DanceSoft

Senior Design Final Documentation

DanceSoft

Marcus Berger

Dicheng Wu

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Contents

Ti	itle		i
\mathbf{C}_{0}	ontei	nts	\mathbf{v}
Li	st of	Figures	vii
Li	st of	Tables	ix
Li	st of	Algorithms	хi
O.	vervi 0.1	iew Statements Mission Statement	xiii xiii
	0.2	Elevator Pitch	xiii
D	ocun	nent Preparation and Updates	$\mathbf{x}\mathbf{v}$
1	Ove	erview and concept of operations	1
	1.1	Scope	1
	1.2	Purpose	1
	1.3	Deliverables	1
		1.3.1 Major System Component: Database	1
		1.3.2 Major System Component: User Interface	1
	1 4	1.3.3 Major System Component: Student Interface	2
	1.4	System Access	$\frac{2}{2}$
		1.4.1 Local System GUI	$\frac{2}{2}$
		1.4.2 Student web interface	$\frac{2}{2}$
	1.5	Systems Goals	2
	1.6	Concept of Operations	$\frac{2}{2}$
	1.0	1.6.1 New Users	2
		1.6.2 Existing Users	2
	1.7	System Overview and Diagram	4
	1.8	Technologies Overview	5
2	Pro	ject Overview	7
	2.1	Team Members and Roles	7
	2.2	Project Management Approach	7
	2.3	Phase Overview	8
		2.3.1 Initial User Story and Requirements Gathering	8
		2.3.2 Database Creation and Starting Pages	8
		2.3.3 Prototyping and Testing	8
		2.3.4 Development Updates and Testing	8
		2.3.5 Final Testing, Production, and Delivery	8
	$^{2.4}$	Terminology and Acronyms	8

iv CONTENTS

_			
3		er Stories, Backlog and Requirements	11
	3.1	Overview	11
		3.1.1 Scope	11
		3.1.2 Purpose of the System	11
	3.2	Stakeholder Information	11
		3.2.1 Customer or End User (Product Owner)	11
		3.2.2 Management or Instructor (Scrum Master)	12
		3.2.3 Developers –Testers	12
	3.3	Business Need	12
	3.4	Requirements and Design Constraints	12
		3.4.1 System Requirements	12
		3.4.2 Network Requirements	12
		3.4.3 Development Environment Requirements	13
		3.4.4 Project Management Methodology	13
	3.5	User Stories	13
		3.5.1 User Story #1	14
		3.5.2 User Story #2	14
		3.5.3 User Story #3	14
		3.5.4 User Story #4	14
		3.5.5 User Story #5	14
		3.5.6 User Story #6	15
		3.5.7 User Story #7	15
		3.5.8 User Story #8	15
		3.5.9 User Story #9	15
		3.5.10 User Story #10	15
		3.5.11 User Story #11	15
		3.5.12 User Story #12	15
		3.5.13 User Story #13	16
		3.5.14 User Story #14	16
		3.5.15 User Story #15	16
		3.5.16 User Story #16	16
		3.5.17 User Story #17	16
	3.6	Research or Proof of Concept Results	16
	0.0	1000001 of 11001 of Collective 11001100	10
4	\mathbf{Des}	sign and Implementation	19
		Database	19
		Major Component #1	19
		4.2.1 Technologies Used	19
		4.2.2 Component Overview	19
		4.2.3 Architecture Diagram	21
		4.2.4 Phase Overview	21
		4.2.5 Architecture Diagram	22
		4.2.6 Data Flow Description	22
	4.3	GUI	22
	1.0	4.3.1 Technologies Used	22
		4.3.2 Component Overview	22
		4.3.3 Phase Overview	$\frac{22}{22}$
		4.3.4 Architecture Diagram	24
		4.3.5 Data Flow Description	$\frac{24}{24}$
		4.3.6 Design Details	$\frac{24}{24}$
		4.0.0 Design Details	24
5	Syst	tem and Unit Testing	31
	5.1	Overview	31
	5.2	Dependencies	31
	5.3	Test Setup and Execution	31

CONTENTS

6	Development Environment 6.1 Development IDE and Tools 6.2 Source Control 6.3 Dependencies 6.4 Build Environment 6.5 Development Machine Setup	33 34 34
7	Release – Setup – Deployment 7.1 Deployment Information and Dependencies	35
8	User Documentation 8.1 User Guide	37
9	Class Index 9.1 Class List	39 39
10	Class Documentation 10.1 Poly Class Reference	41
Bi	oliography	43
So	ftware Agreement	SA-1
	Product Description 1 Overview 2 Scope 3 System Goal 4 System Components 4.1 Admin and Teacher 4.2 Database 4.3 Student Interface 5 Project Deliverables 5.1 Project Delivery	A-1 A-1 A-1 A-1 A-2 A-2 A-2
	Sprint Reports 1 Sprint Report #1 2 Sprint Report #2 3 Sprint Report #3 4 Sprint Report	B-10 B-17 B-23
C	Industrial Experience and Resumes 1 Resumes	C-4 C-4
D	Acknowledgment	D-1
${f E}$	Supporting Materials	E-1

vi

List of Figures

viii LIST OF FIGURES

List of Tables

LIST OF TABLES

List of Algorithms

Overview Statements

0.1 Mission Statement

The mission of the DanceSoft team is to create a efficient and effective system for the Academy of Dance Arts. So data can be managed clearly and easily to manage the academy's day to day needs. [MB]

0.2 Elevator Pitch

The DanceSoft project is a data management software for the Academy of Dance Arts in Rapid City. The project aims to produce a simple and more effective data management tool then what is currently in use at the academy. This will be accomplished through the use of a database and a simple user friendly interface, which will allow faculty and students to easily accomplish their needs, whether that's registering for a class, getting a role sheet or just general people management. DanceSoft will provide effective management tools so people spend less time at their computer, and more time dancing. [MB]

Document Preparation and Updates

Current Version [X.X.X]

Prepared By: Marcus Berger #1 Dicheng Wu #2

Revision History

Date	Author	Version	Comments
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	Dicheng Wu		
10/8/15	Marcus Berger	1.0.1	Sprint Report 1
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12/10/15	Marcus Berger	1.0.3	Product Contract Description

Overview and concept of operations

This chapter contains a general overview of the DanceSoft project. [MB]

1.1 Scope

The scope of this project is to develop a system that allows the academy to manage it's activities and information in an effective manner. Allowing the academy to manage their employees and their students.[MB]

1.2 Purpose

The purpose of this document is to describe and detail the major components of the system and how they will be developed. The major components of the application are as follows:

- 1. Major System Components
- 2. System Goals
- 3. Concept of Operations (CONOPS)
- 4. System Overview
- 5. Technologies Used

[MB]

1.3 Deliverables

Listed below are the deliverable major system componets for this project. [MB]

1.3.1 Major System Component: Database

The first major component of the system is the MySQL relational database. The database contains the Academy's data and is the core of the back-end side of the software. This database will be the conduit for most of the systems interactions with the data. The database will live within a local computer provided by the user.

1.3.2 Major System Component: User Interface

The second major component of the system is the front-end user interface for admins and teachers. This will be the only part of the system most users ever see, and will provide an effective means to complete the desired user task. This is accomplished through the use of pages created in PyQt with interfaces to give users effective ways to interact with the database and the necessary data for their requested operations.

1.3.3 Major System Component: Student Interface

ADD LATER (AFTER WINTER BREAK)

1.4 System Access

Listed below are the various access information, or credentials for the various levels of the system. [MB]

- 1.4.1 Local System GUI
- 1.4.2 Student Web Interface
- 1.4.3 Database Access

ADD LATER (AFTER ACCESS IS FINALIZED IN DEPLOYMENT BOX)

1.5 Systems Goals

The system needs to provide a solution which can run the dance studio data and some day to day activities in an effective and secure manner. This includes allowing teachers to print role sheets, look at schedules, and manage their information. Students need to have the ability to see information pertinent to them such as registration and class requirements. Owners need to be able to use the system to manage their employees, the academy's students and it classes, and other administrative duties such as billing and payroll Lastly this system as a whole also needs to be an improvement on the current system in use by the customer and provide an easier and more efficient way to run the clients business.

Overall the system goal is to provide a environment where academy owners, teachers, and students can effectively manage their personal needs and requirements for academy participation and continued operations.

1.6 Concept of Operations

This section will cover how the system is used from the viewpoint of the various types of users.

1.6.1 New Users

1.6.1.a New User: Admin

1.6.1.b New User: Teacher

UPDATE AS NEW USER PROCESS IS LAID OUT (MOST LIKELY END OF SPRINT 4)

1.6.1.c New User: Student

UPDATE AS STUDENT INTERFACE IS DESIGNED

1.6.2 Existing Users

This section will cover the options for a user already established in the system.

1.6.2.a Existing User: Admin

Landing Page This page contains the Admin related options

Manage Employees This page contains the list of admin functionality associated with the employee functionality

Search Teachers The user is brought to a new window where the user can enter a employees name and see a list of matching teachers. This can also be done using advanced search to search on other fields such as phone number or address. After the search is completed then the user can click on a result to bring up more detailed information and change it as needed.

Update Teacher The user is prompted with a form where they can select a teacher. After teacher selection the form is populated with that teachers information, the user can then change the information as needed and click the submit button to confirm the changes and submit to the database.

Assign Teacher To Class Opens a window that contains the list of classes ordered alphabetically. The user then selects a class, after class selection the pages generates a list of available teachers by cross referencing their current classes. A teacher is then selected and confirmed before submission to the database. If the selected class is already assigned then a dialog ask the user to confirm the teacher change if yes then the user selects a new teacher and confirms the selection.

New Teacher The user is prompted with an empty form to input teacher information. The user clicks submit when finished and confirms the information before submission to the database.

Manage Classes This opens a page containing the list of admin functionality relating to class management.

View Class UPDATE WHEN FUNCTION FINALIZED

Modify a Class The user is prompted with a form where they can select a class. After class selection the form is populated with that classes information, the user can then change the information as needed and click the submit button to confirm the changes and submit to the database.

Add a Class The user is prompted with a form, and asked to fill out the necessary information and click the submit button. This then produces a dialog box to confirm the submission and make the final add to the database.

Manage Students This page contains the list of admin functionality associated with the student functionality

Search Students Like the employee search above, the user is brought to a new window where the user can enter a student's name and see a list of matching students. This can also be done using advanced search to search on other fields such as phone number or address. After the search is completed then the user can click on a result to bring up more detailed information and change it as needed.

