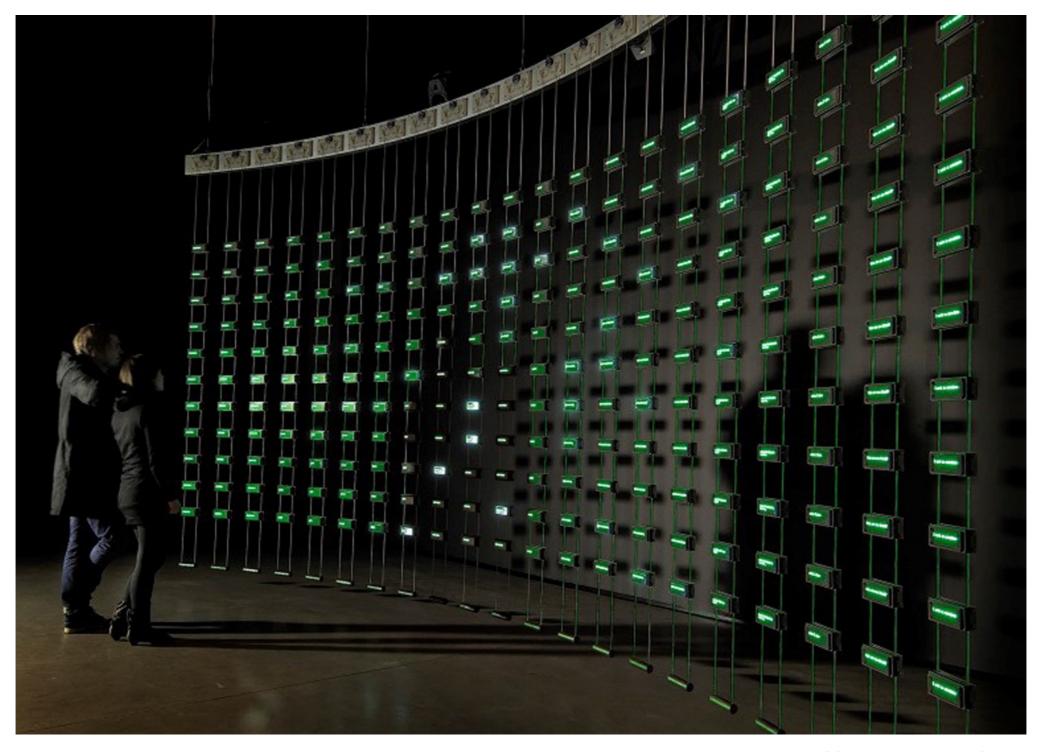
Text Data Analysis

Prof. Roger D. Peng

Department of Statistics and Data Sciences
University of Texas at Austin

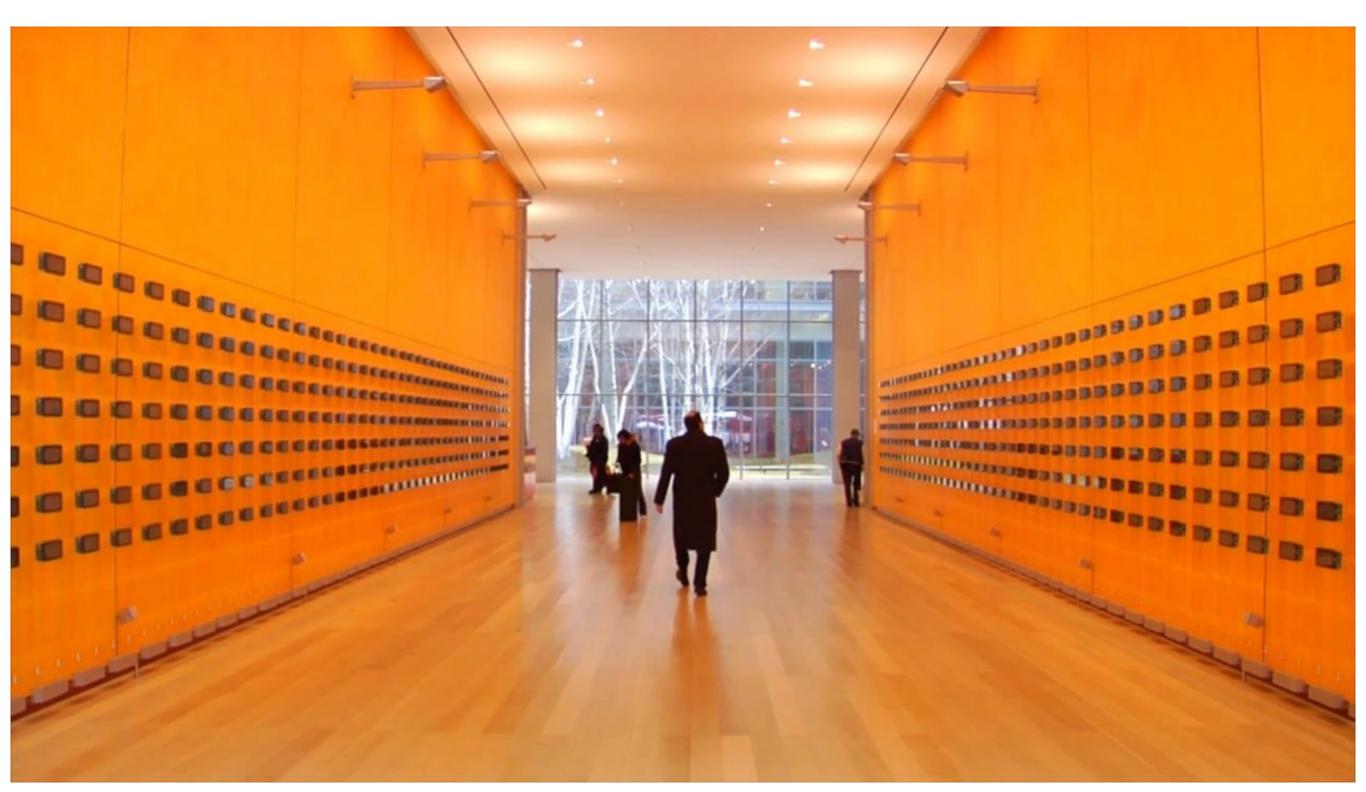
Spring 2025

Text Data Art



https://youtu.be/Rzfnndd9fCk

Text Data Art

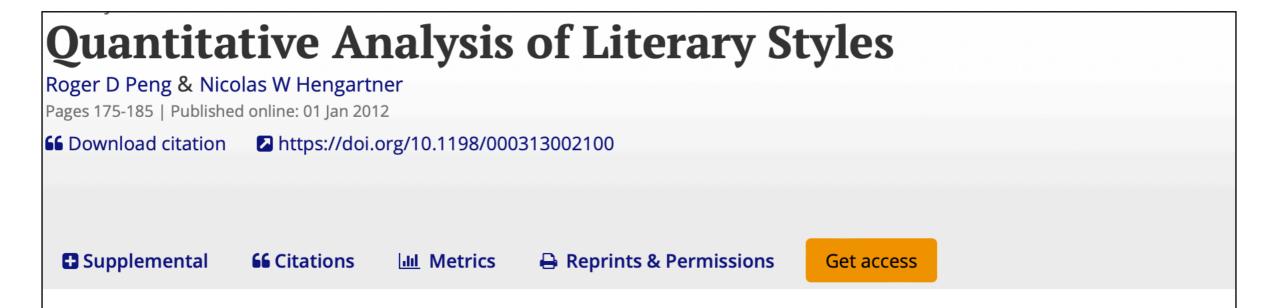


https://vimeo.com/benrubin/nytimes-art

Text Data

- Text can be converted into data using string processing and other tools
- Word counts are a typical data type
- Sentiment of words can be assessed using published lexicons
- Authorship styles based on word counts
- tidytext package designed to help with text analysis
- Large language models look at larger structures of language

Origin Story



Abstract

Writers are often viewed as having an inherent style that can serve as a literary fingerprint. By quantifying relevant features related to literary style, one may hope to classify written works and even attribute authorship to newly discovered texts. Beyond its intrinsic interest, the study of literary styles presents the opportunity to introduce and motivate many standard multivariate statistical techniques. Today the statistical analysis of literary styles is made much simpler by the wealth of real data readily available from the Internet. This article presents an overview and brief history of the analysis of literary styles. In addition we use canonical discriminant analyis and principal component analysis to identify structure in the data and distinguish authorship.

