

PRE-INFORME PRÁCTICA DE LABORATORIO N°. 3

Juliana Garzon Fajardo ¹, Jose Luis Mazuera Cardenas², Gabriela Quintero Moreno³

8959024¹, 8958129², 8957920³

**juligf2001@javerianacali.edu.co¹, jmazuera24@javerianacali.edu.co²,
gabyquimo@javerianacali.edu.co³**

Hernan Dario Vargas Cardona

**Universidad Javeriana Cali, Facultad de ingeniería y ciencias, Laboratorio de
electrónica análoga.**

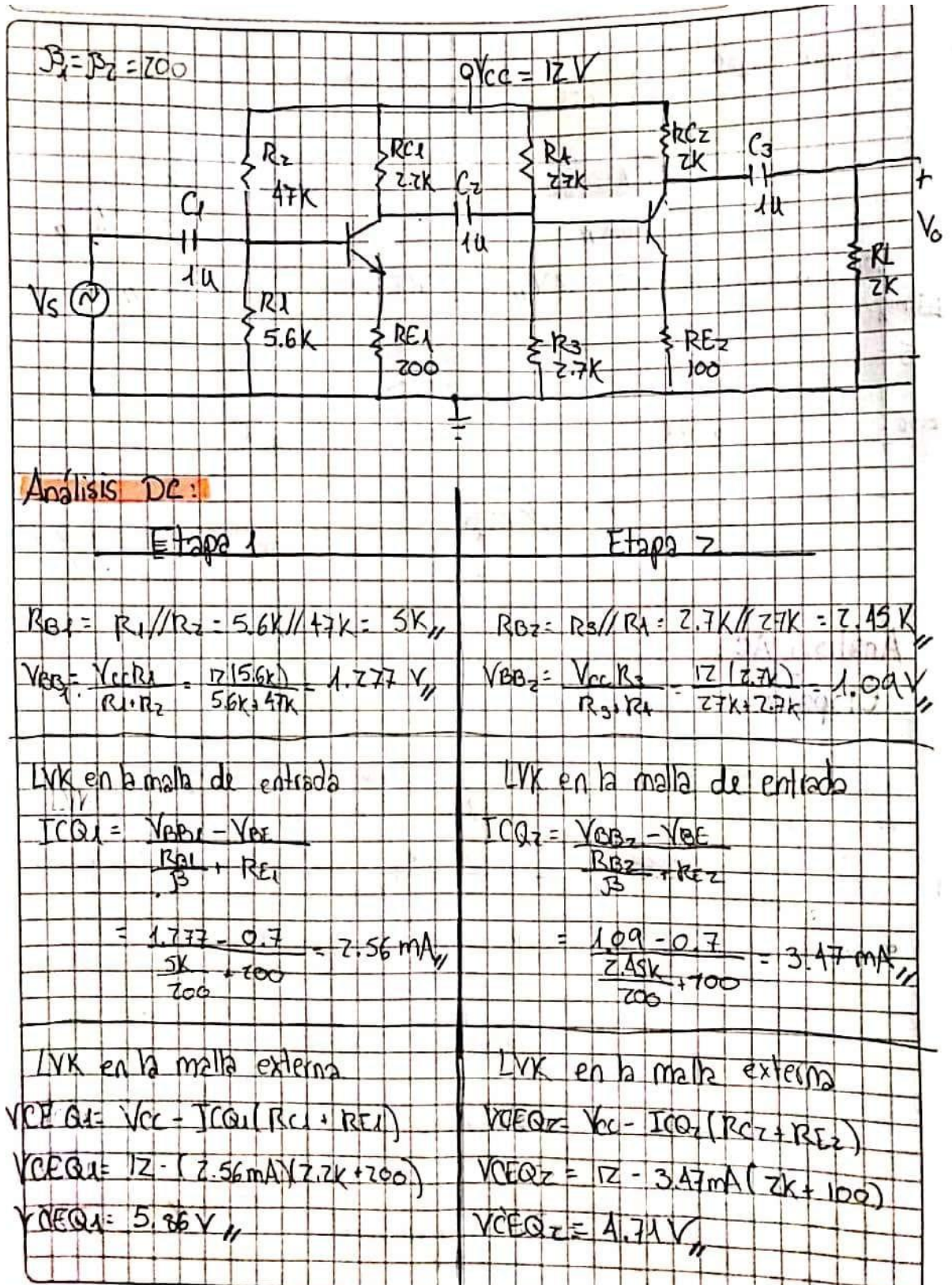
Laboratorio #3

Santiago de Cali, Colombia

(Realización 19 abril 2022 / Initiation april 19th, 2022)

(Entrega 20 abril 2022/ Submission april 20th, 2022)