Modify Student Information The user is prompted to enter a student name and if the student exist the form is populated and the user can change the information as needed and updates can be submitted to the database. (FUNCTIONALITY CURRENTLY BEING REEVALUATED MAY MERGE WITH SEARCH FUNCTION)

Add/Remove Student From Class The user is given a list of classes, the user then selects a class. After the class is selected the students currently in the class are displayed. The user can then select a student and click the remove button, or they can click the add button to add a student that has a pending registration to the selected class.

(need user story updates to see if only pending students should show up)

Registration UPDATE AS FUNCTIONALITY IS ADDED

1.6.2.b Existing User: Teacher

Student Options This buttons opens up the teachers student related functionality.

Modify Student Info When the user selects this option the system will open up a form where a student can be selected and the form will be populated. Then the user can modify the information in the form and submit the updates to the database

Search Students The user is brought to a new window where the user can enter a student's name and see a list of matching students. This can also be done using advanced search to search on other fields such as phone number or address. After the search is completed then the user can click on a result to bring up more detailed information and change it as needed.

Add Student to Class Much like the Admin function for adding and removing students the teacher will get a window where they can select one of the classes they teach. After that the teacher can select a pending student and add them to the class. (FUNCTIONALITY MAY CHANGE WITH USER STORY CLARIFICATION)

See Schedule The user will open a window which will show them what classes a selected student is enrolled in on which day. (MORE INFORMATION AS FUNCTION IS COMPLETED)

Class Options This buttons opens up the teachers class related functionality.

See Schedule The user will open a window which will show them what classes they are teaching on which day. (MORE INFORMATION AS FUNCTION IS COMPLETED)

Class Info The user can select a class and view the class information.

Role Sheet A window comes up where the user can select one of the classes they are currently teaching and the list of students in the class. The user can then hit a print button which will open up a secondary window where the user can modify the list, import a list from a file, preview the list as a pdf, and print the list.

Personal Options This buttons opens up the the teacher functionality relating to personal information.

Enter Hours (WORKED ON IN SPRINT 4)

Modify Information (MAY DROP FUNCTIONALITY SINCE IT SHOULD ONLY BE AN ADMIN FEATURE)

RESET PASSWORD User will be prompted to enter and confirm there current password and then if the passwords match the users password then the user will be prompted to enter a new password after checking password it is updated in the database.

1.6.2.c Existing User: Student

UPDATE AS STUDENT INTERFACE PROGRESSES

1.7 System Overview and Diagram

Users will access this application through a local GUI or a web application depending on their position within the system. The GUI will be located in the academy local box, and the student web application will be excess able through any web browser. When a user makes a connection to the website, the pages and data will be sent to the user. Figure 1 shows an overview of the student interface architecture. When a local GUI user connects the user will navigate through the vareous pages listed above to the desired functionality. Figure 2 shows a simplistic view of the GUI Architecture. There are three major components to the project, database, student interface, and admin/teacher interface. Each section is described in more functional detail above and

in section 4 Design and Implementation. (ADD MORE DETAIL AS SYSTEM FINALIZES) [MB]

(ADD FIGURES AFTER SYSTEM DESIGN FINALIZATION)

1.8 Technologies Overview

The primary Technologies for this projects are as follows:

- 1. Xcode and Visual Studio Xcode and MSVS are the primary development IDEs for this project. Of the two the one the group used the most was visual studio so we could develop on the machines provided by the school.
- 2. Python the primary programming language for the project
- 3. PHP primary language for student web interface
- 4. PyQt and Qt Designer Gui package and development environment
- 5. MySQL MySQL provides the database and relational quires to manage the data and organize it within the system.

These technologies were selected after a first research sprint where research into programming language, GUI, and database options were selected. A brief description of the research can be found in the sprint 1 report or the first prototype sections of this document. [MB]

Project Overview

This section provides some information with regards to the team roles, project management, and phase overview.[MB]

2.1 Team Members and Roles

The DanceSoft team consist of two members, Marcus Berger and Dicheng Wu.

Marcus Berger(Scrum Master/Development Team) - As a member of a two person team the roles for this project blend together significantly. Both team members mostly do equal shares of all work types. As the primary manager of the DanceSoft Trello board, Marcus has mostly taken on the role of scrum master within the group. However his primary role is still development.

Dicheng Wu(Development Team) - Dicheng's primary role as with both members of the team, is development of the software. However like the other members since the team is so small each member of the two person team must be able to fill all needed roles within the team.

Dr. Jeff Mcgough (Product Owner) - While not a working member of the team Dr. Mcgough is a secondary scrum master and product owner to the group due the small size of the team. Main duties in this role include talking to the client about what is needed, and making sure the team stays on task and is going in the correct direction based on the clients needs

Author notation will be identified by [MB] for Marcus and [DW] for Dicheng at the start of major sections (ex: after heading 2.0 above). Subsections within the main sections assumed to be by the same author. [MB]

2.2 Project Management Approach

This project is managed using several service and an Agile sprint based methodology. The sprints which range in purpose from research to development are three weeks long with a week after each sprint for review and possible presentations to the client. The project is broken into several users stories, which are then broken down into a project backlog of task for development. The stories and backlog are discussed in a later section of this document. Project management tools used by the team are Github, for source control and code management, and Trello for sprint and backlog management. Trello provide a list of task to be accomplished in each sprint and the ability to see modified tasks and keep track of team members current assignments. The task assign in each sprint are decided be the team with some input from Dr. McGough as a secondary scrum master. These assignment can be altered or changed based on product owner input. Sprint reports are sent to Dr. McGough for both project owner and grading purposes at the end of each sprint. Scheduled Meeting occur every Tuesday and Thursday from 10:00-12:00, other times are assigned as the team finds necessary. The team also has a weekly meeting with the product owner Dr. Jeff McGough every Wednesday at

8 Project Overview

2:00 where the progress of the project, the next steps, and any lingering questions about the project can be addressed. [MB]

2.3 Phase Overview

This project will be implemented in phases, the phases follow. [MB]

2.3.1 Initial User Story and Requirements Gathering

This phase consist of meaning and discussing the user stories and requirements with the product owner. The product owner also lays out limitations and constraints for the project. More information can be found in section 3.0 Requirements

2.3.2 Database Creation and Starting Pages

During this phase the database schema will be constructed and implemented, being sure to keep the schema as concise as possible. The goal is to generate a database that can effective support the needed functions and GUI connectivity. After the database is constructed, the team will move on to the starting landing pages which will be jumping off pages for functionality creation. These page will almost certainly be modified as phases progress.

2.3.3 Prototyping and Testing

This phase will compose the bulk of the project as the first development of the functionality requested by the project owner are constructed. As the prototype progresses check ins with the client will be conducted to be as sure as possible that the team stays on track. Pages will be tested as the pages are constructed.

2.3.4 Development Updates and Testing

This phase will consist of updates to existing functions, updates, and prototyping updated, new, or misunderstood functions. Testing will be conducted as updates are made to ensure new pages work, and updated pages retain requested function. During this phase user stories and requirements should move to final completion.

2.3.5 Final Testing, Production, and Delivery

During this phase the last bit of testing on the remaining functionality will be conducted. After this the final production needs will be completed, this may consist of final deployment or other steps depending on the state of the project at this time. Lastly the project will be handed over to the client for delivery and the senior design fair. By this point the product itself will live on the box provided by the client and a production server. Access Information, logs, and user guides and manuals will be provided, with the user guide as both pdf files and psychical copies.

2.4 Terminology and Acronyms

- 1. Backlog A list of task to be completed
- 2. Budget money provided by the client to supply the needed materials for the project
- 3. Database A storage and platform to manipulate data for the projects
- 4. GUI Graphical User Interface the front end screen that the users interact with using graphical assets

- 5. Sprint three week time periods where portions of the project are completed
- 6. Timeline the plan of when a assignment is to be completed

(ADD TO SECTION AS NEEDED

10 Project Overview

User Stories, Backlog and Requirements

3.1 Overview

This document covers the client information, an overview of the requirements of the system and the requirements laid out by the client. These requirements are laid out in this document with how the group plans to implemented them within the system. [MB]

(SECTION WILL UPDATE AS USER STORIES ARE CLARIFIED, UPDATED, AND AFTER VISIT TO SEE CURRENT PROJECT)

3.1.1 Scope

This section covers several sections in the project which are as follows:

- 1. Purpose of Systems
- 2. The Client's Information
- 3. The Client's Information and Restrictions on the System
- 4. The User Stories for Requirements

3.1.2 Purpose of the System

The purpose of this system is to provide a system for the Academy of Dance Arts to manage their day to day operations, their employees, and their s friendly students. These day to day operations range from assigning teachers to classes, looking up information, printing roles sheets for classes, etc. Also the system must accomplish these task using a user friendly interface, that is as intuitive as possible. Students will also have a simple web interface to look up their information and register for new classes.

3.2 Stakeholder Information

The stakeholder and sponsoring customer for this project is Dr. Jeff McGough a computer science professor at the South Dakota School of Mines and Technology and the vice president of the Academy of Dance Arts in Rapid City, South Dakota. Well not the sponsor of the project Dr. McGough's wife, Julie McFarland is also a key part of the customer base and a stakeholder as the owner and artistic director of the Academy. [MB]

3.2.1 Customer or End User (Product Owner)

The primary end user for this product is Julie McFarland and her employees to manage the Academy of Dance Arts. Julie well not playing a direct role in product development is able to convey the academy's needs through Dr. McGough.

Dr. Jeff McGough is the primary point of contact in the project. He assumes the role of scrum master at times and drives the product backlog and provides more details on product backlog materials during the weekly meeting with the development team.

3.2.2 Management or Instructor (Scrum Master)

Dr. Jeff McGough is the primary point of contact in the project. He assumes the role of scrum master at times and drives the product backlog and provides more details on product backlog materials during the weekly meeting with the development team.

3.2.3 Developers –Testers

The DanceSoft team consist of two members, Marcus Berger and Dicheng Wu, who are both primarily developers and testers. due to the fact that the team is so small. All development roles are shared between the two team members.

3.3 Business Need

The customer needs us to develop a software solution which can run the dance studio in an effective manner. The product also needs to handle changing classes from year to year without needing to be updated. This means that the software needs to sync with multiple users, and handle new information such as class rosters, prices, clothing requirements for classes, changes in the employment roster, and many other changes that can occur in the running of a dance school.