Text Data

Book I. The History Of A Family

Chapter I. Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov

Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own day, and still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death, which happened thirteen years ago, and which I shall describe in its proper place. For the present I will only say that this "landowner"-for so we used to call him, although he hardly spent a day of his life on his own estate-was a strange type, yet one pretty frequently to be met with, a type abject and vicious and at the same time senseless. But he was one of those senseless persons who are very well capable of looking after their worldly affairs, and, apparently, after nothing else. Fyodor Pavlovitch, for instance, began with next to nothing; his estate was of the smallest; he ran to dine at other men's tables, and fastened on them as a toady, yet at his death it appeared that he had a hundred thousand roubles in hard cash. At the same time, he was all his life one of the most senseless, fantastical fellows in the whole district. I repeat, it was not stupidity-the majority of these fantastical fellows are shrewd and intelligent enough-but just senselessness, and a peculiar national form of it.

He was married twice, and had three sons, the eldest, Dmitri, by his first wife, and two, Ivan and Alexey, by his second. Fyodor Pavlovitch's first wife, Adelaïda Ivanovna, belonged to a fairly rich and distinguished noble family, also landowners in our district, the Miüsovs. How it came to pass that an heiress, who was also a beauty, and moreover one of those vigorous, intelligent girls, so common in

Title: The Brothers Karamazov

Author: Fyodor Dostoyevsky

Translator: Constance Garnett

Release Date: February 12, 2009

Project Gutenberg

Sentiment Questions

- What is the general sentiment (positive or negative) in each of the book's chapters?
- How does the sentiment change from chapter to chapter?

Sentiment Analysis

- Read in the text
- Tokenize text into individual words
- Remove stop words
- Associate individual words with positive or negative sentiment
- Compute the proportion of positive sentiment words in each chapter
- Plot the positive sentiment across chapters

Reading the Text

library(tidytext)

[20]

"Language: English"

```
library(tidyverse)
brothers <- read lines("pg28054.txt.gz")</pre>
 > head(brothers, 20)
   [1] "The Project Gutenberg eBook of The Brothers Karamazov, by Fyodor Dostoyevsky"
   [2]
       11 11
   [3] "This eBook is for the use of anyone anywhere in the United States and"
   [4] "most other parts of the world at no cost and with almost no restrictions"
      "whatsoever. You may copy it, give it away or re-use it under the terms"
       "of the Project Gutenberg License included with this eBook or online at"
   [7] "www.gutenberg.org. If you are not located in the United States, you"
   [8] "will have to check the laws of the country where you are located before"
   [9] "using this eBook."
  [10]
       "Title: The Brothers Karamazov"
  [12]
  [13]
       "Author: Fyodor Dostoyevsky"
  [14]
       "Translator: Constance Garnett"
  [15]
  [16]
       "Release Date: February 12, 2009 [eBook #28054]"
  [17]
       "[Most recently updated: January 22, 2023]"
  [18]
  [19]
```

Creating a Data Frame/Tibble

```
dat <- tibble(text = brothers)</pre>
                                                      Create a new data frame
                                                     A single column containing
> dat
# A tibble: 37,628 \times 1
                                                           the lines of text
   text ←
   <chr>
 1 "The Project Gutenberg eBook of The Brothers Karamazov, by Fyodor Dostoyevsky"
  11 11
 3 "This eBook is for the use of anyone anywhere in the United States and"
 4 "most other parts of the world at no cost and with almost no restrictions"
 5 "whatsoever. You may copy it, give it away or re-use it under the terms"
 6 "of the Project Gutenberg License included with this eBook or online at"
 7 "www.gutenberg.org. If you are not located in the United States, you"
8 "will have to check the laws of the country where you are located before"
 9 "using this eBook."
10
# ... with 37,618 more rows
# i Use `print(n = ...)` to see more rows
```

