The Chinese University of Hong Kong, Shenzhen

CSC 3170

Database System

Group 26 Report: Rotten Potatoes

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1 Introduction

2 Design

In this section, we focus on the design of Entity-Relationship Model, the reduction from ER diagram into relational schemas, constraint and index.

2.1 Entity-Relationship Model

As shown in the ER digram below, there are 6 entities and 5 relationships.
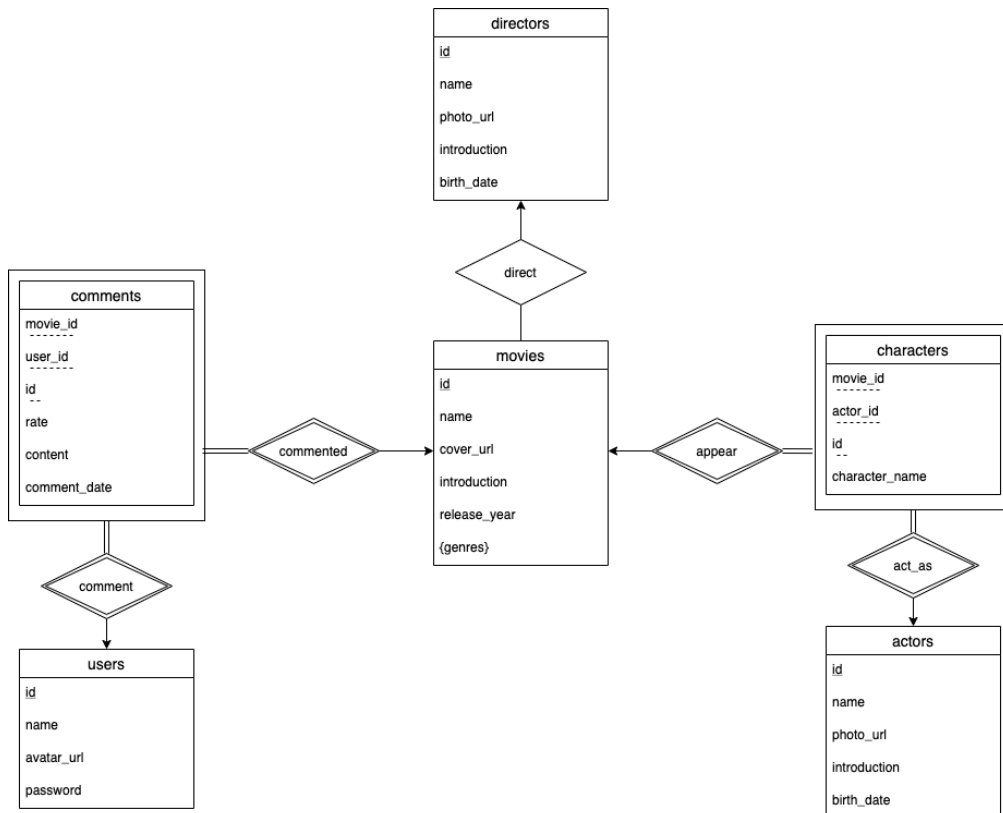

Figure 1: ER Diagram

Entity "movies" To store id, name, cover url, introduction, release year and genres of a movie, where genres is a multivariate attribute. Identified by id.

Entity "directors" To store id, name, photo url, introduction and birth date of a director. This entity has a one-to-many relationship "direct" with the entity "movies", which means a director can directs multiple movies and a movie can be directed by only one director in our assumption. Identified by id.

Entity "actors" To store id, name, photo url, introduction and birth date of an actor. This entity has a many-to-many relationship with the entity "movies", which means an actor can act in multiple movies and a movie can be acted by multiple actors in our assumption. Identified by id.

Entity "users"   To store id, name, avatar url, password of a user. This entity has a many-to-many relationship with the entity "movies", which means a user can comment on multiple movies and a movie can be commented by multiple users in our assumption. Identified by id.

Entity "characters"   To store movie id (of the movie where this character appears), actor id (of the actor who acts as this character), id, character name of a character. This entity is a weak entity identified by entity "movies" through relationship "appear" and entity "actors" through relationship "act as", and also by its own id, which means a character can be acted by exactly one actor and appear in exactly one movie in our assumption (we treat characters of the same name appearing in multiple movies or acted by multiple actors as multiple different characters for simplicity). Note that since this entity is also identified by its own id, it is allowed that an actor acts as multiple characters in the same movie.

