```
In [1]:
```

!pip install geopandas Requirement already satisfied: geopandas in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (0.13.2)Requirement already satisfied: fiona>=1.8.19 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag es (from geopandas) (1.9.5) Requirement already satisfied: packaging in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from geopandas) (23.2) Requirement already satisfied: pandas>=1.1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag es (from geopandas) (1.5.3) Requirement already satisfied: pyproj>=3.0.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag es (from geopandas) (3.6.1) Requirement already satisfied: shapely>=1.7.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packa ges (from geopandas) (2.0.2) Requirement already satisfied: attrs>=19.2.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag es (from fiona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (23.1.0) Requirement already satisfied: certifi in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (fr om fiona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (2023.11.17) Requirement already satisfied: click~=8.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from fiona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (8.1.7)Requirement already satisfied: click-plugins>=1.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-p ackages (from fiona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (1.1.1) Requirement already satisfied: cligj>=0.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from fiona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (0.7.2)Requirement already satisfied: six in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from f iona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (1.16.0) Requirement already satisfied: setuptools in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packages (from fiona>=1.8.19->geopandas) (67.7.2) Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil>=2.8.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/di st-packages (from pandas>=1.1.0->geopandas) (2.8.2) Requirement already satisfied: pytz>=2020.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-package s (from pandas>=1.1.0->geopandas) (2023.3.post1) Requirement already satisfied: numpy>=1.21.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-packag es (from pandas>=1.1.0->geopandas) (1.23.5) import pandas as pd import geopandas as gpd

```
In [2]:
        from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
        import plotly.express as px
```

```
In [3]: df_euro_data = pd.read_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/SDuncan5/Eurostat-Data/m
        df euro data = df euro data.drop(columns=["Unnamed: 0"])
        df euro data
```

Out[3]:		geo	TIME_PERIOD	СРІ	Immigrants	Population	Housing Index	GDP	emigration	unemplo
	0	Austria	2011	93.35	82230.0	8391643.0	81.60	310128.7	51197.0	
	1	Austria	2012	95.75	91557.0	8429991.0	87.57	318653.0	51812.0	
	2	Austria	2013	97.77	101866.0	8479823.0	92.10	323910.2	54071.0	
	3	Austria	2014	99.20	116262.0	8546356.0	95.33	333146.1	53491.0	
	4	Austria	2015	100.00	166323.0	8642699.0	100.00	344269.2	56689.0	
	•••			•••						
	280	Slovakia	2017	100.90	7188.0	5439232.0	112.99	84669.9	3466.0	
	281	Slovakia	2018	103.46	7253.0	5446771.0	121.32	89874.7	3298.0	
	282	Slovakia	2019	106.33	7016.0	5454147.0	132.39	94429.7	3384.0	
	283	Slovakia	2020	108.47	6775.0	5458827.0	145.06	93444.1	2428.0	
	284	Slovakia	2021	111.53	5733.0	5447247.0	154.33	100255.7	3395.0	

285 rows × 12 columns

## **Map Visualization**

```
In [7]: europe = world[world["continent"] == "Europe"]
  europe
```

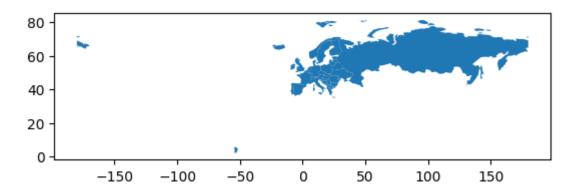
world = gpd.read\_file(gpd.datasets.get\_path('naturalearth\_lowres'))

owres' data from https://www.naturalearthdata.com/downloads/110m-cultural-vectors/.