Identifying Chapters

```
> dat |>
      slice(166:182)
# A tibble: 17 \times 1
   text
   <chr>>
  "PART I"
   11 11
   11 11
   11 11
   11 11
   "Book I. The History Of A Family"
   11 11
 9
   11 11
   "Chapter I."
   "Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov"
13
14
   11 11
15 "Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlovitch"
16 "Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own day, and"
17 "still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death, which"
```

Identifying Chapters

```
dat |>
                                                                        Indicate lines of text that
    mutate(chapter = str detect(text, "^Chapter"), ←
                                                                          start with "Chapter"
             part = str detect(text, "^PART")) |>
    slice(166:182)
 # A tibble: 17 \times 3
                                                                                   chapter part
    text
                                                                                   <1g1>
    <chr>
                                                                                           <1g1>
  1 "PART I"
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           TRUE
    11 11
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                   FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    "Book I. The History Of A Family"
                                                                                   FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                   FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    "Chapter I."
                                                                                   TRUE
                                                                                           FALSE
    "Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov"
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
    11 11
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                   FALSE
 14 ""
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
 15 "Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlovitch"
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
 16 "Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own day, and" FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
 17 "still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death, which"
                                                                                   FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
 >
```

Identifying Chapters

```
# A tibble: 17 \times 4
                                                                                                 chapt...<sup>1</sup>
                                                                                  chapter part
   text
                                                                                                    <int>
                                                                                  <1g1>
                                                                                           <1g1>
   <chr>
  "PART T"
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           TRUE
   11 11
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
   11 11
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
   "Book I. The History Of A Family"
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
   11 11
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
   11 11
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                  FALSE
   11 11
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
   "Chapter I."
                                                                                  TRUE
                                                                                           FALSE
   "Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov"
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                  FALSE
13
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
                                                                                  FALSE
   "Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlovitch"
                                                                                  FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
   "Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own day, an... FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
17 "still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death, which" FALSE
                                                                                           FALSE
# ... with abbreviated variable name 1chapternum
```

Identifying Blank Lines

```
Find the opposite of
dat
    |>
                                                                             a letter or number
    mutate(chapter = str detect(text, "^Chapter"),
            part = str detect(text, "^PART")) |>
    mutate(chapternum = cumsum(chapter)) |>
    mutate(blank = str detect(text, "[a-zA-Z0-9]+", negate = TRUE)) |>
    slice(166:182)
# A tibble: 17 \times 5
                                                                       chapter part chapt... blank
   text
                                                                       <1g1>
                                                                               <1g1>
                                                                                        <int> <1g1>
   <chr>
   "PART T"
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               TRUE
                                                                                            0 FALSE
   11 11
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
   11 11
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
   "Book I. The History Of A Family"
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
                                                                                            0 FALSE
   11 11
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
   11 11
                                                                                            0 TRUE
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
   11 11
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                               FALSE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
                                                                       FALSE
                                                                                FALSE
                                                                                            0 TRUE
    "Chapter I."
                                                                       TRUE
                                                                                FALSE
                                                                                            1 FALSE
```

"Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlo... FALSE

"Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own d... FALSE

17 "still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death,... FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

FALSE

1 FALSE

1 TRUE

1 TRUE

1 FALSE

1 FALSE

1 FALSE

"Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov"

... with abbreviated variable name ¹chapternum

13

Filtering

```
# A tibble: 30,874 \times 5
                                                                        chapter part chapt...¹ blank
   text
                                                                                 <1g1>
                                                                                         <int> <1g1>
   <chr>>
                                                                        <1g1>
1 Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov
                                                                        FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
 2 Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlov... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
 3 Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own da... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
 4 still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death, ... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
 5 happened thirteen years ago, and which I shall describe in its p... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
 6 place. For the present I will only say that this "landowner"-for... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
7 used to call him, although he hardly spent a day of his life on ... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
8 estate—was a strange type, yet one pretty frequently to be met w... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
9 type abject and vicious and at the same time senseless. But he w... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
10 of those senseless persons who are very well capable of looking ... FALSE
                                                                                 FALSE
                                                                                              1 FALSE
# ... with 30,864 more rows, and abbreviated variable name <sup>1</sup>chapternum
# i Use `print(n = ...)` to see more rows
```

