Process of Accessing SDChain-Core Node

1 Environmental Requirements

Operating System:

Linux ubuntu 4.2.0-27-generic #32 ~14.04.1-ubuntu SMP Fri 15:32:26 UTC 2016 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 Gnu/linux

Compile environment:

gcc Version 5.4.1 20160904 (Ubuntu 5.4.1-2ubuntu1~14.04)

Resource constraints:

core file size (blocks, -c) 0

data seg size (kbytes, -d) unlimited

scheduling priority (-e) 0

file size (blocks, -f) unlimited pending signals (-i) 31449 max locked memory (kbytes, -l) 64

max memory size (kbytes, -m) unlimited open files (-n) 1024

pipe size (512 bytes, -p) 8

POSIX message queues (bytes, -q) 819200

real-time priority (-r) 0 stack size (kbytes, -s) 8192

cpu time (seconds, -t) unlimited max user processes (-u) 31449 virtual memory (kbytes, -v) unlimited file locks (-x) unlimited

2 Software Downloads

Https://github.com/SDChain/SDChain-Core/bin

Download sdchaind. tar. gz File

After decompression, it contains the following files:

sdchaind SDChain-Core.cfg validators.txt libprotobuf.so.8 libstdc++.so.6

3 Installation and Deployment

3.1 Deploy Executable Directory

mkdir /usr/local/ sdchaind mv sdchaind /usr/local/ sdchaind

3.2 Deploy Directory of Configuration File

mkdir /etc/opt/ sdchaind mv SDChain-Core.cfg validators.txt /etc/opt/ sdchaind

3.3 Deploy Directory of Database File

mkdir /var/lib/sdchaind/db

3.4 Deploy Directory of Log File

mkdir /var/log/ sdchaind

3.5 Deploy Directory of Dependency Library File

mv libprotobuf.so.8 /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libprotobuf.so.8 mv libstdc++.so.6 /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libstdc++.so.6

4 Configuration Parameters

Edit Sdchain-core.cfg File

```
[ServIs]

port_rpc_admin_local

port_peer

port_ws_admin_local

port_ws_public
```

```
#ssl_key = /etc/ssl/private/server.key
#ssl_cert = /etc/ssl/certs/server.crt
[port_rpc_admin_local]
port = 5005
ip = 127.0.0.1
admin = 127.0.0.1
protocol = http
[port_peer]
port = 51235
ip = 0.0.0.0
protocol = peer
[port_ws_admin_local]
port = 6006
ip = 0.0.0.0
admin = 0.0.0.0
protocol = ws
[port_ws_public]
port = 6007
ip = 0.0.0.0
admin = 0.0.0.0
protocol = wss
[ledger_history]
full
[node_size]
medium
[node_db]
type=RocksDB
path=/var/lib/sdchaind/db/rocksdb
open_files=2000
filter_bits=12
cache_mb=256
file_size_mb=8
file_size_mult=2
#online_delete=2000
advisory_delete=0
[database_path]
```

```
/var/lib/ sdchaind /db
[debug_logfile]
/var/log/ sdchaind /debug.log
[sntp_servers]
time.windows.com
time.apple.com
time.nist.gov
pool.ntp.org
[ips]
Genesis.sdchain.io 51235 //Currently tested node
[validation_seed]
snVNTbPZwkNPNYoFmMSYg6FbaZmF7
[validators_file]
validators.txt
[validation_quorum]
[rpc_startup]
{ "command": "log_level", "severity": "warning" }
 [ssl_verify]
```

Edit Validators.txt File

```
# Public keys of the validators that this sdchaind instance trusts.

[validators]

n9M2JkDT2WWAo1iaPTag9rxjGQDwC7dnnvyxUfVsZNrAe2CPnu6p
```

5 Start Execution

5.1 Normal Mode Boot

./sdchaind

For the first boot, if this mode is selected, history account information will be initialized

synchronously with other nodes on the SDChain-Core blockchain.

5.2 Load Startup Mode

```
./sdchaind -load
```

Start again. This kind of starting mode will initialize the history ledger information locally first, then be in sync with the network.

5.3 Stand-alone Startup Mode

```
./sdchaind -a
```

Single machine debugging. This mode will not connect with another node of the public SDChain-Core network.

5.4 Turn off Services

./sdchaind stop

5.5 Verify Successful Startup

./sdchaind

5.6 Authentication

Execute the following command:

```
./sdchaind peers
```

Returns the following response information:

Comments:

If peers have information of the other SDChain-Core node server, they have successfully connected with the public service network of blockchain.