Out[7]:	pop_est continent	name iso_a3 gdp_md_est	geometry

					3-1	
18	144373535.0	Europe	Russia	RUS	1699876	MULTIPOLYGON (((180.00000 71.51571, 180.00000
21	5347896.0	Europe	Norway	NOR	403336	MULTIPOLYGON (((15.14282 79.67431, 15.52255 80
43	67059887.0	Europe	France	FRA	2715518	MULTIPOLYGON (((-51.65780 4.15623, -52.24934 3
110	10285453.0	Europe	Sweden	SWE	530883	POLYGON ((11.02737 58.85615, 11.46827 59.43239
111	9466856.0	Europe	Belarus	BLR	63080	POLYGON ((28.17671 56.16913, 29.22951 55.91834
112	44385155.0	Europe	Ukraine	UKR	153781	POLYGON ((32.15944 52.06125, 32.41206 52.28869
113	37970874.0	Europe	Poland	POL	595858	POLYGON ((23.48413 53.91250, 23.52754 53.47012
114	8877067.0	Europe	Austria	AUT	445075	POLYGON ((16.97967 48.12350, 16.90375 47.71487
115	9769949.0	Europe	Hungary	HUN	163469	POLYGON ((22.08561 48.42226, 22.64082 48.15024
116	2657637.0	Europe	Moldova	MDA	11968	POLYGON ((26.61934 48.22073, 26.85782 48.36821
117	19356544.0	Europe	Romania	ROU	250077	POLYGON ((28.23355 45.48828, 28.67978 45.30403
118	2786844.0	Europe	Lithuania	LTU	54627	POLYGON ((26.49433 55.61511, 26.58828 55.16718
119	1912789.0	Europe	Latvia	LVA	34102	POLYGON ((27.28818 57.47453, 27.77002 57.24426
120	1326590.0	Europe	Estonia	EST	31471	POLYGON ((27.98113 59.47537, 27.98112 59.47537
121	83132799.0	Europe	Germany	DEU	3861123	POLYGON ((14.11969 53.75703, 14.35332 53.24817
122	6975761.0	Europe	Bulgaria	BGR	68558	POLYGON ((22.65715 44.23492, 22.94483 43.82379
123	10716322.0	Europe	Greece	GRC	209852	MULTIPOLYGON (((26.29000 35.29999, 26.16500 35
125	2854191.0	Europe	Albania	ALB	15279	POLYGON ((21.02004 40.84273, 20.99999 40.58000
126	4067500.0	Europe	Croatia	HRV	60752	POLYGON ((16.56481 46.50375, 16.88252 46.38063
127	8574832.0	Europe	Switzerland	СНЕ	703082	POLYGON ((9.59423 47.52506, 9.63293 47.34760,
128	619896.0	Europe	Luxembourg	LUX	71104	POLYGON ((6.04307 50.12805, 6.24275 49.90223,

	pop_est	continent	name	iso_a3	gdp_md_est	geometry
129	11484055.0	Europe	Belgium	BEL	533097	POLYGON ((6.15666 50.80372, 6.04307 50.12805,
130	17332850.0	Europe	Netherlands	NLD	907050	POLYGON ((6.90514 53.48216, 7.09205 53.14404,
131	10269417.0	Europe	Portugal	PRT	238785	POLYGON ((-9.03482 41.88057, -8.67195 42.13469
132	47076781.0	Europe	Spain	ESP	1393490	POLYGON ((-7.45373 37.09779, -7.53711 37.42890
133	4941444.0	Europe	Ireland	IRL	388698	POLYGON ((-6.19788 53.86757, -6.03299 53.15316
141	60297396.0	Europe	Italy	ITA	2003576	MULTIPOLYGON (((10.44270 46.89355, 11.04856 46
142	5818553.0	Europe	Denmark	DNK	350104	MULTIPOLYGON (((9.92191 54.98310, 9.28205 54.8
143	66834405.0	Europe	United Kingdom	GBR	2829108	MULTIPOLYGON (((-6.19788 53.86757, -6.95373 54
144	361313.0	Europe	Iceland	ISL	24188	POLYGON ((-14.50870 66.45589, -14.73964 65.808
150	2087946.0	Europe	Slovenia	SVN	54174	POLYGON ((13.80648 46.50931, 14.63247 46.43182
151	5520314.0	Europe	Finland	FIN	269296	POLYGON ((28.59193 69.06478, 28.44594 68.36461
152	5454073.0	Europe	Slovakia	SVK	105079	POLYGON ((22.55814 49.08574, 22.28084 48.82539
153	10669709.0	Europe	Czechia	CZE	250680	POLYGON ((15.01700 51.10667, 15.49097 50.78473
170	3301000.0	Europe	Bosnia and Herz.	ВІН	20164	POLYGON ((18.56000 42.65000, 17.67492 43.02856
171	2083459.0	Europe	North Macedonia	MKD	12547	POLYGON ((22.38053 42.32026, 22.88137 41.99930
172	6944975.0	Europe	Serbia	SRB	51475	POLYGON ((18.82982 45.90887, 18.82984 45.90888
173	622137.0	Europe	Montenegro	MNE	5542	POLYGON ((20.07070 42.58863, 19.80161 42.50009
174	1794248.0	Europe	Kosovo	-99	7926	POLYGON ((20.59025 41.85541, 20.52295 42.21787