This project as a whole needs to be an improvement on the current system in use by the customer and provide an easy and efficient way to run the clients business. This project will the data manipulation task through the back-end MySQL database, and the ease of use will be handled with a simple Pyqt GUI [MB]

(NEED TO ADD MORE CLARITY WILL ADD TO AND ADAPT AFTER SEEING CURRENT INTERFACE)

3.4 Requirements and Design Constraints

This section discusses what requirements exist that deal with meeting the business needs the customer has. For the DanceSoft these include system needs to run the academy, network connection issues, and some environment requirements laid out by both the client and the senior design requirements. [MB]

3.4.1 System Requirements

The system requirements laid out by the clients are just the necessary features laid out in the user stories below. There was no preference on language or GUI environment on the part of the client. Due to some of the user stories and information handled within the system a level of security becomes a system requirement.

3.4.2 Network Requirements

The network inside the Academy has connection issues and therefore a cloud or online based data storage option is not a highly advised possibility. The network issues within the school means the system will be contained in a local system to provide more stability within the system.

3.5 User Stories

3.4.3 Development Environment Requirements

The academy runs on a Mac currently so the system must work on the Mac OSX operating system. While not required the project is developed in Python, so the end product will work cross platform should the academy ever switch operating systems or if the academy is ever sold the system will work if the new owners run windows.

3.4.4 Project Management Methodology

The client requires a weekly meeting every Wednesday at 2:00 p.m. to check on the progress of the system. These meeting vary on topic and length depending on the needs of the project and the status of task. The senior design class requires that this project be completed in six sprint that are all roughly three weeks long, with a week long results period after each one. Another project requirement is the presentations that are required by the senior design class. These presentation occurs twice every semester usually after the first and last sprint each semester. Each presentation cover the content of the project up to that point, and updates on topics such as risk mitigation, budget, and current prototypes. Lastly it was requested by Dr. Mcgough as part of senior design and as the client that we provide him with access to the Github repository for the project and the Trello board for check in purposes.

3.5 User Stories

After the requirement for the project were laid out the team created the user stories based on those requirement. The user stories the team came up with are as fallows: [MB]

- 1. As a user i want to adjust students payment models
- 2. As the owner I would like to see automatic database backups.
- 3. As a student I would like to be able to register online (with special app). Classes must be approved before added.
- 4. As a student I would like to be able to search clothing requirements.
- 5. As a student I would like to know my billing.
- 6. As the owner I would like to indicate clothing requirements per class.
- 7. As a studio person, I would like to be able to add students to classes.
- 8. As a student, teacher etc, I would like to be able to look up a students class list.
- 9. As the teacher I would like to get a class role for each class.
- 10. Given a class list, I would like to get an invoice of the tuition due.
- 11. Studio would like to track payments and estimate remainder due. I would like to generate an invoice for this amount.
- 12. As a student I would like to be able to register online (with special app). Classes must be approved before added.
- 13. As a student I would like to know my billing.
- 14. As the owner I would like to track teacher hours and compute payroll.
- 15. As a studio employee I would like to open a registration pane and add student data
- 16. As the studio owner I would like to enter teacher information and look up information such as SS and pay rates.

- 17. As the owner, I would like to enter classes: time, location, registration cap. I would like to view this information later. I would like to assign instructors
- 18. As a user I want to have different payment models for different situations

3.5.1 User Story #1

As a user i want to adjust students payment models. This user stories means that the user should be able to go find a student, select that student and change the pay model to another existing payment model. Adding a payment model is part of a different user story.

3.5.1.a User Story #1 Breakdown

Further breakdown for this user story could be the creation of the student select function but this is mostly covered by other user stories.

3.5.2 User Story #2

As the owner I would like to see automatic database backups. This one is fairly simple the system will need to back up the data from the database locally or by an external provider.

3.5.3 User Story #3

As a student I would like to be able to register online (with special app). Classes must be approved before added. The special app references in this user story is the php student web interface that the team will create. The students will be able to go to the website, log in and register for classes along with other features listed in other user stories.

3.5.3.a User Story #3 Breakdown

Also listed in this user story is the ability for admins to approve any class registrations by students before the registration is finalizes and submitted to the data base. This approval system needs to have three states. First is pending which will be the unanswered request in the system. Second is the approved option which will finalize the students registration and place them in their desired class. Lastly is denied which will not put the student in the class.

3.5.3.b Further Breakdown

This interface will also include the options to manage the student information handled by the system. This include the registration functionality, views, updates, registrations, and submits. The interface will run the requirements of the student and their guardians, most of which are covered by other user requirements

3.5.4 User Story #4

As a student I would like to be able to search clothing requirements. This will be part of the student interface and will allow them to click on a class and see clothing requirements for that class from the database.

3.5.5 User Story #5

As a student I would like to know my billing. The students will be able to click a link within the interface and see their various billing info, such as remaining balance, payment plan, and date payment is due. 3.5 User Stories 15

3.5.6 User Story #6

As the owner I would like to indicate clothing requirements per class. The owner or other admin will be able to add clothing requirements to a specific class and change them in a class menu using an update form.

3.5.7 User Story #7

As a studio person, I would like to be able to add students to classes. This options will allow all employees to request a specific student be added to a class. This will sent a request to an admin which will need to approve the request like a normal registration or approval by teachers.

3.5.8 User Story #8

As a student, teacher etc, I would like to be able to look up a students class list. Users need to select a student and see what their class schedule is and which class they have pending registrations for. This will be accomplished through an output dialog that pops up to display the students schedule.

3.5.9 User Story #9

As the teacher I would like to get a class role for each class. Users need to select a class and see who is enrolled in it. Also the list needs to be exportable or printable so teachers can take role at a class. This is done through a window where the teacher can select one of the classes they are teaching and print the role sheet for that class.

3.5.10 User Story #10

Given a class list, I would like to get an invoice of the tuition due. Users should be able to get an invoice for their billing based on the number of classes being taken, and the payment model the student is placed under.

(UPDATE AFTER STUDENT INTERFACE)

3.5.10.a User Story #10 Breakdown

This user story along with any others that deal with payroll or billing with need to have a system for amount calculation and a way to adjust or add payment models on the admin/owner side of the software.

(UPDATE AFTER PAYROLL SPRINT)

3.5.11 User Story #11

Studio would like to track payments and estimate remainder due. I would like to generate an invoice for this amount. This user story fallows user story 10. The system should track payments made and given those payments calculate what students or parents have left to pay.

(UPDATE AFTER PAYROLL SPRINT)

3.5.12 User Story #12

As a student I would like to know my billing. Simply put students and parents want the ability to see how they are charged and what they have left to pay. This should be an option within the php based student web interface.

(UPDATE AFTER PAYROLL AND STUDENT INTERFACE)

3.5.13 User Story #13

As the owner I would like to track teacher hours and compute payroll. Hours for teachers will need to be approved by an admin within their interface. Also calculations will be made based on that teachers pay rate to compute their pay. Lastly tax algorithms will need to be used to effective make sure that tax are withdrawn correctly and neither the teacher or the academy will be liable in the case of audits.

(UPDATE AFTER PAYROLL AND STUDENT INTERFACE)

3.5.13.a User Story #13 Breakdown

Teachers and employees will need to be given a way to submit hours through their interface that can then be approved by the owner.

3.5.14 User Story #14

As a studio employee I would like to open a registration pane and add student data. The employees of the academy should be able to modify student registration information. This will be used should the students information change, or if the students information was entered incorrectly.

This is done through an update form where the user can modify the information and submit the updates to the database.

3.5.15 User Story #15

As the studio owner I would like to enter teacher information and look up information such as SS and pay rates. The system will provide the owner with the ability to search, view, and modify information within the system.

3.5.15.a User Story #15 Breakdown

Search and view functions will exist for all level of users with different results in different areas. Examples being students need to see class information, teachers should search classes and students, admin should be able to see all information.

3.5.16 User Story #16

As the owner, I would like to enter classes: time, location, registration cap. I would like to view this information later. I would like to assign instructors. Simply put this is the ability of the owner to a class to the academy's roster. Which is done through an add information form which checks required information and submits it to the database.

3.5.17 User Story #17

As a user I want to have different payment models for different situations. Allow the owner the ability to change, add, and select different payment methods for billing based on a number of factors. These factors include time of registration, dropped classes, admin selects payment options for a specific situation, etc.

(UPDATE AFTER PAYROLL AND BILLING SPRINT)

3.6 Research or Proof of Concept Results

Before production could begin research had to be conducted into which programming language, GUI framework, and database type would be used to complete the project. A explanation of the research conducted can be found in the sprint one wrapper or in the prototype sections of this document. After this research was conducted the team selected Python, PyQt, and

 $\ensuremath{\mathsf{MySQL}}$ as the language, GUI, and database respectfully.

After the research no explicit proof of concept was required, however as pages are functional pages are shown too, or approved by the client.

4

Design and Implementation

The software is designed and implemented in term of different components, and it can be split into GUI and database.

4.1 Database

[DW]

4.2 Major Component #1

4.2.1 Technologies Used

This section provides a list of technologies used for this component. The details for the technologies have already been provided in the Overview section.

4.2.2 Component Overview

There are several tables in database stores different information and interact with each other.

4.2.2.a Account table

Store account's information of admins, teacher and students. t_id : foreign key which links teacher and account table together admin $_id$: foreign key which links admin and account table together name: username

password: password

access_level: different user's group has different access level

4.2.2.b Address table

Store address of admins, teacher and students id: This is a primary key and store address id. street: Store information of street. city: Store information of city. zipcode: Store information of zipcode. country: Store information of country.