Entity "comments"   To store movie id (of the movie commented by this comment), user id (of the user who makes this comment), id, rate (from 0 to 10), content and comment date of a comment. This entity is a weak entity identified by entity "movies" and entity "users", and also by its own id, which means a comment is on exactly one movie and is made by exactly one user in our assumption. Note that since this entity is also identified by its own id, it is allowed that a user makes multiple comments on the same movie.

2.2   Relational Schema

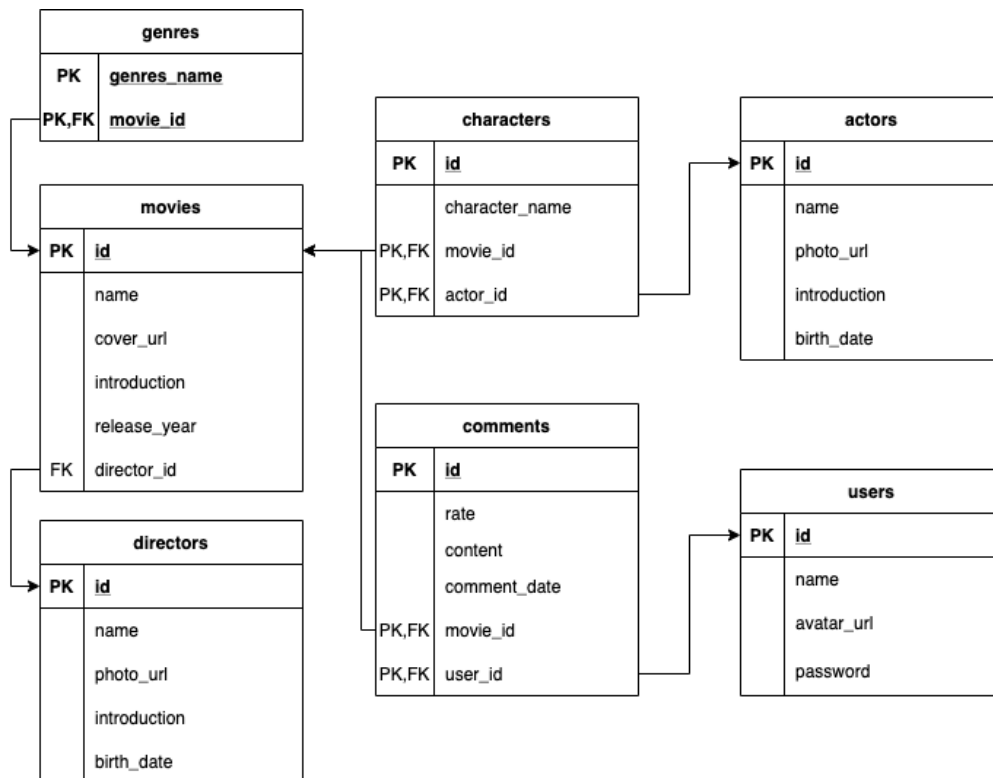As shown in the relational schema digram below, there are 7 schemas.

Figure 2: Relational Schema Diagram

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The following reductions are made:

- The attribute "genres" in entity "movies" is reduced to schema "genres" with attributes "genres_name" and "movie_id" as a foreign key, both of which forms a primary key to make sure no redundant genres of a movie.

- The relationship "direct" between entity "movies" and "directors" is reduced to attribute "director_id"as a foreign key in schema "movies" so that a movie is directed by exactly one director.

- All attributes identifying the entity are reduced to primary keys.

- "movie_id", "actor_id" of entity "characters", "movie_id", "user_id" of entity "comments" are reduced to foreign keys in their schemas referencing their corresponding identifying strong entities.

2.3   Constraint

3 types of constraints are further added:

Not Null Constraints

- All "id" attributes as they are primary key and thus automatically becoming not null.

- "name" attribute of schema "movies".

- "name" and "director_id" attributes of schema "directors", as a movie is directed by exactly one director.

- "name" attribute of schema "actors".

- "name" and "password" attributes of schema "users".

- "actor_id", "movie_id" and "character_name" attributes of schema "characters", as it is a weak entity of schemas "actors" and "movies".

- "user_id", "movie_id", "rate", "content" and "comment_date" attributes of schema "comments", as it is a weak entity of schemas "users" and "movies".

- "genres_name", "movie_id" attributes of schema "genres", as it is a multivariate attribute of schema "movies".

Unique Constraint   A unique constraint is added to "name" attribute of schema "users" as by our assumption there should be no repeating user names.

Check Constraint   A check constraint is added to "rate" attribute of schema "comments" to make sure the rate is from 0 to 10.

2.4   Index

The following attributes are indexed to make search faster:

- "name" and "release_year" attributes of schema "movies".