Selecting

```
> book
# A tibble: 30,874 \times 2
                                                                            chapternum
   text
                                                                                 <int>
   <chr>>
1 Fyodor Pavlovitch Karamazov
 2 Alexey Fyodorovitch Karamazov was the third son of Fyodor Pavlovitch
 3 Karamazov, a land owner well known in our district in his own day, and
4 still remembered among us owing to his gloomy and tragic death, which
 5 happened thirteen years ago, and which I shall describe in its proper
6 place. For the present I will only say that this "landowner"-for so we
7 used to call him, although he hardly spent a day of his life on his own
8 estate—was a strange type, yet one pretty frequently to be met with, a
9 type abject and vicious and at the same time senseless. But he was one
10 of those senseless persons who are very well capable of looking after
# ... with 30,864 more rows
# i Use `print(n = ...)` to see more rows
```

Tokenization

```
Column in original data
                         New column name
                                                     frame containing text lines
book words <- book |>
   unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words")
```

```
tidytext function for
splitting lines of text
into individual words
```

```
> book words
# A tibble: 354,673 \times 2
   chapternum word
        <int> <chr>
            1 fyodor
            1 pavlovitch
            1 karamazov
            1 alexey
            1 fyodorovitch
            1 karamazov
            1 was
            1 the
            1 third
            1 son
   with 354,663 more rows
  i Use `print(n = ...)` to see more rows
```

Stop Words

```
> stop words
# A tibble: 1,149 \times 2
  word
           1exicon
  <chr>
            <chr>
1 a
              SMART
2 a's
              SMART
3 able
              SMART
4 about
              SMART
5 above
          SMART
6 according SMART
  accordingly SMART
8 across
              SMART
9 actually
              SMART
10 after
              SMART
```

```
stop_words |>
    select(lexicon) |>
    distinct()

# A tibble: 3 x 1
    lexicon
    <chr>
1 SMART
2 snowball
3 onix
```

Stop Words

```
distinct() ←
> stoplist
# A tibble: 398 \times 2
  word lexicon
  <chr> <chr>
l a onix
2 about onix
3 above onix
4 across onix
5 after onix
6 again onix
7 against onix
8 all onix
```

9 almost onix

10 alone onix

stoplist <- stop words |>

filter(lexicon == "onix") |>

Some words are repeated (probably by accident) so remove them

Removing Stop Words

Original word data frame

```
> book words
# A tibble: 354,673 \times 2
   chapternum word
        <int> <chr>
             1 fyodor
             1 pavlovitch
             1 karamazov
             1 alexey
 5
             1 fyodorovitch
             1 karamazov
             l was
 8
             1 the
               third
10
              son
```

```
book_words |>
    anti_join(stoplist, by = "word")
```

```
book_words |>
   anti_join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
   inner_join(sentiments, by = "word")
```

Sentiments data (random sample)