4.2.2.c Admin table

Store information of admins admin_id: Store admin's id

admin_name: Store admin's name

admin_home_phone: Store admin's hone phone number admin_cell_phone: Store admin's cell phone number admin_work_phone: Store admin's work phone number

admin_email: Store admin's email address

admin_sex: Store admin's sex

admin_ssn: Store admin's social security number

admin_pay_rate: Store pay rate of admin

4.2.2.d Class table

Store classes' information

class_id: This is a primary keystore class' id

class_name: Store the name of class

class_time: Store the starting time of class class_end_time: Store the ending time of class

class_cost: Store the price of the class class_day: Store which day has class class_location: Store the location of class class_cap: Store the capacity of class

class_clothing: Store the clothing requirement of class

class_description: Store the class' description class_start_date: Store the start date of class class_end_date: Store the end date of class

class_age: Store the starting range of class age allowed class_age_end: Store the ending range of class age allowed

4.2.2.e Guardian table

Store guardians' information

g_id: This is a primary key store guardian id

a_id: This is a foreign key links guardian and address tables together g_name: Store the name of guardian

g_phone: Store guardian's phone number

g_work_phone:Store guardian's work phone number

g_email: Store guardian's email

4.2.2.f Student table

Store students' information

stu_id: This is a primary key store student's id

g_id: This is a foreign key links guardian and student tables together a_id: This is a foreign key links student and address tables together

stu_name: Store student name birthday: Store student birthday

email: Store student email

daytime: Store available time of student cellphone: Store student cell phone number hour:Store hours of classes student is taken

tuition: Store student unpaid tuition

4.2.2.g Teacher table

Store teachers' information

t_id:This is a primary key store teacher's id

a_id:This is a foreign key links address and teacher tables together

t_name: Store teacher's name

home_phone: Store teacher's hone phone number cell_phone: Store teacher's cell phone number work_phone: Store teacher's work phone number

email: Store teacher's email address

sex: store teacher's sex

ssn: Store teacher's social security number

pay_rate: Store teacher's pay rate

medical_information: store teacher's medical information

4.2.2.h Student_Class table

Link student and class tables together

stu_id: This is a foreign key and primary key links student and student-class tables together class_id: This is a foreign key and primary key links class and student-class tables together

class_finished: Store whether student finished this class

class_approval: Store whether student get approved for this class

stu_data_taken: Store when student took the class

4.2.2.i Teacher_Class table

Link teacher and class tables together

t_id: This is a primary and foreign key links teacher and teacher-class together class_id: This is a primary and foreign key links class and teacher-class tables together

4.2.3 Architecture Diagram

It is important to build and maintain an architecture diagram. However, it may be that a component is best described visually with a data flow diagram.

4.2.4 Phase Overview

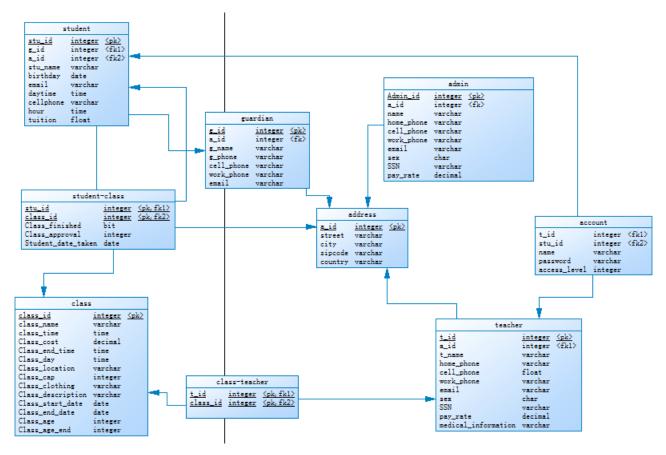
4.2.4.a Initial creation

There are Student, teacher, admins and class tables and each are connected by different relationship in order to perform certain functionality we want. It consists many-to-many relationship has intermediate table and many-to-one relationship. We also have N account table for user authentication and it has permission level included in order to distinguish different user groups for example admin and teacher have different permission levels.

4.2.4.b Later creation

We are going to add new table for billing and payroll in later spring. (updated in spring 4)

4.2.5 Architecture Diagram



4.2.6 Data Flow Description

Each table has different purposes for example teacher's table is for storing information of teachers and student's table's is for storing information of student. Different tables are evoked by different functionality for instance the function of search for students' information will use student and guardians and address tables at same time, and for assign teacher to classes it will use teacher and class and class-teacher table at same time

4.3 GUI

[DW]

4.3.1 Technologies Used

We mainly use PyQt and Qt Designer for our GUI development.

4.3.2 Component Overview

There are several components in our GUI design and can be divided into four parts authentication pages, admin pages, teacher pages and student pages.

4.3.3 Phase Overview

4.3 GUI 23

4.3.3.a Initial Creation

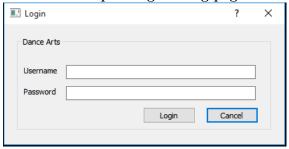
We first created login and permission-level pages which is for authentication purposes. Then, we made two landing pages, one is for admins and another is for teachers. Those landing pages contain several sub-pages which corresponding to certain group of functionalities.

4.3.3.b Later Creation

We are going to add a web interface for student in spring 3.5. (updated in spring 3.5)

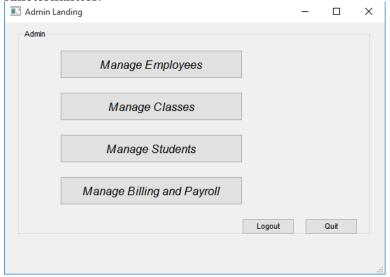
4.3.3.c authentication pages

It consists of a login page and a permission-level page which to authenticate user and lead them to corresponding landing page.



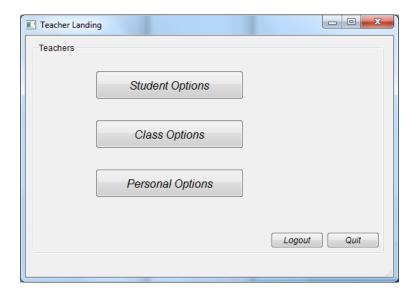
4.3.3.d admin landing pages

It consists of a admin landing page and several sub-pages where admin can perform certain functionalities.



4.3.3.e teacher landing pages

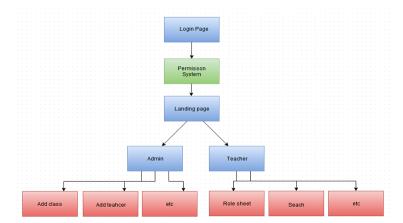
It consists of a teacher landing page and several sub-pages where teacher can perform certain functionalities.



4.3.3.f student pages

Need to update in spring 3.5

4.3.4 Architecture Diagram



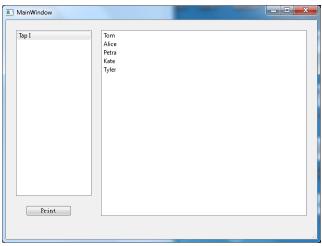
4.3.5 Data Flow Description

Users can log into system through the login page and if username and password are correct then it leads user to permission system which currently is a dialogue box otherwise users get rejected from system. From permission system, user either can be leaded to admin's landing page or teacher's landing page. Then if user is admin they can search employees' information, add class, add teacher, assign teacher to class, sets clothing requirement for specific class. If users are teachers, they can search students' information, assign students to class, print the role sheet of the class she is teaching. In spring 3.5, we also going to add a student web interface and they can use that to register classes and check class schedule.

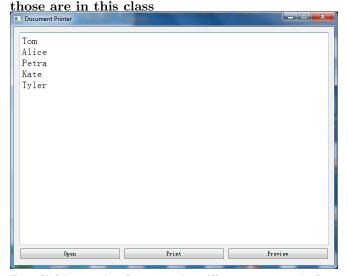
4.3.6 Design Details

4.3 GUI 25

4.3.6.a Role Sheet Page



This window provides a list of classes the teacher, who logs in to system, is currently teaching on the left list view. User can select specific class and it will populate a list of name of student



By clicking print button, it will pop up a window which has the student's names in a text list and user can directly modify names in text list. In later spring, we are going to add some format for the list and make it looks better. User also can import external txt or xml file by clicking open button. Before print use can use preview to generate a pdf with list names of student on it and to see whether it is the list user wants to use. By clicking print button, use can print the actual list.

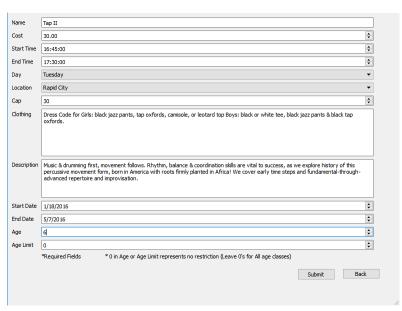
4.3.6.b Update Form Page

Select Teacher	Jamie Witmore ▼
	Select
Name*	Jamie Witmore
Home Phone*	605-777-7777
Cell Phone	605-777-7777
Work Phone	605-655-5566
Address*	333 Elm Street
City*	Rapid City
State*	South Dakota ▼
Email	jamie.witmore@rcdancearts.com
Gender	Female
SSN*	444-44-4444
Pay Rate	11.85
Medical Information	Allergy to seafood

* Required Field	Submit

Teacher.png

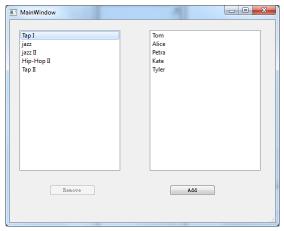
4.3.6.c Add Information Page



In the system there is a multitude of different information that could be added this includes classes, teachers, and students. This is normally done in the system through the use of various forms for data entry.

The forms vary depending on the needs of the entry and will check required field when the submit button is clicked. A dialogue box will pop up asking the user to read over and finalize their entry to the database. The form then closes and the user is returns to the main page for their level.

4.3 GUI 27



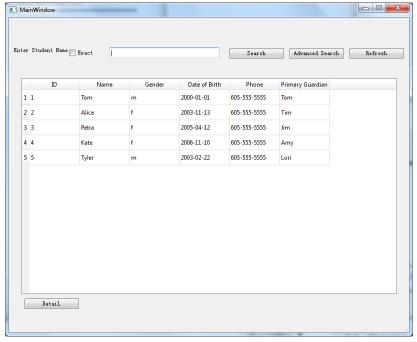
This window provides a list of classes which studio are currently running on the left list view. By clicking certain class, it will populate a list of student's names who are in the class for the class on right list view. User can choose specific student and click remove button in order to



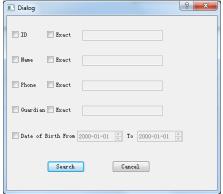
remove student from class.

clicking add button which pops up a dialog containing a list of student's names who are rejected or pending then click add button to add student.

4.3.6.d Search Page



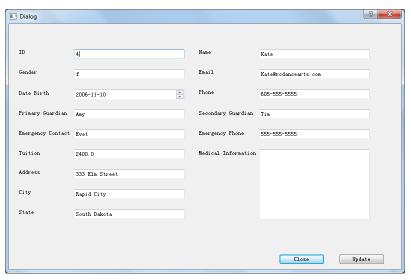
This window provides the ability for searching information students and employees. User can search full or partial name by check or unchecked exact box, and it will populate brief



information on the table view.

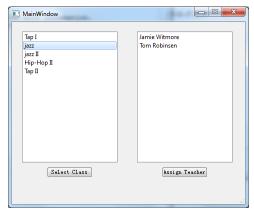
User can do advanced search by clicking advanced search button. It will let user to choose what kinds of attributes the user wants to use and do the and operation search.