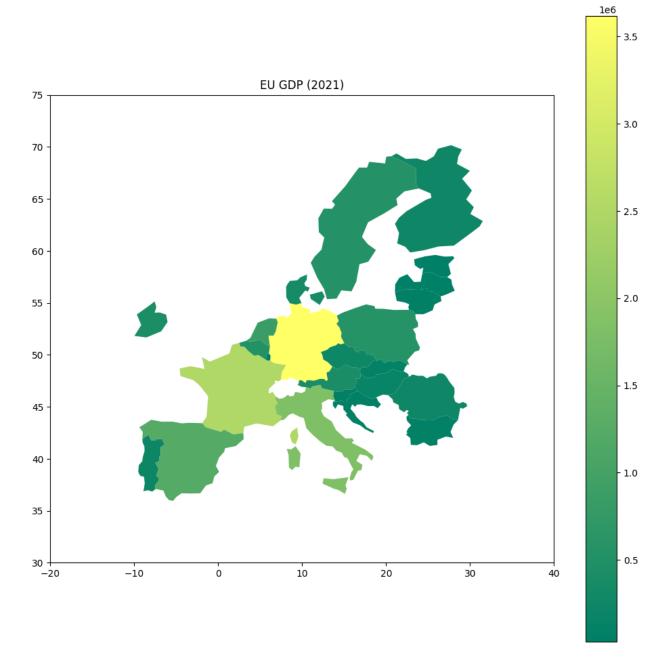


Out[9]:	pop_est		continent	name	iso_a3	gdp_md_est	geometry	geo	TIME_PERIO
-	0	67059887.0	Europe	France	FRA	2715518	MULTIPOLYGON (((-51.65780 4.15623, -52.24934 3	France	202
	1	10285453.0	Europe	Sweden	SWE	530883	POLYGON ((11.02737 58.85615, 11.46827 59.43239	Sweden	202
	2	37970874.0	Europe	Poland	POL	595858	POLYGON ((23.48413 53.91250, 23.52754 53.47012	Poland	202
	3	8877067.0	Europe	Austria	AUT	445075	POLYGON ((16.97967 48.12350, 16.90375 47.71487	Austria	202
	4	9769949.0	Europe	Hungary	HUN	163469	POLYGON ((22.08561 48.42226, 22.64082 48.15024	Hungary	202
	5	19356544.0	Europe	Romania	ROU	250077	POLYGON ((28.23355 45.48828, 28.67978 45.30403	Romania	202
	6	2786844.0	Europe	Lithuania	LTU	54627	POLYGON ((26.49433 55.61511, 26.58828 55.16718	Lithuania	202
	7	1912789.0	Europe	Latvia	LVA	34102	POLYGON ((27.28818 57.47453, 27.77002 57.24426	Latvia	202
	8	1326590.0	Europe	Estonia	EST	31471	POLYGON ((27.98113 59.47537, 27.98112 59.47537	Estonia	202
	9	83132799.0	Europe	Germany	DEU	3861123	POLYGON ((14.11969 53.75703, 14.35332 53.24817	Germany	202

