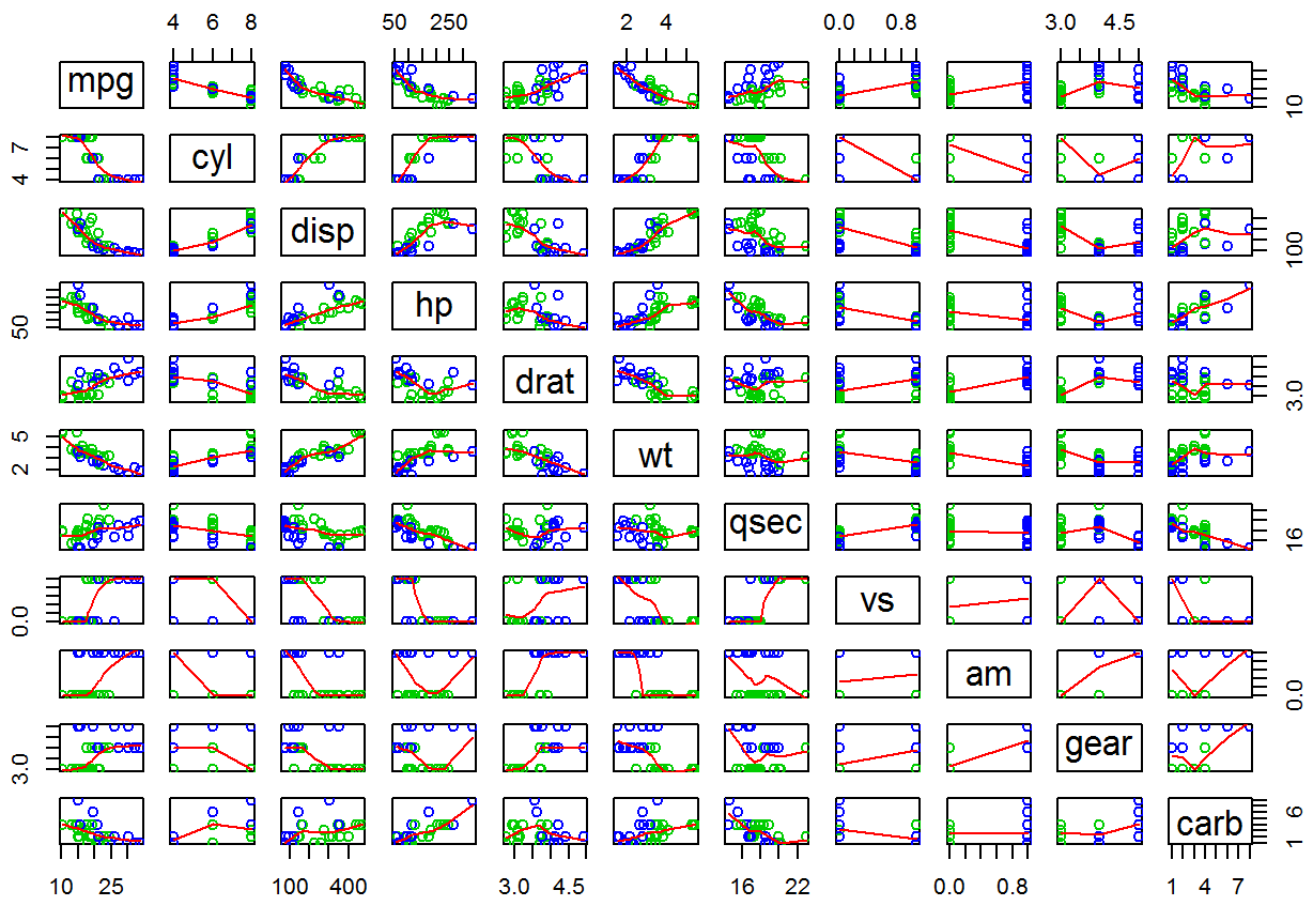


Compare MPG between automatic and manual transmission cars

In this report I demonstrated the process to isolate the fittest model for the `mtcars` dataset. Through the diagnosis of this model, I picked up three outliers **Chrysler Imperial**, **Fiat 128**, **Toyota Corolla** from the dataset. The comparison of transmission types `am` on the miles per gallon `mpg` was evaluated from the reservation of outliers to the removal of outliers. At the initiation of this process, I called the package `MASS`.

Exploratory Data Analyses

Firstly I explored the correlations for each pair of variables in `mtcars` dataset. As the below plot presented, five variables are categorical variables.



The original `mtcars` dataset was duplicated to the set `mtcars1` and the five categorical variables were transformed into `factor`. The model included all variables was stored in `all`:

```
mtcars1 <- mtcars
mtcars1$cyl <- as.factor(mtcars1$cyl)
mtcars1$vs <- as.factor(mtcars1$vs)
mtcars1$am <- as.factor(mtcars1$am)
mtcars1$gear <- as.factor(mtcars1$gear)
mtcars1$carb <- as.factor(mtcars1$carb)
all <- lm(mpg ~ . , data=mtcars1)
```

