominus})^2}$ 。

4. 简答题:

1) 第一类永动机违反能量守恒, 热力学第一定律 (2 分)

第二类永动机违反热力学第二定律, 自发过程都有限度 (2 分)

2) 气体分压 p^{\ominus} , 溶质 c^{\ominus} , 固体、液体、溶剂为标准态; (2 分)

标况; 273K , p^{\ominus} 的温度压力组合; (2 分)

3) $[(\text{Ag}_2\text{O})_m \cdot x(\text{OH}^-) \cdot x-y(\text{Na}^+)]^{y-} \cdot y\text{Na}^+$ (2 分);

胶粒负电 (2 分); 正极移动 (2 分)

4) 略

5. 计算题

1). $p_{\text{水}} = \rho gh = 10^5\text{kPa}$ (1 分)

$$\ln \frac{p_2}{p_1} = \frac{\Delta_{\text{vap}} H_m^{\ominus}}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right) \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

带入 $T_1 = 373K, p_1 = 100kPa$, 求得 $T_2 = 516^\circ C < 1000^\circ C$, 沸腾 (2 分)

2. 1) $r = k[A], k = \frac{r}{[A]} = \frac{0.015}{0.2} = 0.075s^{-1}$, (2 分)

$$t_{1/2} = \frac{0.693}{k} = 9.24s \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

2) A 的浓度等于 $0.5 \text{ mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1}$ 时, 反应速率分别是多少?

$$r = k[A] = 0.075 \times 0.5 = 0.0375 \text{ mol} \cdot \text{L}^{-1} \cdot \text{s}^{-1} \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

3) 如果反应的活化能为 $30 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$, $400K$ 时反应速率常数时多少?

$$\ln \frac{k_2}{k_1} = \frac{E_a}{R} \left(\frac{1}{T_1} - \frac{1}{T_2} \right) \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

$$\ln \frac{k_2}{0.075} = \frac{30000}{8.314} \left(\frac{1}{300} - \frac{1}{400} \right) \quad (1 \text{ 分})$$

$$k(400K) = 1.52s^{-1} \quad (1 \text{ 分})$$

4) 如果将方程式写作 $2A(g) \rightarrow 2 \text{ 产物}$,

$$A(g) \rightarrow \text{产物} \quad r = k[A] = \frac{d[A]}{dt} \quad (1 \text{ 分})$$

$$2A(g) \rightarrow 2 \text{ 产物} \quad r' = k'[A] = \frac{d[A]}{2dt}$$

$$k' = 0.5k = 0.0375s^{-1} \quad (1 \text{ 分})$$

3. (2) $K^\ominus = \frac{p_{CO_2}}{p^\ominus} = 1.16, p_{CO_2} = 1.16p^\ominus$ (2 分)

反应开始时 CaCO_3 为 x 克, CaCO_3 分解的物质的量

$$n_{\text{CaCO}_3} = n_{\text{CO}_2} = \frac{x}{100} \times 0.65 = \frac{p_{\text{CO}_2} V}{RT} = \frac{1.16 \times 10^5 \times 12 \times 10^{-3}}{8.314 \times (800 + 273)}$$

$$x = 24.3g \quad (3 \text{ 分})$$

4. 1) $\Delta_r H_m^\ominus = \Delta_f H_m^\ominus[\text{CO}(g)] - \Delta_f H_m^\ominus[\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)] - \Delta_f H_m^\ominus[\text{CH}_4(g)]$

$$= -110.5 + 241.8 + 74.81 = 206.11 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

$$\Delta_r S_m^\ominus = S_m^\ominus[\text{CO}(g)] + 3S_m^\ominus[\text{H}_2(g)] - S_m^\ominus[\text{H}_2\text{O}(g)] - S_m^\ominus[\text{CH}_4(g)]$$

$$= 197.7 + 3 \times 130.7 - 186.26 - 188.2 = 215.34 \text{ J} \cdot \text{K}^{-1} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1}$$

(2 分)

2) $\Delta_r G_m^\ominus = \Delta_r H_m^\ominus - T \Delta_r S_m^\ominus = 206.11 \times 10^3 - 298.15 \times 215.34 =$

$$141.91 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

$$K^\ominus = \exp\left(-\frac{\Delta_r G_m^\ominus}{RT}\right) = \exp\left(-\frac{141.91 \times 10^3}{8.314 \times 298.15}\right) \quad (2 \text{ 分})$$

$$= \exp(-57.24) = 1.37 \times 10^{-25}$$

$$3) \quad Q = \frac{[p(H_2)/p^\ominus]^3 [p(CO)/p^\ominus]}{[p(H_2O)/p^\ominus][p(CH_4)/p^\ominus]} = \frac{[0.1/1]^3 [0.1/1]}{[100/1][100/1]}$$

$$= 1 \times 10^{-8} \quad , \quad (1 \text{ 分})$$

$$\Delta_r G_m = \Delta_r G_m^\ominus + RT \ln Q = 141.91 \times 10^3 + 8.314 \times 298.15 \times \ln 1 \times 10^{-8}$$

$$= 141.91 \times 10^3 - 45939 = 96.3 \text{ kJ} \cdot \text{mol}^{-1} (2 \text{ 分}),$$

$$\Delta_r G_m > 0 \quad \text{过程不自发} (1 \text{ 分})$$

$$4) \quad \text{温度 } T \text{ 时, } \Delta_r G_{m,T}^\ominus = \Delta_r H_m^\ominus - T \Delta_r S_m^\ominus = -RT \ln K^\ominus(T)$$

$$= -8.314 \times T \times \ln 2 = -5.76T$$

$$206.11 \times 1000 - 215.34T = -5.76T$$

$$206.11 \times 1000 = 209.6T \quad T = 983K$$

$$\text{此外, } \ln \frac{K^\ominus(T)}{K^\ominus(298.15K)} = \frac{\Delta_r H_m^\ominus}{R} \left(\frac{1}{298.15} - \frac{1}{T} \right) \text{ 也能求解, 答案一样。}$$

$$(2 \text{ 分})$$

计算第一和第三题分值调整为 5 分

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