a. ANÁLISIS TEÓRICO DEL AMPLIFICADOR

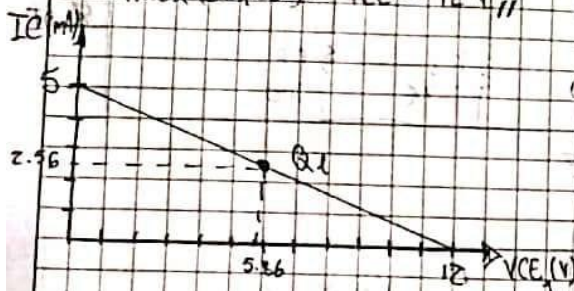


$$I_{C1 \max} (V_{CE1} = 0) = \frac{V_{CC}}{R_{C1} + R_{E1}}$$

$$= \frac{12}{2.2K + 200}$$

$$= 5 \text{ mA} //$$

$$V_{CE1 \max} (I_{C1} = 0) = V_{CC} = 12 \text{ V} //$$

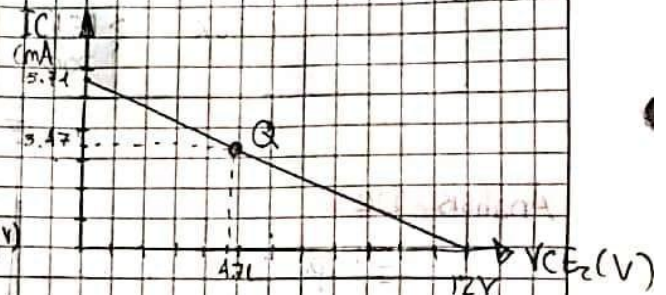


$$I_{C2 \max} (V_{CE2} = 0) = \frac{V_{CC}}{R_{C2} + R_{E2}}$$

$$= \frac{12}{2K + 100}$$

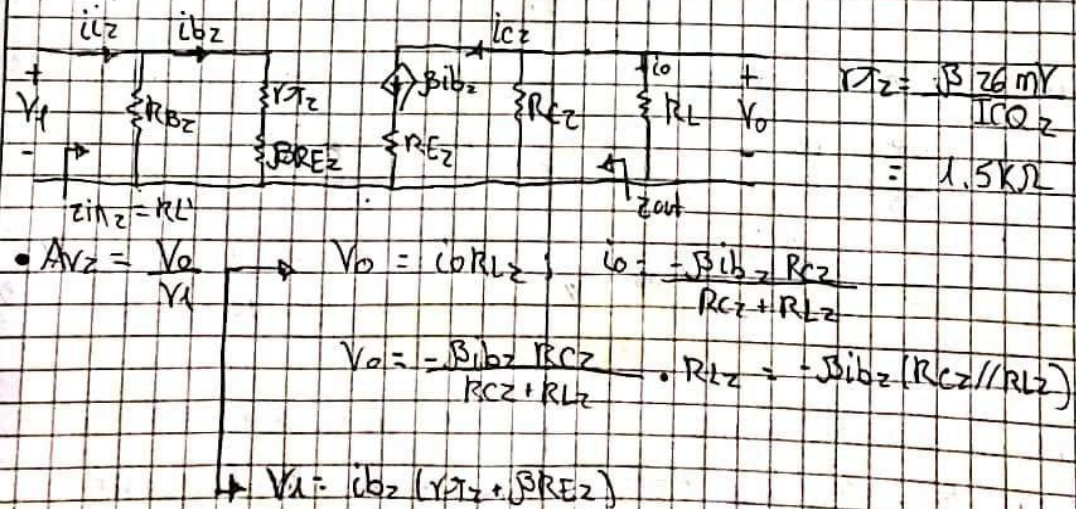
$$= 5.71 \text{ mA} //$$

$$V_{CE2 \max} (I_{C2} = 0) = 12 \text{ V} //$$



Analisis AC:

Etapas:



$$A_{V2} = \frac{-\beta (R_{C2} // R_{L2})}{r_{T2} + \beta R_{E2}} = \frac{-200 (2K // 2K)}{1.5K + 200(100)} = -9.30 //$$

$$\bullet A_{v2} = \frac{v_o}{v_{i2}} \rightarrow i_{o2} = \frac{-\beta i_{b2} R_{C2}}{R_{C2} + R_L}, \quad i_{b2} = \frac{v_{i2} R_{B2}}{R_{B2} + r_{\pi2} + \beta R_{E2}}$$

$$A_{v2} = \frac{v_o}{v_{i2}} = \frac{-\beta R_{C2}}{R_{C2} + R_L} \cdot \frac{R_{B2}}{R_{B2} + r_{\pi2} + \beta R_{E2}}$$

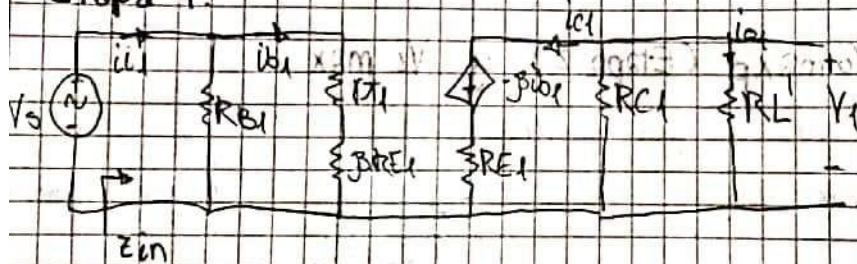
$$= \frac{-200(2K)}{2K + 2K} \cdot \frac{2.15K}{2.15K + 1.5K + 200(100)}$$

$$= -10.23 //$$

$$\bullet Z_{in2} = R_{B2} // (r_{\pi2} + \beta R_{E2}) = 2.15K // (1.5K + 200(100)) = 2.2K \Omega = R_{L1}' //$$

$$\bullet Z_{out2} = R_{C2} = 2K \Omega //$$

Etapa 1:



$$r_{\pi1} = \frac{\beta (26mV)}{I_{CQ1}}$$

$$r_{\pi1} = \frac{200 (26mV)}{2.56mA}$$

$$r_{\pi1} = 2.03K \Omega$$

$$\bullet A_{v1} = \frac{v_o}{v_s} \rightarrow v_o = i_{o1} (R_L'), \quad i_{o1} = \frac{-\beta i_{b1} R_{C1}}{R_{C1} + R_L'}$$

$$v_o = -\beta i_{b1} (R_{C1} // R_L')$$

$$\rightarrow v_s = i_{b1} (r_{\pi1} + \beta R_{E1})$$

$$A_{v1} = \frac{-\beta (R_{C1} // R_L')}{r_{\pi1} + \beta R_{E1}} = \frac{-200 (2.2K // 2K)}{2.03K + 200(200)} = -5.23 //$$

$$A_{v1} = \frac{101}{11} \rightarrow i_{o1} = \frac{-\beta i_{b1} R_{C1}}{R_{C1} + R_L} \quad i_{b1} = \frac{i_{i1} R_{B1}}{R_{B1} + (11) + \beta R_{E1}}$$

$$A_{v1} = \frac{\beta R_{C1}}{R_{C1} + R_L} \cdot \frac{R_{B1}}{R_{B1} + (11) + \beta R_{E1}} = \frac{-200(2.2k)}{2.2k + 2.2k} \cdot \frac{5k}{5k + 2.03k + 200(200)}$$

$$= -10.63 //$$

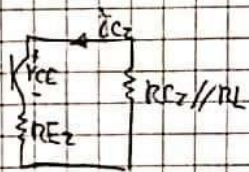
Entonces:

- $A_{VT} = A_{v1} \cdot A_{v2} = -9.30 \cdot -5.23 = 48.64 //$
- $A_{iT} = A_{i1} \cdot A_{i2} = -10.23 \cdot -10.63 = 108.74 //$
- $Z_{in} = R_{B1} // (11 + \beta R_{E1}) = 4.47 k\Omega //$
- $Z_{out} = R_{C2} = 2 k\Omega //$

Para hallar $V_{o\max}$ (Etapa 2) y $V_{i\max}$

Caso III: Punto Q por encima de MES

$$V_{o\max} = i_{o\max} \cdot R_{L2} \quad i_{o\max} = \frac{i_{c\max} \cdot R_{C2}}{R_{C2} + R_L} \quad i_{c\max} = i_{c\max} - I_{CQ2}$$



$$V_{CE} = -i_{c1}([R_{C2} // R_L] + R_{E2})$$

$$V_{CE} = V_{CEQ2} - i_{c2}([R_{C2} // R_L] + R_{E2})$$

$$V_{CE} - V_{CEQ2} = -(i_{c2} - I_{CQ2})([R_{C2} // R_L] + R_{E2})$$

$$i_{c2\max}(V_{CE} = 0) = \frac{V_{CEQ2}}{[R_{C2} // R_L] + R_{E2}} + I_{CQ2}$$

$$i_{c2\max} = \left(\frac{V_{CEQ2}}{[R_{C2} // R_L] + R_{E2}} + I_{CQ2} \right) - I_{CQ2}$$

$$i_{c2\max} = \frac{4.71}{[2k // 2k] + 100} = 4.28 \text{ mA}$$

$$i_{o\max} = \frac{4.28 \text{ mA} (2k)}{2k + 2k} = 2.14 \text{ mA}$$

$$V_{o\max} = I_{o\max} \cdot R_L = 7.14 \text{ mA} (2\text{K}) = 4.28 \text{ V} //$$

$$V_{e\max} = \frac{V_{o\max}}{A_{VT}} = \frac{4.28}{48.64} = 88 \text{ mV} //$$

$$P_{L\max} = \frac{V_{o\max}^2}{Z_{RL}} = \frac{(4.28)^2}{2(2\text{K})} = 4.58 \text{ mW} //$$

Eficiencia:

$$\eta\% = \frac{P_L}{P_{DC}} \times 100\% \quad , \quad P_L = 4.58 \text{ mW}$$

$$P_{DC} = V_{CC} \cdot I_{CQ2} = 0.042$$

$$\eta\% = \frac{4.58 \text{ mW}}{0.042} \times 100\% = 10.99\% //$$

Etapas 1

DC:

I_{CQ1} : 2.56mA, V_{CEQ1} : 5.86v

AC:

A_{V1} : -5.23, A_{i1} : -10.63

Etapas 2

DC:

I_{CQ2} : 3.47mA, V_{CEQ2} : 4.71v

AC:

A_{V2} : -9.3, A_{i2} : -10.23

A_{VT} : 48.64

A_{iT} : 108.74

Z_{in} : 4.47K Ω

Z_{out} : 2K Ω

$V_{o\max}$: 4.28V

$V_{e\max}$: 88mV

$P_{L\max}$: 4.58mW

$n\%$: 10.99%

b. SIMULACIONES

Resultados obtenidos en simulaciones:

Etapa 1

$ICQ1 = 2.638\text{mA}$

$V_{BB1} = 1.200\text{ V}$

$V_{CE1} = 6.196\text{ V}$

$V_{o1} = 0.357812\text{V}$

$V_{i1} = 69.989\text{mV}$

$A_{v1} = 5.112$

$I_{i1} = 16.244\text{uA}$

$I_{o1} = 166.410\text{ uA}$

$A_{i1} = 10.244$

Etapa 2

$ICQ2 = 3.595\text{mA}$

$V_{BB2} = 1.040\text{ V}$

$V_{CE2} = 4.810\text{ V}$

$V_{i2} = 1.3889 - 1.031088 = 0.357812\text{V}$

$V_{o2} = 3.0412\text{V}$

$A_{v2} = 8.499$

$I_{o2} = 1.5206\text{ mA}$

$I_{i2} = 169.087\text{ uA}$

$A_{i2} = 8.989$

$\text{AMPLITUD MÁXIMA} = 4.1379\text{ V}$

$\text{FRECUENCIA CORTE BAJO} = 74.589\text{ Hz}$

$\text{FRECUENCIA CORTE ALTO} = 2.719\text{MHz}$

$\text{ANCHO DE BANDA} = 2.719\text{MHz}$

$V_{omax} = 3.042\text{v}$

$V_{imax} = 0.07\text{v}$

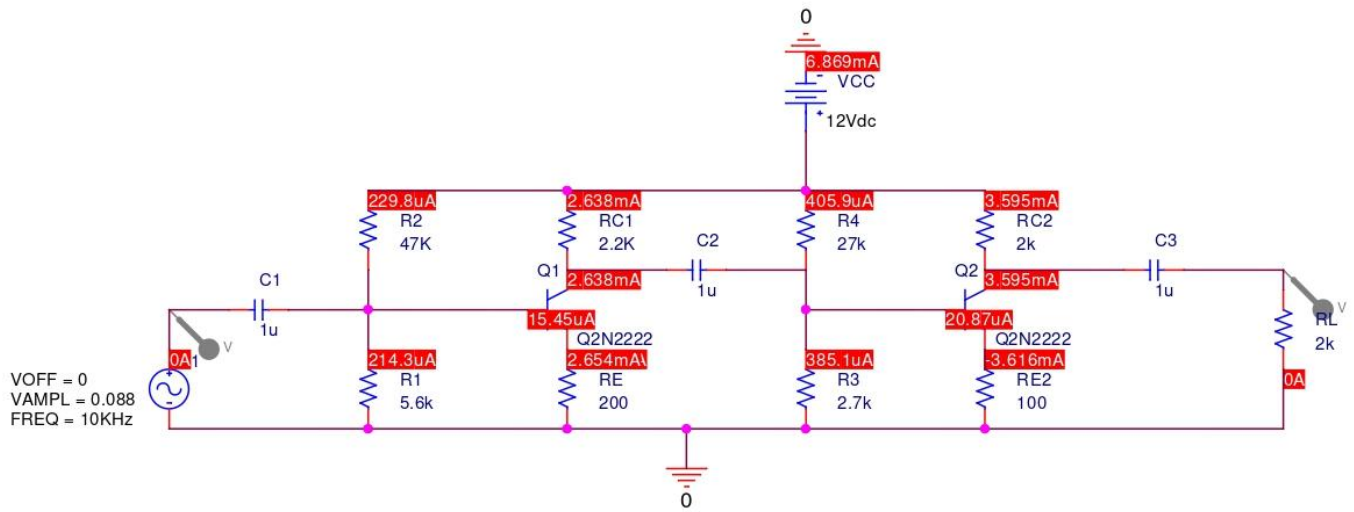
$I_{omax} = 1.71\text{mA}$

$I_{imax} = 19.55\text{ uA}$

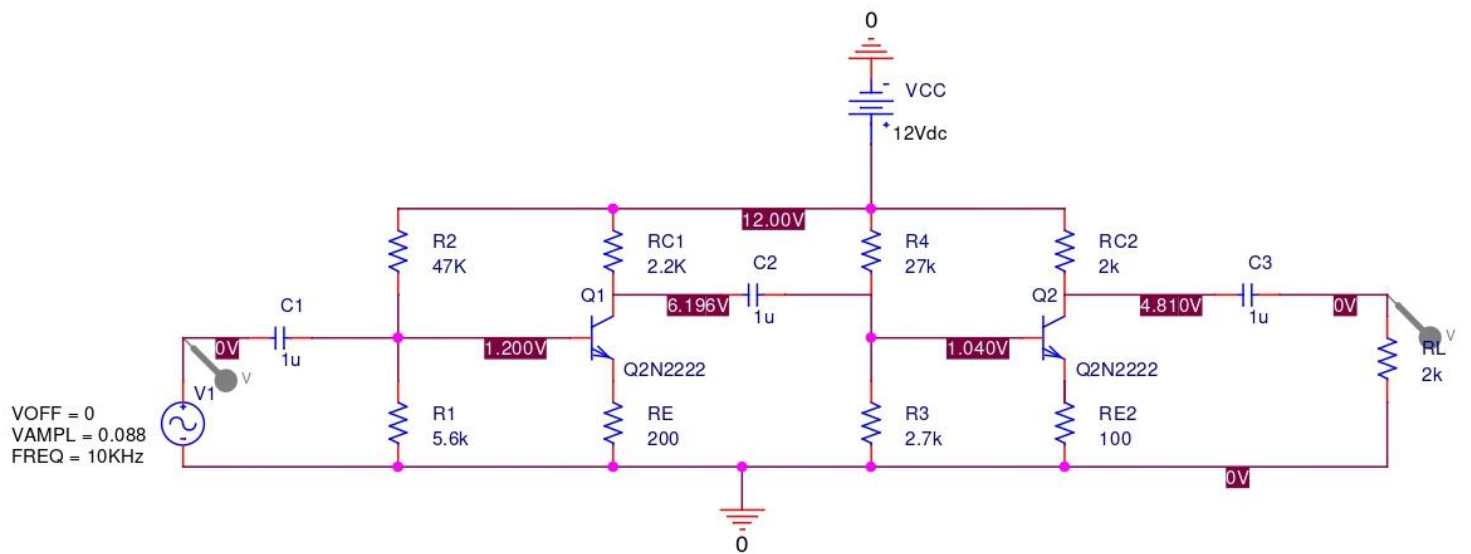
$PL = 2.568\text{ mW}$

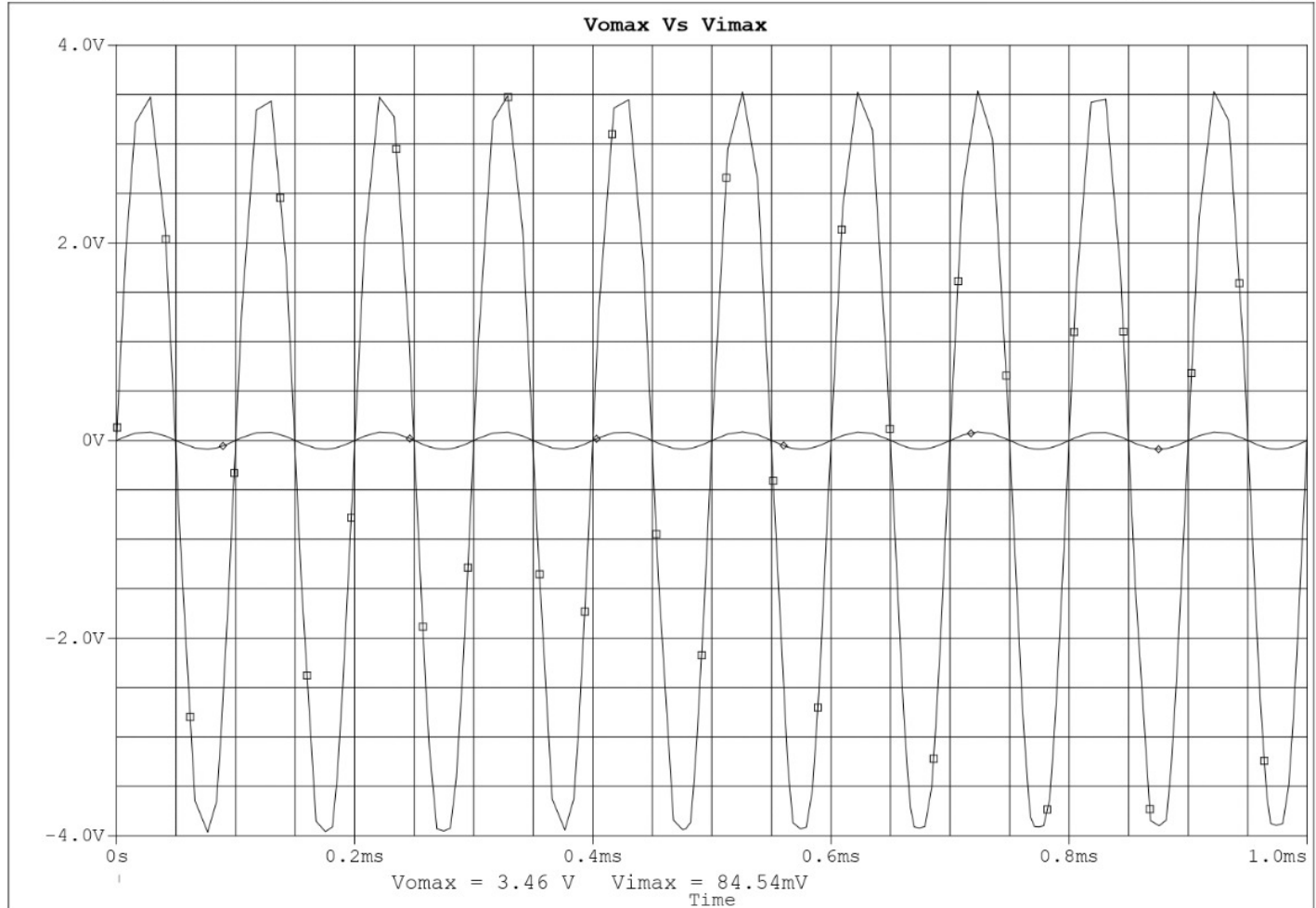
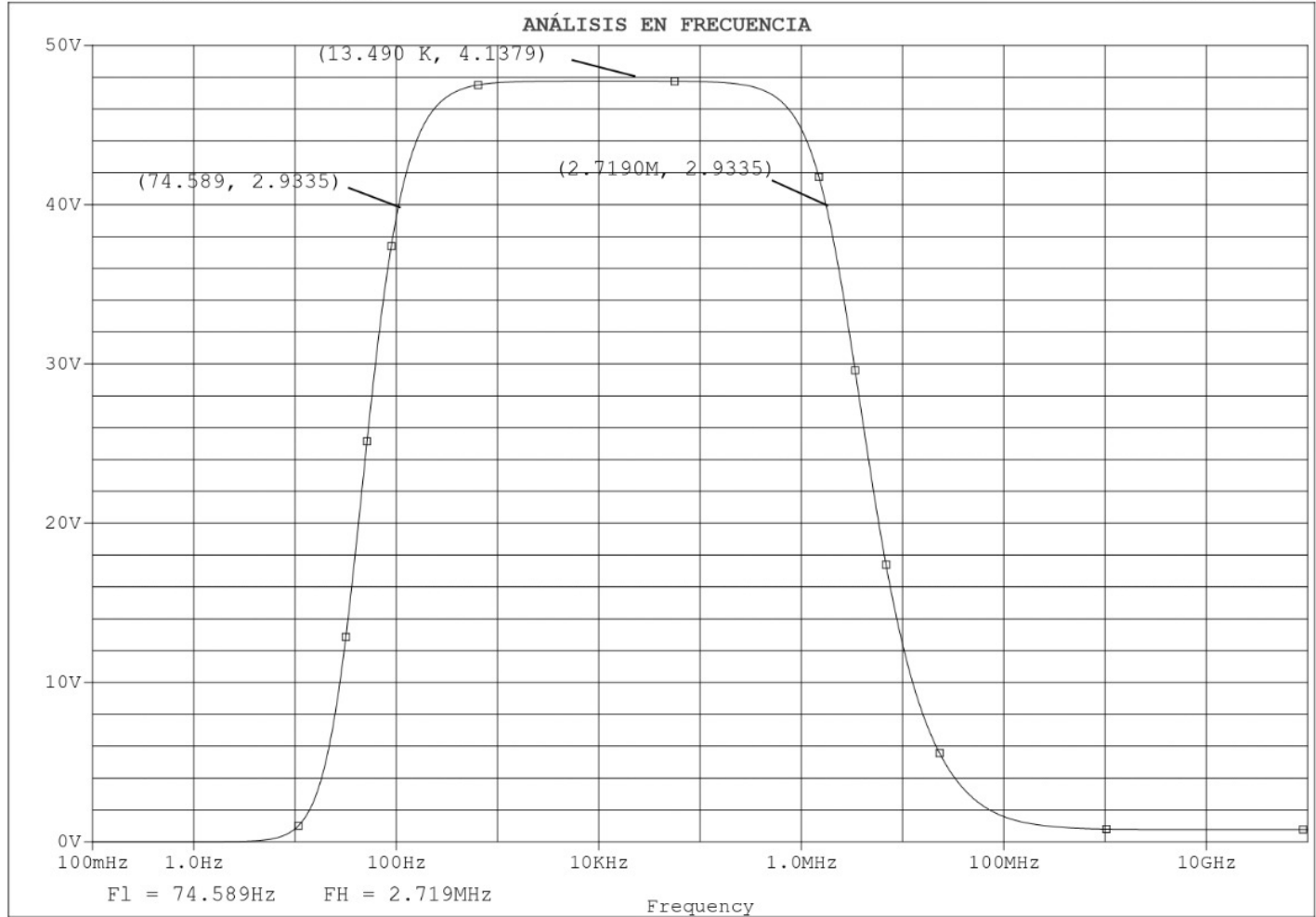
$n\% = (PL/PDC) \times 100\% = 6.083\%$

