

2021 NYCU OS HW3 report

Question	Answer
<p>Q1. Briefly describe your design for the sorting algorithm, merge function, the thread management. Also, describing the number of sort threads and number of merge threads in the Multi-thread program.</p>	<p>我的方法就像是在用 merge sort，但是多了一個數字 cut 來記說已經切了多少次，由於每次都是切成兩塊，因此最後會切出 2^{cut} 塊，在每塊做了 bubble sort 後，再兩塊兩塊 merge 直到剩下一塊。MT 的部份在切出 2^{cut} 塊後，會分配給每一塊一個 thread 做 bubble sort，再分配給每兩塊一個 thread 去做 merge 直到剩下一塊。</p>
<p>Q2. Show the fastest time acceleration between single-thread and multi-thread. (Take screenshots of the time between single-thread and multi-thread)</p>	<pre>[choumc1205@linux1 hw3]\$ time ./0816028_ST < input1.txt > output1_ST.txt 0.114u 0.003s 0:00.14 78.5% 0+0k 48+136io 0pf+0w [choumc1205@linux1 hw3]\$ time ./0816028_MT_worst < input1.txt > output1_MT_worst.txt 0.111u 0.003s 0:00.12 91.6% 0+0k 0+136io 0pf+0w</pre>
<p>Q3. You need a brief description of the best multi-threads and worst multi-threads methods. The content includes the number of threads used and the way of partitioning, comparing the difference in time, and taking the screenshot between two multi-thread results.</p>	<p>Best multi-threads 是切成 8 塊而 worst multi-threads 是切成 2 塊</p> <pre>[choumc1205@linux1 hw3]\$ time ./0816028_MT_worst < input1.txt > output1_MT_worst.txt 0.111u 0.003s 0:00.12 91.6% 0+0k 0+136io 0pf+0w [choumc1205@linux1 hw3]\$ time ./0816028_MT_best < input1.txt > output1_MT_best.txt 0.037u 0.002s 0:00.05 60.0% 0+0k 48+136io 0pf+0w</pre>
<p>Q4. What did you learn from doing hw3?</p>	<p>sub array 切得越多或是 array 本身不長，mt 的優勢反而顯現不出來，因為這時 sorting 時間本來就不長，而 mt 還要另外花時間開 thread，就會造成 st 比 mt 快的情況。</p>