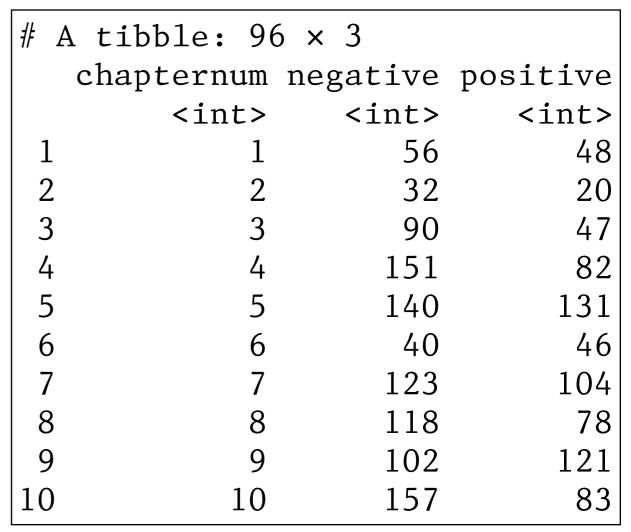
# A tibble: 10 × 2							
	word	sentiment					
	<chr></chr>	<chr></chr>					
1	malady	negative					
2	recommendation	positive					
3	perplexed	negative					
4	subsidizes	positive					
5	ragged	negative					
6	balk	negative					
7	neatest	positive					
8	complaints	negative					
9	cannibal	negative					
10	miraculous	positive					

```
# A tibble: 22,288 \times 3
  chapternum word
                       sentiment
       <int> <chr>
                       <chr>
            1 gloomy
                       negative
            1 tragic
                       negative
            1 death negative
            1 proper positive
5
            1 strange negative
                      positive
            1 pretty
           1 vicious
                       negative
            1 senseless negative
9
            1 senseless negative
10
            1 capable
                       positive
```

What about words with no sentiment?

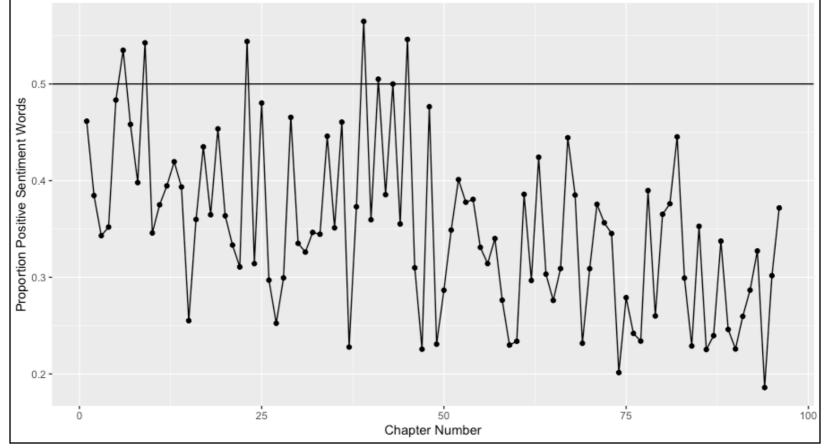
```
<int> <chr>
                          <int>
                              56
             1 negative
                             48
             1 positive
                             32
             2 negative
                             20
             2 positive
5
                             90
             3 negative
6
             3 positive
                             47
             4 negative
                            151
                             82
             4 positive
9
             5 negative
                            140
             5 positive
10
                             131
```

```
# A tibble: 192 \times 3
   chapternum sentiment
                               n
         <int> <chr>
                           <int>
                              56
             1 negative
                              48
             1 positive
 3
                              32
             2 negative
             2 positive
                              20
 5
                              90
             3 negative
                              47
             3 positive
             4 negative
                             151
 8
                              82
             4 positive
             5 negative
                             140
             5 positive
                             131
```



```
book words |>
    anti join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    inner join(sentiments, by = "word") |>
    group_by(chapternum, sentiment) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    pivot wider(names_from = "sentiment",
                values from = "n") |>
    mutate(prop_positive = positive / (positive + negative))
   # A tibble: 96 \times 4
      chapternum negative positive prop_positive
                                          <db1>
           <int>
                   <int>
                            <int>
                                          0.462
                      56
                               48
                      32
                               20
                                          0.385
                      90
                           47
                                        0.343
                      151
                                          0.352
                             82
    5
                      140
                              131
                                        0.483
               6
    6
                                         0.535
                     40
                               46
                                          0.458
                      123
                              104
    8
                                          0.398
                      118
                               78
    9
                                          0.543
                      102
                               121
   10
                                          0.346
              10
                      157
                               83
```