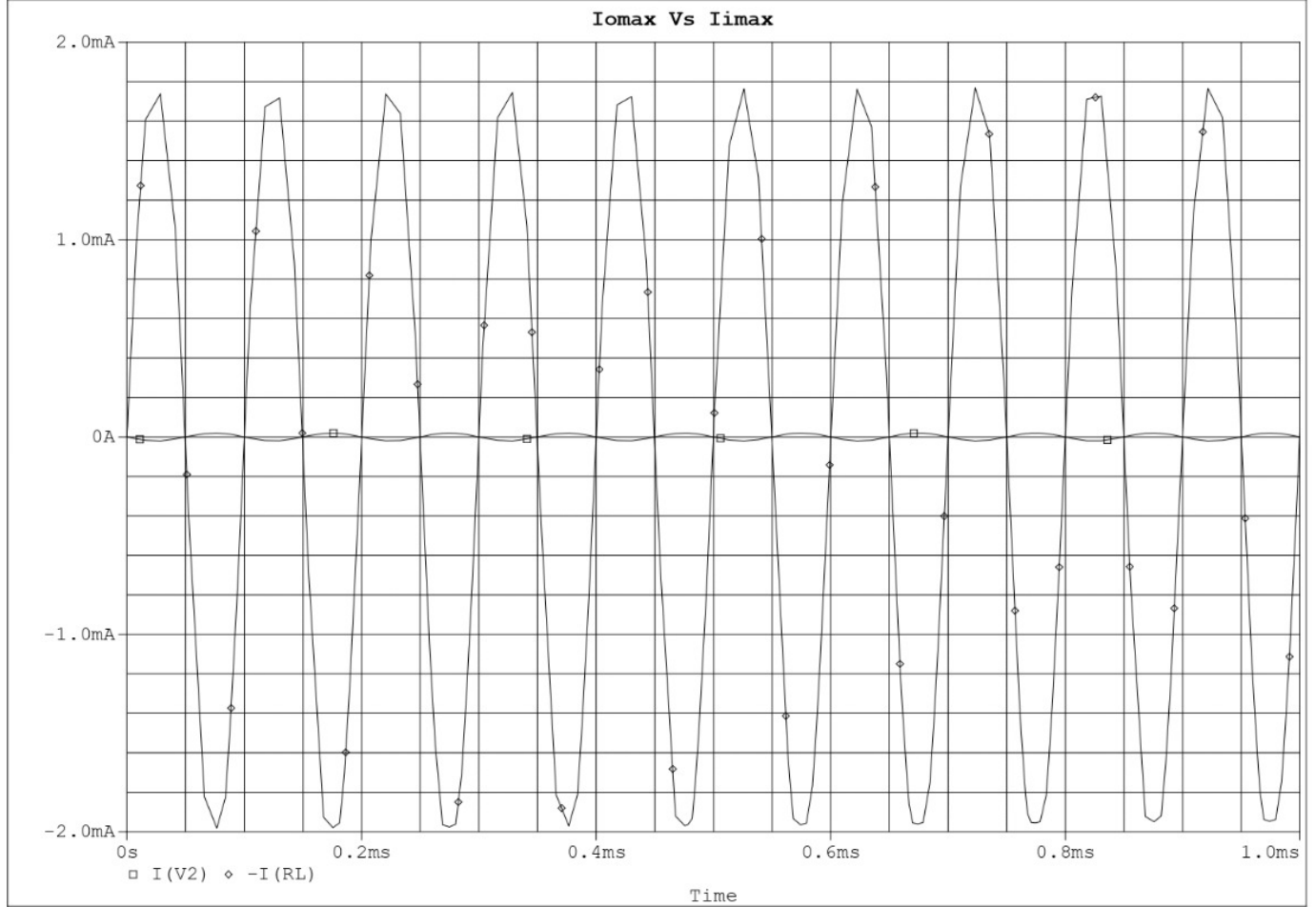
Corrientes DC



Voltajes DC

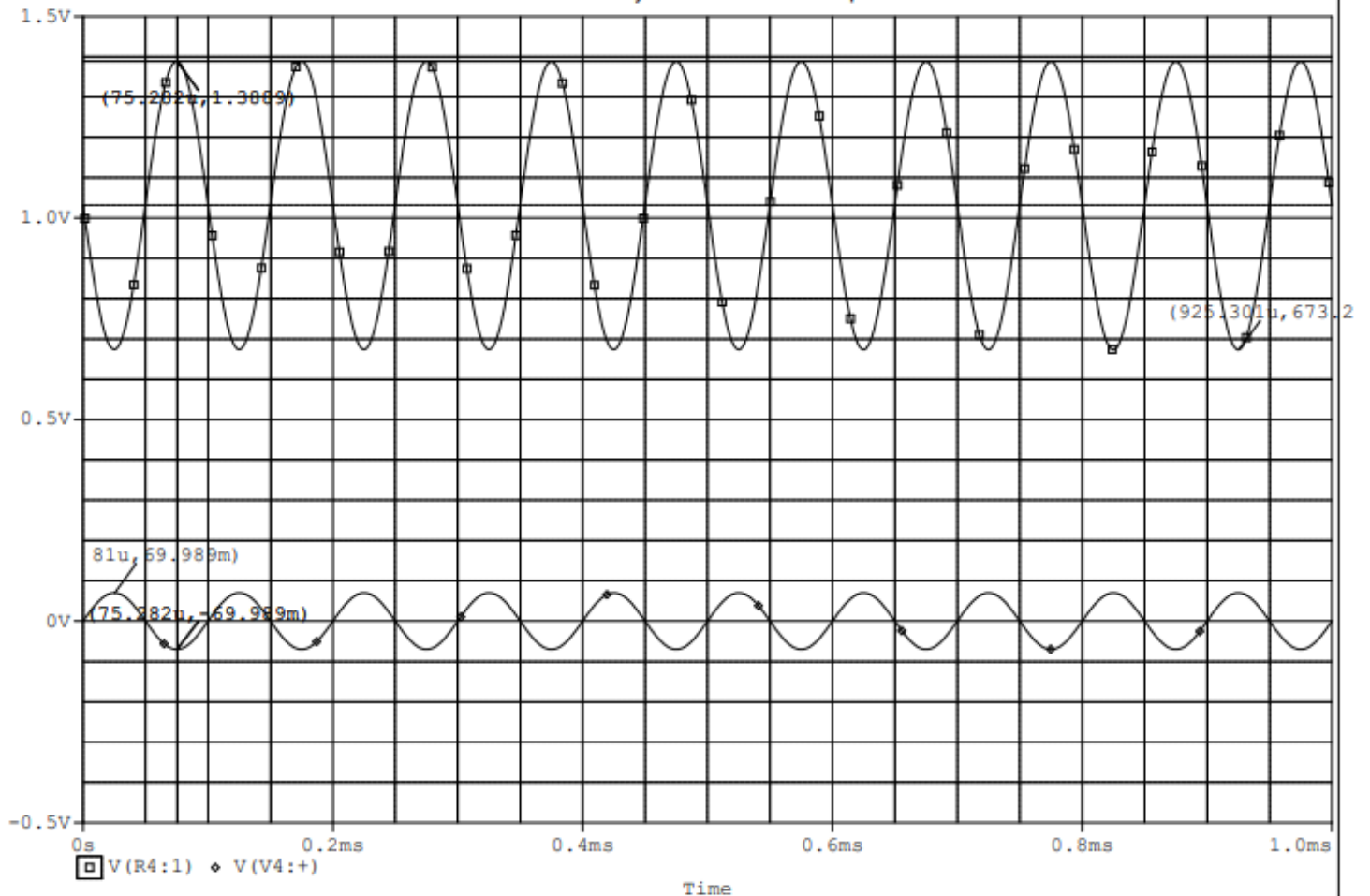