4.3 GUI 29



User can look into details of each one in the list and click detail button, it will pop up a window that shows detailed information. User also can directly modify information appears in text fields and click submit button to submit new information to database.

4.3.6.e Assign Teacher



The assign teacher page is how a user will assign a selected teacher to a class. This is done through a window that pops up with two fields. The user will then select a class from the list of classes and a list of available teachers will appear in the right field. The user then selects a teacher and clicks yes on the confirmation message. The system then submits the SQL query to the system with the selected teacher and class.

If the user selects a classes that is already assigned then the GUI will pop up a message telling the user who is currently assigned to teach the class. The user can then select if they want to change the teacher assigned. If the user selects yes then the right field will populate with a list of other available teachers, retrieved using a query to the database.

System and Unit Testing

This section describes the approach taken with regard to system and GUI testing within the system.

5.1 Overview

The testing for this project will be done using a GUI test approach through manual and unit test usually done through provided frameworks provided inside either Visual Studio or Xcode and manual checks. Also user test will need to be conducted on the user interface since code based unit test can not be written for certain parts of the user interface, such as navigation flow. The test will be small pieces of code meant to test small sections of code for success or points of failure. The overall goal will be to get as much code tested as possible.

GUI flow and GUI interaction will start as mostly manual testing and if possible automate as much as possible of the GUI testing as possible. [MB]

5.2 Dependencies

Currently the project contains a few known dependencies in a testing environment. The first is in the PyQt4 Python library which if changed could cause issues within the system GUI and functionality test written for it. However this seems unlikely since the main focus of PyQt updates is now focused on PyQt5. Second is the project dependence on MySQL relational database. This dependency should also be negligible since any update to MySQL are normally done with continuing compatibly with existing software in mind. A third dependency is the RC Dance Arts web page interfacing with the student interface while should not be an issue due to the way the website is constructed since the website is mostly just html. [MB]

(UPDATES WILL NEED TO BE MADE IN LATER SPRINTS AS TESTING FRAME-WORK GROWS PAST MANUAL TESTING)

5.3 Test Setup and Execution

Test cases for this project were develop by the team to test specific functions and code sections and are therefore developed by the coder to test sections of the code. This can range from a print to test loops or function access to produce a full data entry or a response to test database connects and data modifications. Depending on the type of test needed the development can take many forms. Such as specific script file test, in which case the test will execute every time the script is run until the test is removed from the code of the script. This form of test is usually used by the team to test loop or other condition statement functionality or any other one off type of code test. Second is GUI test, user interface test will be conducted in two ways. Buttons and pathways will be manually tested, this means running the program and clicking the buttons to make sure that the window function properly. Second is the GUI's

ability to connect and interact with the database in the correct manner. This is done through a combination of manual and script or query test.

(ADD EXTERIOR SYSTEM, STUDENT INTERFACE, and SYSTEM INTEGRATION TEST AS WRITTEN) (UPDATE UNIT TEST FRAMEWORK AS PROJECT PROGRESSES PAST MANUAL TESTING) (CREATE RECORD OF TEST ON STUDENT INTERFACE AND PAYROLL DURING SEMESTER 2) (NOTE TO SELF COVER MANUAL TEST LOG BETTER IN SEMESTER 2)

Development Environment

The purpose of this section is to give a developer the necessary information to setup their development environment to run, test, develop and/or update the DanceSoft software.

6.1 Development IDE and Tools

The two main IDEs were used in the this project were Microsoft Visual Studio 2015, and Xcode 6. Python IDLE would also be used on occasion for minor quick fixes so the main IDEs would not need to be loaded completely. Of these the bulk of development was conducted with Visual Studio due to the fact that the laptops provided by South Dakota School of Mine and Technology run windows as their primary operating system. Visual Studio also provided a suite of debugging and testing features that allowed the team to manage and manipulate the code effectively.

The second IDE used was Xcode which is the primary development environment for the Mac operating system. This IDE was used when ever we want to directly test Mac compatability with our code. Since Mac is the required working operating system for this project. Though due to accessibility Xcode was not the Main IDE used by the team. Should the project be futher developed in the future IDE selection should not matter due to the cross-platform development of the project.

- 1. Visual Studio install: https://www.visualstudio.com/en-us/downloads/download-visual-studio-vs.aspx
- 2. Visual Studio Reference: https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/scesz732.aspx
- 3. Xcode install: https://developer.apple.com/xcode/downloads/
- 4. Xcode Reference: https://developer.apple.com/
- 5. IDLE install: comes with python 3 download urlhttps://www.python.org/downloads/
- 6. IDLE Reference: https://docs.python.org/3.1/

6.2 Source Control

The source control for this product is conducted through Github. The Github repo is broken down into a final code folder, a documentation folder, and six sprint folders which contain the materials worked on in each sprint for senior design grading purposes. Connects and management is done through the provided Github GUI, which is installed when Github is downloaded. If the GUI is insufficient the group will sometimes use the shell also provided with the install. The repo is public and can be seen by anyone by going to https://github.com/SDSMT-CSC464-F15/dancesoft/

6.3 Dependencies

Currently the project contains two known dependencies. The first is in the PyQt4 Python library which if changed could cause issues within the system GUI. However this seem unlikely since the main focus of PyQt updates is now focused on PyQt5. Second is the project dependence on MySQL relational database. This dependency should also be negligible since any update to MySQL are normally done with continuing compatibly with existing software in mind.

6.4 Build Environment

NOT KNOWN AT THIS TIME, WILL ADD LATER

How are the packages built? Are there build scripts?

6.5 Development Machine Setup

Setup requirements to develop on this project:

- 1. Download Python 3: https://www.python.org/downloads/
- 2. Download necessary IDE from the links provided above or another source
- 3. Download MySQL: https://www.mysql.com/downloads/
- 4. Download the PyQt4 Python library: http://sourceforge.net/projects/pyqt/
- 5. Connect to the MySQL database using credentials received from the client
- 6. Get the python scripts and any makefiles from the DanceSoft Github repo
- 7. Run and test script functionality
- 8. Begin development updates

Release - Setup - Deployment

This section should contain any specific subsection regarding specifics in releasing, setup, and/or deployment of the system.

7.1 Deployment Information and Dependencies

Are there dependencies that are not embedded into the system install?

7.2 Setup Information

How is a setup/install built?

7.3 System Versioning Information

How is the system versioned?

User Documentation

This section should contain the basis for any end user documentation for the system. End user documentation would cover the basic steps for setup and use of the system. It is likely that the majority of this section would be present in its own document to be delivered to the end user. However, it is recommended the original is contained and maintained in this document.

8.1 User Guide

The source for the user guide can go here. You have some options for how to handle the user docs. If you have some newpage commands around the guide then you can just print out those pages. If a different formatting is required, then have the source in a separate file userguide.tex and include that file here. That file can also be included into a driver (like the senior design template) which has the client specified formatting. Again, this is a single source approach.

8.2 Installation Guide

8.3 Programmer Manual

38 User Documentation

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Class Index

9.1	Class List	
Here a	re the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:	
Poly	y	4

40 Class Index

Class Documentation

10.1 Poly Class Reference

```
Public Member Functions
```

- Poly ()
- ~Poly ()
- int myfunction (int)

10.1.1 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

10.1.1.a Poly::Poly ()

My constructor

10.1.1.b Poly::∼Poly ()

My destructor

10.1.2 Member Function Documentation

10.1.2.a int Poly::myfunction (int a)

my own example function fancy new function new variable

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• hello.cpp

42 Class Documentation

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- [2] Howie Choset, Kevin M. Lynch, Seth Hutchinson, George A Kantor, Wolfram Burgard, Lydia E. Kavraki, and Sebastian Thrun. *Principles of Robot Motion: Theory, Algorithms, and Implementations.* MIT Press, Cambridge, MA, June 2005.
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- [5] S.A. NOLFI and D.A. FLOREANO. Evolutionary Robotics: The Biology, Intelligence, and Technology of Self-Organizing Machines. A Bradford book. A BRADFORD BOOK/THE MIT PRESS, 2000.
- [6] Wikipedia. Asimo Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia. http://upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/thumb/0/05/HONDA_ASIMO.jpg/450px-HONDA_ASIMO.jpg, 2013. [Online; accessed June 23, 2013].

44 BIBLIOGRAPHY

SDSMT SENIOR DESIGN SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT AGREEMENT

This Software Development Agreement (the "Agreement") is made between the SDSMT Computer Science	
Senior Design Team DanceSoft	
Consisting of team members <u>Dicheng Wu and Marcus Berger</u> ,	
and Sponsor Jeff McGough,	
with address: 501 F St Joseph St Rapid City SD 57701	

1 RECITALS

- 1. Sponsor desires Senior Design Team to develop software for use by dance studio and dance schools in South Dakota.
- 2. Senior Design Teams willing to develop such Software.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the mutual covenants and promises herein contained, the Team and Sponsor agree as follows:

2 EFFECTIVE DATE

This Agreement shall be effective as of October 1, 2015

3 DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Software" shall mean the computer programs in machine readable object code form and any subsequent error corrections or updates supplied to Sponsor by Senior Design Team pursuant to this Agreement.
- 2. "Acceptance Criteria" means the written technical and operational performance and functional criteria and documentation standards set out in the DanceSoft Senior Design Documentation
- 3. "Acceptance Date" means the date of the South Dakota School of Mines and Technology Senior Design Fair, when all Deliverables have been accepted by Sponsor in accordance with the Acceptance Criteria and this Agreement.
- 4. "Deliverable" means a deliverable specified in the DanceSoft Senior Design Documentation section 1.3
- 5. "Delivery Date" shall mean, the end of the spring 2017 semester on which University has delivered to Sponsor all of the Deliverables in accordance with section 1.3 of the DanceSoft Senior Design Documentation and this Agreement.

- 6. "Documentation" means the documents, manuals and written materials (including end-user manuals) referenced, indicated or described in the DanceSoft Senior Design Documentation or otherwise developed pursuant to this Agreement.
- 7. "Milestone" means the completion and delivery of all of the Deliverables or other events which are included or described in section 1.3 of the Dancesoft Senior Design Documentation scheduled for delivery and/or completion on a given target date; a Milestone will not be considered completed until the Acceptance Date has occurred with respect to all of the Deliverables for that Milestone.

