Java Implementation of MLDM Algorithm

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// MLDM Algorithm Implementation (Java)
import java.util.*;
import java.util.concurrent.ConcurrentHashMap;
import java.util.concurrent.Executors;
import java.util.concurrent.ScheduledExecutorService;
import java.util.concurrent.TimeUnit;
public class MLDM {
   private final long monWinDur;
   private final long mitigationInterval;
   private final Queue<Map<String, Object>> alertQueue = new LinkedList<>();
    private final Map<String, Object> mitigationRules = new ConcurrentHashMap<>();
    private final Map<String, Object> currentNetworkState = new ConcurrentHashMap<>();
    public MLDM(long monWinDur, long mitigationInterval) {
        this.monWinDur = monWinDur;
        this.mitigationInterval = mitigationInterval;
    }
   public void applyMitigationRules(String switchId, Map<String, Object> rules) {
        System.out.println("Applying rules " + rules + " to switch " + switchId);
   public void distributeMitigationRules(String targetSegment, Map<String, Object> rules) {
        System.out.println("Distributing rules " + rules + " to segment " + targetSegment);
    public String determineMitigationLevel(Map<String, Object> alert) {
        int atkSev = (int) alert.get("atkSev");
        if (atkSev == 3) {
            return "Global";
        } else if (atkSev == 2) {
            return "Regional";
        } else {
            return "Local";
        }
    }
    public Map<String, Object> generateMitigationRules(Map<String, Object> alert, String
mitigationLevel, Map<String, Object> networkState) {
        Map<String, Object> rules = new HashMap<>();
        rules.put("rule", "Mitigation rule for " + mitigationLevel);
        return rules;
   }
    public String getTargetPC(Map<String, Object> alert) {
        // Implement logic to get target PC based on alert
        return "PC1";
   public String getTargetRegion(Map<String, Object> alert) {
        // Implement logic to get target region based on alert
        return "Region1";
    public boolean hasAlert() {
        return !alertQueue.isEmpty();
```

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public Map<String, Object> getAlert() {
       return alertQueue.poll();
   public Map<String, Object> getCurrentNetworkState() {
       // Implement logic to get current network state
       Map<String, Object> state = new HashMap<>();
       state.put("state", "Network state");
       return state;
   public Map<String, Object> adjustMitigationRules(Map<String, Object> rules, Map<String, Object>
       Map<String, Object> adjustedRules = new HashMap<>();
       adjustedRules.put("adjusted_rule", "Adjusted rule");
       return adjustedRules;
   public void sleep(long duration) {
       try {
            Thread.sleep(duration);
       } catch (InterruptedException e) {
           Thread.currentThread().interrupt();
       }
   }
   public void mitigationProcess() {
       ScheduledExecutorService scheduler = Executors.newScheduledThreadPool(1);
       scheduler.scheduleAtFixedRate(() -> {
            if (hasAlert()) {
                Map<String, Object> alert = getAlert();
                String mitigationLevel = determineMitigationLevel(alert);
                Map<String, Object> rules = generateMitigationRules(alert, mitigationLevel,
currentNetworkState);
                if (mitigationLevel.equals("Local")) {
                    String targetPC = getTargetPC(alert);
                    String[] switches = {"Switch_1", "Switch_2", "Switch_3"}; // Placeholder switches
                    for (String switchId : switches) {
                        applyMitigationRules(switchId, rules);
                    }
                } else if (mitigationLevel.equals("Regional")) {
                    String targetRegion = getTargetRegion(alert);
                    distributeMitigationRules(targetRegion, rules);
                } else if (mitigationLevel.equals("Global")) {
                    distributeMitigationRules("Net", rules);
                }
            }
            if (System.currentTimeMillis() % monWinDur == 0) {
                currentNetworkState.putAll(getCurrentNetworkState());
                if (!mitigationRules.isEmpty()) {
                    mitigationRules.putAll(adjustMitigationRules(mitigationRules, currentNetworkState));
                    distributeMitigationRules("Net", mitigationRules);
                sleep(mitigationInterval);
       }, 0, 100, TimeUnit.MILLISECONDS); //check every 100ms
   }
```

```
public void start() {
    mitigationProcess();
public static void main(String[] args) {
    MLDM mldm = new MLDM(5000, 1000); // Example: 5s window, 1s interval
    mldm.start();
    // Placeholder for alert injection (Replace with your controller integration)
    ScheduledExecutorService alertScheduler = Executors.newScheduledThreadPool(1);
    alertScheduler.scheduleAtFixedRate(() -> {
        Map<String, Object> alert = new HashMap<>();
        alert.put("atkSev", new Random().nextInt(3) + 1); // Random severity 1, 2, or 3
        mldm.alertQueue.add(alert);
    }, 0, 2, TimeUnit.SECONDS); // inject an alert every 2 seconds.
    // Keep the main thread alive (or use a proper controller integration)
        Thread.currentThread().join();
    } catch (InterruptedException e) {
        Thread.currentThread().interrupt();
}
```

Explanation of the Code:

1. Imports:

• Imports necessary Java utility classes for collections and concurrency.

2. MLDM Class:

• Initializes monWinDur, mitigationInterval, alertQueue, mitigationRules, and currentNetworkState.

3. Methods:

- applyMitigationRules(): Applies mitigation rules to a switch.
- distributeMitigationRules(): Distributes mitigation rules using LDMC.
- determineMitigationLevel(): Determines mitigation level based on alert severity.
- generateMitigationRules(): Generates mitigation rules based on alert and network state.
- getTargetPC(): Gets target Physical Controller.
- getTargetRegion(): Gets target region.
- hasAlert(): Checks for alerts.
- getAlert(): Retrieves an alert.
- getCurrentNetworkState(): Retrieves current network state.
- adjustMitigationRules(): Adjusts mitigation rules based on network state.
- sleep(): Pauses execution.
- mitigationProcess(): Main mitigation loop, scheduled to run every 100ms.
- start(): Starts the mitigation process.

4. mitigationProcess():

- Continuously checks for alerts and applies mitigation rules.
- Periodically adjusts mitigation rules based on network state.

5. Example Usage (main()):

Creates an MLDM instance.

- Starts the mitigation process.
- Defines an alert injection scheduler to simulate alert injection.
- Keeps the main thread alive.

Deployment Instructions:

1. Controller Integration:

- Integrate the MLDM class into your Java-based controller (Beacon, Floodlight, OpenDaylight, ONOS).
- Implement the LDMC distribution logic using the controller's APIs.
- Implement the alert mechanism to receive alerts from DPSAD and AMCE.

2. Alert Source Integration:

• Connect the MLDM module to the AMCE and DPSAD modules, so the MLDM module can receive alerts.

3. Network State Integration:

• Implement the network state retrieval logic using the controller's APIs.

4. Rule Application:

• Implement the rule application logic using the controller's APIs to configure P4 switches.

5. Controller Startup:

- Start your controller.
- The MLDM application will start its mitigation process.

6. Testing:

- Generate SYN flood traffic in your SD-IoT network.
- Monitor the controller for mitigation actions.
- Verify the effectiveness of the mitigation rules.

7. Error Handling:

• Add error handling to your code.

8. Performance Tuning:

• Tune the MLDM algorithm parameters (e.g., mitigation interval, thresholds) to optimize performance.

9. Controller Communication:

• Implement the necessary communication with the controller.

10. LDMC Integration:

• Ensure proper integration with the LDMC architecture from Module 2.