Sentiment By Chapter



Sentiment Analysis Process

- Tokenize text into words
- Remove stop words using a standard list
- Join remaining words with a sentiment table/dictionary
- Compute a summary statistic of sentiment (i.e. proportion positive)
- Show sentiment by chapter or other unit of progression

Using Stop Words

- Stop words are sometimes considered to have "unconscious usage"
- Rates of usage may be an indicator of an author's unique style or writing pattern
- Sometimes called "function words"

Springer Series in Statistics

Frederick Mosteller David L. Wallace

Applied
Bayesian
and Classical
Inference

The Case of The Federalist Papers



Stop Word Analysis

- Divide the text into equal sized blocks of text (500 words)
- Remove words that are NOT stop words
- Count the occurrence of each stop word within each block of text (most will be 0)
- Compare mean rates of stop word usage between authors

Add Another Book

```
# A tibble: 44,400 \times 2
                                                                                   book
  text
                                                                                    <chr>
   <chr>
1 "The Project Gutenberg eBook of The Brothers Karamazov, by Fyodor Dostoyevsky"
                                                                                   brothers karamazov
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
3 "This eBook is for the use of anyone anywhere in the United States and"
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
4 "most other parts of the world at no cost and with almost no restrictions"
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
5 "whatsoever. You may copy it, give it away or re-use it under the terms"
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
6 "of the Project Gutenberg License included with this eBook or online at"
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
7 "www.gutenberg.org. If you are not located in the United States, you"
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
8 "will have to check the laws of the country where you are located before"
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
9 "using this eBook."
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
10 ""
                                                                                    brothers karamazov
# i 44,390 more rows
```

Tokenization

```
dat |>
  unnest_tokens(word, text, token = "words")
```

```
# A tibble: 407,574 \times 2
   book
                      word
   <chr>
                      <chr>
 1 brothers karamazov the
2 brothers karamazov project
3 brothers karamazov gutenberg
4 brothers karamazov ebook
5 brothers karamazov of
6 brothers karamazov the
 7 brothers karamazov brothers
8 brothers karamazov karamazov
9 brothers karamazov by
10 brothers karamazov fyodor
# i 407,564 more rows
```

Ignore chapter numbers for this analysis

Create Text Blocks

```
dat |>
   unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
   group by(book) |>
   mutate(block = cut_interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
   ungroup()
   # A tibble: 407,574 \times 3
                                                        Create block labels
      book
                                      block
                           word
                                                           for each book
       <chr>
                           <chr>
                                       <int>
    1 brothers karamazov the
    2 brothers karamazov project
    3 brothers karamazov gutenberg
    4 brothers karamazov ebook
    5 brothers karamazov of
    6 brothers karamazov the
    7 brothers karamazov brothers
    8 brothers karamazov karamazov
    9 brothers karamazov by
   10 brothers karamazov fyodor
   # i 407,564 more rows
```

Join Stop Words

```
unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
group by(book) |>
mutate(block = cut_interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
ungroup() |>
inner join(stoplist, by = "word")
# A tibble: 258,559 \times 4
   book
                       word block lexicon
                       <chr> <int> <chr>
   <chr>
 1 brothers karamazov the
                                  l onix
 2 brothers karamazov of
                                  1 onix
 3 brothers karamazov the
                                  1 onix
 4 brothers karamazov by
                                  1 onix
 5 brothers karamazov this
                                  1 onix
 6 brothers karamazov is
                                  1 onix
 7 brothers karamazov for
                                  1 onix
 8 brothers karamazov the
                                  1 onix
   brothers karamazov use
                                  1 onix
                                  1 onix
10 brothers karamazov of
# i 258,549 more rows
```

dat |>

Next:

- 1. Group rows by book, word, and block.
- 2. Count the number of times each stop word occurs

Count Stop Words

Next:

- 1. Group rows by book and word
- 2. Average the number of times each stop word occurs

```
block word
  <chr>
                     <int> <chr>
                                   <int>
1 brothers karamazov
                         1 a
                                      16
2 brothers karamazov
                         1 almost
                         1 always
3 brothers karamazov
4 brothers karamazov
                         1 an
  brothers karamazov
                         1 and
  brothers karamazov
                         1 another
  brothers karamazov
                         1 anyone
                         1 anywhere
8 brothers karamazov
  brothers karamazov
                         1 are
10 brothers karamazov
                         1 at
 i 81,846 more rows
```