4 DEVELOPMENT OF SOFTWARE

- 1. Senior Design Team will use its best efforts to develop the Software described in [the project plan.] The Software development will be under the direction of or his/her successors as mutually agreed to by the parties ("Team Lead") and will be conducted by the Team Lead. The Team will deliver the Software to the satisfaction of the course instructor that reasonable effort has been made to address the needs of the client. The Team understands that failure to deliver the Software is grounds for failing the course.
- 2. Sponsor understands that the Senior Design course's mission is education and advancement of knowledge, and, consequently, the development of Software must further that mission. The Senior Design Course does not guarantee specific results or any results, and the Software will be developed only on a best efforts basis. The Software is considered PROOF OF CONCEPT only and is NOT intended for commercial, medical, mission critical or industrial applications.
- 3. The Senior Design instructor will act as mediator between Sponsor and Team; and resolve any conflicts that may arise.

5 COMPENSATION

No COMPENSATION will occur.

6 CONSULTATION AND REPORTS

- 1. Sponsor's designated representative for consultation and communications with the Team Lead shall be Jeff McGough or such other person as Sponsor may from time to time designate to the Team Lead.
- 2. During the Term of the Agreement, Sponsor's representatives may consult informally with course instructor regarding the project, both personally and by telephone. Access to work carried on in University facilities, if any, in the course of this Agreement shall be entirely under the control of University personnel but shall be made available on a reasonable basis.
- 3. The Team Lead will submit written progress reports. At the conclusion of this Agreement, the Team Lead shall submit a comprehensive final report in the form of the formal course documentation at the conclusion of the Senior Design II course.

7 CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION

- 1. The parties may wish, from time to time, in connection with work contemplated under this Agreement, to disclose confidential information to each other ("Confidential Information"). Each party will use reasonable efforts to prevent the disclosure of any of the other party's Confidential Information to third parties for
 - a period of three (3) years after the termination of this Agreement, provided that the recipient party's obligation shall not apply to information that:
 - (a) is not disclosed in writing or reduced to writing and so marked with an appropriate confidentiality legend within thirty (30) days of disclosure;
 - (b) is already in the recipient party's possession at the time of disclosure thereof;
 - (c) is or later becomes part of the public domain through no fault of the recipient party;
 - (d) is received from a third party having no obligations of confidentiality to the disclosing party; (e) is independently developed by the recipient party; or (f) is required by law or regulation to be disclosed.
- 2. In the event that information is required to be disclosed pursuant to subsection (6), the party required to make disclosure shall notify the other to allow that party to assert whatever exclusions or exemptions may be available to it under such law or regulation.

8 INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS

All intellectual property created for use in the DanceSoft project is property of the South Dakota Board of Regents.

9 WARRANTIES

The Senior Design Team represents and warrants to Sponsor that:

- 1. the Software is the original work of the Senior Design Team in each and all aspects;
- 2. the Software and its use do not infringe any copyright or trade secret rights of any third party.

No agreements will be made beyond items (1) and (2).

10 INDEMNITY

- 1. Sponsor is responsible for claims and damages, losses or expenses held against the Sponsor.
- 2. Sponsor shall indemnify and hold harmless the Senior Design Team, its affiliated companies and the officers, agents, directors and employees of the same from any and all claims and damages, losses or expenses, including attorney's fees, caused by any negligent act of Sponsor or any of Sponsor's agents, employees, subcontractors, or suppliers.
- 3. NEITHER PARTY TO THIS AGREEMENT NOR THEIR AFFILIATED COMPANIES, NOR THE OFFICERS, AGENTS, STUDENTS AND EMPLOYEES OF ANY OF THE FOREGOING, SHALL BE LIABLE TO ANY OTHER PARTY HERETO IN ANY ACTION OR CLAIM FOR CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES, LOSS OF PROFITS, LOSS OF OPPORTUNITY, LOSS OF PRODUCT OR LOSS OF USE, WHETHER THE ACTION IN WHICH RECOVERY OF DAMAGES IS SOUGHT IS BASED ON CONTRACT TORT (INCLUDING SOLE, CONCURRENT OR OTHER NEGLIGENCE AND STRICT LIABILITY), STATUTE OR OTHERWISE. TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW, ANY

11 INDEPENDENT CONTRACTOR

For the purposes of this Agreement and all services to be provided hereunder, the parties shall be, and shall be deemed to be, independent contractors and not agents or employees of the other party. Neither party shall have authority to make any statements, representations or commitments of any kind, or to take any action which shall be binding on the other party, except as may be expressly provided for herein or authorized in writing.

12 TERM AND TERMINATION

- 1. This Agreement shall commence on the Effective Date and extend until the end of classes of the second semester of Senior Design (CSC 464), unless sooner terminated in accordance with the provisions of this Section ("Term").
- 2. This Agreement may be terminated by the written agreement of both parties.
- 3. In the event that either party shall be in default of its materials obligations under this Agreement and shall fail to remedy such default within thirty (30) days after receipt of written notice thereof, this Agreement shall terminate upon expiration of the thirty (30) day period.
- 4. Any provisions of this Agreement which by their nature extend beyond termination shall survive such termination.

13 ATTACHMENTS

Attachments A and B are incorporated and made a part of this Agreement for all purposes.

14 GENERAL

- 1. This Agreement constitutes the entire and only agreement between the parties relating to the Senior Design Course, and all prior negotiations, representations, agreements and understandings are superseded hereby. No agreements altering or supplementing the terms hereof may be made except by means of a written document signed by the duly authorized representatives of the parties.
- 2. This Agreement shall be governed by, construed, and enforced in accordance with the internal laws of the State of South Dakota.

15 SIGNATURES

Marcus Berger

Date

Down 10/1/2015

Date

Dicheng Wu	Date	
Jeff McGough	Date	

A

Product Description

1 Overview

This document provides a description of the project the team intends to produce.

2 Scope

This document covers the general product description to be developed in accordance with the Dancesoft software contract.

3 System Goal

The system needs to provide a solution which can run the dance studio data and some day to day activities in an effective and secure manner. This includes allowing teachers to print role sheets, look at schedules, and manage their information. Students need to have the ability to see information pertinent to them such as registration and class requirements. Owners need to be able to use the system to manage their employees, the academy's students and it classes, and other administrative duties such as billing and payroll Lastly this system as a whole also needs to be an improvement on the current system in use by the customer and provide an easier and more efficient way to run the clients business.

Overall the system goal is to provide a environment where academy owners, teachers, and students can effectively manage their personal needs and requirements for academy participation and continued operations.

4 System Components

The project is broken down into three primary components. First is the Admin and Teacher GUI system, second is the back end database to store academy information. Third is the student web interface for student to manage their information.

4.1 Admin and Teacher

The admin and teacher interface will provide a simple and easy to use way for academy employees to manage day to day activities and academy information. This is accomplish through the various features requested by the client, such as admins adding classes, and teacher printing role sheets.

These request will be implemented using a PyQt GUI with tools to navigate to the features. For example a admin will be able to click on a "manage classes" button then an "add a class" to being up a form where they can add a class to the system. Navigation will be done in two

ways using the page by page navigation or a navigation bar located near the top of most main windows.

(NOTE TO SELF: REFINE LATER AND EXPAND ON AS FUNCTIONS BUILD OUT [MB])

4.2 Database

The main storage method for academy data is a MySQL database so the project can use relational queries to access the information requested by specific feature. It also provides a back end to tie to the GUI to populate forms and submit to.

The database will be small due to the size of the academy and includes tables for academy data, student data, and transactions and payroll information

4.3 Student Interface

The student interface is a HTML and PHP set of web pages to allow students to manage their academy information. The web page will then be tied into the existing RC Dance Arts web page for students to access. The features to be included in this interface are provided by the client.

(NOTE TO SELF: REFINE LATER AND EXPAND ON AS FUNCTIONS BUILD OUT [MB])

5 Project Deliverables

The following are the deliverables that should be provide to the client in accordance with the software contract at the end of the project:

- 1. The database back end with information
- 2. The Admin Teacher interface
- 3. The student web page and information
- 4. System files
- 5. Code and frameworks for project
- 6. Proof of system function for both Windows and Mac
- 7. User manuals and documentation

5.1 Project Delivery

Project should be delivered in a complete state to client by the end of 2015-2016 academic school year.

(Replace School year with delivery date)

 \mathbf{B}

Sprint Reports

1 Sprint Report #1

Sprint Report #1

0.1 Team Members:

Dicheng Wu Marcus Berger **Sponsor:** Jeff McGough

0.2 Customer description

0.2.1 Description of sponsoring customer

The sponsoring customer for this project is Dr. Jeff McGough a computer science professor at the South Dakota School of Mines and Technology and the vice president of the Academy of Dance Arts in Rapid City, South Dakota. Well not the sponsor of the project Dr. McGough's wife is also a key part of the customer base as the owner of the Academy. She and other dance school owner are the target group for this project.

0.2.2 Statement of customer's problem or goal for this project

The customer wants a software that can run the day to day operations of a dance studio and also handle record keeping, billing, payroll, and other business operations

0.2.3 Customer's Needs

The customer needs us to develop a software solution which can run the dance studio in an effective manner. The product also needs to handle changing classes from year to year without needing to be updated. This means that the software needs to sync with multiple users, and handle new information such as class rosters, prices, clothing requirements for classes, changes in the employment roster, and many other changes that can occur in the running of a dance school.

This project as a whole needs to be an improvement on the current system in use by the customer and provide an easy and efficient way to run the clients business.

0.3 Overview of the project:

The project consists of three major parts, Gui, database and back end code. For the Gui part, we are going to integrate everything into a small number of windows to eliminate the need for large numbers of window like the current product in use at the academy. and, thus, users can manipulate it very straightforwardly. For database part, we are going to build a database which stores students, employees, classes, billing, and other information needed for the academy to function as a business. For the code back end, we are going to develop it on using Python and PyQt with a primary focus on Mac but with cross platform compatibles.

0.4 Project Environment:

0.4.1 Project boundaries

The boundaries of this project would be the Academy of Dance Arts in Rapid City. The product could be used by other dance schools in the future but they are out of the scope of this projects development

0.4.2 Project context

The context of this project is only to develop a better software solution to the current software in use at the Academy of Dance Arts in Rapid City, South Dakota, so they can run their school in a more efficient manner. While the project is open source it is not the intention of this team to develop an all purpose solution for all the dance schools around the country. This project is tailored to the needs of the Academy of Dance Arts.

0.5 Project deliverables of Sprint 1:

- 1. The research into program languages, database and Gui frameworks and architectures for the DanceSoft project.
- 2. Final decision on frameworks and architectures for the DanceSoft project.
- 3. User Stories and Product Backlogs for the project.
- 4. Creating a very simple Qt window.