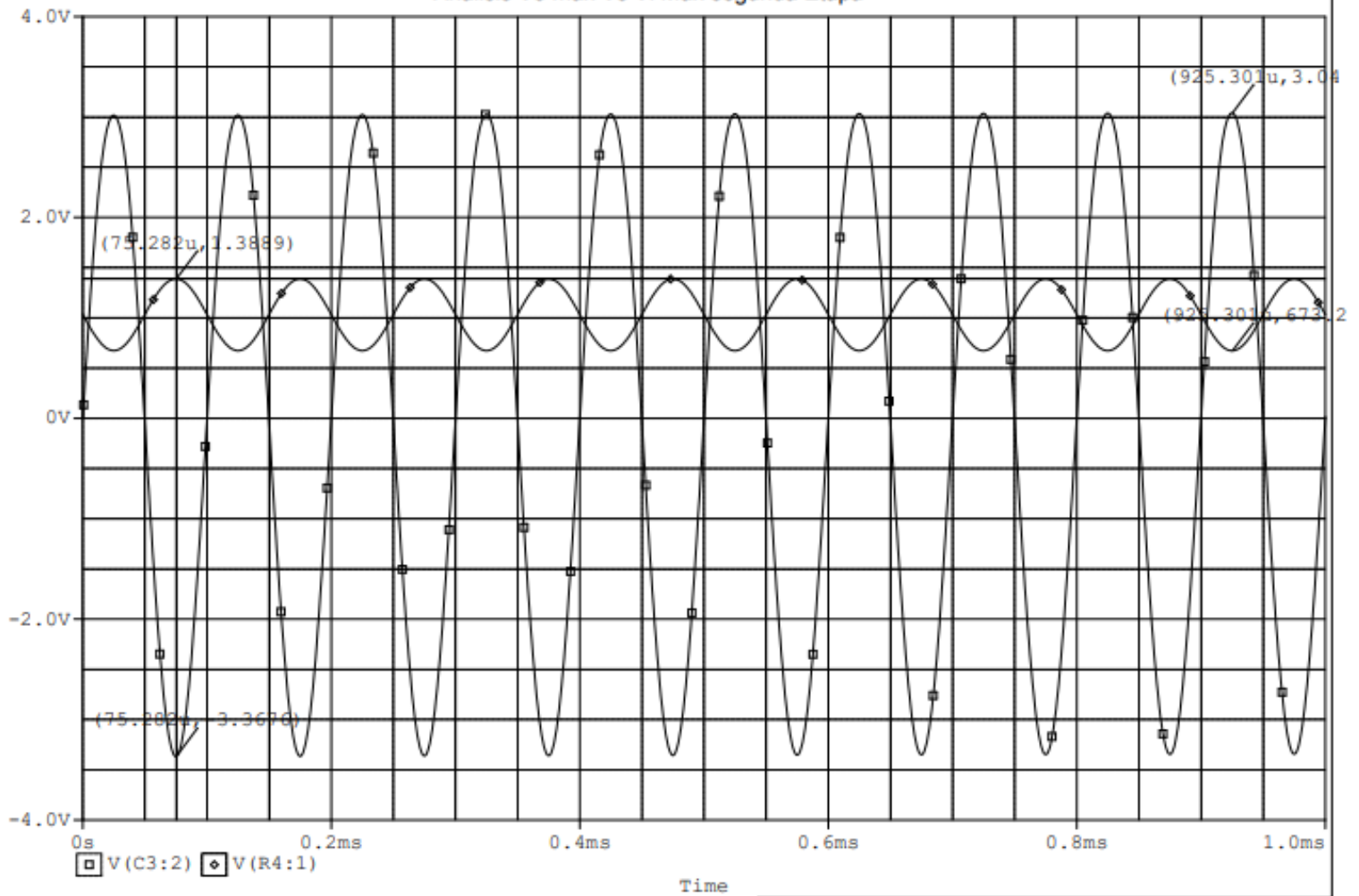
Date: April 20, 2022 Page 1 Time: 22:59:32
 Iomax = 1.71mA Iimax = 19.55 uA