- "name" and "birth_date" attributes of schema "directors".

- "name" and "birth_date" attributes of schema "actors".

- "name" attribute of schema "users".
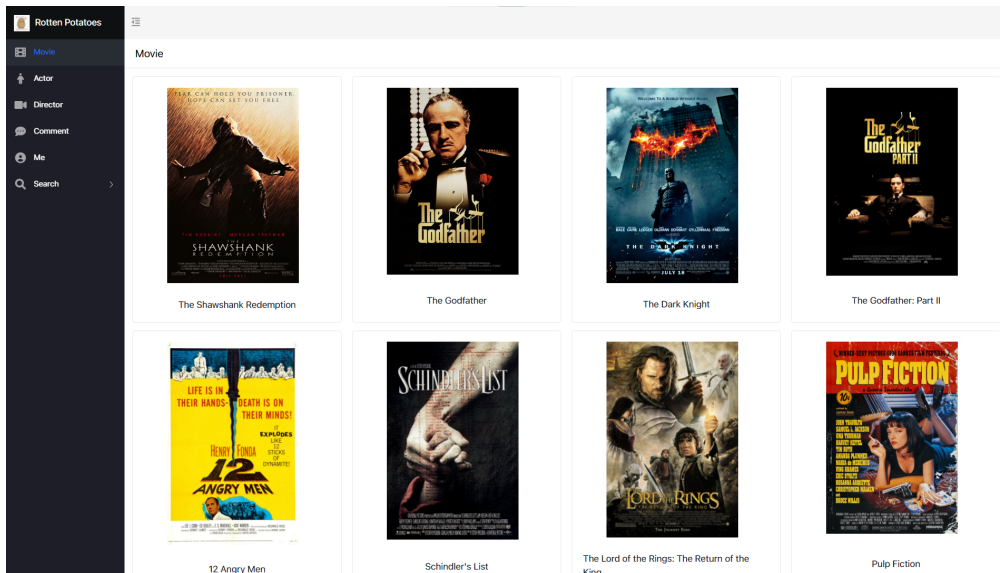
3   Implementation

3.1   Frontend

The frontend of our project is constructed using AMIS, a low-code front end framework. It can generate a website using json configurations, which is suitable for developing a light-weight and agile application like this project.

When users access the webpage, they will be directed to the Login page, where registered user can input user name and password to log in. We also added support for new user registration. After login, users can see the main structure of our website, which features a navigation pannel on the left side and the content on the right. We constructed the following pages:

- Movie: a list of all the movies with their name and posters. Each movie is a "Card" widget linking to the movie detail page.

- Actor: a list of all the actor/actresses, also implemented using the "Card" widget, containing links to the detailed information.

- Director: a list of all the directors implemented similarly as the **Actor** page

- Comment: this page contains the latest comments that users release.

- Me: a portal for users to edit their information. Including updating avatar, name, password. This page also contains a list of movies recommended to the user.

- Search: to search for movies/actors/user, we implemented three different pages. The details will be discussed in **Sample Queries** section.

The figure below shows the movie page of our website. Since our application is user-oriented, the UI of our website is very concise and user-friendly.

3.2 Backend

Backend of this project is implemented through the express package of javascript. During the initialization, the 'init.js' will read data from CSV files and create queries to batch-insert records into corresponding tables.

3.3 Web Crawler

3.3.1 Basic Workflow

To populate our database with real-world data, we wrote a web crawler to scrap information from IMDB's Top 250 Movie Chart. The crawler is written in Python. It uses the requests library to send https requests. The desired fields are acquired through parsing the page using Beautiful Soup 4 library. The detailed process is as follows:

1. Access the Top 250 Chart, where all the URLs to the detailed movie pages are located

2. Traverse through the chart. For every movie within the chart:

   (a) Access the detailed movie page, where information regarding the movie can be found.

   (b) From the detailed movie page, we access the casting information. For the director:

   • Access the detailed director page, where information regarding the director can be found.

   (c) From the detailed movie page, we can also access the actors/actresses who casted in this movie. For each actor/actress:

   • If the actor/actress's information is yet to be recorded, access the detailed actor/actress page and find detailed information.

   (d) The comment section locates at the bottom of the movie page.

3.3.2 Encountered Problems and Solutions

During the scrapping process, we encountered some issues.

3.4   Sample Queries

3.4.1   User related

3.4.2   CRUD on movies, actors and directors

3.4.3   Comments related

3.5   Data Analysis

4   Future Works

5   Result

6   Conclusion

In this project, we constructed a movie information system with personalized recommendation feature. The User Interface is

7   Contribution