0.6 User Stories

After the requirement for the project were laid out the team created the user stories based on those requirement. The user stories the team came up with are as fallows:

- 1. As a user i want to adjust students payment models
- 2. As the owner I would like to see automatic database backups.
- 3. As a student I would like to be able to register online (with special app). Classes must be approved before added.
- 4. As a student I would like to be able to search clothing requirements.
- 5. As a student I would like to know my billing.
- 6. As the owner I would like to indicate clothing requirements per class.
- 7. As a studio person, I would like to be able to add students to classes.
- 8. As a student, teacher etc, I would like to be able to look up a students class list.
- 9. As the teacher I would like to get a class role for each class.
- 10. Given a class list, I would like to get an invoice of the tuition due.
- 11. Studio would like to track payments and estimate remainder due. I would like to generate an invoice for this amount.
- 12. As a student I would like to be able to register online (with special app). Classes must be approved before added.
- 13. As a student I would like to know my billing.

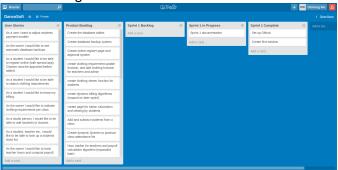
- 14. As the owner I would like to track teacher hours and compute payroll.
- 15. As the owner I would like to indicate clothing requirements per class.
- 16. As a student I would like to be able to search clothing requirements.
- 17. As the owner I would like to see automatic database backups.

0.7 Product Backlog:

From the above user stories the team produced the fallowing product backlog. The parts are not in the order of execution. More thing will be add or removed to this in the future as the software develops.

- 1. Create the database tables
- 2. Create database backup system
- 3. Create online register page and approval system
- 4. create clothing requirement update function, and add clothing function for teachers and admin
- 5. create clothing viewer function for students
- 6. create dynamic billing algorithms (expand on later sprint)
- 7. create page for tuition calculation and viewing by students
- 8. Add and subtract students from a class
- 9. Create dynamic Queries to produce class attendance list
- 10. Hour tracker for teachers and payroll calculation algorithm (expanded later)
- 11. Using dynamic DNS service to set up Linux Box
- 12. Encrypt data that store in the database
- 13. retrieve data from database to produce a invoice for payroll
- 14. queries in database to retrieve student information
- 15. Create ability for employee to look up and modify student registration info
- 16. Query database to produce class role sheet

Figure 1: DanceSoft Trello Board



- 17. Query database to produce employee information
- 18. create permission assignment system
- 19. handle billing info (expand later)
- 20. Create dynamic algorithm for payment model creation and calculation.
- 21. Algorithm for payment tracking and remainder calculation, and query database to produce invoice.
- 22. Query and insert information needed to create and new class and produce a results page.
- 23. Create update query to assign teachers to a class

0.7.1 Sprint 1 Backlog:

- 1. Set up Github
- 2. Design Research
- 3. Design Decision
- 4. Create first window
- 5. Sprint 1 documentation
- 6. Sprint 1 Review
- 7. Continuing practice with QT

0.8 Research

0.8.1 Database Research

SQL VS NonSQL:

SQL is designed for fixing data structure and the scale of amount of data in database should be medium size otherwise with it growing big the database will drop down its speed. NonSQL is designed for frequent changing data structure and the scale of amount of data in database does not affect the performance of the database a lot. The SQL database is stable and however the NonSQL is constantly suffering failovers. The database aims to store employees and students and classes information and the size of students less than 4000 and the size of employees less than 10. The structure of data is stable, by considering all those facts above, we decide to use SQL database.

The different SQL Databases:

For this part, we think of using Mysql, SqLite, Mssql. Mysql is a free software and widely used in different fields. It has a very good portability and can runs over different OS systems and aims for small size of data. Also our experience is more focused in MySQL, and the feature set for SQL in MySQL fits within the scope of the project, for these reasons we choose MySQL as the database frame work.

0.8.2 Storage Options:

For this part, We considered three options, local, cloud, mixed. Since the database is accessed by different devices and the internet in the Academy is not stable, we decide to use mixed storage schema either Amazon AWS plus a local database or a Linux box plus a local database. After researching Amazon AWS, it does not support storing images and videos which the Academy may require in the future, therefore due to some inconsistency in the internet and the current and possible future needs of the Academy we decided to go with a local Linux box and database.

Since the Academy is currently running a Mac system the first language idea was objective-C. Recently though Apple released a programming language update called Swift. Due to our teams inexperience with Mac and the possibility of the dance academy being sold in the future we were faced with a choice, between Python or Swift. Swift is a c++ like language which stuck out as a possible jumping off point for us. However as we researched it became clear that swift would have a high ramp up time and learning curve. On top of this as novices to the Mac development environment we would spend a large amount of time just trying to figure out the system. As far as pluses for Swift the language has all the functionally of objective-C plus things added to make the language better, overall reception for the language within the Mac community have been positive. The language itself is designed with porting to IOS in mind which would make a mobile transition more likely. The language would use Cocco as a GUI environment which is also relatively well revived by OSX developers, ut again ramp up for our team would be high.

The language competing with Swift in our discussions was Python. Python has the upside of being a language the team is more experienced in. Also the client Dr. McGough knows Python so any updates would be easier for him to do. Python is also a cross platform language which allows the team to produce working code for Mac, Windows, and Linux at the same time and on any operating system. This means the the team can develop on Windows or Linux, development environments we are more familiar with, and have the code work on Mac. Also development in Python means that if the academy was ever sold to a Windows user the product would still work. Another advantage we discovered to python is the academic and career experience it provide since in our research for the SD Mines career fair we discovered that many companies use Python and more than expected would like QT experience. Lastly the Python community is larger and can more readily provide assistance if needed through websites and research.

So overall while Python is not Mac native it provides more viable reasons for use in our teams eyes. That is not to say we don't believe Swift is a good choice, Swift is a completely viable choice for a product like this it is just not the best for the exact situation the team is in. So we have decided to create the Academy of Dance Arts Software in Python using PyQt as a GUI.

0.8.4 Final Framework Decision

Language: Python Gui: PyQt

Databáse: Mysql

0.9 Foreseeable issues

As of the sprint 1 review, possibly issues could include database encryption and synchronization, team learning curve of Qt.

2 Sprint Report #2

Sprint Report #2

0.1 Team Members:

Marcus Berger Dicheng Wu **Sponsor:** Jeff McGough

0.2 Prototype Progress

The progress is mostly out of the research phase and has began the first steps of production. The progress is laid out in more detail in this report. As of now the prototype is in a state to begin working on functionality. The rough (not final) GUI pages are laid out and being constructed to give us an environment for creating the functionality. The back end database has been constructed and will allow us to begin testing the database connected page as we create them. Current pages constructed are log in page, landing pages, and some options page.

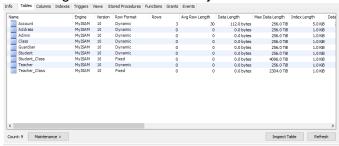
0.3 Project deliverables of Sprint 2:

- 1. The database creation script
- 2. Gui path work, meaning figuring out the path through the Gui
- 3. Log in page that reads users permission level and sends them to the correct landing page
- 4. Rough landing pages for Admin and Teachers (design improvements to come in later sprint)

0.3.1 Sprint 2 Backlog:

- 1. Creation of database tables
- 2. Draw Gui path

Figure 1: Tables currently in database



- 3. Decision on rough Gui theme
- 4. Create a log in page that sends the user to the correct landing page based on their permission level
- 5. Create rough versions of teacher and admin landing pages to test functionally (improve look in latter sprint
- Continue rough gui page creation to have environments for functionality
- 7. Sprint 2 Review
- 8. Continuing practice with QT

0.4 Database Creation

The first thing we tackled in sprint 2 was getting the database up so we could begin actually developing the product and give our qt interface something to actually interface with. The main goal here was to make sure we had constructed the database in such a way that it could complete all the user stories it needed to in a way that made sense. After talking through the tables and the users stories we came up with the table creation script that was submitted with this sprint. While modifications will need to be made for when we do the billing side of the project, we think that this table structure should provide for the need of the academy.

A few thing to note in the database, we created student_class and teacher_class tables to deal with the many to many relationships in the database. Also there are no payroll or transaction tables yet as the group is still trying to figure out how to handle billing information and data.

0.5 GUI Work

0.5.1 GUI Path and Theme

The path for the gui was part of the backlog so we could figure out the minimum number of pages we would need to do the things required by this project. This does not mean we are looking to create only the minimum but just get a general idea of how many pages we would need. Also it allowed us to see how the pages were connected and how we expect navigation through the system to work. The rough drawing of the path can be found in the Github repo's sprint two folder.

The other thing we need was to talk to the client about what he wanted for a navigation theme. We came up with three options, first was a button layout on the top and side of the page, second was drop down menu similar to the way was mac and windows handle navigation in their products. Last was an expanding folder structure similar to that of the content management system Ektron. After consulting with Dr. Mcgough, he decided that the more familiar drop down menu would be the easiest and most user friendly option and the option he would prefer we do. This decision allows us to use the built in menu bar functionality of pyqt and should reduce work load on navigation for this project.

Another part of theme is color and design, the color scheme will most likely resemble the academy's color plate, but the improve design will be worked on later. As of now the primary focus is making sure all the functionality works.

0.5.2 GUI Pages

The GUI pages for this sprint were the log in page and the landing pages for admin and teachers. The student part of the gui will be php which will be worked on in a future sprint once the functionlity is done. Since the student functions are similar to some of the admin or teacher functions most work should port over fairly quickly.

The first page we made was a login in page that takes a username and a password and first checks to see if they exist and are correct within the system. If they are not a dialog saying whats wrong appears and prompts the user again. If the information passes the check the system reads the users permission level and sends them to the corresponding landing page.

Figure 2: Current iteration of the log in page

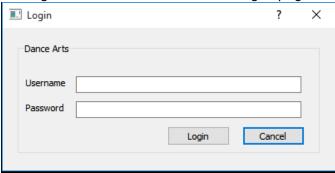
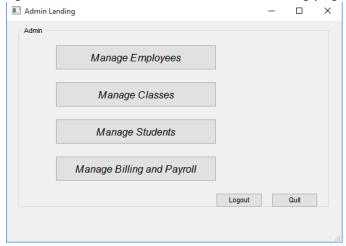


Figure 3: Current iteration of the Admin Landing page



The other set of pages we need to make to begin writing functionality was the landing pages for the admin and teacher permission levels. These pages show the types of things each can do and allow navigation to the various different functionality that permission level can do. For example the admin landing page has a button to take you to a student options page, from there you select which option you want and will be taken to the page to execute that function. The idea is to start at the landing page and be able to navigate to a specific function in three or four clicks max. The menu bar will also execute navigation and should allow the user to jump to a desired function.