Análisis Vo Max y Vi Max Primera Etapa



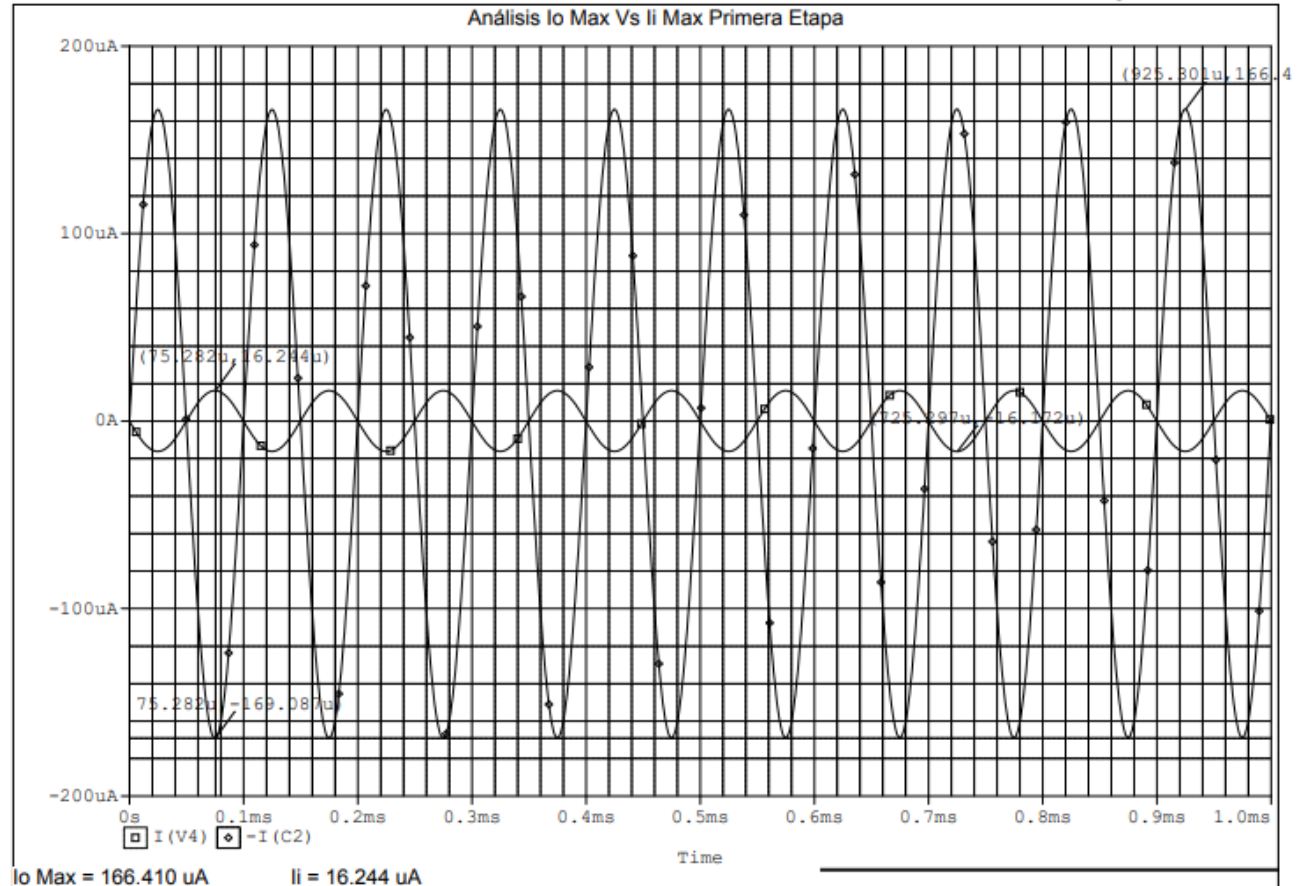
Vo Max = 0.3578 V Vi Max = 69.989 mV

Análisis Vo max Vs Vi Max segunda Etapa

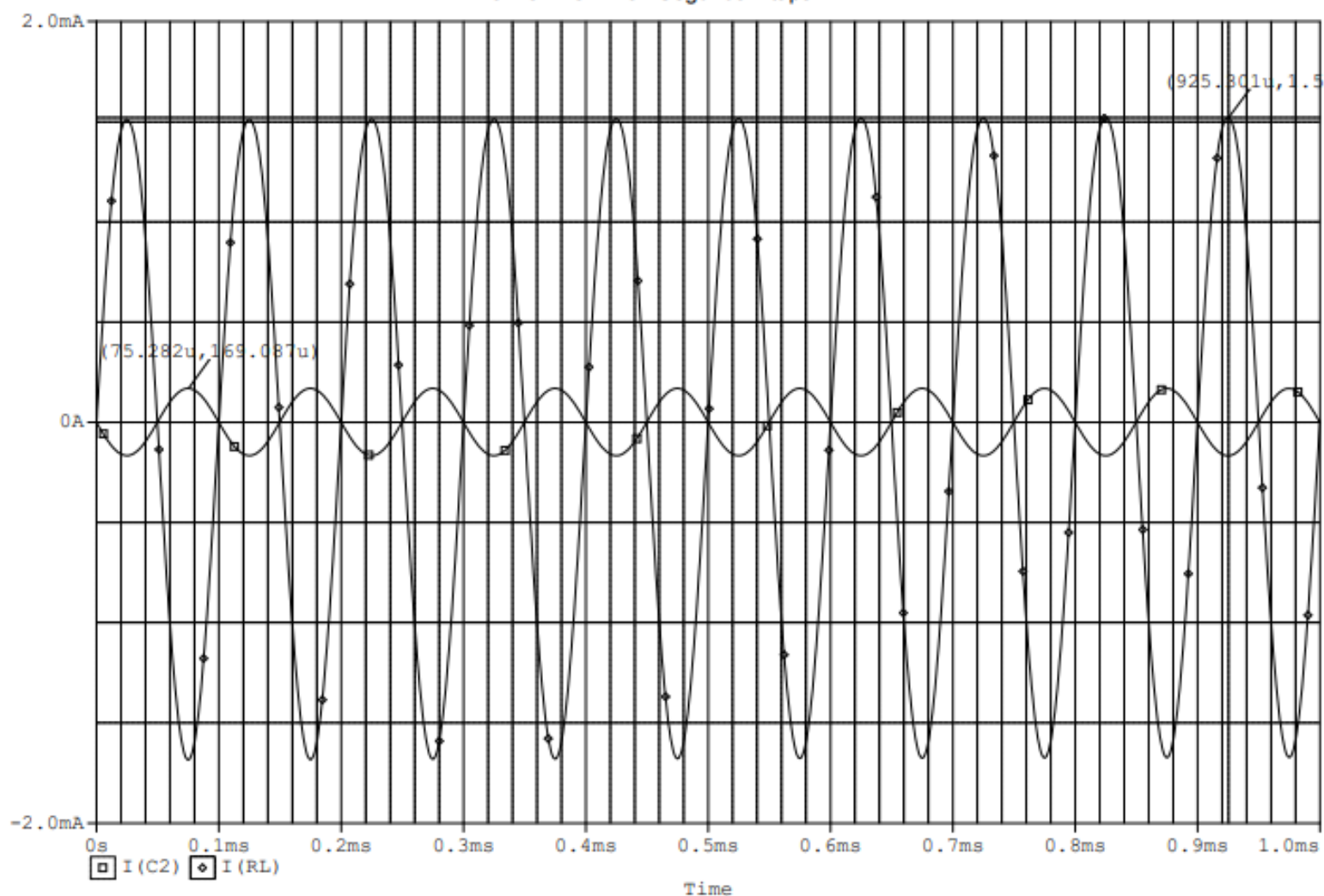


** Profile: "SCHEMATIC1-Bias" [C:\Program Files\Orcad\prelab 3-schematic1-bias.sim]
 Date/Time run: 05/18/21 16:07:33 Temperature: 27.0

Análisis Io Max Vs Ii Max Primera Etapa



Io Max Vs li Max Segunda Etapa



Io Max = 1.52 mA li Max = 169.087 uA