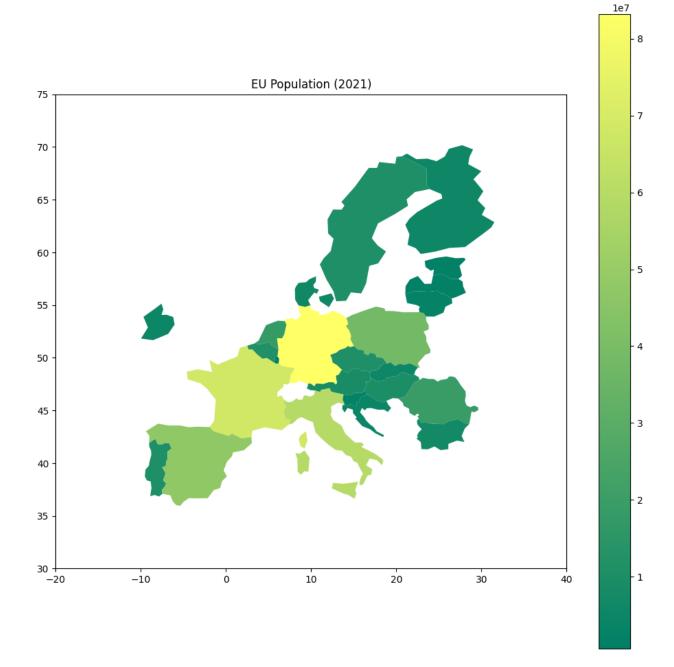
	pop_est	continent	name	iso_a3	gdp_md_est	geometry	geo	TIME_PERIO
10	6975761.0	Europe	Bulgaria	BGR	68558	POLYGON ((22.65715 44.23492, 22.94483 43.82379	Bulgaria	202
11	4067500.0	Europe	Croatia	HRV	60752	POLYGON ((16.56481 46.50375, 16.88252 46.38063	Croatia	202
12	619896.0	Europe	Luxembourg	LUX	71104	POLYGON ((6.04307 50.12805, 6.24275 49.90223,	Luxembourg	202
13	11484055.0	Europe	Belgium	BEL	533097	POLYGON ((6.15666 50.80372, 6.04307 50.12805,	Belgium	202
14	17332850.0	Europe	Netherlands	NLD	907050	POLYGON ((6.90514 53.48216, 7.09205 53.14404,	Netherlands	202
15	10269417.0	Europe	Portugal	PRT	238785	POLYGON ((-9.03482 41.88057, -8.67195 42.13469	Portugal	202
16	47076781.0	Europe	Spain	ESP	1393490	POLYGON ((-7.45373 37.09779, -7.53711 37.42890	Spain	202
17	4941444.0	Europe	Ireland	IRL	388698	POLYGON ((-6.19788 53.86757, -6.03299 53.15316	Ireland	202
18	60297396.0	Europe	Italy	ITA	2003576	MULTIPOLYGON (((10.44270 46.89355, 11.04856 46	Italy	202
19	5818553.0	Europe	Denmark	DNK	350104	MULTIPOLYGON (((9.92191 54.98310, 9.28205 54.8	Denmark	202
20	2087946.0	Europe	Slovenia	SVN	54174	POLYGON ((13.80648	Slovenia	202

	pop_est	continent	name	iso_a3	gdp_md_est	geometry	geo	TIME_PERIO
						46.50931, 14.63247 46.43182		
21	5520314.0	Europe	Finland	FIN	269296	POLYGON ((28.59193 69.06478, 28.44594 68.36461	Finland	202
22	5454073.0	Europe	Slovakia	SVK	105079	POLYGON ((22.55814 49.08574, 22.28084 48.82539	Slovakia	202
23	10669709.0	Europe	Czechia	CZE	250680	POLYGON ((15.01700 51.10667, 15.49097 50.78473	Czechia	202

```
In [10]: df_euro_2021.plot(column = "GDP", cmap = "summer", legend=True, figsize=(12, 12));
plt.xlim(-20, 40);
plt.ylim(30, 75);
plt.title("EU GDP (2021)");
```

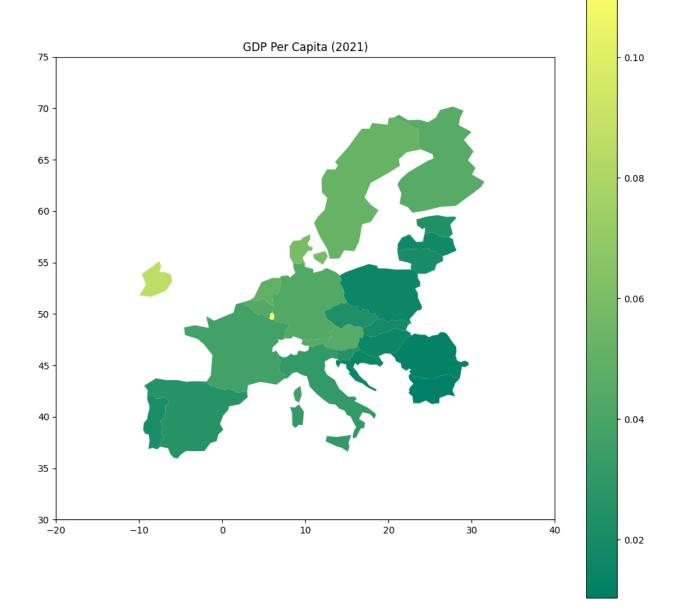


```
In [11]: df_euro_2021.plot(column = "Population", cmap = "summer", legend=True, figsize=(12, 12
    plt.xlim(-20, 40);
    plt.ylim(30, 75);
    plt.title("EU Population (2021)");
```



```
In [12]: # GDP per capita
    df_euro_2021["GDP Per Capita"] = df_euro_2021["GDP"] / df_euro_2021["Population"]

In [13]: df_euro_2021.plot(column = "GDP Per Capita", cmap = "summer", legend=True, figsize=(12 plt.xlim(-20, 40);
    plt.ylim(30, 75);
    plt.title("GDP Per Capita (2021)");
```



# **Features Over Time (Line Plots)**

Below are visualizations for each feature over time.