Pages currently being worked on include:

- 1. Search pages
- 2. Modify data page
- 3. Add information and new information pages

0.6 Sprint 2 Issues

Some issues that were encountered during this sprint were:

- Running out of time the group found it hard to complete this sprint on time due to many time draining issues, such as other class work, family matters, midterm exams and a client presentation during this sprint. Mitigation for this issue will be better time management for the team.
- 2. Inexperience with pyqt The team ran into some issues that drained on time when working with pyqt, such as looking up information on how to perform a needed task. Mitigation for this issue is mostly experience based as we learn the system and learn how to more efficiently navigate the community the time sink should go down.
- 3. Team communication The team found some issues in communicating with one another because of the language barriers within the team. Which in some cases slowed sprint progress. Mitigation for this issue will come with time as the group begin to understand each other better and find efficient patterns of communication.

0.7 Client Interactions

Client interactions came in the form of weekly meeting every wednesday at 2:00 p.m. Topics included:

- 1. Progress reports on where we are in the project
- 2. Asking questions to refine functionality and understand academy needs
- 3. Discuss the future of the project and idea on how to execute them

0.8 Group Meeting

The group has a standard meeting time of 4:00-5:00 or 4:00-6:00 MWF and a second meeting time of TTH 10:00 - 12:00

Meeting can continue pass these times if needed, and other times during the weekend. However weekend times fluctuate and do not remain constant from week to week.

0.9 Work Distribution

Marcus:

- 1. Gui Path Charts
- 2. Landing page Construction

Dicheng:

- 1. GUI Theme Ideas
- 2. Log In Page and Permission Navigation

Together:

- 1. Wrote and talked through database and construction
- 2. Got database running
- 3. GUI page breakdown based on user stories and product backlog
- 4. Coded some functionality

3 Sprint Report #3

Sprint Report #2

0.1 Team Members:

Marcus Berger Dicheng Wu **Sponsor:** Jeff McGough

0.2 Prototype Progress

The progress is being made on the simpler functions of the projects including search, updates, and role sheets. As of now the prototype is in a state of some working functionality on the admin and teacher side. The pages are not yet tied together but the complete functions function independently. Several GUI pages are complete or in a working state to compliment these functions. The back end database has been slightly updated to adjust to the needs of the project. Lastly the prototype has reached a state where testing can be conducted on parts of the project, more information is given later in this document.

0.3 Project deliverables of Sprint 3:

- 1. Student search page
- 2. Employee search page
- 3. Add a class to the database
- 4. Update teacher and student information pages
- 5. Modify clothing requirements for a class
- 6. Generate a class role sheet
- 7. Assign teacher to a class
- 8. Ability to add and subtract students from a class

0.3.1 Sprint 3 Backlog:

- 1. Queries in database to retrieve student and employee information
- 2. Query and insert information needed to create and new class and produce a results page.
- 3. Query database to produce class role sheet
- 4. Create clothing requirement update function, and add clothing function for teachers and admin
- 5. Create update query to assign teachers to a class
- 6. Create ability for employee to look up and modify student registration info
- 7. Add and subtract students from a class
- 8. Sprint 3 Review
- 9. Create Client presentation
- 10. Documentation for semester

0.4 Search Pages

The first page tackled this sprint was the search page. The page takes user input and searches based on name using a fuzzy search. Also included in both searches is an advanced search option that allows the user to check boxes corresponding to the fields in the database, which allows the user to search in more versatile ways. Lastly the user can click on a student to pull up all of their information and modify it as needed.

0.5 Add A Class

Clicking on the "Add a Class" button on the admin landing page will open a dialog. From this dialog box the user can type in information to a add a class. These fields include class name, cost, start and end times, day, clothing requirements, class description, start and end dates, and the age range for the class. At the time of class creation only name, is a required field. When the submit button is clicked a message box will pop up to confirm the database submission before submitting to the database

0.6 Role Sheet

This page generates a list of classes teachers are currently teaching. Teacher can see who is taking his/her class by selecting the corresponding class on the list and can print this list as a pdf.

0.7 Update Pages

These pages are fairly simple to explain sometimes the user will need to add or alter a record of some kind these pages need to be able to do that in a simple and concise way. The update pages worked on in this sprint include student information from the employee side, updating teacher information and updates to clothing requirements for a class. Most of these page will just produce a form where information can be displayed and updated.

0.8 Assign Teacher to a Class

This page allows an admin to select a class, clicking on a class pulls up a list of available teachers to select to teach the class. Clicking on a teacher will pull up a message box to confirm the selections before submitting to the database. The available teachers are selected based on the start time of the selected class and the end time of the classes already being taught by each teacher. If the class times overlap then that teacher will not show up in the available teachers list.

0.9 Sprint 3 Issues

Some issues that were encountered during this sprint were:

- 1. Time While not as much of a problem as it was in sprint two the group still found itself running low on time. The lead gained during Christmas break should reduce the issue in phase 2.
- Inexperience with pyqt While still a small issue the experience of the team is growing and while some issues still exist such as needing to look up information at times, the issues are lessened from the last sprint.
- 3. Team communication The team found some issues in communicating with one another because of other projects and assignments. Which in some cases slowed sprint progress. Mitigation for this issue will be to more strongly impose a schedule in phase 2.

0.10 Client Interactions

Client interactions came in the form of weekly meeting every Wednesday at 2:00 p.m. Topics included:

- 1. Progress reports on where we are in the project
- 2. Asking questions to refine functionality and understand academy needs
- 3. Discuss the future of the project and idea on how to execute them

0.11 Group Meeting

The group has a standard meeting time of TTH 10:00 - 12:00 and once during the weekend usually from 1:00-5:00

Meeting can continue pass these times if needed, and other times during the weekend. However extra weekend times fluctuate and do not remain constant from week to week.

0.12 Work Distribution

Marcus:

1. Add a class

- 2. Assign teacher to class
- 3. Update teacher page
- 4. Update clothing
- 5. documentation
- 6. trello management

Dicheng:

- 1. Search Pages
- 2. Role sheet
- 3. Modify student information
- 4. Add and Subtract students from a class
- 5. Navigation to teacher or admin page

Together:

- 1. Updated database construction
- 2. GUI page breakdown based on user stories and product backlog
- 3. Coded some functionality

4 Sprint Report ...

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Industrial Experience and Resumes

1 Resumes

Marcus Berger

4534 Bozeman Cir.	Rapid City, SD 57703	605-430-2940
marcus.berger@mines.sdsmt.edu		

Employment

Intern, SDSM&T University Relations, Rapid City, SD

9/2013 to 8/2015

- Managed and created website content utilizing HTML and style sheets
- Experience with Content Management Systems (Estrada, Ektron)
- Marketing Exposure through SDSM&T PR campaigns and programs

Computer Landscape Designer, Turf and Erosion Solutions, Rapid City, SD

5/2013 to 8/2013

- Created and set up landscapes on computer for customers
- Created mock ups to help customer visualize projects such as large company buildings

Education

Bachelor of Science in Computer Science

South Dakota School of Mines and Technology, Rapid City, SD

Anticipated: 5/2016

GPA 2.85

- Courses including but not limited to: Finite Structures, Data Structures, Analysis of Algorithms, Database Management, Assembly Language, and Computer Graphics
- Current Major Courses: Networking, Data Mining, AI, GUI, OS, and Senior Design
- Projects include: Data Manipulation, Image Processer (C++ and ARM Assembly Language),
 Hamming Code Simulation, Solar System Model in OpenGL, Database Projects including PHP and SQL
- Senior Design Project: Developing an open source program, database and GUI to handle student information and registration, and other business information for a local dance school

Qualifications

<u>Professional Skills:</u>

Experience with Agile development and Github

Fluent in C++

Control of the Skills:

Software Skills:

Fluent in C++

Knowledge of Waterfall development Proficient in Python

Task Driven Development Experience with HTML, PHP and SQL

Working in Teams Some Lisp

Oral and Written Communication Webpage Design (CMS, Google Analytics, etc.)

References – Available Upon Request

Dicheng Wu

729 E Anamosa St. #101 Rapid City, SD 57701 (605) 389-6729 dicheng.wu@mines.sdsmt.edu

Overall GPA: 3.36

Major GPA: 3.67

EDUCATION

South Dakota School of Mines and Technology - Rapid City, SD

• Computer Science B.S.

• Expected Graduation Date: May 2016

Related Courses

- Data Structures
- ➤ Analysis of Algorithms
- > Software Engineering
- > Database Management
- > Assembly Language
- Digital Image Processing
- > Programming Language
- ➤ Natural Computing
- Senior Design I
- ➤ Introduction to Robotics
- > Data Mining & Visualization
- ➤ Networking/Data Communication

TECHNICAL SKILLS

- **Proficient:** C/C++, Python, JAVA
- **Experienced:** Common Lisp, SQL, ARM Assembly
- Libraries: CUDA, PyQt, NumPy, SciPy, Matplotlib
- Operating Systems: Windows, Linux
- Database Systems: MySQL, MSSQL
- Environment: Visual Studios, NetBeans, Qt Creator, LaTeX, Github, Agile Development

PROJECTS

- ➤ Evolving Neural Networks To Play Tic-Tac-Toe: The program is written in C++. The main functionalities of this program are to train a neural network by using genetic algorithm and to play tic-tac-toe with humans. I also rewrite the neural network with applying back-propagation and CUDA afterwards.
- ➤ Dance Soft: This is a senior design project. We are making an open-source software which will run on local Dance Academy for their students and classes' management. The software is written in Python and PyQt and built upon MySQL database. The development process strictly conforms to "agile development methodology".

PROGRAMMING CONTEST

• Placed 47th (out of 290 teams) at 2014 ACM-ICPC North Central North America Regional.

EXPERIENCE

• South Dakota School of Mines and Technology Dining Service - Jan 2015 – May 2015 Cleaning tables and washing dishes.

2 ABET: Industrial Experience Reports

2.1 Marcus Berger

Web development experience working on South Dakota School of Mines and Technology website

2.2 Dicheng Wu

No relevant experience

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Acknowledgment

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- 1. Brian Butterfield For assistance in senior design class and project input
- 2. Dr. Mengyu Qiao For assistance with database construction and security options
- 3. Computers Unlimited Senior Design Group For sharing the mobile lab and meeting times every week without fail.
- 4. Fellow Members of the Senior Design Class For input, recommendations, and assistance during project development

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Supporting Materials

This document will contain several appendices used as a way to separate out major component details, logic details, or tables of information. Use of this structure will help keep the document clean, readable, and organized.