Average Across Blocks

Next:

arrange (word)

1. Pivot to wide format in order to create separate columns for each book

.groups = "drop") |>

2. Compute the difference in mean usage for each word

```
# A tibble: 721 \times 3
                    word
                           mean word
                               <db1>
                    <chr>
1 brothers karamazov a
                                9.68
                               14.1
2 great gatsby
3 brothers karamazov about
                                1.83
                                2.06
4 great gatsby
                    about
5 brothers karamazov above
                                1.07
6 great gatsby
                    above
7 brothers karamazov across
                                1.08
                                1.08
8 great gatsby
                    across
9 brothers karamazov after
                                1.39
                                1.56
10 great gatsby
                    after
\# i 711 more rows
```

Pivot Wider

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
    mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
    ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group by(book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
    pivot_wider(names_from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
    mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`)
```

Next:

1. Plot the difference in usage by word

# 4	A tibble:	379 × 4				
	word `	brothers	karamazov`	`great	gatsby`	diff
	<chr></chr>		<db1></db1>		<db1></db1>	<db1></db1>
1	a		9.68		14.1	4.45
2	about		1.83		2.06	0.236
3	above		1.07		1	-0.0685
4	across		1.08		1.08	0
5	after		1.39		1.56	0.173
6	again		1.72		1.30	-0.420
7	against		1.33		1.22	-0.111
8	a11		3.39		2.63	-0.767
9	almost		1.35		1.26	-0.0849
10 alone		1.24		1.31	0.0692	
# i 369 more rows						

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
   mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE))
   ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group by (book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
    pivot wider(names from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
   mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`) |>
    ggplot(aes(x = 1:length(word), y = diff)) +
    geom text(aes(label = word)) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Difference in Word Use (Gatsby - Brothers)")
```

Split text into words and create blocks of 500 words

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
    mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
    ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group_by(book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
    pivot wider(names from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
   mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`) |>
    ggplot(aes(x = 1:length(word), y = diff)) +
    geom text(aes(label = word)) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Difference in Word Use (Gatsby - Brothers)")
```

Join text with stop list to keep only stop words

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
    mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
    ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group by(book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
    pivot wider(names from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
   mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`) |>
    ggplot(aes(x = 1:length(word), y = diff)) +
    geom text(aes(label = word)) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Difference in Word Use (Gatsby - Brothers)")
```

Count the occurrences of stop words in each book/block

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
    mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
    ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group by (book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
    pivot wider(names from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
   mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`) |>
    ggplot(aes(x = 1:length(word), y = diff)) +
    geom text(aes(label = word)) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Difference in Word Use (Gatsby - Brothers)")
```

Compute the average use of each stop words in each book

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
    mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
    ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group by (book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
   pivot wider(names from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
   mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`) |>
    ggplot(aes(x = 1:length(word), y = diff)) +
    geom text(aes(label = word)) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Difference in Word Use (Gatsby - Brothers)")
```

Compute the difference in average stop word usage

```
dat |>
    unnest tokens(word, text, token = "words") |>
    group by(book) |>
    mutate(block = cut interval(1:n(), length = 500, labels = FALSE)) |>
    ungroup() |>
    inner join(stoplist, by = "word") |>
    select(-lexicon) |>
    group by (book, block, word) |>
    summarize(n = n(),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    group by(book, word) |>
    summarize(mean word = mean(n),
              .groups = "drop") |>
    arrange(word) |>
    pivot wider(names from = "book",
                values from = "mean word") |>
   mutate(diff = `great gatsby` - `brothers karamazov`) |>
   ggplot(aes(x = 1:length(word), y = diff)) +
    geom text(aes(label = word)) +
    labs(x = NULL, y = "Difference in Word Use (Gatsby - Brothers)")
```

Plot the difference in stop word usage by word