Because each country's population varies, some values will be higher or lower just because their population is higher/lower. To counteract that, I plotted line plots for each feature as well as values per capita (for features directly influenced by population)

```
In [14]: df_euro_data.rename(columns={'TIME_PERIOD': "Year"}, inplace=True)
    df_euro_data
```

_			
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$\cup$	4 6 1	7.	

	geo	Year	CPI	Immigrants	Population	Index	GDP	emigration	unemployment
C	Austria	2011	93.35	82230.0	8391643.0	81.60	310128.7	51197.0	3.3
1	Austria	2012	95.75	91557.0	8429991.0	87.57	318653.0	51812.0	3.5
2	Austria	2013	97.77	101866.0	8479823.0	92.10	323910.2	54071.0	3.8
3	Austria	2014	99.20	116262.0	8546356.0	95.33	333146.1	53491.0	4.0
4	Austria	2015	100.00	166323.0	8642699.0	100.00	344269.2	56689.0	4.1
••						•••			
280	Slovakia	2017	100.90	7188.0	5439232.0	112.99	84669.9	3466.0	5.4
281	Slovakia	2018	103.46	7253.0	5446771.0	121.32	89874.7	3298.0	4.3
282	Slovakia	2019	106.33	7016.0	5454147.0	132.39	94429.7	3384.0	3.8
283	Slovakia	2020	108.47	6775.0	5458827.0	145.06	93444.1	2428.0	4.4
284	Slovakia	2021	111.53	5733.0	5447247.0	154.33	100255.7	3395.0	4.5

Housing

285 rows × 12 columns

```
In [15]: # Plotting per capita data

df_euro_data_pcap = df_euro_data.copy()

df_euro_data_pcap["Immigrants_pcap"] = df_euro_data_pcap["Immigrants"] / df_euro_data_

df_euro_data_pcap["GDP_pcap"] = df_euro_data_pcap["GDP"] / df_euro_data_pcap["Populati

df_euro_data_pcap["Emigrants_pcap"] = df_euro_data_pcap["emigration"] / df_euro_data_pcap["df_euro_data_pcap["Deaths_pcap"] = df_euro_data_pcap["total_deaths"] / df_euro_data_pcap["euro_data_pcap["Exports_pcap"] = df_euro_data_pcap["Exports"] / df_euro_data_pcap["df_euro_data_pcap["Imports_pcap"] = df_euro_data_pcap["Imports"] / df_euro_data_pcap["# Beware that all data is tiny b/c GDP is measured in million euro

# Multiplied GDP by 1000000 so we can measure in Euros (instead of million euros)

df_euro_data_pcap
```

Out[15]:		geo	Year	СРІ	Immigrants	Population	Housing Index	GDP	emigration	unemployment
	0	Austria	2011	93.35	82230.0	8391643.0	81.60	310128.7	51197.0	3.3
	1	Austria	2012	95.75	91557.0	8429991.0	87.57	318653.0	51812.0	3.5
	2	Austria	2013	97.77	101866.0	8479823.0	92.10	323910.2	54071.0	3.8
	3	Austria	2014	99.20	116262.0	8546356.0	95.33	333146.1	53491.0	4.0
	4	Austria	2015	100.00	166323.0	8642699.0	100.00	344269.2	56689.0	4.1
	•••									
	280	Slovakia	2017	100.90	7188.0	5439232.0	112.99	84669.9	3466.0	5.4
	281	Slovakia	2018	103.46	7253.0	5446771.0	121.32	89874.7	3298.0	4.3
	282	Slovakia	2019	106.33	7016.0	5454147.0	132.39	94429.7	3384.0	3.8
	283	Slovakia	2020	108.47	6775.0	5458827.0	145.06	93444.1	2428.0	4.4
	284	Slovakia	2021	111.53	5733.0	5447247.0	154.33	100255.7	3395.0	4.5