Variable Selection

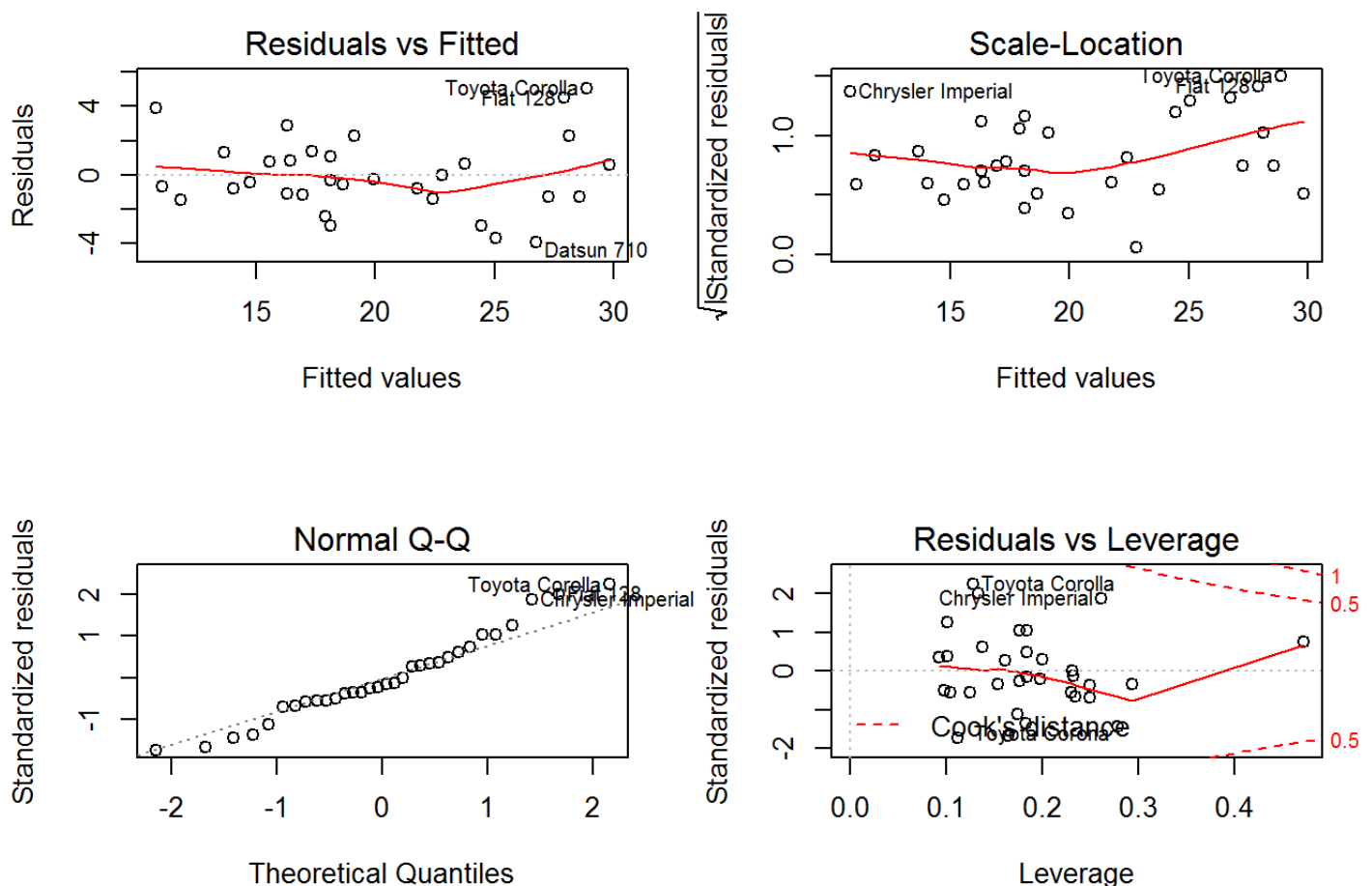
The fittest model was decided by the smallest AIC computed by the stepwise algorithm. The smallest AIC was acquired through both directions. Three predictors `wt`, `qsec`, and `am` were selected in the fittest model.

```
fit <- stepAIC(all, direction="both")
```

##		Estimate	Std. Error	t value	Pr(> t)
##	(Intercept)	9.617781	6.9595930	1.381946	1.779152e-01
##	wt	-3.916504	0.7112016	-5.506882	6.952711e-06
##	qsec	1.225886	0.2886696	4.246676	2.161737e-04
##	am1	2.935837	1.4109045	2.080819	4.671551e-02

Diagnostics of Residuals

Below plots illustrated that the residuals of most observations obey the normalization assumption in addition to **Chrysler Imperial**, **Fiat 128**, **Toyota Corolla**. The plot compared resesuals and leverages indicates that the three observations contributed the least influence. Therefore, I indicated **Chrysler Imperial**, **Fiat 128**, **Toyota Corolla** as the outliers of `mtcars` dataset.



To decrease the uncertainty of our conclusion, I compared the MPG betlen automatic and manual transmission in use of t test. Both T tests with and without outliers shold the significant result that the mannual cars perfomred better on MPG than the automatic cars. I set significant level at `.05`.

With the reservation of outliers, the average MPG for automatic car was **17.15** and the average MPG for mannual car was **24.39**. The statistical value was $t(30) = -4.11$, p value $< .05$.

Without the outliers, the average MPG for automatic car was **17.28** and the average MPG for mannual car was **22.8**. The statistical value was $t(27) = -3.25$, p value $< .05$.

Appendix

Bold words are produced by the codes embeded in line. Below column shows two examples I used in this report.

```
Through the diagnosis of this model, I picked up three outliers ** r rownames(mtcars)[c(17, 18, 20)] ** from the dataset.  
...the average MPG for automatic car was ** r round( as.numeric(unlist(t.test(mpg ~ am, var.equal = TRUE,mtcars1))[6]) , digits=2) **...
```