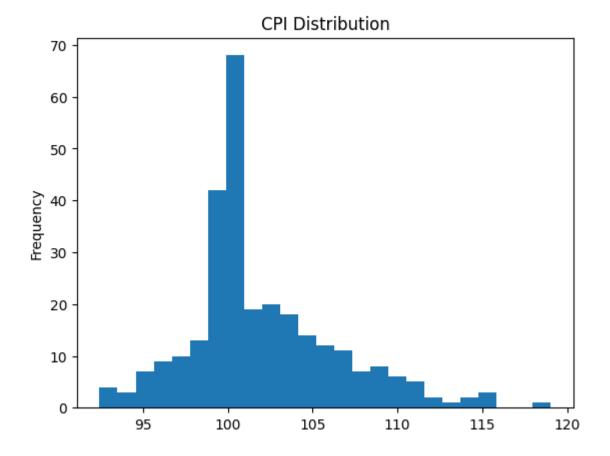
285 rows × 18 columns

In [16]: df\_euro\_data\_pcap.to\_csv('eurostat\_pcap\_no\_nans.csv')

#### CPI

In [17]: px.line(df\_euro\_data, x="Year", y="CPI", color="geo", markers=True, title="CPI Over Ti

```
In [36]: df_euro_data_pcap['CPI'].plot.hist(xlabel="CPI", title="CPI Distribution", bins=25)
Out[36]: <Axes: title={'center': 'CPI Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```

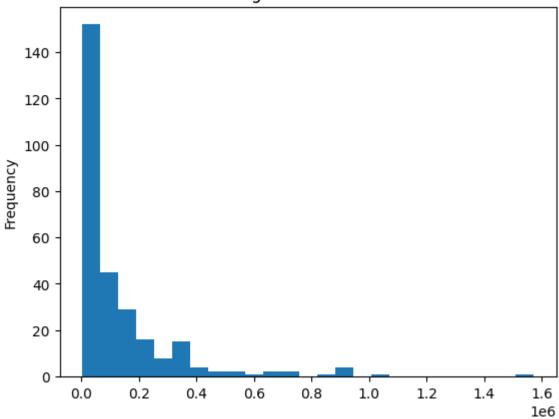


## **Immigration**

Germany spike in 2015 - Syrian immigration

```
In [37]: df_euro_data_pcap['Immigrants'].plot.hist(xlabel="Number of Immigrants", title="Immigr
Out[37]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Immigrants Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```

#### Immigrants Distribution

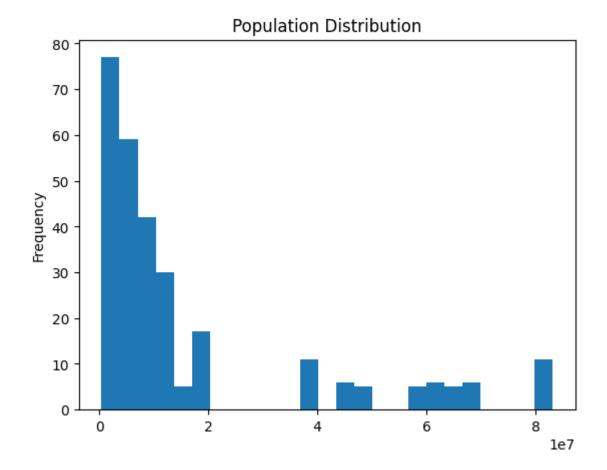


## **Population**

```
In [20]: px.line(df_euro_data, x="Year", y="Population", color="geo", markers=True, title="Population": "Population (Number of People)"})
```

Population stays relatively steady

```
In [38]: df_euro_data_pcap['Population'].plot.hist(xlabel="Population (Number of People)", titl
Out[38]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Population Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```



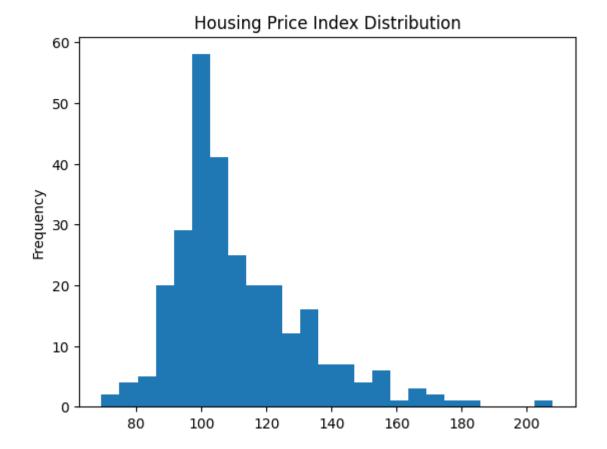
Large differences in population due to country size.

### **Housing Index**

```
In [21]: px.line(df_euro_data, x="Year", y="Housing Index", color="geo", markers=True, title="Housing Index": "Housing Price Index (2015 = 100)"})
```

Hungary's doubled in 10 years!

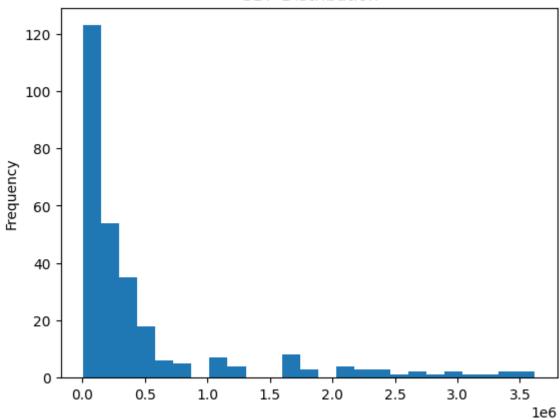
```
In [41]: df_euro_data_pcap['Housing Index'].plot.hist(xlabel="Housing Index", title="Housing Pr
Out[41]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Housing Price Index Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```



### **GDP**

```
In [42]: df_euro_data_pcap['GDP'].plot.hist(xlabel="GDP", title="GDP Distribution", bins=25)
Out[42]: <Axes: title={'center': 'GDP Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```



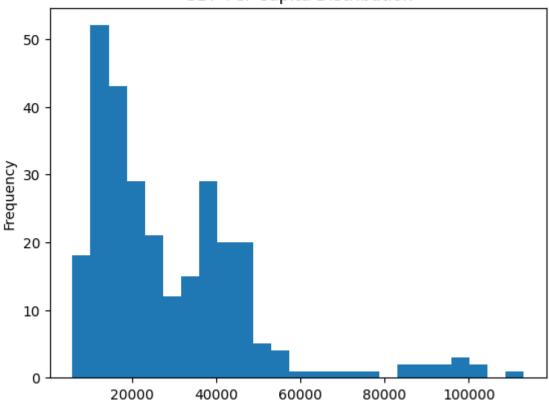


Notice that in the per capita graph, the measurement is in Euros, not million Euros

```
In [23]: px.line(df_euro_data_pcap, x="Year", y="GDP_pcap", color="geo", markers=True, title="Gata labels={"GDP_pcap": "GDP per Capita (Euros)"})
```

```
In [47]: df_euro_data_pcap['GDP_pcap'].plot.hist(xlabel="GDP per Capita", title="GDP Per Capita"
Out[47]: <Axes: title={'center': 'GDP Per Capita Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```



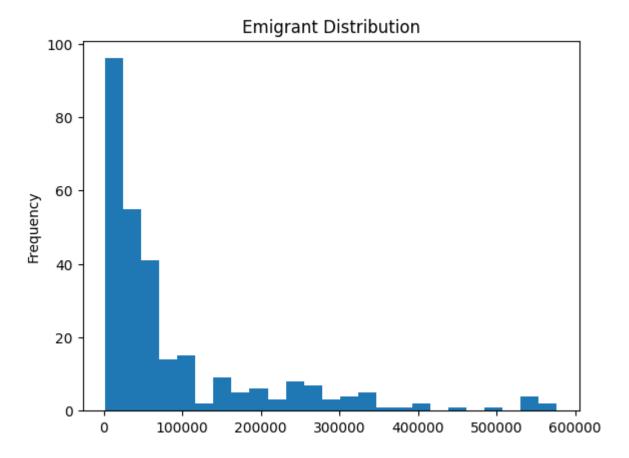


# **Emigration**

```
In [24]: px.line(df_euro_data, x="Year", y="emigration", color="geo", markers=True, title="Emiglabels={"emigration": "Number of Emigrants"})
```

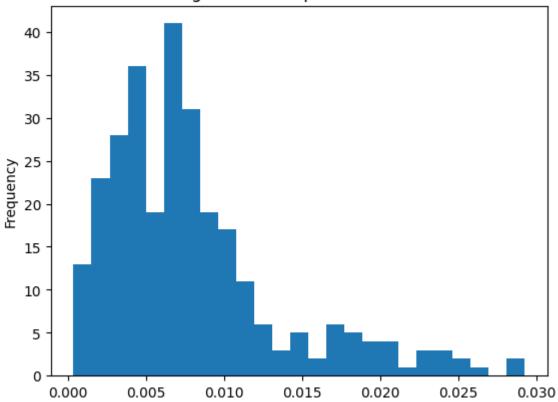
Some countries have a lot of fluctuation while others are consistent, interesting...

```
In [43]: df_euro_data_pcap['emigration'].plot.hist(xlabel="Emigrants", title="Emigrant Distribution")
Out[43]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Emigrant Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```



```
In [49]: df_euro_data_pcap['Emigrants_pcap'].plot.hist(xlabel="Emigrants per Capita", title="En
Out[49]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Emigrants Per Capita Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```

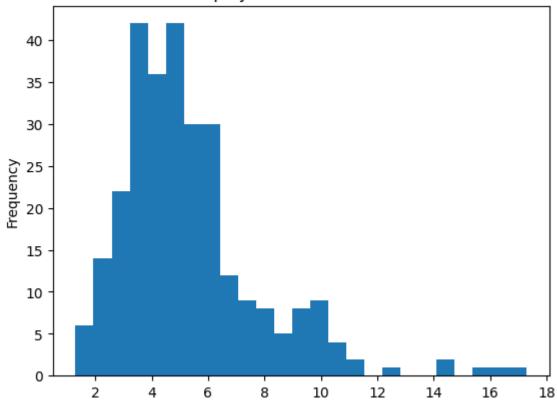




# Unemployment

```
In [44]: df_euro_data_pcap['unemployment'].plot.hist(xlabel="Unemployment Rate", title="Unemployment
Out[44]:
```

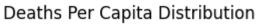
#### **Unemployment Rate Distribution**

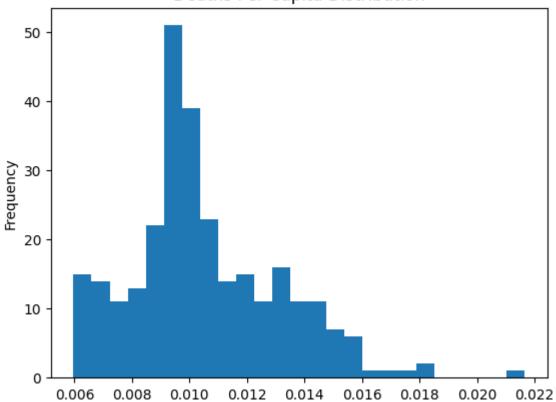


### **Deaths**

Included this feature because it was also in the population data set.

```
In [50]: df_euro_data_pcap['Deaths_pcap'].plot.hist(xlabel="Deaths per Capita", title="Deaths F
Out[50]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Deaths Per Capita Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```

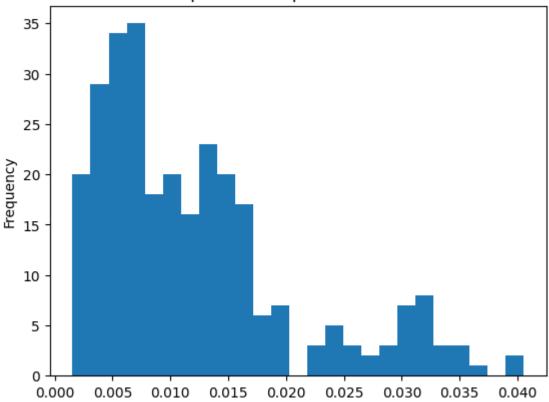




# **Exports**

```
In [51]: df_euro_data_pcap['Exports_pcap'].plot.hist(xlabel="Exports_pcap", title="Exports Per
Out[51]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Exports Per Capita Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```

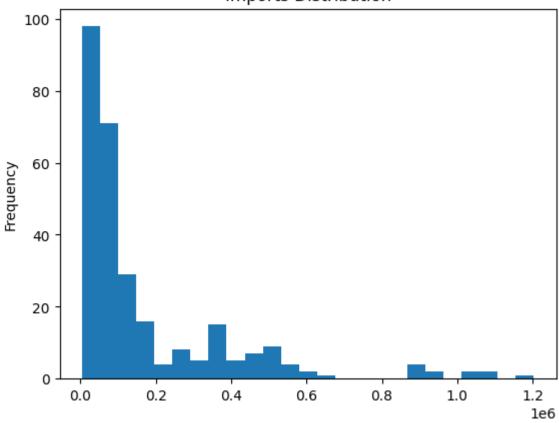
#### **Exports Per Capita Distribution**



# **Imports**

```
In [46]: df_euro_data_pcap['Imports'].plot.hist(xlabel="Imports", title="Imports Distribution",
Out[46]: <Axes: title={'center': 'Imports Distribution'}, ylabel='Frequency'>
```

#### Imports Distribution



In [ ]: