

# TRAVEL EXPERT AGENCY

Full Document

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# **Requirements Document**

# **Interview Questions and Answers**

# **Day 1 Questions and Answers**

1. Hardware requirements? Budget?

Want us to recommend, and will likely need new hardware for everything. Part of the budget of \$500,000.

2. Network infrastructure currently available?

None, except for internet and printer. Will need recommendations.

3. Point of contact?

Greg

4. Are you okay with staff requiring new training? How long do you need for training? Yes, just schedule it into the project schedule

5. What is it that you wish for the database (and later website) to do?

Keep the data safe in a central location, in a consistent manner, because currently there is no way of looking up data.

6. Any issues with your current system?

There is no current system.

7. When is the deadline?

May 1st

8. Audit requirements?

Answered in later meetings.

9. Any particular access/permissions you wish to give to different group/people?

Answered in later meetings.

10. How long do you wish to keep data?

At least 6 years, but as long as possible. Supplier supplies new data every 6 months.

11. Backup requirements? How frequently? How many copies?

At least 2 different copies. They want recommendations.

12. Potential changes in business rules?

Hope to streamline commissions.

13. What kind of deliverables would you like?

Answered in later meetings.

14. Did you want to do promotional events based off of the birthdays of the customers?

They themselves cannot create any deals or offers. The suppliers are the ones that create the deals. However, they would like the ability to flag/notify different customers based upon the offers that their supplies gives them.

Examples of things to keep track of are birthdays, anniversary days, food allergies, preferences like window seats, etc.

15. How does the commission system work? How do you want the commission verification system to work?

Currently the system doesn't work. Sometimes the customer books, but cancels. The suppliers are supposed to send the commission fee within 60 days after the customer's trips end. They never know for sure if the supplier paid, customer didn't go on the trip, or if the payment is late.

16. Do you want some sort of system for booking fees?

The booking fees are at the discretion of the agent. It's usually based on if the trip took a lot of research to put together or not. It's usually \$25, but might be more.

17. What forms do you use/generate?

Invoices and itinerary. They want them consistent as currently it's all done by hand and individually.

18. Would you like to store additional employee information? How do you deal with ambiguity in the database regarding employees who share initials? Would you like a formatted employee number?

Flat the inconsistent data for customers. Flag the employees with same initials. Generate employee numbers.

19. Are there any preference for format of information in 'description' column of the sales table?

They want it consistent, so make some sort of system.

20. What to do if no agents are referred on the sales table?

Flag the data.

21. Any ideas about how to give promotional offers your clients would like?

The offers are given by the suppliers and they don't make it.

22. What does the Product Supplier ID reference?

Reference the table with the product.

23. ...Questions about the inconsistent data found.

For any inconsistent data, just flag them. More information will be given later if needed. Data may be cleaned up before the data migration.

24. How are invoices generated?

Each employee manually does whatever they want for the invoices and itineraries.

- 25. What customer data is required for customer profiles? What data is optional?

  Each employee gathered their own data so everything needs to be made consistent.
- 26. Is the range of product category adequate or does it need an expansion? What is currently available is good.
- 27. How do you keep track of data currently? Sticky notes, excel, access.

Industry codes are not really necessary for them.

# **Day 2 Questions and Answers**

1. Walk us through the process that each customer goes through.

There's two types of customers. Business and Leisure. While businesses usually know what they want, leisure customers sometimes know, and other times don't know at all. Their job is to go to suppliers and get the right product and plan the trip. From the suppliers they get the confirmation number and commission payment. They put the package together, sometimes have a down payment/deposit. Final payment must be done before the trip, though sometimes the final payment is done on arrival. Prices that they receive/find are based off of experience of the agents.

2. Walk us through what each supplier goes through.

The suppliers contact them through phone/email/website. They gather information  $-\tan x$ , commission available - for each product.

The supplier detail is given every 6 months

Though sometimes they find other suppliers that are not on the list that is given.

3. Walk us through what the commission specialist does.

The commission specialist goes through all the agents. They figure out which commissions should be paid and compare with commissions that have been received.

They then have to contact the supplier if the commission has not been paid or if the customer has not used the product.

There's 5 types of commissions:

Booking commission = owing commissions

Paying commission

Outstanding/overdue = owing becomes outstanding the moment after 6months due date

Invalid commission = where customers didn't go on the trip

Canceled commission = cancelled product before the trip start

The commission is at the discretion of the supplier for the rate and amount. It's individual for each product at the time of booking and not for each product.

Price rates are per product and not per person.

Taxes are based on the product.

They must be able to handle multiple types of payment

# Summary

Data has errors. Treat it as private, confidential data. Flag errors in data, some might be fixed before updating to the database. We want to be able to load the data and flag inconsistencies.

More information will be given later.

Try and keep data consistent.

Business and leisure travel clients.

Want to have a choice for if customer wants to give them credit card information. Therefore should be able to have the option to store this information.

Suppliers give paper or electronic version of their information. Its \$75 per agent for paper, or \$300 for electronic. They might want a way to just get one electronic version and be able to share it between all agents. Comes twice a year (every 6 months).

There are reward cards. Cards and names could be stored for the customers as well if they so desired.

Trips are made up of products.

Products must have a start and end date. These days could overlap between different products.

There's different classes of travel.

Prices are per product and not per person.

Supplier gives booking and confirmation number. This is only unique for the suppliers. But they also might get recycled within the suppliers products numbers.

Each invoice/itinerary is with a payment.

There's 3 types of payment. Full, deposit, and final. Could have more than one deposit.

Customers could make payment at the time of arrival/usage of product, such as car rentals.

If they charge agency fee (\$25), it will always be on the first invoice, at the discretion of the agent.

Commissions are given by the supplier. Commission of the product is not stored in the database because it might change for the product each time it gets booked. Probably want to store it for the booking number.

Agents get a salary.

Commission type: owing, paid, overdue, invalid, and cancelled.

Insurance is also a product

Manager has full access. Commission specialist has full access. And hiring DBA.

They want to make sure they still have a copy of the data even if agents leave.

Hours: Mon-Sat = 9-18, Thurs = 9-21, Sun = closed.

# **Unasked Questions**

- 1. What would be a success for you?
- 2. Are there any obstacles that you know of currently that may prevent this project from being a success?
- 3. What is necessary?
- 4. What is nice to have?
- 5. What kind of data do you keep track of currently? What do you enter? What do you think should be automated?
- 6. What do you not keep track of?
- 7. What additional data would be helpful?
- 8. What do you think is a must have for this database? Website?
- 9. Is all the data supplied by each supplier consistent? Would we need to create a consistent form for all suppliers to fill out?
- 10. How is commission taxed?
- 11. On what basis is the commission % determined?
- 12. Who keeps track of commissions how do they keep track? What do they need to keep track? What can they keep track of?
- 13. If the customer cancels the reservation, how would the refund be processed?

# PROJECT DEFINITION

Project Start Date: October 28, 2019 Project End Date: May 1, 2020

Project Objectives:

Create a database to centralize data, maintain current data, and generate standardized forms with easy to use graphical user interface.

# Approach:

PHASE	ACTIVITY	DELIVERABLES	
Planning	nitiate Project Interview Q&A		
	Initiate 110jeet	Detailed Project Schedule	
	D.C. F. di ID	-	
	Define Functional Requirements	Business Requirements Document	
Analysis	Define Data Requirements	Preliminary Budget Document	
	Define Technical Requirements		
	Application Testing Strategy		
	Data Conversion Strategy		
	Training Strategy		
	Go Live Strategy		
	Transition Strategy		
	Design Application	ER Diagram	
Design	Design Database	Table Instance Charts (TICs)	
	Design Technical Infrastructure	Updated Project tasks and Schedule	
	Design Application Test Scenarios	Business System Design Document	
	Design Data Conversion & Test Scenarios	(ERD describing document)	
	Design Training		
	Construct Application Modules	Application Software	
Construction	Construct Database	Database	
	Construct Technical Infrastructure	Technical Infrastructure	
	Develop Application Test Cases	Test Cases & Schedule	
	Develop Data Conversion Modules	Data Conversion Software	
	Develop Data Conversion Test Cases	Data Conversion Test Cases	
	Develop Training Materials	Training Materials & Schedule	

	Develop Transition Materials	Go Live Schedule		
	System Testing	Accepted Application &b Database		
Testing	Team Testing – Application/Data Conv.	Accepted Data Conversion		
	User Acceptance Testing			
	<ul><li>Application/Data Conv.</li></ul>			
	Final User Acceptance Testing			
Rollout	Go Live	Live Software & Database		
Transition	Handover to Support Team	Operational Business System		

# **SCOPE**

# In Scope:

Creating a database in Oracle.

Centralizing and standardizing data.

Standardizing itinerary and invoice forms.

Designing a network structure.

Setting up for future website integration with the database.

Optimizing database.

Create a training guide for future users for the system.

Design and set up a system to allow for easier tracking of employee commissions

Clean up data, and create a model to prevent future

Flag data after migrating if errors are present

Keep track of invoices that has been sent using the database

Keep track all the different products available using the database

Create a way for the agency be able to use one electronic copy of the supplier details for all their agents.

# **Out Scope**:

Marketing to clients.

Creating a website.

Transferring data from a sticky note.

Provide the ISP services

# **BUSINESS REQUIREMENTS**

# **Functional Requirements (End-users)**

		Mandatory /
No.	Requirement	Would Like
1	Generate standardized forms for itinerary and invoices.	Mandatory
2	Insert data in a centralized location	Mandatory
3	A way to enable future website integration	Would like
4	A graphical interface for the database	Mandatory
5	A way to get commission system to work – store dates and specific commissions for each booking, and keep track of the status of the commissions.	Mandatory
6	Be able to have multiple users work using the same database at the same time.	Mandatory
7	Have backup data incase anything goes wrong	Mandatory
8	Keep track of customer credit card information in a safe, secure manner	Optional
9	Keep track of customer preferences, birthdays, anniversary days, food allergies, etc	Optional
10	A way for all agents to share supplier information from single electronic copy	Optional
11	Allow agents to inquire about the different products from different suppliers.	Mandatory
12	Allow agents to look up customer histories for repeating trips	Mandatory
13	Standardize all data so it's easier for searching	Mandatory

# **Data Requirements**

Information Type	Requirements
Access & storage needs	Require specific groups of people to have full access (DBA, commission manager, and manager)
Data growth expectation	Be able to handle at least double the size in the period of 2 years.
Data columns	Customer details, trip details, supplier details, product detail, commission due dates per product
Access & storage needs	Require centralized data
Access & storage needs	Store as much historical data as possible, for returning users and tax reasons.

# **Technical Infrastructure Requirements**

	<u></u>
No.	Requirement
1	20 desktops
2	Servers
3	Routers
4	Oracle
5	Backup/Recovery
6	Firewalls
7	Spam filter
8	Cables
9	File Storage Device (NAS)
10	Switches
11	Server Licenses

# Preliminary Budget Breakdown

Hardware/Licensing Costs

Desktop: \$20 000

Monitors: \$3 000

Computer Accessories: \$3 000

Routers: \$660

Switches: \$780

NAS: \$3 600

Spam Filter: \$3 000

Firewall: \$960

Cables: \$1 250

Servers: \$14 400

Server Towers: \$600

Linux: \$2 600

Server Licensing: \$15 300

Oracle Licensing: \$190 000

Subtotal: \$260 450

Human Resource

HR Costs Up to the First 2 Workshops: \$3 000

Future HR Cost Estimate: \$25 000

Subtotal: \$28 000

Total Estimated Required Budget: \$288 450

Left Over Budget: \$211 910

# Recommendations

For the operating system, we recommend the Red Hat OS. Linux base operating system is more secure and stable than Windows operating systems, and scripts are much easier to maintain and schedule using this system.

For the database, we suggest the Travel Experts Agency to obtain the licensing for Oracle. By utilizing the Oracle database, several additional features can be utilized, such as the Oracle Enterprise Manager (OEM) and Oracle Application Express (ApEx).

The first, OEM, will allow for easier analysis of the database performance for better performance and tuning adjustments. However, it does require extra licensing fee that currently is not included in the budget. In addition to the OEM, index creation on tables with constant searches, such as Product, TripProduct, Invoices are recommended as this will speed up the searches. As these tables do have a lot of changes, we also recommend daily rebuilding of the indexes using provided scripts to keep the running at optimal speeds.

ApEx is a way for the database to be easily integrated into the web. It has a simple interface that is easily navigable and allow employees and customers alike to produce reports from anywhere with a network connection.

# Performance and Tuning

While it is not possible at the current time to state what may need to be tuned to improve performance, certain things to watch for when the database is up and running are the redo log sizes and the execution times and %IO which will indicate badly formatted SQL.

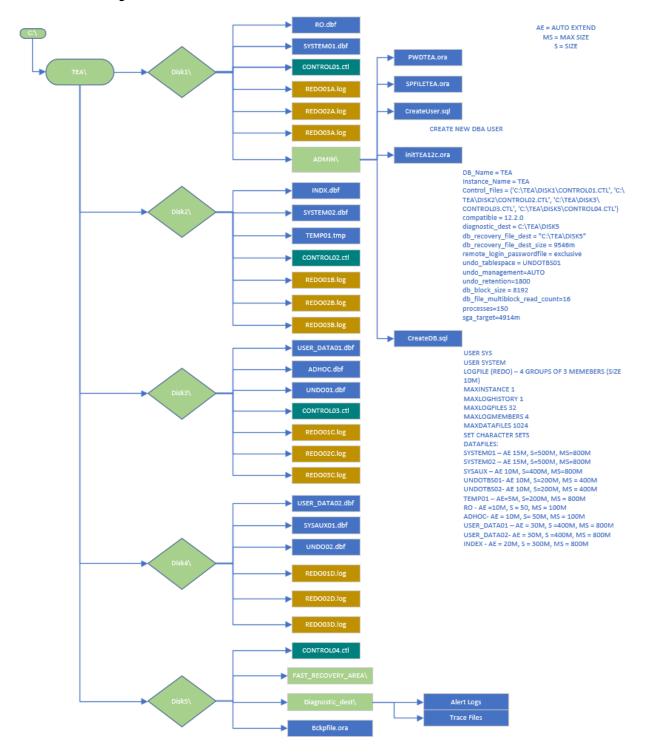
While the current proposed database setup should not run into any hot blocks - congestion, if it is ever detected, increased buffer cache size is recommended.

# Schedule

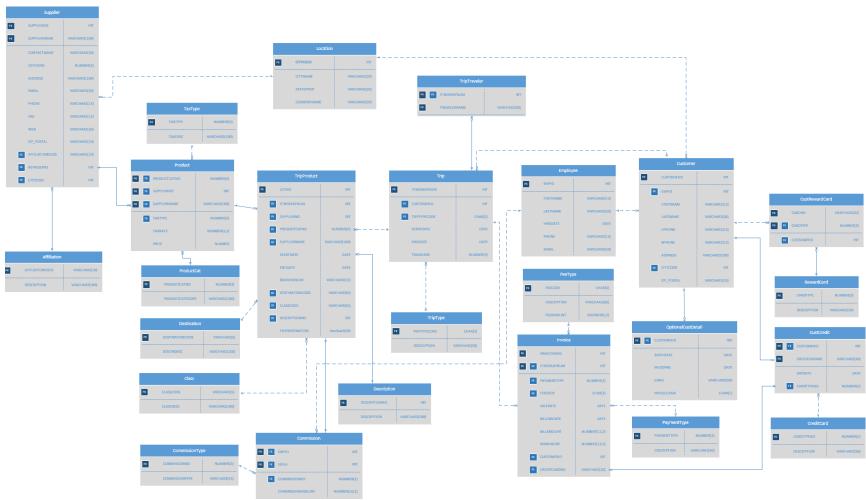
Fask Name	→ Duration	▼ Start	→ Finish	▼ Predece	▼ Resource Names
Brainstorm Questions	1 day	Mon 19-10-28	Mon 19-10-28		Aziz,Bandhavi,Sally
Meeting to find out requirements - Round 1	0 days	Tue 19-10-29	Tue 19-10-29	1	Aziz,Bandhavi,Sally
Refine Questions for second round.	1 day	Tue 19-10-29	Tue 19-10-29	2	Aziz,Bandhavi,Sally
Meeting to find out Requirements - Round 2	0 days	Tue 19-10-29	Tue 19-10-29	3	Aziz,Bandhavi,Sally
Workshop 1 due	0 days	Tue 19-11-05	Tue 19-11-05	6	
Create Project Schedule	1 day	Wed 19-10-30	Wed 19-10-30		Sally
Design Initial Network Structure	1 day	Thu 19-10-31	Thu 19-10-31		Sally
Research Initial Network Structure Components	1 day	Fri 19-11-01	Fri 19-11-01	8	Sally
Create Initial Budget Document	0 days	Fri 19-11-01	Fri 19-11-01	9	Sally
Create Business Requirements Document	1 day	Mon 19-11-04	Mon 19-11-04	10	Sally
Workshop 2 due	0 days	Tue 19-11-12	Tue 19-11-12	13	
Design Database	1 day	Tue 19-11-05	Tue 19-11-05		Aziz, Bandhavi, Sally
Create ERD	1 day	Wed 19-11-06	Wed 19-11-06	14	Sally
Document Describing ERD	1 day	Thu 19-11-07	Thu 19-11-07	15	Sally
-					
Create Table Instance Charts(TIC)	1 day	Fri 19-11-08	Fri 19-11-08	16	Sally
Workshop 3 due	0 days	Wed 19-11-27	Wed 19-11-27	19	
Create a description of disk configuration ("Blue Print")	0 days	Mon 19-11-18	Mon 19-11-18		Chong, Ensi, Sally
Complete the create data base procedure ("Recipe")	1 day	Tue 19-11-19	Tue 19-11-19	20	Chong, Ensi, Sally
Create an init.ora File	1 day	Wed 19-11-20	Wed 19-11-20		Sally
Create scripts to create the database & Create database	1 day	Thu 19-11-21	Thu 19-11-21		Sally
Create summary reports	1 day	Fri 19-11-22	Fri 19-11-22	23,24	Sally
Update Project tasks and schedule	0 days	Mon 19-11-18	Mon 19-11-18		Sally
Workshop 4 due	0 days	Mon 20-01-20	Mon 20-01-20	28	
Create tables	1 day	Mon 19-11-25	Mon 19-11-25		
Create indexes	1 day	Tue 19-11-26	Tue 19-11-26	29	
Create constraints	0 days	Mon 19-11-25	Mon 19-11-25	29	
Format data	1 day	Mon 19-11-25	Mon 19-11-25		
Migrate Data	1 day	Tue 19-11-26	Tue 19-11-26	29.32	
Confirm Data integrity	2 days	Wed 19-11-27	Thu 19-11-28	33	
Workshop 5 due	0 days	Mon 20-01-20	Mon 20-01-20	36	
Create Users	1 day	Fri 19-11-29	Fri 19-11-29	30	
Create Roles	1 day	Fri 19-11-29	Fri 19-11-29		
				27.20	
Give User/Roles Permissions	1 day	Mon 19-12-02	Mon 19-12-02	37,38	
Set up Auditing	1 day	Tue 19-12-03	Tue 19-12-03	39	
Midpoint Presentation	0 days	Mon 19-12-16	Mon 19-12-16	42	Sally,Tyler,Alex
Create a presentation	1 day	Wed 19-12-04	Wed 19-12-04	36	
Workshop 6 due - Networking	0 days	Fri 20-01-10	Fri 20-01-10	44	
Set up network	1 day	Wed 19-12-04	Wed 19-12-04		
Connect to network	1 day	Thu 19-12-05	Thu 19-12-05	45	
Test network	1 day	Fri 19-12-06	Fri 19-12-06	46	
Workshop 7 due - Data Warehouse/Data mining	0 days	Fri 20-02-07	Fri 20-02-07		Sally
Workshop 8 due	0 days	Fri 20-03-06	Fri 20-03-06	50	
Configure database for user backup	1 day	Mon 20-02-24	Mon 20-02-24		
Configure Database to allow for RMAN backup and recovery	1 day	Mon 20-02-24	Mon 20-02-24		
Create document for backup and recovery	1 day	Mon 20-02-24	Mon 20-02-24		
Workshop 9 due - Database testing, script building and reports	0 days	Mon 20-03-02	Mon 20-03-02		Sally
Workshop 10 due - Performance and Tuning	0 days	Tue 20-04-21	Tue 20-04-21		Aziz,Bandhavi,Sally
Workshop 11 due - Database System Analysis/Proposal Writing	0 days	Thu 20-04-30	Thu 20-04-30		Aziz,Bandhavi,Sally
Workshop 12 due - Web integration	0 days	Fri 20-01-17	Fri 20-01-17	58	
	1 day	Thu 20-01-16	Thu 20-01-17	50	
Set up APEX Workspace					
Create application	1 day	Thu 20-01-16	Thu 20-01-16		
Test application	0 days	Thu 20-01-16	Thu 20-01-16		
Workshop 13 due - Script building	3 days	Thu 20-04-23	Mon 20-04-27		Sally
Workshop 14 due - Oracle Security	1 day	Fri 20-03-27	Fri 20-03-27		Sally
Workshop 15 due - SQL Server	1 day	Thu 20-01-30	Thu 20-01-30		Sally
Obtain User Input on what should be in the Training Guide	0 days	Mon 20-04-27	Mon 20-04-27	62,63	
Develop User Training Guide	1 day	Tue 20-04-28	Tue 20-04-28	65	
Obtain Feedback on user Training Guide	0 days	Thu 20-04-30	Thu 20-04-30	66	
Make Changes and Finalize User Training Guide	1 day	Fri 20-05-01	Fri 20-05-01	67	
Present Final Product	0 days	Fri 20-05-01	Fri 20-05-01	70	Sally,Bosco,Derek,Ensi
Create final presentation	1 day	Thu 20-04-30	Thu 20-04-30		,5 Sally,Bosco,Derek,Ensi

# **Database Specifics**

# **Database Blueprint**



# **ERD**



```
Parameter File
tea. data transfer cache size=0
tea. db cache size=3825205248
tea.__java_pool_size=50331648
tea. large pool size=117440512
tea. oracle base='D:\app\oracle'#ORACLE BASE set from environment
tea. pga_aggregate_target=1040187392
tea. sga target=5167382528
tea. shared io pool size=268435456
tea. shared pool size=889192448
tea. streams pool size=0
*.AUDIT FILE DEST='c:\tea\disk5'
*.audit_trail='db','extended'
*.compatible='12.0.0'
*.Control Files='C:\TEA\DISK1\CONTROL01.CTL','C:\TEA\DISK2\CONTROL02.CTL','C
:\TEA\DISK3\CONTROL03.CTL','C:\TEA\DISK5\CONTROL04.CTL'
*.db block size=8192
*.db file multiblock read count=16
*.DB Name='TEA'
*.db recovery file dest='C:\TEA\DISK5'
*.db recovery file dest size=9546m
*.diagnostic dest='C:\TEA\DISK5'
*.Instance Name='TEA'
*.processes=150
*.remote login passwordfile='exclusive'
*.sga target=4914m
*.undo management='AUTO'
*.undo retention=1800
*.undo tablespace='UNDOTBS01'
Network Files
TNSNAMES
```

```
# tnsnames.ora Network Configuration File:
C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\network\admin\tnsnames.ora
# Generated by Oracle configuration tools.
LISTENER ORANT12C =
  (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = oralocal) (PORT = 1521))
ORANT12C =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = oralocal) (PORT = 1521))
    (CONNECT DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE NAME = orant12c)
ORACLR CONNECTION DATA =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS LIST =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = IPC) (KEY = EXTPROC1521))
```

```
(CONNECT DATA =
      (SID = CLRExtProc)
      (PRESENTATION = RO)
    )
  )
ORCLPDB =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = oralocal) (PORT = 1521))
    (CONNECT DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE NAME = orclpdb)
  )
NETCLASS =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = oralocal) (PORT = 1423))
    (CONNECT DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE NAME = NETCLASS)
    )
  )
TEA =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = ICTVM-OBOM100Q3.ACDM.DS.SAIT.CA) (PORT =
1521))
    (CONNECT DATA =
      (SERVER = DEDICATED)
      (SERVICE NAME = tea)
    )
  )
LISTENER
C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\network\admin\listener.ora
# Generated by Oracle configuration tools.
LISTENER2 =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = ICTVM-009KF103D) (PORT = 1522))
ADR BASE NETLISTENER = C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\log
SID LIST LISTENER =
  (SID LIST =
    (SID DESC =
      (SID NAME = CLRExtProc)
      (ORACLE HOME = C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1)
      (PROGRAM = extproc)
      (ENVS =
"EXTPROC DLLS=ONLY:C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\bin\oraclr12.d1
```

```
SID LIST LISTENER2 =
  (SID LIST =
    (SID DESC =
      (GLOBAL DBNAME = TEA)
      (SID NAME = TEA)
    )
  )
ADR BASE LISTENER2 = C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\log
LISTENER =
  (DESCRIPTION LIST =
    (DESCRIPTION =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = oralocal) (PORT = 1521))
    (DESCRIPTION =
      (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = IPC) (KEY = EXTPROC1521))
ADR BASE LISTENER = C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\log
NETLISTENER =
  (DESCRIPTION =
    (ADDRESS = (PROTOCOL = TCP) (HOST = ICTVM-009KF103D) (PORT = 1423))
SID LIST NETLISTENER =
  (\overline{S}ID \ L\overline{I}ST =
    (SID DESC =
      (GLOBAL DBNAME = NETCLASS)
      (SID NAME = NETCLASS)
  )
SOLNET
C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\network\admin\sqlnet.ora
# Generated by Oracle configuration tools.
# This file is actually generated by netca. But if customers choose to
# install "Software Only", this file wont exist and without the native
# authentication, they will not be able to connect to the database on NT.
SQLNET.AUTHENTICATION SERVICES= (NTS)
NAMES.DIRECTORY PATH= (TNSNAMES, HOSTNAME, EZCONNECT)
ADR BASE = C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\log
```

# **Security**

# **Database Locking**

- Need to keep track of:
  - Who is adding data
  - Who is changing data
  - What is the security level of the record (0 = everyone can see. 99 = top?)
- Never add columns to existing tables, it will break many different programs/scripts
  - o So what you do is beside every parent table in the database, you create a 1 to 1 child table
- 1) Create a 1 to 1 table for each parent table, however do not make it a foreign key, so that any deletion of the table doesn't delete this security table
- 2) What are the security levels of the data
- 3) Create user security
- 4) Start at the bottom level and add more levels
- 5) Always authorize to views and not the tables directly.
- 6) Also need procedures on each table, ex select 1 row. Select all rows. Insert, update delete.
- 7) Security log table

# Steps needed to secure each table:

- 1) Make user security table of users and security level
  - o Only need one for database
- 2) Security log giving security level for each primary key
  - o Normally for parent tables only
- 3) Security log details for each table to track every select, insert, update and delete
- 4) View linking parent table to security log and to user security
- 5) Triggers to update security logs for insert, update, and delete
- 6) Procedures to replace select, insert, update, delete
  - o Procedure for insert, update, delete, select all rows, select one row
- 7) Revoke privilege to all tables, and only allow views and procedures.

# **Backup**

## Goal

The purpose of the backup is to create a copy of data that can be recovered in the event of a data failure. Data failure could be a software or a hardware failure or user errors.

Having multiple consistent backup copies minimize data loss and protect the agency's primary data from corruption, users-errors or any malicious attacks.

Our hope with this document is to create a plan and lay down strategies that the Travel Expert Agency can follow to have a database that has the highest uptime and little downtime and with little to no data loss if the database services are ever interrupted due to errors.

# **Service Level Agreement (SLA)**

The Travel Expert Agency database will be backed up with a mixture of user managed, RMAN and logical backup methods that are further explained in this document. The database is expected to be online for all but 2 hour per week. Further details on how the backups will be scheduled is stated later on in this document. The specification of the database is stated in the user-managed configurations.

To increase the mean time between failures, multiplexing of the files will be implemented.

Encryption is currently not part of the database backups.

Will require agreement from all management levels about what this backup and recovery plan will guarantee.

The read-only data will only be backed up when they are updated. This is to reduce the performance hit, but skipping the redundant backups.

## **UPS**

Uninterruptible Power supply (UPS) – The database is initially set to not have this feature, however it can be implemented later on when the company grows further.

## **Contacts**

In order to maintain a good backup practice, must keep track of the contact information of all personal who maintains the database and deals with the long term tape storage.

# **User-Managed**

## **Configurations**

Physical storages

5 different disks:

DISK1

DISK2

DISK3

DISK4

DISK5

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Value
DB_CREATE_FILE_DEST	C:\TEA\DISK5
DB_FLASHBACK_RETENTION_TARGET	1440
UNDO_TABLESPACE	UNDOTBS01
UNDO_MANAGEMENT	AUTO
UNDO_RETENTION	1800
DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST	"C:\TEA\DISK5"
DB_RECOVERY_FILE_DEST_SIZE	9546m
DIAGNOSTIC_DEST	C:\TEA\DISK5
LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_1	"LOCATION=c:\tea\disk2\archive"
LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_2	"LOCATION=c:\tea\disk3\archive"
LOG_ARCHIVE_DEST_3	"LOCATION=c:\tea\disk4\archive"
COMPATIBLE	12.0.0
SGA_TARGET	4914m
LOG_ARCHIVE_FORMAT	'tea_log_%s_%t_%r.arc'
CONTROLFILE	('C:\TEA\DISK1\CONTROL01.CTL',
	'C:\TEA\DISK2\CONTROL02.CTL',
	'C:\TEA\DISK3\CONTROL03.CTL',
	'C:\TEA\DISK5\CONTROL04.CTL')
CONTROL_FILE_RECORD_KEEP_TIME	30
FAST_START_MTTR_TARGET	180

# File Configurations

#### **Control Files**

Multiplexing control files, 4 on different disks.

C:\TEA\DISK1\CONTROL01.CTL

C:\TEA\DISK2\CONTROL02.CTL

C:\TEA\DISK3\CONTROL03.CTL

C:\TEA\DISK5\CONTROL04.CTL

#### Redo Logs

8 groups, each group has 3 members

First member in each group:

C:\TEA\DISK1\redona.log

Second member in each group:

C:\TEA\DISK2\redonb.log

Third member in each group:

C:\TEA\DISK3\redonc.log

Where n = group number (format = 01)

## **Data Files**

Adhoc: C:\TEA\DISK3\adhoc.dbf

System: C:\TEA\DISK1\system01.dbfTemp:

Indx: C:\TEA\DISK2\indx.dbf

SysAux: C:\TEA\Disk4\sysaux01.dbf

UserData: C:\TEA\DISK3\user\_data01.dbf, C:\TEA\DISK4\user\_data02.dbf

ReadOnly: C:\TEA\DISK1\ro.dbf Undo: C:\TEA\DISK3\undo01.dbf Temp: C:\TEA\Disk2\temp01.dbf

# **Tablespaces**

To make updating easier, the data should be separated into different tablespaces based on their volatility. Those with little to no change, such as the read only tablespaces, do not require multiple backups weekly; they would only need to be backed up when they are changed, while the tablespaces such as invoices that are changed throughout the day would require more backups so less data is lost and reduce the mean time to recover.

# **Long Term Tape Storage**

Have a long term back up multiple copies on tapes. Keep multiple (at least 2 copies) copies of your backup in different and safe locations, easy place to reach.

7 tapes for incremental daily backup. Reuse them every week

4 tapes for weekly backup. Reuse them every 4 weeks

12 tapes for monthly backup. Reuse them every year

7 tapes for 7 years backup (according to the law). Reuse them every 7 years

# **Backup Locations:**

Travel agency office SAIT Iron Mountain

# Archive log mode

To make physical copies of online filled redo log files to one or multiple locations before they get overwritten.

- 1. To check the log archive destinations
- 2. For backing up the last changes
- 3. Shut down properly
- 4. Startup in mount stage
- 5. Enable archive log mode
- 6. set in the Pfile the needed destination in different disks, and set the format of the pfile
- 7. start up the system
- 8. verify the destinations
- 9. to check the status of the back up
- 10. open the database

```
archive log list;
```

Alter system archive log current;

shutdown normal

startup mount pfile=C:\tea\disk1\admin\initTEA12C.ora;

alter database archivelog;

--an archival destination can be disable by using

pfile: log\_archive\_dest\_state\_1=defer

or

alter system set log archive dest state 1=defer;

--enable archive to a destination again:

pfile: log\_archive\_dest\_state\_1=enable

or

alter system set log\_archive\_dest\_state\_1=enable;

startup pfile=C:\tea\disk1\admin\initTEA12c.ora

Show parameter log\_archive;

select \* from v\$backup;

alter database open;

# **Hot Backup**

Hot backups are performed while database is opened and available for users. It requires the database to be in archive log

Advantages:

Maintains high db availability

Can be done at a tablespace or datafile level

Supports nonstop business operations

- 1. relocate a redo log file
- 2. Get the location of the required tablespace
- 3. Mark the header to not update and change anything in the log by run:
- 4. Copy the datafiles and Specify the target and the needed destination:
- 5. Verify backup status information (which files are in backup mode)
- 6. End backup

Make sure that the files were put in backup mode, not restored from a backup

```
desc v$datafile_header
select file#, status, chec kpoint time from v$datafile header;
```

# **Logical Backup**

Logical backups are done via export and import using the datapump utility. It used to backup precise object such Specific table from a specific schema.

To reduce the amount of possible data loss, tablespaces, indirectly the data files, will be categorized by the data volatility and exported using Oracle datapump utility according to the schedule.

## **Control Files**

#### Manual

Multiplexing, create copies of the control file in different disks – Cold Backup.

#### **Binary File**

Create a duplicate binary file

SQL> ALTER DATABASE BACKUP CONTROLFILE TO 'C:\tea\control.bkp';

#### Trace

- 1. Backup control file using Trace
- 2. Look through the alert log to figure out the location

# SQL> ALTER DATABASE BACKUP CONTROLFILE TO TRACE;

# **Recovery Manager (RMAN)**

A backup and recovery manager that will be used to back up the Travel Experts Agency database.

# **Configurations**

#### **Parameters**

Parameter	Value
RETENTION POLICY TO REDUNDANCY	2
BACKUP OPTIMIZATION	ON
DEFAULT DEVICE TYPE	DISK
CONTROLFILE AUTOBACKUP	ON
CONTROLFILE AUTOBACKUP FORMAT FOR	'%F'
DEVICE TYPE DISK TO	
DEVICE TYPE DISK PARALLELISM	3
RMAN OUTPUT TO KEEP	7

# **Recovery Catalog**

# **Creating Catalog**

- 1. Set the DB\_RECOVERY\_FILE\_DEST, DB\_RECOVERY\_FILE\_DEST\_SIZE, DB\_RECOVERY\_FILE\_DEST\_N in the pfile
- 2. Set the instance for the required database to create a catalog
  - a different database will contain the catalog and not the TEA database
- 3. Verify the instance
- 4. In sqlplus connect to sys to create a recovery tablespace
- 5. Create the recovery catalog owner
- 6. Grant the required privileges to the catalog owner
- 7. Log in to rman connecting to the rcat\_owner
- 8. Create the catalog

## **Database Registering**

- 1. Open a different command prompt window to set up the instance for the travel express database
- 2. Verify the instance
- 3. Connect to the target database (travel express) to register
- 4. Register the database in the catalog

```
C:\> Set oracle_sid=bur
C:\> Set oracle_sid
C:\> rman target sys@bur catalog rcat owner@rcat
```

```
RMAN> register database;
```

# Incremental backup for the catalog database

For an incremental, backup the catalog database as an image copy

- 1. Log in RMAN using the catalog database as a target with no catalog
- 2. Backup the catalog database incrementally

C:\> RMAN target sys@rcat

RMAN> BACKUP AS COPY INCREMENTAL LEVEL 0 DATABASE;

# Resync the recovery catalog

To manually resync the recovery catalog, connect to the target database and the catalog database, then resync

```
RMAN> connect target sys/Elcaro1!
RMAN>connect catalog rcatowner/rcat
RMAN>resync catalog;
```

## RMAN Backup

#### Setting up the database

- 1. Mount the database
- 2. Set the database to archive log mode
- 3. Open the database
- 4. Verify that the database in the archive log mode

```
SQL> SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE
SQL> STARTUP MOUNT pfile= C:\tea\ initTEA.ora
SQL> ALTER DATABASE ARCHIVELOG;
SQL> ALTER DATABASE OPEN;
SQL> ARCHIVE LOG LIST
```

To specify the default location for the FRA set the DB\_RCOVERY\_FILE\_DEST parameter in the Pfile

# Multi-section Backups

For backups of large files; all sections except for the last are guaranteed to be the same size, maximum of 256 sections per file

```
backup <options> section size <integer> [K/M/G] validate datafile <options> section size <integer> [K/M/G]
```

The multi\_section column indicates whether this is a multi-section backup or not

```
v$backup_set
```

```
rc_backup_set --'rc_' -- when u create the catalog
```

The section\_size column specifies the number of blocks in each section of a multi-section backup, "0" means a whole-file backup

```
v$backup_datafile
rc_backup_datafile
```

# RMAN Backup Execution

For current control file backup:

RMAN> backup current controlfile;

- 1. Log into RMAN to the target database
- 2. Backup the database

```
C:\> rman target=sys@bur
```

RMAN> BACKUP DATABASE;

Control and SP file will automatically be backed up if we set the autobackup on

- 1. Verify that the controlfile autobackup is on or off
- 2. Set the controlfile autobackup on if it is off

RMAN> Show controlfile autobackup;

RMAN> Configure controlfile autobackup on;

# **Incremental Backup**

- 1. Backup the database to the required (non-default) directory
  - Allocate a channel to use the needed directory for the data files copies destination
- 2. Perform incremental level 1 for backup the new records and changes
  - We can also specify a channel and specify a name for this backup

```
RMAN> run {
     ALLOCATE CHANNEL "ch2" DEVICE TYPE DISK;
     BACKUP AS COPY TAG 'teabu01' INCREMENTAL LEVEL 0 DATABASE;}
RMAN> run {
     ALLOCATE CHANNEL "ch1" DEVICE TYPE DISK;
     BACKUP AS COPY TAG 'tea_update1' INCREMENTAL LEVEL 1 DATABASE;}
```

To recover the database using an incremental backup

```
RMAN> run {
    ALLOCATE CHANNEL "ch2" DEVICE TYPE DISK FORMAT
    "c:bur...";
    RECOVER COPY OF DATABASE WITH TAG 'teabu01';
```

# **Proxy Copies**

```
backup [as backupset] ... proxy [only] database/tablespace...
    desc v$proxy_datafile
-create duplexed backup sets by using "backup copies"
    RMAN>backup as backupset device type <sbt>
        copies 2
        incremental level 0
        database;
        list backup; --verify your backup
--create backups of backup sets
    RMAN> backup device type disk as backupset
        database plus archivelog;
        backup device type <sbt> backupset all;
```

- 1. Create restore point
- 2. Log in to RMAN using the catalog
- 3. Mount the database
- 4. Create an archival backup using a FORMAT clause that creates in the required and non-default destination and format because the archival backup has a big size to be stored in the FRA
- 5. Open the database

```
C:\> rman target sys catalog rcat_owner@rcat
```

SQL> SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE

SQL> STARTUP MOUNT Pfile= C:\rcat\ rcatpfile.ora

```
RMAN> BACKUP DATABASE FORMAT 'c:/rcat/F/BU/arcbu
TAG arch_bu1
KEEP forever RESTORE POINT tea_arch1;
SQL> ALTER DATABASE OPEN;
```

# **Verify Backup**

Backups should be always verified right after backup session.

There are several ways to achieve this.

#### **DBVERIFY**

Checks if the backup is valid and may use in offline or online databases. (a page = a block) In host, run the DBVerify utility to verify the files.

```
dbv help=y
dbv file= C:\TEA\DISK1\system01.dbf
dbv file= C:\TEA\DISK1\CONTROL01.CTL blocksize=16384
```

#### Manual

For Files such as the network files and pfile, which are non-binary files, you can manually open the backup files in a notepad or text editor to confirm that the correct values are present.

## **RMAN**

In RMAN, verify the backup files.

RMAN> BACKUP VALIDATE CHECK LOGICAL DATABASE ARCHIVELOG ALL;

## **Backup Checklist**

Things to keep track of for the backup:

- 1. Contact List
- 2. When backups were completed
- 3. Last Update to this backup plan
- 4. Last Full cold backup
- 5. List of all the data files and when and where they were backed up
- 6. Last time the catalog was resynced
- 7. Last time the backup was practiced
- 8. Last time updates to scripts were done
- 9. Last time someone updated the long term tapes for storage

### **Checklist Template**

Example checklist template that can be filled up based on the schedule.

Who	What was achieved	When completed	Where is the backup saved?	Validity of backup
Sally	Backed up Files: Pfile SPFile Datafiles Control File	Mar. 6, 2020 at 12pm	Local backup	File validity confirmed
Chong	Files: Network Files (TNSname, Listener, SQLNet): Password File	Mar. 6, 2020 at 2pm	Tape backups	Pending
Rami	Backed up the log files (Archive, Redo, alert) and cleared out old	Mar. 6, 2020 at 4pm	Local backups	File validity confirmed

# **Example Backup Schedule**

Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday
7 1-3: Full Cold Backup 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the	1 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indexes, make sure the index creation script is updated 13-15: Update documentations needed for backup 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data 8 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	Tuesday  2 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	3 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	Thursday  4 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indexes, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data  11 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	5 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 14-15: Practice backup procedures in testing environment 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data 12 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 13-14: Review the backup plan for any updates needed	6 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data
indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data  14 1-3: Full Cold Backup 6-7: Export low	15 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and	16 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log	17 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log	18 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log	14-15: Practice backup procedures in testing environment 12-13, 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data  19 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log	20 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log
volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the	clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated	and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated	and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated	and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated	and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated	and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated

index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	13-14: Meeting with manager 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	14-15: Practice backup procedures in testing environment 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data
21 1-3: Full Cold Backup 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	22 6-7: Export low volatile data 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	23 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	24 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	25 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	26 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 14-15: Practice backup procedures in testing environment 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	27 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data
28 1-3: Full Cold Backup 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	30 6-7: Export low volatile data 7-8: Backup alert log and clear 8-9: Backup archive logs/Clear out the archive logs 9-10: recreate the indices, make sure the index creation script is updated 12-13, 23-24: Export Volatile data	Last day of the week, validate the backups in the daily tapes, and store them in the weekly tape. Set up for the next week	Last day of the month, validate the weekly tapes, store them in the monthly. Set up the weekly and daily tapes for reuse in the new month.	Last day of the year, validate the monthly tapes, store them in the yearly. Set up tapes for the new year If needed clear out the oldest (7 years old) for the new backup.	

- Throughout each day (9-23): every 40-60 minutes do an online tablespace backup of the volatile tablespaces, only freezing one of them at a time
- Throughout each day (9-23): every 3 hours do an online tablespace backup of the non-volatile tablespaces, only freezing one of them at a time
- During the off-hours (23-9): do an online tablespace backup for the volatile tablespaces every 3 hours
- At 4 do online tablespace backup for the non-volatile tablespaces
- Every 4 hours during regular hours, a guaranteed restore point will be created; at the end of every day any restore points which are older than 4 days will be dropped.
- The catalog will be resynced at the end of every day
- Catalog should also be backed up.

## **Sample Reports**

The following are example reports that can be generated using the database.

#### Itinerary/Invoice

```
Enter the itinerary number for the trip: 136
Date: 05/01/2020
Travel Experts Agency
1155 8th Ave S.W.
Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3
Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872
************* Invoice **********
To:
Sengita MacDonald
76 Beddington Close NE
CALGARY, AB
T2V 2K6
Customer No.: 368
Consultant: Bruce J. Dixon
Invoice/Itinerary No.: 136
Prepared for:
       Kevin Lin
        Sengita MacDonald
Start date: 27-MAY-17
End date: 27-FEB-18
Number of travellers: 2
Subtotal:
             $10825.00
             $541.25
Taxes:
Billed to: VISA 8674863489648960 $11366.25
Supplier Description
                                            Booking No Start Date End Date
                                                                                      Price
COMPAGNIA TOUR OF ITALY
                                            5643659DF 27-MAY-17 24-JUN-17
                                                                                   $4500.00
ITALIANA
TURISMO
INC
                                            5643659DF 27-MAY-17 24-JUN-17
COMPAGNIA TOUR OF ITALY
                                                                                  $4500.00
ITALIANA
TURISMO
INC
PACIFIC
BLUE CROSS
          CANCELLATION POLICY # 4100982 345DFDG
                                                        15-FEB-18 27-FEB-18
                                                                                   $125.00
           INTERMEDIATE CAR
DISCOUNT
                                            SGFHG78
                                                        15-FEB-18 27-FEB-18
                                                                                   $200.00
CAR &
TRUCK
RENTALS
LTD
BOWSLAUGH HYATT - LOUVRE
                                                        15-FEB-18 27-FEB-18
                                            GFHK23
                                                                                  $1500.00
THARYAN &
ASSOCIATES
```

```
Date: 05/01/2020
Travel Experts Agency
1155 8th Ave S.W.
Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3
Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872

For your convience, relevant rewards will be applied from the following:

Kevin Lin
Airmiles
WestJet Rewards

Sengita MacDonald
WestJet Rewards

1239248
```

### **New Customer Entry**

### Commission

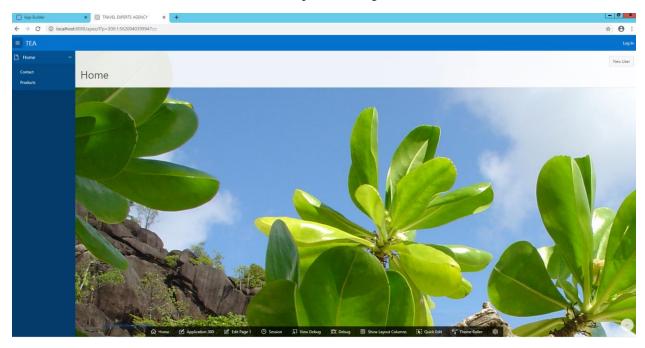
```
Enter value for p_employee: 1
Travel Experts Agency
1155 8th Ave S.W.
Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3
Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872
************* Commissions **********
Report Date: 04/29/2020
Employee ID:1
Employee:Janet Delton
Employee Email:
Employee Phone:
List#
                              Status
            Amount
************
32
           $13.64
                              Paying
33
            $8.04
                              Paying
35
           $27.90
                              Paying
51
           $27.90
                              Paying
82
           $78.75
                              Paying
87
           $168.75
                              Paying
95
           $112.50
                              Paying
99
           $27.90
                              Paying
108
            $89.55
                              Paying
113
            $57.00
                              Paying
            $87.79
117
                              Paying
160
            $60.00
                              Paying
169
            $22.50
                              Paying
172
            $17.50
                              Paying
173
           $37.50
                              Paying
174
           $120.00
                              Paying
176
            $47.50
                              Paying
189
            $93.75
                              Paying
192
                              Paying
            $70.00
198
            $93.75
                              Paying
                              Paying
214
            $93.75
```

# Website-ApEx

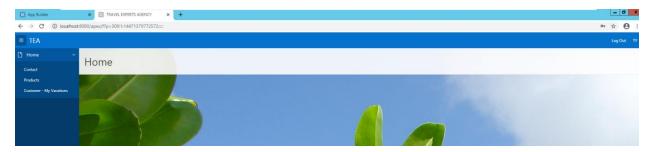
## **Public Pages**

## **The Home Page**

Allows for transition between it and the contact, products, log in and create new user.



When logged in, it also allows for more options. Such as the vacations that particular user has attached to their account.

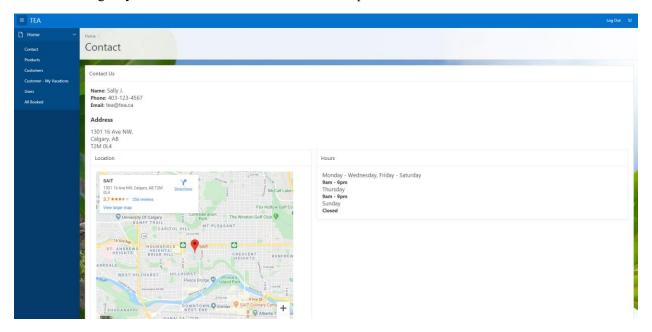


Or if admin, everything shows up...



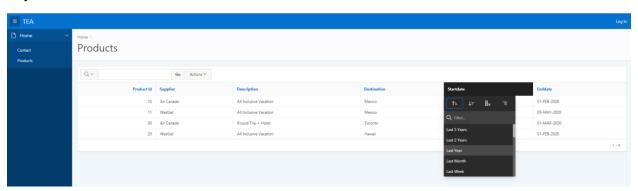
## **Contact Page**

Contains the agency's information with an interactable map.



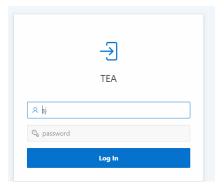
## **Vacation Packages**

The Products page lists all the products that are available. As it is an interactive page, it can be sorted any way the user wishes.



### Log In

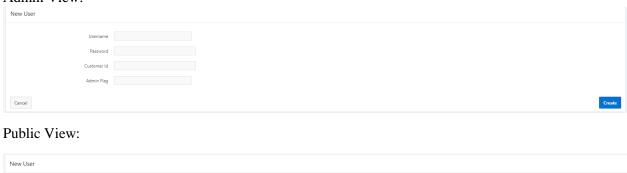
Standard log in page. Authenticates users using the users table.



#### **Create User**

This page is only available if you are not logged in and on the home page, or through the users list that admins are able to access. If you cancel out, it will direct you straight to the products page. Only the admin will be able to set admin flags. Defaults to be 'N'. It will not allow you to create a user with a username that already exists. Customer ID is an optional field for those customers that would like to see which vacation packages they have.

#### Admin View:



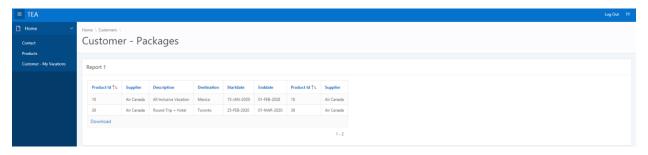
# **Semi-Public Pages**

Cancel

### **Customer – My Vacations**

Customer Id

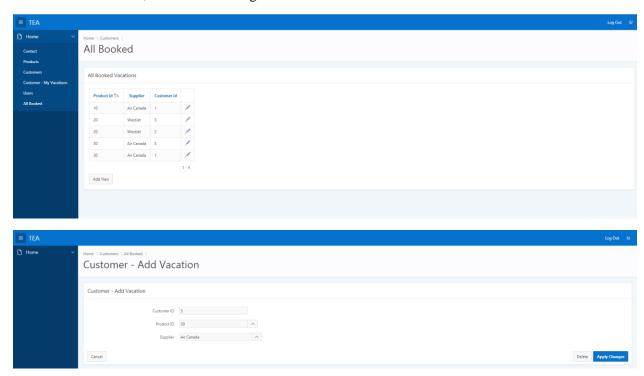
This page reports all the products that the customer has bought.



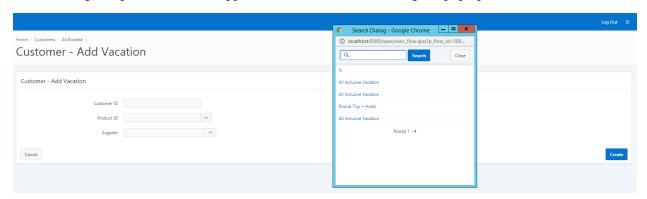
## Private (Employee/Admin only) Pages

### All Booked

This page lists all the products that have been bought by customers. There are also links in this page, which allows for edits, deletion or adding of new records.

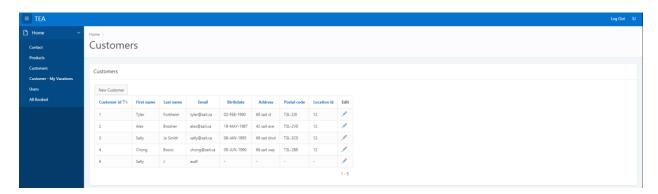


When adding, the product ID and suppliers can be searched for using the pop up list.

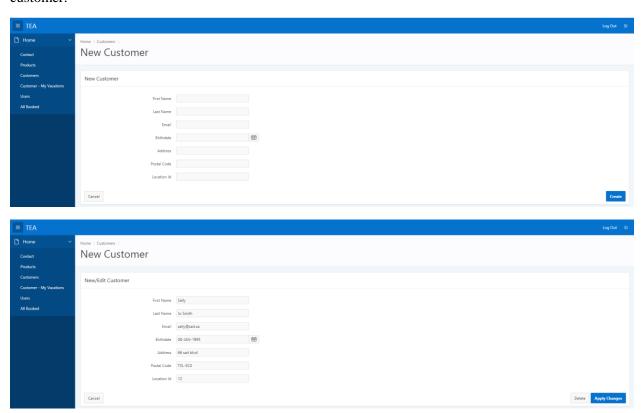


### **Customers**

This page is used to keep track of all the customers, and their details. Links to edit/delete adding new customer page.

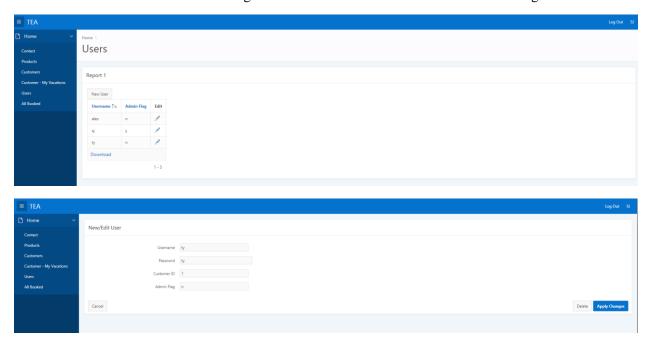


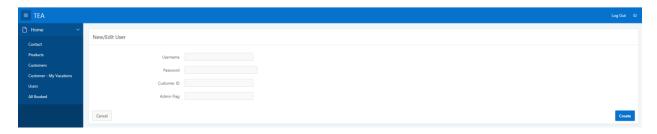
It will not allow you to add a new customer that has the exact same first and last name as an existing customer.



## Users

Lists all the current users that have a login credential. Allows for edits/deletes and adding.





# Data Warehousing

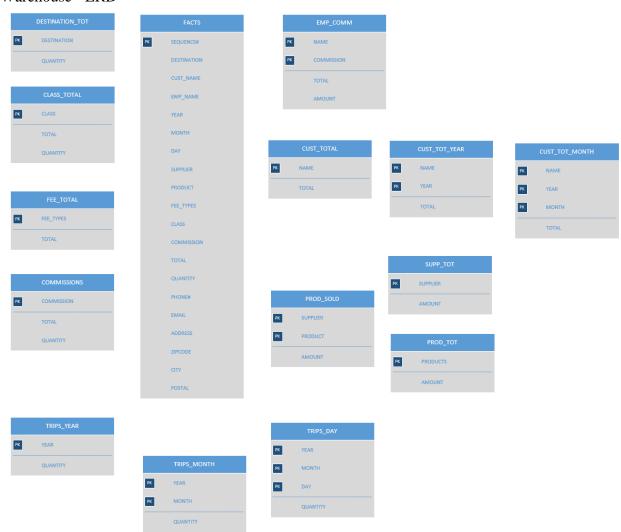
## Marketing

This travel warehouse can keep track of employee commissions, customer sales, product sales, common destinations, total earnt from different fees, common trip times, and common trip classes. The commissions keep track of each employee's number of commissions in different categories – (booking, cancelled, outstanding, etc.). Using the GUI, many different reports can be generated. Simple reports using select all from the dimension tables can be used to generate reports as well.

#### Recommendation

If I had longer time to do this task, I would've reloaded the travel data using the UTL file, utilizing regular expressions to check for the data instead of the manual checks I did. I would also automate the updating of the dimensions table by using triggers instead of the merge commands. Alternatively I could've made them be scheduled procedures that can be called at specific time of day. Another thing that I would've done with more time is create more procedures for reports.

### Warehouse - ERD



## Appendix A – Workshops

## Project Workshop - 1

Topic:

Define The Project.

Description:

The students will be introduced to a small travel agency that requires a database. Sample data and background information will be provided to the students.

The project team will develop questions for a senior travel agent, the manager, and the owner of Travel Experts travel agency. Each group will be able conduct an interview with the people mentioned above. The information collected from the interview together with the background information will form the basis for all work conducted on the Project in the following weeks.

Students may choose to develop their project schedule in Microsoft Project.

The students will be given an opportunity to work as a group to develop:

- 1. Requirements document
- 2. Project Schedule

#### **Evaluation:**

Each student will be assigned a grade for the workshop based on the contents of their Project Binder. Although students work in teams during the workshop class time, each team member is expected to produce their own binder materials. Students may not pool their resources and submit a single set of documents for the group.

Students will also be evaluated for team participation both by their peers and by the instructor. Class Time Guidelines:

2 days

**Project Binder Additions:** 

- 1. Interview Questions and Answers
- 2. Requirements Document
- 3. Preliminary Budget
- 4. Project Schedule

Schedule must include:

- Major tasks or modules to be completed
- Detailed time-line for the project
- Personnel to be assigned to the project

Topic:

Model the Database Schema

#### Description:

Students will apply the knowledge gained in Database concepts, SQL and Data Modelling to develop an appropriate model for the required project database. Students have the option of using Microsoft Visio for the development of their ER diagram.

Students must modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to complete a database model and related tasks.

The students will be given an opportunity to discuss their ideas with their Team Members during the workshop.

#### **Evaluation:**

Each student will be assigned a grade for the workshop based on the contents of their Project Binder. Although students work in teams during the workshop class time, each team member is expected to produce their own binder additions. Students may not pool their resources or submit a single set of documents for the group.

Students will also be evaluated for team participation both by their peers and by the instructor.

#### Class Time Guideline:

1 day

- 1. ER Diagram.
- 2. Documentation that fully describes all intended tables translated from your ER Diagram (entities/attributes/relationships).
- 3. Updated project tasks and schedule.

Project Topic:	et Workshop - 3
Create t	he Travel Experts database.
Descrip	otion:
Student	s will create the project database and necessary tablespaces with an appropriate disk layout.
	s should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to configure and database.
Class 7	Fime Guideline:
1 day	
Project	Binder Additions:
1.	Description of disk configuration used for database ("Blueprint").
2.	Steps to complete the create database procedure ("Recipe").
3.	Appropriate init.ora file for the database.
4.	The Create commands used in scripts to create the database.
5.	The following summary reports using the indicated views and other appropriate dictionary views:
a.	Data files – v\$datafile
b.	Log files - v $log file$
c.	Control files – v\$controlfile
Tablesp	paces – dba_tablespacesand other appropriate views.

6. Updated Project tasks and schedule

Students are expected to format their reports.

Topic:

Creation of Tables and Loading Data.

Description:

Students will create their tables and load their project data. Participants must create tables and constraints as described in their data model. Students are expected to create the following:

- 1. A set of tablespaces appropriate to the needs of their data model.
- 2. A user who will "own" the Travel Experts tables. This new user must have appropriate default and temporary tablespaces.

Students are allowed to modify their data model if they discover during the course of this Project Workshop that changes are necessary.

Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to create tables and load data.

#### Class Time Guideline:

2 days...Students will continue working on this workshop during the time allotted to Project Workshop -5 the following week.

- 1. Updated copy of the data model.
- A set of scripts containing the SQL commands used to create all tables as indicated in data model.
   Commands used to create constraints must be included in the scripts. Tables must belong to an appropriate schema.
- 3. Output from describe commands confirming the structure of all tables.
- 4. Copy of SQL\*Loader control files and log files for each data file loaded.
- 5. All scripts used to generate or insert data into tables that was not done through SQL\*Loader.
- 6. Report on the number of records in each table after data has been loaded. Sample records (1-5 records) from each table. All reports must be appropriately formatted.
- 7. Updated reports from data dictionary tables and v\$ views if structural changes are made to the database. Reports may include the following:
  - a. Tablespaces and corresponding datafiles
  - b. Tables created in the schema
  - c. Database users
- 8. Updated Project tasks and schedule.

Topic:

Users, roles, profiles and security including Interim Update of Project.

#### Description:

Students will develop a set of roles and users for their project from the information gathered from interviews conducted with the Travel Agency. Groups of users representing the junior, intermediate and senior travel agents will be created in the database. In addition, students should create a manager and database administrator user accounts.

Students will implement resource and security profiles if they are applicable to their project. If profiles are used, they must be assigned to the appropriate users or groups of users.

Students will also implement auditing or other security measures if applicable to their project.

Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to develop roles and profiles and implement security measures.

#### Class Time Guideline:

1 day

- 1. The following scripts:
  - a. Create all users who must access the database.
  - b. Create all roles and assign privileges to those roles
  - c. Create profiles and assign to users.
- 2. The commands and/or steps required to establish auditing or other security measures.
- 3. The following reports and the commands needed to generate the reports:
  - a. All database users/groups of users
  - b. All created roles and the privileges assigned to each role.
  - c. Description of users who are assigned each role.
  - d. Resource and security profile limits and the users or groups of users assigned each profile.
- 4. Updated project tasks and schedule.
- 5. Present an update on the progress of this project to Travel Experts management/agents.
  - i. Indicate the development and evolution of the requirements to date.
  - ii. Specify how the timeline relates to actual completion of tasks and milestones.
  - iii. Where do we go from here? What does the future hold?
  - iv. Areas of concern that your group anticipates.

Networking
Description:
Students will set up client-server access for their project databases.
A user account (for example: called AGENT with a password of agent28#) will be established on the project database. This account will represent an agent in the Travel Agency. Students should limit the access for this user to SELECT & INSERT only - on their database tables (so you they Insert the students name in a table and verifypossibly).
Students will test their connection within their group. Each group's tnsnames.ora file must allow for connections to 2 other databases. Although this configuration will not be part of the final configuration supplied to the Travel Agency, it will assist in testing.
Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to successfully network a database.
Class Time Guideline:
Class Time Guideline: 1 day
1 day
1 day
1 day Project Binder Additions:
1 day Project Binder Additions:  All commands/scripts and steps for setting up the Travel Database Networking Scenario.
1 day Project Binder Additions:  All commands/scripts and steps for setting up the Travel Database Networking Scenario.  TNSNAMES.ORA file  - File must have address information for 2 databases other than the databases stored locally on the
1 day Project Binder Additions:  All commands/scripts and steps for setting up the Travel Database Networking Scenario.  TNSNAMES.ORA file  — File must have address information for 2 databases other than the databases stored locally on the student's machine.
1 day Project Binder Additions:  All commands/scripts and steps for setting up the Travel Database Networking Scenario.  TNSNAMES.ORA file  - File must have address information for 2 databases other than the databases stored locally on the student's machine.  LISTENER.ORA file

Project Workshop - 6 Topic:

Topic:

Data Warehouse & Data Mining

#### Description:

Students will create summary views or model a data warehouse for the travel agency. Metadata will be established for the data warehouse or summary views. Sample reports from the summary views or data warehouse will be generated. These reports will support marketing decision making in the travel agency

The students will generate marketing-related questions that might be answered through data mining activities. Recommendations concerning additional data the agency should collect will be made.

Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to design and implement a data warehouse and complete simple data mining operations.

#### Class Time Guideline:

1-2 days

\* students may be given time to work on this workshop during the scheduled data mining class time.

- 1. Recommended data warehouse model or scripts creating summary views
- 2. Metadata where required
- 3. Sample reports in support of marketing decision making
- 4. Marketing-related questions that might be answered through data mining activities.
- 5. Recommendations for future data collection
- 6. Updated project tasks and schedule.

Topic:
Backup and Recovery Strategies
Description:
Students will design an appropriate backup plan for Travel Experts Travel Agency. Students must consider the use of the Recovery Manager for the Agency (Project Day #2).
Students should also recommend, implement and test an appropriate backup plan for the working copy of their Travel Experts databases in the classroom. "Someone" could lose the whole or portion of their database at any time if you get the hint??
The importance of regular backups of the Project Workshop database cannot be stressed enough. The loss of the project database may result in the inability of a student to complete the Project.
Students are encouraged to use the Recovery Manager for their test database backups.
Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to design and implement an appropriate backup plan.
Class Time Guideline: 2 days
Project Binder Additions:
<ol> <li>Description of a comprehensive backup plan/strategy for the travel agency.</li> <li>Updated project tasks and schedule.</li> </ol>

Topic:

Database testing, script building and reports

#### Description:

Students will generate a set of scripts intended to test their database structural design using the attached information. A sample invoice as well as other required reports identified in the Requirements document will be produced. The database ERD may be revised as necessary.

Students must generate their invoice, reports and data entry scripts using SQL\*Plus, SQL and PL/SQL. No other products such as Oracle Forms and Reports or programming languages such as Visual Basic will be allowed.

Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to develop the reports and scripts included in this workshop.

#### Class Time Guideline:

1 day

- 1. Sample invoice/itinerary similar to the examples provided by the Agency. Include the scripts used to generate these documents.
- 2. Different sample commission reports showing amount of commission earned with its due date; outstanding commissions; commissions paid... with scripts used to generate these reports.
- 3. One or more scripts that prompt for the entry of a new customer and transaction details. Include a sample of a new customer being added to the system.
- 4. Updated project tasks and schedule.

Project	Workshop -	10
---------	------------	----

Topic:

Performance & Tuning

### Description:

The students will make recommendations for optimal performance of their Travel database to the management of Travel Experts through inclusion in their Proposals. This will be submitted on the final day of the program. A separate document with the Performance & Tuning recommendations only should be included in your binder as well.

Students should modify their Project Schedule to reflect the time and resources they feel are needed to determine how performance may be optimized.

Class Time Guideline:

1 day

- 1. Recommendations for optimal performance
- 2. Updated project tasks and schedule.

Topic:

Database System Analysis and Proposal Writing.

### Description:

Students will evaluate the most appropriate database system and operating system for their database. A proposal document outlining the complete project for the Travel Agency will be started.

A complete description of the required proposal document will be handed out to the students. Please review this document carefully as your proposal is worth approximately 20% of your project workshop assignment marks.

### Class Time Guideline:

4 days

- 1. Report on best software/hardware solution for the travel agency with details on reasons for selecting/rejecting these components.
- 2. Proposal outlining details of project.

Topic:

Web integration – using Application Express (ApEx)

#### Description:

Students will consider the integration of their database with the web. A survey of travel-related websites is encouraged. Students will include their recommendations in their future project proposal.

To demonstrate how web technology can be used to provide access to the travel database, students will design and construct a web-based front-end to enhance the presentation and appearance of their database during their future Final Presentations. While the final presentation should have more features, the current assignment for this workshop will focus on some basic features (the framework or building blocks) as described below.

#### Class Time Guideline:

1 day Class time – Due: 1 week.

#### **Project Binder Additions:**

- 1. A discussion of how integration with the web would benefit or not benefit the agency.
- 2. Applicable, Hard-copy versions of sample websites.
- 3. Hard-copy of the sample web-pages that you have built during this workshop.

#### Deliverables:

- 1. Build a web page that will be the public entry page for your travel website. There should be some information about the agency, a list of links to other pages in your website, and any other features that you would like to include that will make your site comparable with other travel agencies. Your site should include:
- 2. a "Contact Us" page that has information about how to phone, email, or go to the agency
- 3. a vacation package page that will list from the database the details of all vacation packages available (expired packages should not appear, customers should be able to choose packages by date range).
- 4. a "Customer Entry" page that will be used only by the agent to enter customer data into the database when a customer places an order. (Include appropriate validation checks of the data).

Topic:

Oracle Hot Backup Shell Script and a datapump backup script

Description: hot backup 80%

Students will create an Oracle Hot Backup Shell script called *orahot.sh*. Participants must create a shell script that will accomplish the following:

Accept an instance name as the first parameter.

Use a variable to set a directory name for the destination location for the backup files.

Validate parameters and variables where applicable

Ensure database is running and is in ARCHIVELOG mode.

Back up all required database files using BEGIN TABLESPACE BACKUP and END TABLESPACE BACKUP commands.

Back up all required archived log files.

Back up the control file (both binary and logical).

Generate a runtime output log of all messages generated by the script execution.

Display start time of script

Display details of all files backed up

Display completion time of script

Generate a recovery script called *orahot\_recovery\_<instance\_name>.sh* 

Has commands to restore backup up files to their original locations

This script must be GENERATED by each run of the orahot.sh script.

Handle all necessary error conditions.

Description: Datapump 20%

Students will create an Oracle Datapump called *oradp.sh*. Participants must create a shell script that will accomplish the following:

Accept an instance name as the first parameter.

Use a variable to set a directory name for the destination location for the backup files.

Validate parameters and variables where applicable

Compresses the datapump backup on completion

# **Appendix B – Database Creation Steps**

### Creating new instance

- 1. In the Pfile (init[dbname]12c.ora) of the new database that you wish to create, be sure to specify password to be exclusive, and the instance name to be the new instance you wish to create.
- 2. Open up Command Prompt as the Administrator.
- 3. Change directory to the main drive. (Ex. cd C:\)
- 4. Set oracle\_sid=[instance\_name]
- 5. Run oradim: oradim -new -sid [instance\_name] -syspwd [NewPassword]
  - NewPassword = This password should be at least 8 characters (max 128) and include lower & upper
    case letters, numbers and a special character some special characters may require double quotes ("")
    to encapsulate it
- 6. Verify & Confirm
  - Open Services and check for OracleService[InstanceName]
  - Check password file location (ex. C:\?\database\PWD[InstanceName].ora)
- 7. Using the same Command Prompt you set the oracle\_sid for (or repeat steps 2-3 in a new command prompt), run sqlplus /nolog
- 8. Connect to an idle instance (ex. conn sys as sysdba)
- 9. Verify & Confirm Instance (using v\$instance)

#### Creating new database

- 1. Prep the OS Create format disks, create folders, etc.
- 2. Create a pfile (init[dbname]12c.ora), specifying the parameters needed.
- 3. Prepare an SQL file or two, one for database, one for tablespaces creation, using parameters needed
- 4. Connect using the proper instance, as sysdba
- 5. Verify & Confirm Instance (using v\$instance)
- 6. Start up the new database in nomount (ex. startup nomount pfile = '[pfile location \initTEA12c.ora]'
- 7. Run the create database script (Ex. SQL> c:\[filepath]\createDB.sql)
- 8. Run the create tablespace script if separate.
- 9. Verify the newly created database

### Running CATALOG & CATPROC

### DO NOT SPOOL THE CATALOG AND CATPROC FILES

- 1. Sql>connect sys as sysdba
- 2. Verify(using dba\_registry)
- 3. Set termout, spool and echo off
- 4. Sql>@?\rdbms\admin\catalog.sql
  - ? Refers to oracle home directory.
- 5. Sql> @?\rdbms\admin\catproc.sql
- 6. Verify after running catproc (using dba\_registry)
- 7. Since some of the results are Invalid we have to change the INVALID status to Valid status
  - $\bullet \hspace{1cm} Sql{>} @ ?\\ rdbms\\ admin\\ utlrp.sql$

## Running Pupbld

- Connect as system, NOT SYS
- 2. Verify &Confirm (using the lack of product\_privs)
- 3. sql> @?\sqlplus\admin\pupbld.sql
- 4. Verify &Confirm (using product\_privs)

### Create a new spfile for backup

- 1. Connect to sys as sysdba
- 2. Run Create spfile='[file\_location\spfileTEA.ora]' from pfile='[pfile\_location\initTEA.ora]';
- 3. Verify & Confirm
  - Check the folder Sp

# **Appendix C – TEA Table instance Charts**

TABLE NAME: Affiliation

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
AFFILIATIONCOD	PK	NN/UNIQU			CHAR	10	ACTA	ACTANE	NEW
E		E						$\mathbf{W}$	
DESCRIPTION					VARCHAR	100	Associatio		
					2		n of		
							Canadian		
							Travel		
							Agents		

## TABLE NAME: Supplier

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Typ	e	Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
	e								
SUPPLIERNO	PK	NN/UNIQU			INT		12	30	37
		E							
SUPPLIERNAME					VARCHAR	100	21st	Disney	Aer
					2		Century	cruise	Lingus
							Travel	Line	
AFFILIATIONCOD	FK		Affiliatio	AFFILIATIONCOD	VARCHAR	10	ACTA	PGY	ACTA
Е			n	E	2				
REPRESENTS	FK		Supplier	SUPPLIERNO	INT				12

## TABLE NAME: SupplierDetail

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uni	FK	FK Ref.	Data Type	Max.	Sample Data 1	Sample Data 2	Sample Data 3
	Type	que	Ref	Col.		Leng			
			Table			th			
SUPPLIERNO	PK/F	NN	Suppli	SUPPLIER	INT		12	30	37
	K		er	NO					
OFFICENO	PK	NN			NUMBER	3	1	1	1
CONTACTN		NN			VARCHA	50	Sean Russell	Linda Caldes	Franca Iuele
AME					R2				
ADDRESS		NN			VARCHA	100	Suite 620 220	Suite 1908 777	Suite 400 160
					R2		Duncan Mill Rd	BaySt	Bloor St E
EMAIL					VARCHA	50	Email51@email.	Email230@email	Email12312@email
					R2		<u>com</u>	<u>.com</u>	<u>.com</u>
PHONE					VARCHA	15	4164410166	4165993340	4169671510
					R2				
FAX					VARCHA	20	4164411241	4165993405	4169677154
					R2				
ZIP_POSTAL		NN			VARCHA	10	M3B 3J5	34747-4	M5W 1B9
					R2				
CITYCODE		NN	City	CITYCOD	INT		1	2	1
				Е					

## TABLE NAME: TaxType

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
TAXTYPE	PK	NN/UNIQUE			NUMBER	3	1	2	3
TAXDESC		NN			VARCHAR2	100	GST	GST +	GST +
								PST	PST +
									Environ.
									Tax

## TABLE NAME: Product

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
PROUCTCATN	PK/F	NN	ProductCa	PRODUCTCATN	NUMBE	3	100	600	300
О	K		t	O	R				
SUPPLIERNO	PK/F	NN	Supplier	SUPPLIERNO	INT		12	30	37
	K								
TAXRATE		NN			NUMBE	(3,2)	0.15	0.12	0.25
					R				
TAXTYPE	FK	NN	TaxType	TAXTYPE	NUMBE	3	1	2	3
					R				
PRICE		NN			NUMBE	(12,2)	90050.98	1358.12	54813.01
					R				

## TABLE NAME: ProductCat

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
PRODUCTCATNO	PK	NN/UNIQU			NUMBER	3	150	300	200
		Е							
PRODUCTCATEGOR		NN			VARCHAR	100	Airline	Cruise	Attraction
Y					2			Lines	S

## TABLE NAME: Destination

Column Na	me Ke	ey	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample Data	Sample
	Ty	/pe	e	Table			Length	Data 1	2	Data 3
DESTINATION	NCOD PI	K	NN/UNIQU			VARCHAR	5	ASIA	MED	AFR
Е			E			2				
DESTINDE	SC		NN			VARCHAR	100	Asia	Mediterranea	Africa
						2			n	

## TABLE NAME: Class

Column Name	e Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
CLASSCODE	E PK	NN/UNIQUE			VARCHAR2	5	FS	BSN	ECN
CLASSDESC	7	NN			VARCHAR2	100	FIRST	BUSINESS	ECONOMY
							CLASS		

## TABLE NAME: TripProduct

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniq	FK Ref Table	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sampl	Sample	Sample
	Typ	ue				Length	e Data	Data 2	Data 3
	e						1		
LISTNO	PK	NN/UNIQ			INT		1	2	3
		UE							
ITINERARYNUM	FK	NN	Trip	ITINERARYNUM	INT		1000	136	160
SUPPLIERNO	FK	NN	Supplier	SUPPLIERNO	INT		6346	842	3549
PRODUCTCATNO	FK	NN	ProductCat	PRODUCTCATNO	NUMBER	3	501	250	150
COMMISSIONAMOU		NN			NUMBER	(10,2)	130.11	200.11	12312.1
NT									2

STARTDATE		NN			DATE		05-	01-SEP-	12-
							MAY-	18	FEB-19
							18		
ENDDATE		NN			DATE		01-	15-SEP-	22-
							JUN-	18	FEB-19
							18		
BOOKINGNUM		NN			VARCHA	15	56565	SGFHG7	GHKE2
					R2		T	8	3
DESTINATIONCODE	FK		Destination	DESTINATIONCO	VARCHA	5	EU	EU	AFR
				DE	R2				
CLASSCODE	FK		Class	CLASSCODE	VARCHA	5			DLX
					R2				
DESCRIPTIONNO	FK	NN	Description	DESCRIPTIONNO	INT		1	2	3
COMMISSIONNO	FK	NN	CommissionTy	COMMISSIONNO	NUMBER	2	1	2	1
			pe						
EMPID	FK	NN	Employee	EMPID	INT		1	2	3
DUEDATE		NN			DATE		31-	17-	23-
							JUL-	NOV-18	APR-19
							18		

# TABLE NAME: CommissionType

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
COMMISSIONNO	PK	NN/UNIQU			NUMBER	2	1	2	3
		E							
COMMISSIONTYP		NN			VARCHAR	25	PAID	OVERDU	INVALID
E					2			Е	

TABLE NAME: TripTraveler

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
ITINERARYNU	PK/F	NN	Trip	ITINERARYNU	INT		1000	136	160
M	K			M					
TRAVELERNAM	PK	NN			VARCHAR	50	ALEX	TYLER	AZIZ
Е					2				

# TABLE NAME: Trip

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
ITINERARYNUM	PK	NN/UNIQU			INT		1000	136	160
		E							
TRIPTYPECODE	FK	NN	TripType	TRIPTYPECOD	CHAR	2	В	L	G
				E					
FEECODE	FK	NN	FeeType	FEECODE	CHAR	3	BK	CH	RF
SALEDATE		NN			DATE		01-JAN-	02-FEB-	01-JAN-
							18	18	19
STARTDATE		NN			DATE		01-MAY-	01-SEP-	02-FEB-
							18	18	19
ENDDATE		NN			DATE		01-JUN-	01-OCT-	03-MAR-
							18	18	19
TRIPDESTINATIO	FK		City	CITYCODE	INT		1	4	2
N									
TRAVELERS		NN			NUMBE	3	4	2	1
					R				
CUSTOMERID	FK	NN	Custome	CUSTOMERID	INT	_	123	21	11
			r						

## TABLE NAME: Description

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
DESCRIPTIONN	PK	NN/UNIQU			INT		1	2	3
О		E							
DESCRIPTION		NN			VARCHAR	100	All-Inc.	Safari	Yacht
					2		European	Tour	Rental
							Tour		

# TABLE NAME: TripType

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
TRIPTYPECODE	PK	NN/UNIQU			CHAR	2	В	L	G
		E							
DESCRIPTION		NN/UNIQU			VARCHAR	50	BUSINES	LEISURE	GROUP
		Е			2		S		BOOKIN
									G

## TABLE NAME: PaymentType

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table				Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
PAYMENTTYPE	PK	NN/UNIQU			NUMBER	2	1	2	3
		E							
DESCRIPTION		NN/UNIQU			VARCHAR	50	DEPOSIT	FULL	FINAL
		Е			2				PAYMEN
									T

# TABLE NAME: FeeType

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
FEECODE	PK	NN/UNIQUE			CHAR	3	RF	BK	СН
DESCRIPTION		NN/UNIQUE			VARCHAR2	50	Refund	Booking	Change
								Charge	
FEEAMOUNT		NN			NUMBER	(5,2)	25	25	15

# TABLE NAME: Employee

Column	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK	FK	Data Type	Max.	Sample Data 1	Sample Data 2	Sample Data 3
Name	Typ		Ref	Ref.		Length			
	e		Table	Col.					
EMPID	PK	NN/UNIQU			INT		1	2	3
		E							
FIRSTNAM		NN			VARCHAR	15	Sally	Bandhavi	Abdul
E					2				
LASTNAME		NN			VARCHAR	20	Blue	Red	Green
					2				
HIREDATE		NN			DATE		01-SEP-19	02-SEP-19	03-SEP-19
PHONE					VARCHAR	15	4032121245	4038748456	4038228555
					2				
EMAIL					VARCHAR	50	aemail@email.co	Email2@email.co	Email3@email.co
					2		<u>m</u>	<u>m</u>	m

# TABLE NAME: Invoice

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table		Type	Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
INVOICENUM	PK	NN			INT		1	2	3
PAYMENTTYPE	FK	NN	PaymentTyp	PAYMENTTYPE	NUMBE	2	1	1	2
			e		R				

ITINERARYNU	PK/F	NN	Trip	ITINERARYNU	INT		441	123	412
M	K			M					
BILLINGDATE		NN			DATE		15-APR-18	02-	15-JAN-
								AUG-18	19
BILLAMOUNT		NN			NUMBE	(12,2)	500.25	1250.15	15500.99
					R				
REMAINDER		NN			NUMBE	(12,2)	1500	500	0
					R				

# TABLE NAME: Customer

Column Name	Key Typ e	Nulls/Uniqu e	FK Ref Table	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max. Length	Sample Data 1	Sample Data 2	Sample Data 3
CUSTOMERI D	PK	NN/UNIQU E			INT		123	21	11
EMPID	FK	NN	Employe e	EMPID	INT		7	2	4
FIRSTNAME		NN			VARCHAR 2	15	Ann	Bob	Charlie
LASTNAME		NN			VARCHAR 2	20	Doe	Black	White
HPHONE					VARCHAR 2	15	1231231234	3211231234	1324561324
BPHONE					VARCHAR 2	15	6549874564	6547894654	1234567897
ADDRESS		NN			VARCHAR 2	100	101 SOMEWHER E ST SE	10 OTHERPLAC E CIR NW	123 SOMEPLAC E ST NE

ZIP_POSTAL	NN			VARCHAR 2	10	T2F 42D	T2X 3I1	T2A 4E2
CITYCODE	NN	City	CITYCOD E	INT		1	2	1

# $TABLE\ NAME:\ Optional Cust Detail$

Column Name	Key	Nulls/	FK Ref Table	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sampl	Sample Data	Sample
	Type	Unique				Lengt	e Data	2	Data 3
		_				h	1		
CUSTOMERID	PK/F	NN/	Customer	CUSTOMERID	INT		123	21	11
	K	UNIQU							
		E							
BIRTHDATE					DATE		29-	11-NOV-84	12-SEP-70
							MAY-		
							90		
WEDDING					DATE				01-JAN-98
EMAIL					VARCHAR	50		1@email.co	
					2			m	
WHEELCHAIR					CHAR	1	Y		Y

### TABLE NAME: CreditCard

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample Data 1	Sample	Sample Data
	Type		Table			Length		Data 2	3
CARDTYPEN	PK	NN/UNIQU			NUMBER	2	1	2	3
0		E							
DESCRIPTION		NN/UNIQU			VARCHAR	50	MASTERCAR	VISA	AMERICA
		E			2		D		N EXPRESS

TABLE NAME: Location

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref.	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.Lengt	Sample	Sample Data	Sample
	Typ		Table			h	Data 1	2	Data 3
	e								
CITYCODE	PK	NN/UNIQU			INT		1	2	3
		E							
CITYNAME		NN			VARCHAR	20	CALGAR	EDMONTO	VULCA
					2		Y	N	N
STATEPROV	FK				Varchar2	5	AB	AB	AB
COUNTRY	FK	NN			Varchar2	20	Canada	Canada	Canada

# TABLE NAME: CustCredit

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Unique	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type		Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
CUSTOMERID	PK/F	NN/UNIQU			INT		123	21	11
	K	E							
CREDITCARDN		NN			VARCHAR	20	1234 1235	1234 4564	1234 5454
О					2		1345 4561	5554 1235	6565 8484
EXPDATE		NN			DATE		JAN-22	FEB-23	JAN-20
CARDTYPENO	FK	NN	CreditCar	CARDTYPEN	NUMBER	2	1	2	3
			d	O					

### TABLE NAME: CustRewardCard

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample
	Type	e	Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	Data 3
CARDNO	PK	NN			VARCHAR	20	122456123	123123123	12312412
					2		1	1	5
CARDTYPE	PK/F	NN	RewardCar	CARDTYPE	NUMBER	3	1	2	3
	K		d						
CUSTOMERI	FK	NN	Customer	CUSTOMERI	INT		123	21	11
D				D					

#### TABLE NAME: RewardCard

Column Name	Key	Nulls/Uniqu	FK Ref	FK Ref. Col.	Data Type	Max.	Sample	Sample	Sample Data 3
	Type	e	Table			Length	Data 1	Data 2	
CARDTYPE	PK	NN/UNIQU			INT		1	2	3
		E							
DESCRIPTIO		UNIQUE			VARCHAR	50	AIRMIL	WESTJET	SOMEOTHER
N					2		E	REWARD	REWARDS
								S	CARD

# **Appendix D – Travel Agency Database Scripts**

# **Adhoc Table Script**

```
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.cust adhoc CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.cust adhoc
     cust id int
     , first name varchar2(15)
     , last name varchar2(20)
     ,agent varchar2(3)
     ,email varchar2(50)
     , home phone varchar2(15)
     , business phone varchar2(15)
     ,birthdate date
     ,address varchar2(100)
     ,city varchar2(20)
     ,postal varchar2(7)
     ,province varchar2(20)
     , country varchar2 (20)
     TABLESPACE ADHOC;
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
     prod supp int
     ,prod cat int
     , supp off int
     ,prod desc varchar2(100)
     , cont name varchar2(50)
     , company varchar2(100)
     ,address varchar2(50)
     ,address2 varchar2(50)
     ,city varchar2(50)
     ,prov varchar2(50)
     , postal varchar2(10)
     , country varchar2(20)
     , phone varchar2(15)
     , fax varchar2(15)
     ,email varchar2(50)
     ,web varchar2(50)
     ,represents varchar2(50)
     ,affiliation varchar2(10)
     TABLESPACE ADHOC;
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc
      (
```

```
sales date date
     , cust id int
     ,itinerary varchar2(20)
     ,agent varchar2(3)
     ,booking varchar2(20)
     ,prod cat int
     ,supplier_id int
     , supp off int
     ,trip start date
     ,trip end date
     ,class varchar2(10)
     , num travellers int
     , product varchar2 (20)
     , description varchar2 (100)
     , destination varchar2(30)
     ,dest id varchar2(10)
     ,credit card varchar2(20)
     ,expiry date
     , card num varchar2 (20)
     ,bill date date
     ,bill desc varchar2(50)
     ,base price number
     ,tot price number
     ,bill amt number
     ,agency_fee_code varchar2(10)
     ,agency_fee_amt number
     ,agency comm number
     TABLESPACE ADHOC;
insert into donottouch.triptraveller
(select unique(a.itinerary), c.firstname||' '||c.lastname
from donottouch.sale adhoc a join
donottouch.customer c on c.customerid=a.cust id);
Create Table Script
/*
The following was used to create the user to hold all tables...
CREATE USER DONOTTOUCH IDENTIFIED BY oracle
DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata01
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
QUOTA 500m ON userdata01
QUOTA 500m ON userdata02
QUOTA 300m ON indx
QUOTA 300m ON ADHOC
PROFILE dba
ACCOUNT LOCK;
--have to be user donottouch to run this script
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CLASS CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
```

```
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. COMMISSION CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. CREDITCARD CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. DESCRIPTION CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. INVOICE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCT CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. SUPPLIER CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. TRIPTYPE CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH. TRIP CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTRAVELLER CASCADE CONSTRAINTS purge;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.empidcount;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.paymenttypeseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.taxtypeseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.tripprodseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.locationseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.descseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.invoiceseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.tripseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.creditseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.custiddeq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.rewardcardseq;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.rewardcardseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.empidcount
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.taxtypeseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
```

```
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.tripprodseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.paymenttypeseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.locationseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.descseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.invoiceseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.tripseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1135
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.creditseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.custiddeq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 500
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE
     (PAYMENTTYPE NUMBER(2) DEFAULT donottouch.paymenttypeseq.nextval
CONSTRAINT PAYMENTTYPE PK PRIMARY KEY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX PAYMENTTYPE INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE (PAYMENTTYPE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 20K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , PAYMENTDESC VARCHAR2 (50) CONSTRAINT PAYMENTTYPE DESC NN NOT
NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
```

```
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
     (AFFILIATIONCODE VARCHAR2 (10) CONSTRAINT AFFILIATION PK PRIMARY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX AFFILIATION INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION (AFFILIATIONCODE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 20K PCTINCREASE 10))
     ,AFFILIATIONDESC VARCHAR2(100))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION
     (CITYCODE INT DEFAULT donottouch.locationseq.nextval CONSTRAINT
LOCATION PK PRIMARY KEY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX LOCATION INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION (CITYCODE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     ,CITYNAME VARCHAR2 (50) CONSTRAINT LOCATION CITY NN NOT NULL
     ,STATEPROV VARCHAR2 (20)
     , COUNTRYNAME VARCHAR2 (20) CONSTRAINT LOCATION COUNTRY NN NOT
NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER
     (SUPPLIERNO INT
     , COMPANYNAME VARCHAR2 (100)
     ,AFFILIATIONCODE VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT SUPPLIER AFFILIATION FK
REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION(AFFILIATIONCODE)
     ,REP NO INT
     , REPRESENTS VARCHAR2 (100)
     ,OFFICENO NUMBER(3)
     , CONTACTNAME VARCHAR2 (50)
     , ADDRESS VARCHAR2 (100)
     , EMAIL VARCHAR2 (50)
     , PHONE VARCHAR2 (15)
     ,FAX VARCHAR2(15)
     ,WEB VARCHAR2(50)
     ,ZIP POSTAL VARCHAR2 (10)
     ,CITYCODE INT CONSTRAINT SUPPLIER CITY FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION (CITYCODE)
     , CONSTRAINT SUPPLIERDETAIL PK PRIMARY KEY (SUPPLIERNO,
COMPANYNAME)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX SUPPLIER INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER(SUPPLIERNO, COMPANYNAME)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 20K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , CONSTRAINT SUPP REP FK FOREIGN KEY (REPRESENTS, REP NO)
REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER(COMPANYNAME, SUPPLIERNO))
```

CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TAXTYPE (TAXTYPE NUMBER(3) DEFAULT donottouch.taxtypeseq.nextval CONSTRAINT TAXTYPE PK PRIMARY KEY USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX TAXTYPE INDX ON DONOTTOUCH.TAXTYPE (TAXTYPE) TABLESPACE INDX STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)) ,TAXDESC VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT TAXTYPE DESC NN NOT NULL) TABLESPACE USERDATA01 STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10); CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT (PRODUCTCATNO NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT PRODUCTCAT PK PRIMARY KEY USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX PRODUCTCAT INDX ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT (PRODUCTCATNO) TABLESPACE INDX STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)) , PRODUCTCATEGORY VARCHAR2 (100)) TABLESPACE USERDATA01 STORAGE (INITIAL 40K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10); CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION (DESTINATIONCODE VARCHAR2 (5) CONSTRAINT DESTINATION PK PRIMARY USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX DESTINATION INDX ON DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION (DESTINATIONCODE) TABLESPACE INDX STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)) , DESTINDESC VARCHAR2 (100) CONSTRAINT DESTINATION DESC NN NOT NULL) TABLESPACE USERDATA01 STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10); CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CLASS (CLASSCODE VARCHAR2 (5) CONSTRAINT CLASS PK PRIMARY KEY USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX CLASS INDX ON DONOTTOUCH.CLASS (CLASSCODE) TABLESPACE INDX STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)) , CLASSDESC VARCHAR2 (100) CONSTRAINT CLASS DESC NN NOT NULL) TABLESPACE USERDATA01 STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10); CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE (COMMISSIONNO NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT COMMISSIONTYPE PK PRIMARY KEY USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX COMMISSIONTYPE INDX ON DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE (COMMISSIONNO)

TABLESPACE USERDATA01

TABLESPACE INDX

STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);

```
STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , COMMISSIONTYPE VARCHAR2 (25) CONSTRAINT COMMISSIONTYPE DESC NN
NOT NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.DESCRIPTION
     (DESCRIPTIONNO INT DEFAULT donottouch.descseq.nextval CONSTRAINT
DESCRIPTION PK PRIMARY KEY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX DESCRIPTION INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.DESCRIPTION(DESCRIPTIONNO)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , DESCRIPTION VARCHAR2 (100) CONSTRAINT DESCRIPTION NN NOT NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE
     (TRIPTYPECODE CHAR(2) CONSTRAINT TRIPTYPE PK PRIMARY KEY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX TRIPTYPE INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE (TRIPTYPECODE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     ,TRIPDESC VARCHAR2(50) CONSTRAINT TRIPTYPE DESC_NN NOT NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE
     (EMPID INT DEFAULT donottouch.empidcount.nextval CONSTRAINT
EMPLOYEE ID PK PRIMARY KEY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX EMPLOYEE INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE (EMPID)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , FIRSTNAME VARCHAR2 (15) CONSTRAINT EMPLOYEE FNAME NN NOT NULL
     ,LASTNAME VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT EMPLOYEE LNAME NN NOT NULL
     , HIREDATE DATE DEFAULT sysdate CONSTRAINT EMPLOYEE HIRE NN NOT
NULL
     , PHONE VARCHAR2 (15)
     , EMAIL VARCHAR2 (50))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
     (FEECODE CHAR(3) CONSTRAINT FEECODE PK PRIMARY KEY
          USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX FEECODE INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE (FEECODE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
```

```
STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , FEETYPEDESC VARCHAR2 (50) CONSTRAINT FEETYPE DESC NN NOT NULL
     ,FEEAMOUNT NUMBER (5,2))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER
     (CUSTOMERID INT DEFAULT custiddeg.nextval CONSTRAINT CUSTOMER PK
          USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX CUSTOMER INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER(CUSTOMERID)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     , EMPID INT CONSTRAINT CUST EMP FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE (EMPID)
     , FIRSTNAME VARCHAR2 (15) CONSTRAINT CUSTOMER FNAME NN NOT NULL
     ,LASTNAME VARCHAR2(20) CONSTRAINT CUSTOMER LNAME NN NOT NULL
     , HPHONE VARCHAR2 (15)
     ,BPHONE VARCHAR2(15)
     ,ADDRESS VARCHAR2(100) CONSTRAINT CUST ADDRESS NN NOT NULL
     ,CITYCODE INT CONSTRAINT CUST CITY FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION (CITYCODE)
     ,ZIP POSTAL VARCHAR2(10) CONSTRAINT CUST ZIP NN NOT NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD
      (CARDTYPE NUMBER(3) DEFAULT rewardcardseq.nextval CONSTRAINT
REWARDCARD PK PRIMARY KEY
          USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX REWARDCARD INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (CARDTYPE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     ,REWARDCARDDESC VARCHAR2 (50) CONSTRAINT REWARDCARD DESC NN NOT
NULL)
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD
     (CARDNO VARCHAR2 (20)
     ,CARDTYPE NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT CUSTREWARD TYPE FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (CARDTYPE)
     ,CUSTOMERID INT CONSTRAINT CUSTREWARD CUST FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER (CUSTOMERID)
     , CONSTRAINT CUSTREWARDCARD PK PRIMARY KEY (CARDNO, CARDTYPE)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX CUSTREWARDCARD INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD(CARDNO, CARDTYPE)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
```

```
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CREDITCARD
     (CARDTYPENO NUMBER(2) DEFAULT donottouch.creditseq.nextval
CONSTRAINT CREDITCARD PK PRIMARY KEY
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX CREDITCARD INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.CREDITCARD(CARDTYPENO)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))
     ,CREDITDESC VARCHAR2(50) CONSTRAINT CREDITCARD DESC NN NOT NULL )
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT
     (CUSTOMERID INT CONSTRAINT CUSTCREDIT ID FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER (CUSTOMERID)
     , CREDITCARDNO VARCHAR2 (20)
     ,EXPDATE DATE
     ,CARDTYPENO NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT CUSTCREDIT TYPE FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.CREDITCARD (CARDTYPENO)
     , CONSTRAINT CUSTCREDIT PK PRIMARY KEY (CUSTOMERID, CREDITCARDNO)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX CUSTCREDIT INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT(CUSTOMERID, CREDITCARDNO)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TRIP
     (ITINERARYNUM INT DEFAULT donottouch.tripseq.nextval
     ,TRIPTYPECODE CHAR(2) CONSTRAINT TRIP TYPE FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE (TRIPTYPECODE)
     , CUSTOMERID INT CONSTRAINT TRIP CUST FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER (CUSTOMERID)
     ,STARTDATE DATE
     , ENDDATE DATE
     ,TRAVELLERS NUMBER(3)
     , CONSTRAINT TRIP PK PRIMARY KEY (itinerarynum)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX TRIP INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.TRIP (ITINERARYNUM)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.INVOICE
     (INVOICENO INT DEFAULT donottouch.invoiceseq.nextval
     ,ITINERARYNUM INT CONSTRAINT INVOICE ITINERARY FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.TRIP (ITINERARYNUM)
```

```
, PAYMENTTYPE NUMBER (2) CONSTRAINT INVOICE PAYMENT FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE (PAYMENTTYPE)
     ,BILLINGDATE DATE CONSTRAINT INVOICE DATE NN NOT NULL
     ,BILLAMOUNT NUMBER (12,2)
     , REMAINDER NUMBER (12,2)
     ,SALEDATE DATE DEFAULT sysdate CONSTRAINT TRIP SALE NN NOT NULL
     , FEECODE CHAR (3) CONSTRAINT TRIP FEECODE FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE (FEECODE)
     , CREDITCARD VARCHAR2 (20)
     , CUSTID NUMBER
     , CONSTRAINT INVOICE CUST FK FOREIGN KEY (CREDITCARD, CUSTID)
REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT(CREDITCARDNO, CUSTOMERID)
     , CONSTRAINT INVOICE PK PRIMARY KEY (INVOICENO, ITINERARYNUM)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX INVOICE INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.INVOICE (INVOICENO, ITINERARYNUM)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTRAVELLER
     (ITINERARYNUM INT CONSTRAINT TRIPTRAVELLER ITINERARY FK
REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.TRIP(ITINERARYNUM)
     ,TRAVELLERNAME VARCHAR2 (50)
     , CONSTRAINT TRIPTRAVELLER PK PRIMARY KEY (ITINERARYNUM,
TRAVELLERNAME)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX TRIPTRAVELLER INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTRAVELLER(ITINERARYNUM, TRAVELLERNAME)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCT
     (PRODUCTCATNO NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT PRODUCT PRODCATNO FK
REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT (PRODUCTCATNO)
     ,SUPPLIERNO INT
     , company varchar2 (100)
     ,TAXTYPE NUMBER(3) CONSTRAINT PRODUCT TAXTYPE FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.TAXTYPE (TAXTYPE)
     ,TAXRATE NUMBER(3,2)
     , PRICE NUMBER
     , CONSTRAINT product fk foreign key (supplierno, company)
references DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER(supplierno, companyname)
     , CONSTRAINT PRODUCT PK PRIMARY KEY (PRODUCTCATNO, SUPPLIERNO,
     USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX PRODUCT INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCT (PRODUCTCATNO, SUPPLIERNO, company)
     TABLESPACE INDX
     STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 20K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
```

#### STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);

CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT (LISTNO INT DEFAULT donottouch.tripprodseq.nextval CONSTRAINT TRIPPRODUCT PK PRIMARY KEY USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX TRIPPRODUCT INDX ON DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT(LISTNO) TABLESPACE INDX STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)) ,ITINERARYNUM INT CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD ITINERARY FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.TRIP(ITINERARYNUM) ,SUPPLIERNO INT , company varchar2 (100) , PRODUCTCATNO NUMBER (3) CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD PRODCAT FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT (PRODUCTCATNO) ,STARTDATE DATE CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD START NN NOT NULL ,ENDDATE DATE CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD\_END\_NN NOT NULL , BOOKINGNUM VARCHAR2 (15) CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD BOOKING NN NOT NULL , DESTINATIONCODE VARCHAR2 (5) CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD DEST FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION(DESTINATIONCODE) ,CLASSCODE VARCHAR2 (5) CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD CLASS FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.CLASS(CLASSCODE) , DESCRIPTIONNO INT CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD DESC FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.DESCRIPTION(DESCRIPTIONNO) ,TRIPDESTINATION varchar2(50) , CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD SUPPLIER FK FOREIGN KEY (supplierno, company) REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER(SUPPLIERNO, companyname) , CONSTRAINT TRIPPROD STARTDATE CK CHECK (STARTDATE <= ENDDATE)) TABLESPACE USERDATA01 STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10); CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSION (LISTNO INT ,COMMISSIONNO NUMBER(2) CONSTRAINT COMMISSION TYPE FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE (COMMISSIONNO) , COMMISSIONAMOUNT NUMBER(10,2) CONSTRAINT COMMISSION AMOUNT NN NOT NULL ,EMPID INT CONSTRAINT COMM EMP FK REFERENCES DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE (EMPID) , CONSTRAINT COMMISSION PK FK FOREIGN KEY (LISTNO) REFERENCES TRIPPRODUCT (LISTNO) , CONSTRAINT COMMISSION PK PRIMARY KEY (LISTNO, EMPID) USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX COMMISSION INDX ON DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSION(LISTNO, EMPID) TABLESPACE INDX STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10))) TABLESPACE USERDATA01 STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);

CREATE TABLE DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL

```
(CUSTOMERID INT CONSTRAINT CUSTDETAIL FK REFERENCES
DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER (CUSTOMERID)
     ,BIRTHDATE DATE
     , WEDDING DATE
     ,EMAIL VARCHAR2 (50)
     ,WHEELCHAIR CHAR(1) default 'N'
     , CONSTRAINT OPTCUSTDET PK PRIMARY KEY (CUSTOMERID)
           USING INDEX (CREATE INDEX OPTCUSTDET INDX ON
DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL (CUSTOMERID)
           TABLESPACE INDX
           STORAGE (INITIAL 20K NEXT 10K PCTINCREASE 10)))
     TABLESPACE USERDATA01
     STORAGE (INITIAL 50K NEXT 5K PCTINCREASE 10);
Create Users & Profiles Script
DROP PROFILE jr agent CASCADE;
DROP PROFILE int agent CASCADE;
DROP PROFILE sr agent CASCADE;
DROP PROFILE manager CASCADE;
DROP PROFILE dba CASCADE;
DROP PROFILE owner CASCADE;
ALTER PROFILE DEFAULT LIMIT
     CONNECT TIME 480
     IDLE TIME 5
     FAILED LOGIN ATTEMPTS 5
     PASSWORD LIFE TIME 90
     PASSWORD LOCK TIME 1/24
CREATE PROFILE jr agent LIMIT
     SESSIONS PER USER 2
     IDLE TIME 10
     CPU PER SESSION 3000
     CPU PER CALL 3000
CREATE PROFILE int agent LIMIT
     SESSIONS PER USER 2
     IDLE TIME 10
     CPU PER SESSION 3000
     CPU PER CALL 300
CREATE PROFILE sr agent LIMIT
     SESSIONS PER USER 2
     CPU PER SESSION 3000
     CPU PER CALL 6000
     IDLE TIME 15
CREATE PROFILE manager LIMIT
```

```
SESSIONS PER USER 3
     IDLE TIME 10
     CPU PER SESSION 3000
     CPU PER CALL 6000
CREATE PROFILE dba LIMIT
     SESSIONS PER USER 5
     IDLE TIME UNLIMITED
     CPU PER SESSION 3000
     CPU PER CALL 6000
     PASSWORD LOCK TIME 1/48
CREATE PROFILE owner LIMIT
     SESSIONS PER USER 2
     IDLE TIME 15
     CPU PER SESSION 3000
     CPU PER CALL 3000
     PASSWORD LIFE TIME 200
     PASSWORD LOCK TIME 1/48
--clean up users
DROP USER DONOTTOUCH CASCADE;
DROP USER THEDBA CASCADE;
DROP USER OWNER CASCADE;
DROP USER SR AGENT CASCADE;
DROP USER INT AGENT CASCADE;
DROP USER JR AGENT CASCADE;
DROP USER SUPPORT CASCADE;
DROP USER COM SPECIAL CASCADE;
DROP USER MANAGER CASCADE;
--create users
CREATE USER DONOTTOUCH IDENTIFIED BY oracle
DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata01
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
QUOTA 500m ON userdata01
QUOTA 500m ON userdata02
QUOTA 300m ON indx
QUOTA 300m ON ADHOC
PROFILE dba
ACCOUNT LOCK;
CREATE USER THEDBA IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle"
DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata01
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
QUOTA 100m ON ADHOC
PROFILE dba;
```

CREATE USER OWNER IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle"

DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02 TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01 PROFILE owner PASSWORD EXPIRE;

CREATE USER SR\_AGENT IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle" DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
PROFILE sr\_agent
PASSWORD EXPIRE;

CREATE USER INT\_AGENT IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle"
DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
PROFILE int\_agent
PASSWORD EXPIRE;

CREATE USER JR\_AGENT IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle" DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02 TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01 PROFILE jr\_agent PASSWORD EXPIRE;

CREATE USER SUPPORT IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle"
DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
PROFILE int\_agent
PASSWORD EXPIRE;

CREATE USER MANAGER IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle" DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02 TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01 PROFILE manager PASSWORD EXPIRE;

CREATE USER COM\_SPECIAL IDENTIFIED BY "Oracle" DEFAULT TABLESPACE userdata02
TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
PROFILE manager
PASSWORD EXPIRE;

GRANT CREATE SESSION, CREATE TABLE, CREATE SEQUENCE TO DONOTTOUCH;

#### **Create Role Script**

CONN SYS/Elcarol! as sysdba;
DROP VIEW DONOTTOUCH.EMP VIEW CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

CREATE VIEW DONOTTOUCH.EMP\_VIEW AS

SELECT EMPID, LASTNAME||', '||FIRSTNAME as NAME, PHONE, EMAIL
FROM DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE
WITH READ ONLY;

```
DROP ROLE TEADBA R;
DROP ROLE JR AGENT R;
DROP ROLE INT AGENT R;
DROP ROLE SR AGENT R;
DROP ROLE MANAGER R;
DROP ROLE COM SPECIAL R;
DROP ROLE OWNER R;
DROP ROLE SUPPORT R;
CREATE ROLE TEADBA R;
CREATE ROLE JR AGENT R;
CREATE ROLE INT AGENT R;
CREATE ROLE SR AGENT R;
CREATE ROLE MANAGER R;
CREATE ROLE COM SPECIAL R;
CREATE ROLE OWNER R;
CREATE ROLE SUPPORT R;
--DBA
GRANT CREATE SESSION, DBA TO TEADBA R;
GRANT SYSDBA TO THEDBA;
GRANT TEADBA R TO THEDBA;
--OWNER
GRANT CREATE SESSION TO OWNER R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CLASS TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. COMMISSION TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. COMMISSIONTYPE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. CREDITCARD TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. DESTINATION TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. DESCRIPTION TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. FEETYPE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. INVOICE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. PAYMENTTYPE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCT TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. REWARDCARD TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. SUPPLIER TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. TRIPPRODUCT TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. TRIPTYPE TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. TRIP TO OWNER;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. TRIPTRAVELLER TO OWNER;
```

```
--SUPPORT STAFF
GRANT CREATE SESSION TO SUPPORT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER TO SUPPORT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL TO SUPPORT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD TO SUPPORT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. EMP VIEW TO SUPPORT R;
--JR AGENT
GRANT SUPPORT R TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. SUPPLIER TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCT TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH. TRIPPRODUCT TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. DESCRIPTION TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH.TRIP TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTRAVELLER TO
JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. FEETYPE TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. REWARDCARD TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. DESTINATION TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CLASS TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH. COMMISSION TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. COMMISSIONTYPE TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT INSERT, UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT INSERT, UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL TO JR AGENT R;
GRANT INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT TO JR AGENT R;
--INT AGENT, assuming agents that become intermediates will be the
ones to start generating invoices.
GRANT JR AGENT R TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH. REWARDCARD TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. CREDITCARD TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH.INVOICE TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT SELECT ON DONOTTOUCH. PAYMENTTYPE TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.TRIP TO INT AGENT R;
GRANT INSERT ON DONOTTOUCH. DESCRIPTION TO INT AGENT R;
```

```
--SR AGENT
GRANT INT AGENT R TO SR AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH. INVOICE TO SR AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT TO SR AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER TO SR AGENT R;
GRANT UPDATE ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCT TO SR AGENT R;
-- COMMISSION SPECIALIST
GRANT SR AGENT R TO COM SPECIAL R;
GRANT SELECT, UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSION TO
COM SPECIAL R;
--MANAGER
GRANT SR AGENT R TO MANAGER R;
GRANT COM SPECIAL R TO MANAGER R;
GRANT SELECT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE TO
MANAGER R;
GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER TO MANAGER R;
GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE TO MANAGER R;
GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCT TO MANAGER R;
GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION TO MANAGER R;
GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSION TO MANAGER_R; GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION TO MANAGER_R;
GRANT UPDATE, INSERT, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCT TO MANAGER R;
--Granting everyone their roles....
GRANT OWNER R TO OWNER;
GRANT SR AGENT R TO SR AGENT;
GRANT INT AGENT R TO INT AGENT;
GRANT JR AGENT R TO JR AGENT;
GRANT SUPPORT R TO SUPPORT;
GRANT MANAGER R TO MANAGER;
GRANT COM SPECIAL R TO COM SPECIAL;
COL USERNAME FOR A20
COL STATUS FOR A20
COL 'DEFAULT TS' FOR A15
COL 'TMP TS' FOR A8
COL 'LAST LOG' FOR A12
col profile for a15
SET LINESIZE 100
SET PAGESIZE 50
TTITLE 'Users'
SELECT USERNAME, ACCOUNT STATUS STATUS,
DEFAULT TABLESPACE "DEFAULT TS", TEMPORARY TABLESPACE "TMP TS",
to char(LAST LOGIN, 'MON DD, YYYY') "LAST LOG", profile
```

```
FROM DBA USERS
ORDER BY 2 , 1;
TTITLE 'PRIVILEGES'
col grantee for a15
col owner for a10
col table name for al5 heading "Table" word wrapped
col privilege for a15
select grantee, owner, table name, privilege
FROM dba tab privs
where OWNER = 'DONOTTOUCH'
order by 1,3;
TTITLE 'Granted Roles'
COL GRANTED ROLE FOR A20
select grantee, granted role
from dba role privs
where grantee IN ('JR AGENT', 'SR AGENT', 'OWNER', 'INT AGENT',
'SUPPORT', 'MANAGER', 'COM SPECIAL');
ttitle 'Profiles'
col profile for a20 word wrapped
col resource name for a32 heading "Resource" word wrapped
col limit for all word wrapped
col resource type for a8
break on profile
select profile, resource name, resource type, limit
FROM dba profiles
order by 1;
Audit Script
--Set the audit trail = dba, extended in pfile
AUDIT SELECT, DELETE ON SYS.AUD$ BY ACCESS;
--Audit failures of select and deletes of tables for suspicious
activity
AUDIT SELECT TABLE, DELETE TABLE, EXECUTE PROCEDURE BY ACCESS WHENEVER
NOT SUCCESSFUL;
AUDIT SELECT, UPDATE, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT BY ACCESS;
AUDIT INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH. INVOICE BY ACCESS;
AUDIT UPDATE, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCT;
```

```
AUDIT DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH. TRIPPRODUCT;
AUDIT DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.TRIP;
AUDIT ALTER, GRANT, INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE, SELECT ON
DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSION BY ACCESS;
AUDIT UPDATE, DELETE ON DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER BY SESSION;
Loader Scripts
Customers
OPTIONS(skip=1, direct=y)
LOAD DATA
     INFILE 'c:\tea\projectdata cust.csv'
     BADFILE 'c:\tea\bad cust.csv'
     DISCARDFILE 'c:\tea\discard supp.csv'
     TRUNCATE INTO TABLE DONOTTOUCH.cust adhoc
     Fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed by '"'
           cust id integer external
           ,first name char
           ,last name char
           ,agent char
           ,email char
           , home phone char
           , business phone char
           ,birthdate date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
           ,address char
           ,city char
           , postal char
           ,province char
           , country char
     )
Sales
OPTIONS(skip=1, direct=y)
LOAD DATA
     INFILE 'c:\tea\projectdata sale.csv'
     BADFILE 'c:\tea\bad sale.csv'
     DISCARDFILE 'c:\tea\discard.csv'
     TRUNCATE INTO TABLE DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc
     Fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed '"'
     sales date date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
     , cust id integer external
     ,itinerary char
     ,agent char
     , booking char
     ,prod cat integer external
     , supplier id integer external
     , supp off integer external
     ,trip start date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
```

```
,trip end date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
     , class char
     , num travellers integer external
     ,product char
     , description char
     ,destination char
     ,dest id char
     ,credit card char
     ,expiry date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
     , card num char
     ,bill date date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
     ,bill desc char
     , base price float external
     ,tot price float external
     ,bill amt float external
     ,agency fee code char
     ,agency fee amt float external
     ,agency comm float external
Suppliers
OPTIONS(skip=1, direct=y)
LOAD DATA
     INFILE 'c:\tea\projectdata supp.csv'
     BADFILE 'c:\tea\bad supp.csv'
     DISCARDFILE 'c:\tea\discard.csv'
     TRUNCATE INTO TABLE DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
     Fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed '"'
           prod supp integer external
           ,prod cat integer external
           , supp off integer external
           ,prod desc char
           , cont name char
           , company char
           ,address char
           ,address2 char
           ,city char
           ,prov char
           ,postal char
           , country char
           , phone char
           ,fax char
           ,email char
           ,web char
           ,represents char
           ,affiliation char
     )
```

### **Data Migrating Scripts**

```
--Manipulating data --Customers
```

```
--inserting all but birthdate, agent, city
--Resetting the tables...
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL CASCADE;
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER CASCADE;
--Customer
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER
(CUSTOMERID, FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME, HPHONE, BPHONE, ADDRESS, ZIP POSTAL)
(SELECT CUST ID, FIRST NAME, LAST NAME, HOME PHONE, BUSINESS PHONE,
ADDRESS, POSTAL
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUST ADHOC);
--Optional Customer
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL
(CUSTOMERID, BIRTHDATE, EMAIL)
(SELECT CUST ID, BIRTHDATE, EMAIL
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUST ADHOC
           WHERE BIRTHDATE IS NOT NULL
           OR
                EMAIL IS NOT NULL);
DECLARE
     CURSOR agentinitial curs IS
           SELECT A.CUST ID, E.EMPID
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUST ADHOC A
           (SELECT substr(firstname, 1,1)||substr(lastname, 1,1) as
INITIALS, empid
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE) E
           ON A.AGENT = E.INITIALS;
     v cid number(3);
     v eid number(3);
BEGIN
     OPEN agentinitial curs;
     LOOP
           FETCH agentinitial curs INTO v cid, v eid;
           EXIT WHEN agentinitial curs%NOTFOUND;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER
           SET EMPID = v eid
           WHERE CUSTOMERID = v cid;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE agentinitial curs;
END;
/
/*
col CUSTOMERID for 999 HEADING 'ID'
col EMAIL for a30 WORD WRAPPED
col EMPID for 999
col 'Name' for a30 WORD WRAPPED
col hphone HEADING "Home Phone"
col bphone HEADING "Business Phone"
col address for a30 WORD WRAPPED
```

```
col zip postal HEADING "Postal"
TTITLE 'Customers'
SELECT CUSTOMERID, empid, LASTNAME | | ', ' | | FIRSTNAME "Name", hphone,
bphone, address, zip postal
FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER
ORDER BY 1
FETCH FIRST 5 ROWS ONLY;
TTITLE 'Customers - Optional Details'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL
ORDER BY 1
FETCH FIRST 5 ROWS ONLY;
SELECT COUNT (EMPID)
FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER; */
COMMIT;
-- Updates to insert into the locations table
UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
SET country = 'Canada'
WHERE prov IN ('AB', 'BC', 'ON', 'SK', 'PQ', 'YT', 'NS', 'MB', 'NF',
'NT', 'PE', 'NB');
UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
SET country = 'USA'
WHERE prov IN ('FL', 'CA', 'AZ') AND
     city IN ('Los Angeles', 'Phoenix', 'Miami');
/*
SELECT count(*)
FROM DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
WHERE country is not null
AND city is not null
AND prov is not null; */
--Location
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION
(CITYNAME, STATEPROV, COUNTRYNAME)
SELECT DISTINCT UPPER(city), prov, country
FROM DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
WHERE city is not null
ORDER BY 3,2,1;
--As all customers in current data set are from calgary, set all
citycodes for customer as calgary...
UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER
SET CITYCODE = (SELECT CITYCODE
                      FROM DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION
                      WHERE lower(CITYNAME) = 'calgary');
```

```
COMMIT;
--Filling in Supplier & SupplierDetails
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER (SUPPLIERNO, COMPANYNAME)
SELECT DISTINCT PROD SUPP, company
FROM DONOTTOUCH.SUPP ADHOC
WHERE COMPANY is NOT NULL;
DECLARE
     CURSOR thecursor IS
           SELECT DISTINCT PROD SUPP, company, SUPP OFF,
address||address2, cont name, phone, fax, city, postal
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.SUPP ADHOC
           WHERE cont name is not null OR address||address2 is not
null;
     v1 number (38);
     v3 number(3);
     v2 varchar2(100);
     v4 varchar2(100);
     v5 varchar2(50);
     v6 varchar2(15);
     v7 varchar2(15);
     v8 varchar2(50);
     v9 varchar2(10);
     cursor representcur IS
           SELECT represents, prod supp, company
           from donottouch.supp adhoc
           where represents is not null;
     v r1 varchar2(100);
     v r2 number(38);
     v r3 varchar2(100);
     cursor affilcur IS
           SELECT affiliation, prod supp, company
           from donottouch.supp adhoc
           where affiliation is not null;
     v al varchar(10);
     cursor emailwebcur IS
           SELECT email, web, prod supp, company
           from donottouch.supp adhoc
           where email is not null OR web is not null;
     v w1 varchar(50);
     v_w2 varchar(50);
BEGIN
     OPEN thecursor;
     LOOP
           FETCH thecursor into v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v8, v9;
           EXIT WHEN thecursor%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER
           SET officeno = v3,
                address = v4,
```

```
contactname = v5,
                PHONE = v6,
                FAX = v7,
                zip postal = v9,
                citycode = (SELECT citycode FROM DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION
WHERE lower(cityname) = lower(v8))
           WHERE SUPPLIERNO = v1 AND
                companyname = v2;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE thecursor;
     OPEN representcur;
     LOOP
           FETCH representcur INTO v_r1, v_r2, v_r3;
           EXIT WHEN represent cur% not found;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER
           SET REPRESENTS = v r1,
                REP NO = v r2
           WHERE SUPPLIERNO = v r2 AND
                COMPANYNAME = v r3;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE representcur;
     OPEN affilcur;
     LOOP
           FETCH affilcur INTO v a1, v r2, v r3;
           EXIT WHEN affilcur%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER
           SET AFFILIATIONCODE = v a1
           WHERE SUPPLIERNO = v_r2 AND
                COMPANYNAME = v r3;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE affilcur;
     OPEN emailwebcur;
     LOOP
           FETCH emailwebcur INTO v_w1,v_w2, v_r2, v_r3;
           EXIT WHEN emailwebcur%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER
           SET WEB = v_w2,
                EMAIL = v w1
           WHERE SUPPLIERNO = v r2 AND
                COMPANYNAME = v r3;
     END LOOP;
     CLOSE emailwebcur;
END;
commit;
```

```
--Fill out description table
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESCRIPTION (DESCRIPTION)
SELECT DISTINCT upper(description)
FROM DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc
WHERE description is not null
ORDER BY 1:
commit;
-- Inserting into Creditcard
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CREDITCARD (CREDITDESC)
SELECT DISTINCT UPPER(credit card)
FROM donottouch.sale adhoc
WHERE credit card IS NOT NULL;
col CARDTYPENO for 999 HEADING 'No.'
col CREDITDESC for a30 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Credit Card Types'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.CREDITCARD
ORDER BY 1;
COMMIT;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT (customerid, creditcardno)
SELECT distinct cust id, card num
FROM DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc;
DECLARE
     cursor creditcurs is
           SELECT distinct cust id, card num, credit card, expiry
           FROM donottouch.sale adhoc
           order by expiry asc;
     v1 number;
     v2 varchar2(20);
     v3 varchar2(20);
     v4 date;
BEGIN
     OPEN creditcurs;
           FETCH creditcurs into v1, v2, v3, v4;
           EXIT WHEN creditcurs%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT
           SET EXPDATE = v4,
                CARDTYPENO = (select cardtypeno from
donottouch.creditcard where creditdesc = v3)
           WHERE customerid = v1 and CREDITCARDNO = v2;
     END LOOP;
```

```
CLOSE creditcurs;
END:
-- Inserting into CustRewardCard
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD
VALUES ('110202', 1, 347);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CUSTREWARDCARD
VALUES ('112202', 2, 140);
COMMIT;
--Insert products that have prices - the most recent prices
INSERT into DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCT (PRODUCTCATNO, SUPPLIERNO, COMPANY)
SELECT distinct s.prod cat, s.supplier id, p.company
FROM donottouch.sale adhoc s join donottouch.supp adhoc p
on p.prod supp = s.supplier id and p.prod cat = s.prod cat;
DECLARE
     CURSOR pricecur IS
           SELECT DISTINCT s.prod cat, s.supplier id, p.company,
s.base price, s.sales date
           FROM donottouch.sale adhoc s join donottouch.supp adhoc p
           on p.prod supp = s.supplier id and p.prod cat = s.prod cat
           ORDER BY s.SALES DATE ASC;
     v1 number;
     v2 number;
     v3 varchar2(100);
     v4 number;
     v5 date;
BEGIN
     open pricecur;
     LOOP
           FETCH pricecur INTO v1, v2, v3, v4, v5;
           EXIT WHEN pricecur%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.product
           SET price = v4
           WHERE productcatno = v1 AND
           SUPPLIERNO = v2 AND
           COMPANY = v3;
     END LOOP;
     close pricecur;
END;
--Inserts into TRIP
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TRIP
```

```
(itinerarynum)
SELECT DISTINCT ITINERARY
FROM DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc
order by 1;
DECLARE
     CURSOR tripcur IS
           SELECT distinct itinerary, cust id, num travellers,
trip start, trip end
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc
           ORDER BY itinerary;
     v1 varchar2(20);
     v2 number;
     v3 number;
     v4 date;
     v5 date;
BEGIN
     open tripcur;
     LOOP
           FETCH tripcur INTO v1, v2, v3, v4, v5;
           EXIT WHEN tripcur%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.TRIP
           SET
                customerid = v2,
                startdate = v4,
                enddate = v5,
                travellers = v3
           WHERE itinerarynum = v1 and customerid is null;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.TRIP
           SET
                customerid = v2,
                startdate = v4
           WHERE startdate > v4 and itinerarynum = v1;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.TRIP
           SET
                customerid = v2,
                enddate = v5
           WHERE enddate < v5 and itinerarynum = v1;
     END LOOP;
     close tripcur;
END;
-- Inserts into TripProduct
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT (ITINERARYNUM, BOOKINGNUM,
STARTDATE, ENDDATE,
     DESTINATIONCODE, TRIPDESTINATION, classcode)
```

```
SELECT distinct itinerary, booking, trip start, trip end, DEST ID,
destination, class
FROM DONOTTOUCH.SALE ADHOC
ORDER BY 1;
DECLARE
     CURSOR bookingcurs IS
           SELECT distinct BOOKING, prod cat, supplier id
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc;
     book varchar2(15);
     prod number;
     supp number;
     des varchar2(100);
     cursor bookingcurs2 is select distinct booking, description
     from donottouch.sale adhoc;
BEGIN
     open bookingcurs;
     LOOP
           FETCH bookingcurs INTO book, prod, supp;
           EXIT WHEN bookingcurs%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT
           SET
                supplierno = supp,
                productcatno = prod,
                company = (SELECT company
                                 FROM DONOTTOUCH.product
                                 WHERE productcatno = prod and
                                 supplierno = supp)
           where BOOKINGNUM = book;
     END LOOP;
     close bookingcurs;
     open bookingcurs2;
     LOOP
           FETCH bookingcurs2 INTO book, des;
           EXIT WHEN bookingcurs2%notfound;
           UPDATE DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUCT
           SET descriptionno = (SELECT descriptionno
                                 FROM DONOTTOUCH.description
                                 WHERE lower(description) = lower(des))
           WHERE bookingnum = book;
     END LOOP;
     close bookingcurs2;
END;
--Inserts into Commission
DECLARE
     cursor commcurs IS
```

```
SELECT distinct itinerary, booking, agent, agency comm
           from donottouch.sale adhoc
           where agent is not null
           order by 1;
     v1 varchar2(20);
     v2 varchar2(20);
     v3 varchar2(3);
     v4 number:
     lno number;
     empno number;
BEGIN
     open commcurs;
     LOOP
           FETCH commcurs into v1, v2, v3, v4;
           EXIT WHEN commcurs%notfound;
           select listno into lno from donottouch.tripproduct where
bookingnum = v2 and itinerarynum = v1 fetch first 1 row only;
           if upper(v3) = 'BS' then
                empno := 7;
           elsif upper(v3) = 'JW' then
                empno := 5;
           else
           select empid into empno from donottouch.employee where (
                                       lower(substr(firstname,
1,1) | | substr(lastname, 1,1) ) = lower(v3))
                                       fetch first 1 row only;
           end if;
           INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSION
           values(lno, 6, v4, empno);
     END LOOP;
     close commcurs;
exception when DUP VAL ON INDEX THEN
     UPDATE donottouch.commission
     SET COMMISSIONAMOUNT=v4
     where listno = lno and empid=empno;
END;
commit;
-- Inserts into Invoice
DECLARE
     CURSOR invcurs is
           SELECT itinerary, bill desc, agency fee code, sales date,
bill date,
                bill amt, (tot price+agency fee amt), cust id, card num
           FROM donottouch.sale adhoc
           order by 1;
     v1 number;
```

```
v2 varchar2(50);
     v3 varchar2(10);
     v4 date;
     v5 date;
     v6 number;
     v7 number:
     v9 number;
     v8 varchar2(20);
BEGIN
     open invcurs;
     LOOP
           FETCH invours into v1, v2, v3, v4, v5, v6, v7, v9, v8;
           EXIT WHEN invcurs%notfound;
           INSERT INTO donottouch.invoice
           (itinerarynum, paymenttype, billingdate, billamount,
remainder, saledate, feecode, creditcard, custid)
           values (v1, (select paymenttype from donottouch.paymenttype
where paymentdesc = v2), v5, v6, v7-v6, v4, v3, v8, v9);
     END LOOP;
     close invcurs;
END;
--insert into trip traveller
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTRAVELLER
values (584, 'John Doe');
commit;
Additional Data Insert Script
This script inserts the data for 11/25 tables
*/
set echo off;
-- Resetting sequences...
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.empidcount;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.paymenttypeseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.taxtypeseq;
DROP SEQUENCE donottouch.rewardcardseq;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.rewardcardseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.empidcount
     INCREMENT BY 1
```

```
START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.taxtypeseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.paymenttypeseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
     START WITH 1
     NOCYCLE
     NOCACHE;
-- Inserting Values into Productcat Table
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT CASCADE;
DECLARE
     counter number:=100;
BEGIN
     LOOP
           IF counter < 150 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Airline Consolidators');
           ELSIF counter < 200 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Airlines');
           ELSIF counter < 250 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Attractions');
           ELSIF counter < 300 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Car Rentals');
           ELSIF counter < 350 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Cruise Lines');
           ELSIF counter < 400 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Hotel Reps and Chains in Canada');
           ELSIF counter < 450 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Motor Coach Tour Operators');
           ELSIF counter < 500 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Railroads');
           ELSIF counter < 550 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Tour Operators/Wholesales');
           ELSIF counter < 600 THEN
                INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Travel Insurance');
```

```
ELSIF counter < 650 THEN
                 INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. PRODUCTCAT
                VALUES (counter, 'Yacht and Boat Charters');
           ELSE
                EXIT;
           END IF;
           counter := counter + 1;
     END LOOP;
END;
/* col PRODUCTCATEGORY for a35 HEADING CATEGORY WORD WRAPPED
col 'Category Range' for all HEADING "Category Range"
set linesize 50
set pagesize 50
SELECT COUNT(*)
FROM DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT;
TTITLE 'Product Categories'
SELECT PRODUCTCATNO || ' - '|| lastno "Category Range",
PRODUCTCATEGORY
FROM ( SELECT PRODUCTCATEGORY,
                PRODUCTCATNO,
                min(PRODUCTCATNO) OVER (PARTITION BY PRODUCTCATEGORY)
firstno,
                max(PRODUCTCATNO) OVER (PARTITION BY PRODUCTCATEGORY)
lastno
           FROM DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCAT)
WHERE PRODUCTCATNO = firstno
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into Affiliation
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
VALUES ('ACTA', 'Association of Canadian Travel Agents');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
VALUES ('ACTANEW', '');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
VALUES ('ACTANEWP', '');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
VALUES ('ACTAPGY', '');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
VALUES ('NEW', '');
```

```
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH AFFILIATION
VALUES ('NEWPGY', '');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
VALUES ('PGY', '');
/* col affiliationcode for a8 HEADING 'Code'
col affiliationdesc for a20 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Affiliation'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATION
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
--insert an employee for those empty sales...
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE (empid, firstname, lastname)
VALUES (0, 'Bob', 'Manager');
-- Inserting into FeeType
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH. FEETYPE CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('RF', 'Refund', 25);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('BK', 'Booking Charge', 25);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('CH', 'Change', 15);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('RS', 'Research', 50);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('GR', 'Group Booking', 100);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('NSF', 'Insufficient Funds', 25);
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
VALUES ('NC', 'No Charge', 0);
/* col feecode for a4 HEADING 'Code'
col feetypedesc for a20 HEADING 'Description'
col feeamount for $999 HEADING 'Amount'
TTITLE 'Fees'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE
ORDER BY 3; */
```

```
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into CommissionType
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
VALUES (1, 'Booking');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
VALUES (2, 'Paying');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
VALUES (3, 'Overdue');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
VALUES (4, 'Invalid');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
VALUES (5, 'Cancelled');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
VALUES (6, 'Unknown');
col commissionno for 999 HEADING 'No.'
col commissiontype for all HEADING 'Type'
TTITLE 'Commission Types'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIONTYPE
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting Employee
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Janet', 'Delton');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Judy', 'Lisle');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Dennis C.', 'Reynolds');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('John', 'Coville');
```

```
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Janice W.', 'Dahl');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Bruce J.', 'Dixon');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Beverly S.', 'Jones');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Jane', 'Merrill');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
(FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME)
VALUES ('Brian S.', 'Peterson');
TTITLE 'Employees'
col ID for 999
col 'Name' for a30 WORD WRAPPED
SELECT empid ID, lastname||', '||firstname "Name"
FROM DONOTTOUCH. EMPLOYEE
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into DESTINATION
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH. DESTINATION CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('MED', 'Mediterranean');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('ANZ', 'Australia and New Zealand');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('AFR', 'Africa');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('ASIA', 'Asia');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('SA', 'South America');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('EU', 'Europe and United Kingdom');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
```

```
VALUES ('MEAST', 'Middle East');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('SP', 'South Pacific');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('NA', 'North America');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
VALUES ('OTHR', 'Other');
/* col DESTINATIONCODE for a5 HEADING 'Code'
col DESTINDESC for a30 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Destination Codes'
SELECT DESTINATIONCODE, DESTINDESC
FROM DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into Class
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.CLASS CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('FST', 'First Class');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('BSN', 'Business Class');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('ECN', 'Economy Class');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('OCNV', 'Ocean View');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('INT', 'Interior');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('DLX', 'Delux');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('DBL', 'Double');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
VALUES ('SNG', 'Single');
/* col CLASSCODE for a5 HEADING 'Code'
col CLASSDESC for a30 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE '(Trip) Class Types'
```

```
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.CLASS
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into TripType
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE
VALUES ('B', 'Business');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE
VALUES ('L', 'Leisure');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE
VALUES ('G', 'Group');
/* col TRIPTYPECODE for a5 HEADING 'Code'
col TRIPDESC for a30 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Trip Types'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into RewardCard
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH. REWARDCARD CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (REWARDCARDDESC)
VALUES ('WestJet Rewards');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (REWARDCARDDESC)
VALUES ('Airmiles');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (REWARDCARDDESC)
VALUES ('SkyMiles');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (REWARDCARDDESC)
VALUES ('Aeroplan');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD (REWARDCARDDESC)
VALUES ('MileagePlus');
/* col REWARDCARDDESC for a20 HEADING "Points Program" WORD WRAPPED
col CARDTYPE for 999 HEADING "No."
TTITLE 'Reward Cards'
```

```
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCARD
ORDER BY 1;
*/
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into PaymentType
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE
VALUES (1, 'Full Payment');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE
VALUES (2, 'Payment');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE
VALUES (3, 'Final Payment');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE
VALUES (4, 'Deposit');
/*
col PAYMENTTYPE for 999 HEADING 'No.'
col PAYMENTDESC for a20 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Payment Types'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTYPE
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
-- Inserting into TaxType
DELETE FROM DONOTTOUCH.TAXTYPE CASCADE;
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE (TAXDESC)
VALUES ('PST Only');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH.TAXTYPE (TAXDESC)
VALUES ('GST Only');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE (TAXDESC)
VALUES ('GST + PST');
INSERT INTO DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE (TAXDESC)
VALUES ('Environmental Tax');
/*
col TAXTYPE for 999 HEADING 'No.'
col TAXDESC for a20 HEADING 'Description' WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Tax Types'
SELECT *
FROM DONOTTOUCH. TAXTYPE
```

```
ORDER BY 1; */
COMMIT;
```

## **Form Scripts**

## **Itinerary/Invoice Script**

```
/*Travel Expert Itinerary Script*/
set linesize 90
set pagesize 50
set serveroutput on
set feedback off
set echo off
set verify off
ACCEPT p itnum number PROMPT 'Enter the itinerary number for the trip: ';
DECLARE
      cursor cursor cust is
            select c.firstname||' '||c.lastname as name,
                  c.address,
                  c.zip postal,
                  1.cityname||', '||1.stateprov
            from DONOTTOUCH.customer c join
            DONOTTOUCH.location 1 on
            c.citycode=1.citycode
            where customerid=(select customerid from DONOTTOUCH.trip where
itinerarynum=&&p itnum);
      cursor c travllers is
            select travellername
            from donottouch.triptraveller
            where itinerarynum=&p itnum;
      cursor c prod is
            select
                        tp.startdate,
                        tp.enddate,
                        p.price,
                        p.taxrate
            from donottouch.description d join
            donottouch.tripproduct tp
            on tp.descriptionno=d.descriptionno
            join donottouch.product p
            on p.supplierno=tp.supplierno and p.company=tp.company and
p.productcatno=tp.productcatno
            where tp.itinerarynum=&p itnum;
      v dt DATE :=sysdate;
      v dtc VARCHAR2(100);
      v_cn varchar2(100);
      v ca varchar2(100);
      v cp varchar2(10);
      v cl varchar2(100);
      v tn varchar2(100);
      v sdate date;
```

```
v edate date;
      v totalcost number:=0;
      v psd date;
      v ped date;
      v pp number;
      v ptr number;
      v totaltax number:=0;
      v travel donottouch.trip.travellers%TYPE;
      v custcredit varchar2(100);
      v credit varchar2(100);
      v emp varchar2(100);
      v cnum number;
BEGIN
      select unique(travellers) into v travel
      from donottouch.trip
      where itinerarynum=&p itnum;
      v dtc:=to char(v dt,'mm/dd/yyyy');
      dbms output.put line('Date: '||v dtc);
      dbms_output.put_line('Travel Experts Agency');
      dbms_output.put_line('1155 8th Ave S.W.');
      dbms_output.put_line('Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3');
      dbms output.put line('Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872');
      dbms output.put line(chr(10));
      open cursor cust;
      fetch cursor_cust into v_cn, v_ca, v_cp, v_cl;
      close cursor cust;
      dbms output.put line('*******************************);
      dbms output.put line('To:');
      dbms output.put line(v cn);
      dbms output.put line(v ca);
      dbms_output.put_line(v_cl);
      dbms_output.put_line(v_cp);
      dbms output.put line(chr(10));
      select custid into v cnum
      from donottouch.invoice
      where invoiceno=&&p inum and itinerarynum=&p itnum;
      dbms output.put line('Customer No.: '||v cnum);
      select firstname||' '||lastname into v emp
      from donottouch.employee
      where empid=(select empid
                        from donottouch.customer
                        where customerid=v cnum);
      dbms output.put line('Consultant: '||v emp||chr(10));
      dbms output.put line('Invoice/Itinerary No.: '||&p itnum);
      dbms output.put line('Prepared for: ');
      open c travllers;
```

```
loop
            fetch c travllers into v tn;
            exit when c travllers%NOTFOUND;
            dbms output.put line(chr(9)||v tn);
      end loop;
      close c travllers;
      dbms output.put line(chr(10));
      open c prod;
      loop
            fetch c prod into v psd, v ped, v pp, v ptr;
            exit when c prod%NOTFOUND;
            if v sdate is null then
                 v sdate :=v psd;
            elsif v sdate > v psd then
                  v sdate:=v psd;
            end if;
            if v edate is null then
                  v_edate :=v_ped;
            elsif v_edate < v ped then
                 v_edate:=v_ped;
            end if;
            v totalcost:=v totalcost+v pp;
            v totaltax:=v totaltax+(v pp*v ptr);
      end loop;
      close c prod;
      dbms_output.put_line('Trip Summary');
      dbms_output_line('*********************************;
      dbms output.put line('Start date: '||v sdate);
      dbms output.put line('End date: '||v edate);
      dbms output.put line('Number of travellers: '||v travel||chr(10));
      dbms_output.put_line('Subtotal: '||to_char(v_totalcost,
'$9999990.99'));
      dbms output.put line('Taxes: '||to char(v totaltax,
'$9999990.99')||chr(10));
      select c.creditcardno,cc.creditdesc into v custcredit, v credit
      from donottouch.creditcard cc
      join donottouch.custcredit c
      on cc.cardtypeno=c.cardtypeno
      where c.customerid=v cnum;
      dbms output.put line('Billed to:
'||v credit||chr(9)||v custcredit||to char(v totaltax+v totalcost,
'$9999990.99'));
END;
col 'Supplier' for a10 WORD WRAPPED
col 'Description' for a30 WORD WRAPPED
col 'Booking No.' for a10
col 'Start Date' for a10
col 'End Date' for a10
col 'Price' for $999990.99
select p.company as "Supplier",
```

```
d.description as "Description",
            tp.bookingnum as "Booking No.",
            tp.startdate as "Start Date",
            tp.enddate as "End Date",
            p.price as "Price"
from donottouch.description d join
donottouch.tripproduct tp
on tp.descriptionno=d.descriptionno
join donottouch.product p
on p.supplierno=tp.supplierno and p.company=tp.company and
p.productcatno=tp.productcatno
where tp.itinerarynum=&p itnum
order by 4,6;
DECLARE
      v dt DATE :=sysdate;
    v dtc VARCHAR2(100);
BEGIN
      v dtc:=to char(v dt,'mm/dd/yyyy');
      dbms output.put line('Date: '||v dtc);
      dbms output.put line('Travel Experts Agency');
      dbms output.put line('1155 8th Ave S.W.');
      dbms_output.put_line('Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3');
      dbms_output.put_line('Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872');
      dbms output.put line(chr(10));
      dbms output.put line('For your convience, relevant rewards will be
applied from the following: ');
END;
set heading off
col cardno for a20
col 'Name' for a20 WORD WRAPPED
col rewardcarddesc for a30 word wrapped
break on 'Name' skip 1
select c.firstname||' '||c.lastname as "Name", r.rewardcarddesc, cr.cardno
from donottouch.customer c
join donottouch.custrewardcard cr
on c.customerid=cr.customerid
join donottouch.rewardcard r
on cr.cardtype=r.cardtype
where c.customerid in (select unique(custid) from donottouch.invoice where
itinerarynum=&p itnum)
order by 1, 2;
undef p itnum;
clear col
set heading on
```

#### **Customer Entry Script**

```
/*Travel Expert New Customer*/
set linesize 70
set pagesize 50
set serveroutput on
```

```
set verify off
set echo off
ACCEPT p employee number PROMPT 'Enter the Employee ID: ';
ACCEPT p fn PROMPT 'Enter the first name of the customer: ';
ACCEPT p ln PROMPT 'Enter the last name of the customer: ';
ACCEPT p p PROMPT 'Enter the phone number of the customer: ';
ACCEPT p a PROMPT 'Enter the address of the customer: ';
ACCEPT p pz PROMPT 'Enter the postal code of the customer: ';
ACCEPT p_cc number PROMPT 'Enter the city code for the customer: ';
ACCEPT p confirm PROMPT 'Enter YES if the previous entries were correct: ';
DECLARE
      v loc varchar2(100);
      v custid number;
BEGIN
      select cityname||', '||stateprov into v loc
      from donottouch.location
      where citycode=&&p cc;
      dbms output.put line('Travel Experts Agency');
      dbms output.put line('1155 8th Ave S.W.');
      dbms output.put line('Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3');
      dbms output.put line('Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872');
      dbms output.put line('*********** New Customer Details
***********
      dbms output.put line('Customer:'||'&&p fn'||' '||'&&p ln');
      dbms output.put line('Phone No.: '||'&&p p');
      dbms_output.put_line('Address: '||'&&p_a');
      dbms_output_put_line(chr(9)||v_loc);
      dbms_output.put_line(chr(9)||'&&p_pz');
      if (lower('&&p confirm')='yes') then
            insert into DONOTTOUCH.customer
            (empid, firstname, lastname, hphone, address, citycode,
zip postal)
            values (&&p employee, '&&p_fn', '&&p_ln', '&&p_p', '&&p_a',
&&p cc, '&&p pz');
            commit;
            select customerid into v custid
            from donottouch.customer
            where empid=&&p employee and firstname='&&p fn'
            and lastname='&&p ln' and address='&&p a';
            dbms output.put line('Customer ID: '||v custid);
      else
            dbms output.put line('Cancelling Form');
      end if;
END;
undef p employee;
undef p fn;
undef p ln;
undef p p;
undef p a;
```

```
undef p_cc;
undef p pz;
```

#### **Commissions Script**

```
/*Travel Expert Commission Script*/
set linesize 70
set pagesize 50
set serveroutput on
set feedback off
set echo off
set verify off
ACCEPT p employee number PROMPT 'Enter the Employee number that you
wish to print commission: ';
DECLARE
     cursor cursor products is
           select c.listno, c.commissionamount, t.commissiontype
           from DONOTTOUCH.commission c join
           DONOTTOUCH.commissiontype t
           on t.commissionno = c.commissionno
           where c.empid=&p employee
           order by 1, 3, 2;
     cursor cursor emp is
           select firstname||' '||lastname as name,
                phone,
                email
           from DONOTTOUCH.employee
           where empid=&p employee;
     v dt DATE :=sysdate;
    v dtc VARCHAR2(100);
     v ln number;
     v ca number;
     v ct varchar2(100);
     v en varchar2(100);
     v ep varchar2(20);
     v ee varchar2(100);
BEGIN
     v_dtc:=to_char(v_dt,'mm/dd/yyyy');
     dbms output.put line('Travel Experts Agency');
     dbms output.put line('1155 8th Ave S.W.');
     dbms_output.put_line('Calgary, AB. T2P 1N3');
     dbms output.put line('Ph: 403-271-9873 Fax: 403-271-9872');
     open cursor emp;
     fetch cursor_emp into v_en, v_ep, v_ee;
     close cursor emp;
```

```
dbms output.put line('************ Commissions
**************
     dbms output.put line('Report Date: ' || v dtc);
     dbms_output.put_line('Employee ID:' || &p_employee);
     dbms output.put line('Employee:' || v en);
     dbms output.put line('Employee Email:' || v ee);
     dbms_output.put_line('Employee Phone:' || v_ep);
     dbms output.put line(chr(10));
     dbms output.put line('List#'||chr(9)||chr(9)||'Amount'||chr(9)||c
hr(9) | | 'Status');
     ;
     open cursor products;
     loop
          fetch cursor products into v ln, v ca, v ct;
          exit when cursor products%NOTFOUND;
     dbms output.put line(to char(v ln,'9999999')||chr(9)||to char(v ca
,'$999999.99')||chr(9)||chr(9)||v ct);
     end loop;
     close cursor products;
END;
undef p employee;
```

# Appendix E – Extra Scripts

# Sample Database Verification Script

```
SET Linesize 40
SET pagesize 15
set echo off
show user;
SET feedback off
SET long 1000
TTITLE 'Verify'
SET HEADING OFF
SELECT 'Instance name: ',instance name
FROM v$instance
UNION
SELECT 'Database name: ', name
FROM v$database;
TTITLE OFF
BTITLE OFF
--need to add tablespace location?
SELECT 'Date: ', sysdate
FROM dual;
show user
SET linesize 70
SET pagesize 30
SET heading ON
COL name FOR a50 WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'Files'
SELECT status, name
FROM v$datafile
SELECT 'Control', name
FROM v$controlfile
UNION
SELECT status, member
FROM v$logfile
ORDER BY 1 desc;
TTITLE 'Log Files'
SET pagesize 40
COL name for all WORD WRAPPED
```

```
COL value for a50 WORD WRAPPED
SELECT name, value
FROM v$diag_info
ORDER BY 2;
SELECT group#, status, members
FROM v$log
ORDER BY 1,2;
SET pagesize 80
COL 'Loc' FOR a52 WORD WRAPPED
COL 'TS Name' FOR a10 WORD WRAPPED
COL ts# for 999
BREAK ON ts# ON name
TTITLE 'TableSpaces'
SELECT d.ts#, d.name "Loc", t.name "TS Name"
FROM v$datafile d
JOIN v$tablespace t
ON d.ts# = t.ts#
ORDER BY 1;
COL tablespace name FOR a20 HEADING "TS Name"
SELECT tablespace name, status, logging, retention, block size "Block
Size"
FROM dba tablespaces
ORDER BY 1;
SET linesize 40
SET pagesize 15
COL name for a25 WORD WRAPPED
TTITLE 'SGA'
SELECT NAME, value
FROM v$sga;
TTITLE 'Parameters'
COL name for a30 WORD WRAPPED
COL value for a35
SET linesize 70
SET pagesize 20
SELECT NAME, value
FROM v$parameter
WHERE lower(name) = 'compatible'
OR lower(name) = 'instance name'
OR lower(name) = 'db name'
```

```
OR lower(name) = 'diagnostic_dest'
OR lower(name) = 'sga target'
OR lower(name) LIKE 'db recovery file%'
OR lower(name) = 'processes'
OR lower(name) IN ('undo tablespace', 'undo management',
'undo retention', 'db block size')
ORDER BY 1;
CLEAR COL
CLEAR BREAK
SET FEEDBACK ON
set echo on
TTITLE OFF
BTITLE OFF
SET linesize 60
SET pagesize 60
SET long 80
Data Warehouse Scripts
SOL LDR
--commands used in the command line
sqlldr thedba/Oracle control=c:\TEA\loadcust.ctl log=c:\TEA\cust.log
sqlldr thedba/Oracle control=c:\TEA\loadsale.ctl loq=c:\TEA\sale.loq
sqlldr thedba/Oracle control=c:\TEA\loadsupp.ctl log=c:\TEA\supp.log
--loadsupp.ctl
OPTIONS(skip=1, direct=y)
LOAD DATA
     INFILE 'c:\tea\projectdata supp.csv'
      BADFILE 'c:\tea\bad supp.csv'
      DISCARDFILE 'c:\tea\discard.csv'
      TRUNCATE INTO TABLE DONOTTOUCH.supp adhoc
      Fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed '"'
           prod supp integer external
            ,prod cat integer external
            , supp off integer external
            ,prod desc char
            , cont name char
            , company char
            ,address char
            ,address2 char
            ,city char
            ,prov char
            ,postal char
            , country char
```

,phone char
,fax char
,email char
,web char

```
,represents char
            ,affiliation char
--loadcust.ctl
OPTIONS(skip=1, direct=y)
      INFILE 'c:\tea\projectdata cust.csv'
      BADFILE 'c:\tea\bad cust.csv'
      DISCARDFILE 'c:\tea\discard supp.csv'
      TRUNCATE INTO TABLE DONOTTOUCH.cust adhoc
      Fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed by '"'
            cust id integer external
            ,first name char
            ,last name char
            ,agent char
            ,email char
            , home phone char
            , business phone char
            ,birthdate date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
            ,address char
            ,city char
            , postal char
            ,province char
            , country char
      )
--loadsale.ctl
OPTIONS(skip=1, direct=y)
LOAD DATA
      INFILE 'c:\tea\projectdata sale.csv'
      BADFILE 'c:\tea\bad_sale.csv'
      DISCARDFILE 'c:\tea\discard.csv'
      TRUNCATE INTO TABLE DONOTTOUCH.sale adhoc
      Fields terminated by "," optionally enclosed '"'
      sales date date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
      , cust id integer external
      ,itinerary char
      ,agent char
      ,booking char
      ,prod cat integer external
      , supplier id integer external
      ,supp_off integer external
      ,trip start date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
      ,trip end date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
      , class char
      , num travellers integer external
      ,product char
      , description char
      ,destination char
      ,dest id char
```

```
,credit card char
      ,expiry date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
      , card num char
      ,bill date date 'YYYY-MM-DD'
      ,bill desc char
      , base price float external
      ,tot price float external
      ,bill amt float external
      ,agency fee code char
      ,agency fee amt float external
      ,agency_comm float external
Creating Fact Table
CREATE SEQUENCE donottouch.factseq
     INCREMENT BY 1
      START WITH 1
      NOCYCLE
      NOCACHE;
CREATE TABLE donottouch.fact
sequencenum number(10) default donottouch.factseq.nextval,
destination varchar2(100) default null,
cust name varchar2(100) default null,
emp name varchar2(100) default null,
year number(4) default null,
month number(2) default null,
day number(2) default null,
supplier number(10) default null,
product varchar2(30) default null,
fee type varchar2(50) default null,
class varchar2(100) default null,
commission varchar2(25) default null,
amount number (10,2) default 0,
quantity number (10) default 1,
bphone varchar2(15) default null,
hphone varchar2(15) default null,
address varchar2(100) default null,
zipcode varchar2(10) default null,
city varchar2(50) default null,
province varchar2(20) default null,
country varchar2(20) default null,
contact varchar2(50) default null
partition by hash (sequencenum)
partitions 2
store in (userdata01, userdata02);
-- Tuning through create dimension
create dimension speedup fact
level yy is fact.year
level mm is fact.month
```

```
level dd is fact.day
level country is fact.country
level prov is fact.province
level city is fact.city
level address is fact.address
level zip is fact.zipcode
hierarchy ymd
(dd child of mm child of yy)
hierarchy adrs
(zipcode child of address)
hierarchy loc
(city child of prov child of country);
--LOADING FACT TABLE
merge into donottouch.FACT x
using
select d.destindesc as destination,
      to char(tp.startdate, 'yyyyy') year,
      to char(tp.startdate,'mm') month,
      to char(tp.startdate,'dd') day,
      tp.supplierno as supplier,
      productcategory as product,
      c.classdesc as class,
      1 as quantity,
      p.price as amount,
      s.phone,
      s.address,
      s.zip postal,
      loc.cityname,
      loc.stateprov,
      loc.countryname,
      tp.listno
from destination d join tripproduct tp on d.destinationcode =
tp.destinationcode
join class c on c.classcode=tp.classcode
join product p on p.productcatno=tp.productcatno and
tp.supplierno=p.supplierno
join productcat pc on pc.productcatno=p.productcatno
join supplier s on s.supplierno=tp.supplierno and s.companyname=tp.company
join location loc on loc.citycode=s.citycode
) V
on (y.listno = x.listno)
when matched then update set
destination=y.destination, year=y.year, month=y.month, day=y.day, supplier=y.supp
lier, product=y.product, class=y.class, quantity=y.quantity,
amount=y.amount,bphone=y.phone,address=y.address,zipcode=y.zip postal,city=y.
cityname, province=y.stateprov, country=y.countryname
when not matched then insert (destination, year, month, day,
supplier, product, class, quantity, amount, bphone, address, zipcode, city,
province, country)
```

```
values (y.destination,
y.year, y.month, y.day, y.supplier, y.product, y.class, y.quantity, y.amount, y.phone
, y.address, y.zip postal, y.cityname, y.stateprov, y.countryname);
merge into donottouch.fact x
using
(
select ct.commissiontype as commission,
      e.firstname||' '||e.lastname as name,
      c.commissionamount as amount,
      e.phone,
      to char(tp.startdate,'yyyy') year,
      to char(tp.startdate,'mm') month,
      tp.listno
from tripproduct tp join commission c
on tp.listno=c.listno
join employee e on e.empid=c.empid
join commissiontype ct on ct.commissionno=c.commissionno
) у
on (y.listno = x.listno and y.commission=x.commission)
when matched then update set emp name=y.name, bphone=y.phone, quantity=1,
amount=y.amount, year=y.year, month=y.month
when not matched then insert (commission, year, month, emp name,
bphone, quantity, listno, amount) values (y.commission, y.year, y.month, y.name,
y.phone, 1, y.listno, y.amount);
merge into donottouch.fact x
using
(select c.firstname||' '||c.lastname as name,
      c.hphone,
      c.bphone,
      c.address,
      c.zip postal,
      1.cityname,
      1.stateprov,
      1.countryname,
      to char(i.billingdate, 'yyyyy') as year,
      to char(i.billingdate, 'mm') as month,
      i.billamount,
      i.itinerarynum||i.invoiceno as invoice
from customer c join invoice i on i.custid=c.customerid
join location l on l.citycode = c.citycode
) у
on (y.invoice=x.invoiceno)
when matched then update set cust name=y.name,
hphone=y.hphone,bphone=y.bphone,address=y.address,zipcode=y.zip postal,
city=y.cityname,province=y.stateprov,country=y.countryname,year=y.year,month=
y.month, amount=y.billamount
when not matched then insert (cust name, hphone, bphone, address, zipcode, city,
province, country, year, month, amount, quantity, invoiceno)
      values (y.name, y.hphone, y.bphone, y.address, y.zip postal, y.cityname,
y.stateprov, y.countryname, y.year, y.month, y.billamount, 1, y.invoice);
```

```
merge into donottouch.fact x
usina
(select f.feetypedesc,
      f.feeamount,
      i.itinerarynum||i.invoiceno as invoice
from invoice i join feetype f
on i.feecode = f.feecode) y
on (y.invoice = x.invoiceno and x.fee type = y.feetypedesc)
when matched then update set amount=y.feeamount
when not matched then insert (quantity, amount, fee type, invoiceno)
values(1, y.feeamount, y.feetypedesc, y.invoice);
--Dimensions
create table donottouch.destinatino tot(destination varchar2(100) primary
key, quantity number (10));
create table donottouch.class tot(class varchar2(100) primary key, quantity
number (10), total number (10,2);
create table donottouch.fee_tot(fee_type varchar2(50) primary key, total
number (10,2);
create table donottouch.comm tot(commission varchar2(25) primary key,
quantity number (10), total number (10,2);
create table donottouch.trips year(year number(4) primary key, quantity
number(10));
create table donottouch.trips month(year number(4), month number(2), quantity
number(10), primary key (year, month));
create table donottouch.trips day(year number(4), month number(2), day
number(2), quantity number(10), primary key (year, month, day));
create table donottouch.emp comm(name varchar2(100), commission varchar2(25),
quantity number(10), total number(10,2), primary key (name, commission));
create table donottouch.cust tot(name varchar2(100) primary key, total
number (10, 2);
create table donottouch.cust tot year(name varchar2(100), year number(4),
total number(10,2), primary key (name, year));
create table donottouch.cust tot month(name varchar2(100), year number(4),
month number(2), total number(10,2), primary key (name, year, month));
create table donottouch.prod sold(supplier number(10), product varchar2(50),
quantity number(10), primary key (supplier, product));
create table donottouch.supp tot(supplier number(10) primary key, quantity
number (10), total number (10,2);
create table donottouch.prod tot(product varchar2(50) primary key, quantity
number (10);
--LOADING DIMENSIONS
--returns the number of trips taken to particular destination group
merge into donottouch.destinatino tot x
(select destination, count (destination) as quantity
from donottouch.fact
group by destination
having destination is not null) y
on (v.destination = x.destination)
when matched then update set quantity=y.quantity
when not matched then insert values (y.destination, y.quantity);
```

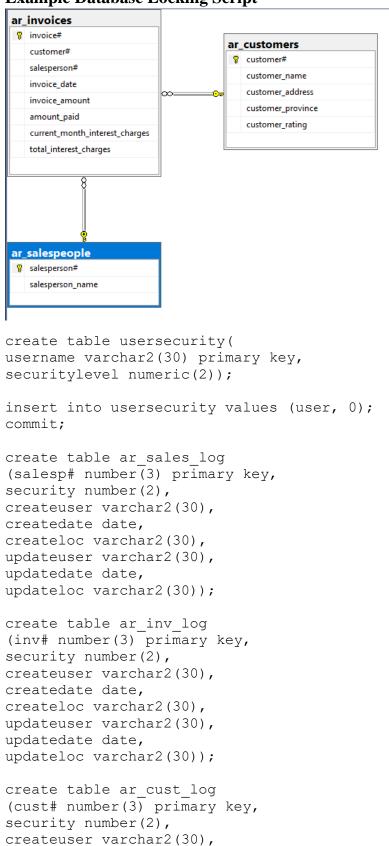
```
--returns the number and total spent for trips of certain class
merge into donottouch.class tot x
using
(
select class, count(class) as quantity, sum(amount) as total
from fact
group by class
having class is not null
) у
on (y.class = x.class)
when matched then update set quantity=y.quantity,total=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.class, y.quantity, y.total);
--returns the total obtained through different fees
merge into donottouch.fee tot x
(select fee type as fee, amount*count(fee type) as total
from fact
group by fee type, amount
having fee type is not null
) у
on (y.fee = x.fee type)
when matched then update set total=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.fee, y.total);
--returns total count and amount of different commissions
merge into donottouch.comm tot x
using
(
select commission, count(quantity) as quantity, sum(amount) as total
from fact
group by commission
having commission is not null
) V
on (y.commission = x.commission)
when matched then update set total=y.total,quantity=y.quantity
when not matched then insert values (y.commission, y.quantity, y.total);
--returns the count of all the trips
merge into donottouch.trips year x
(select year, count(quantity) as quantity
from (select listno, year, quantity from fact where listno is not null and
year is not null) z
group by year) y
on (y.year = x.year)
when matched then update set quantity=y.quantity
when not matched then insert values (y.year, y.quantity);
--month
merge into donottouch.trips month x
using
(select year, month, count (quantity) as quantity
from (select listno, year, month, quantity from fact where listno is not null
and year is not null and month is not null) z
group by year, month) y
```

```
on (y.year = x.year and y.month=x.month)
when matched then update set quantity=y.quantity
when not matched then insert values (y.year, y.month, y.quantity);
merge into donottouch.trips day x
using
(select year, month, day, count (quantity) as quantity
from (select listno, year, month, day, quantity from fact where listno is not
null and day is not null) z
group by year, month, day) y
on (y.year = x.year and y.month=x.month and y.day=x.day)
when matched then update set quantity=y.quantity
when not matched then insert values (y.year, y.month, y.day, y.quantity);
--employee commissions total and amount divided into the types of
commmissions
merge into donottouch.emp comm x
using
select emp name, commission, count (quantity) as quantity, sum (amount) as total
from fact
group by emp name, commission
having emp name is not null and commission is not null
on (y.emp name = x.name)
when matched then update set total=y.total, quantity=y.quantity
when not matched then insert values (y.emp name, y.commission, y.quantity,
y.total);
--customers total spent
merge into donottouch.cust tot x
using
select cust name as name, sum(amount) as total
from fact
group by cust name
having cust name is not null) y
on (y.name = x.name)
when matched then update set total=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.name, y.total);
--customer total spent - year
merge into donottouch.cust tot year x
(select cust name as name, year, sum(amount) as total
from fact
group by cust name, year
having cust name is not null and year is not null
order by 1,2) y
on (y.name = x.name and y.year=x.year)
when matched then update set total=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.name, y.year, y.total);
--customer total spent - month
merge into donottouch.cust tot month x
using
(select cust name as name, year, month, sum (amount) as total
```

```
from fact
group by cust name, year, month
having cust name is not null and year is not null and month is not null
order by 1,2,3) y
on (y.name = x.name and y.year=x.year and x.month=y.month)
when matched then update set total=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.name, y.year, y.month, y.total);
--number of times a particular product was sold
merge into donottouch.prod sold x
using
select supplier, product, count (quantity) as total
from fact
group by supplier, product
having supplier is not null and product is not null
on (y.supplier = x.supplier and y.product = x.product)
when matched then update set quantity=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.supplier, y.product, y.total);
--number of times a particular group of product was sold
merge into donottouch.prod tot x
using
(
select product, count (quantity) as total
from fact
group by product
having product is not null
order by 1
) y
on (y.product = x.product)
when matched then update set quantity=y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.product, y.total);
--number and total of things a supplier sold something
merge into donottouch.supp tot x
(select supplier, count(quantity) as quantity, sum(amount) as total
from fact
group by supplier
having supplier is not null) y
on (y.supplier = x.supplier)
when matched then update set quantity=y.quantity,total= y.total
when not matched then insert values (y.supplier, y.quantity, y.total);
create or replace procedure emp commissions
      cursor com is select emp name, commission, amount
                  where emp name is not null and commission is not null
                  order by emp_name desc;
      com v com%rowtype;
      total number (10,2) := 0;
      name varchar2(50);
```

```
status varchar2(50);
begin
                 open com;
                 fetch com into com v;
                 dbms output.put line('Employee'||chr(9)||'Commission
Status'||chr(9)||chr(9)||'Amount');
                 loop
                                  exit when com%notfound;
                                  if com v.emp name != name then
                 dbms output.put line(chr(10) | | chr(9) | | chr(9) | | chr(9) | | chr(9) | | Total:
$'||total||chr(10));
                                                   total:=0;
                                                   name :=com v.emp name;
                                                   status :=com v.commission;
                 dbms output.put line(name||chr(9)||chr(9)||status||chr(9)||chr(9)||com
v.amount);
                                                   total:=total+com v.amount;
                                  elsif com v.commission!=status then
                                                   status:=com v.commission;
                 dbms output.put line(chr(9) \mid |chr(9)| |status| |chr(9)| |chr(9)| |com v.amou
nt);
                                                   total:=total+com v.amount;
                                  elsif com v.commission = status then
                 dbms output.put line (chr(9) | | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | chr(9) | | chr(9) 
m v.amount);
                                                   total:=total+com v.amount;
                                   elsif name is null then
                                                   name :=com v.emp name;
                                                   status :=com v.commission;
                 dbms output.put line(name||chr(9)||status||chr(9)||chr(9)||com v.amount
);
                                                   total:=total+com v.amount;
                                  end if;
                                   fetch com into com v;
                 dbms output.put line(chr(10) | | chr(9) | | chr(9) | | chr(9) | | chr(9) | | Total:
$'||total||chr(10));
                 close com;
end;
exec emp commissions
```

# **Example Database Locking Script**



```
createdate date,
createloc varchar2(30),
updateuser varchar2(30),
updatedate date,
updateloc varchar2(30));
insert into ar cust log select customer#, 0, user, sysdate,
userenv('terminal'), null, null, null from ar customers;
insert into ar inv log select invoice#, 0,user, sysdate,
userenv('terminal'), null, null, null from ar invoices;
insert into ar sales log select salesperson#, 0,user, sysdate,
userenv('terminal'), null, null, null from ar salesperson;
commit;
create view ar cust data as
select customer#, customer name, customer address, customer province,
customer rating
from ar customers a
join ar cust log b on a.customer#=b.cust#
where security<=(select securitylevel from usersecurity where
username=user);
create view ar sales data as
select salesperson#, salesperson name
from ar salespeople a
join ar sales log b on a.salesperson#=b.salesp#
where security <= (select security level from usersecurity where
username=user);
create view ar inv data as
select invoice#,
     customer#,
     salesperson#,
     invoice date,
     invoice amount,
     amount paid,
     current month interest charges,
     total interest charges
from ar invoices a
join ar inv log b on a.invoice#=b.inv#
where security<=(select securitylevel from usersecurity where
username=user);
create table ar cust log det
cust# number(3),
logdate date,
datatype char(1) check (datatype in ('S', 'I', 'U', 'D')),
loguser varchar2(30),
primary key(cust#, logdate)
);
```

```
create table ar inv log det
inv# number(3),
logdate date,
datatype char(1) check (datatype in ('S', 'I', 'U', 'D')),
loguser varchar2(30),
primary key(inv#, logdate)
);
create table ar sales log det
salesp# number(3),
logdate date,
datatype char(1) check (datatype in ('S', 'I', 'U', 'D')),
loguser varchar2(30),
primary key(salesp#, logdate)
);
--Trigger and procedures for Customer
create or replace trigger ar cust watch
after insert or update or delete on ar customers
for each row
begin
if inserting then
     insert into ar cust log values (:new.customer#, 0, user, sysdate,
userenv('terminal'), null, null, null);
     insert into ar cust log det values (:new.customer#, sysdate, 'I',
user);
elsif updating then
     update ar cust log set updateuser=user, updatedate=sysdate,
updateloc=userenv('terminal') where cust#=:old.customer#;
     insert into ar cust log det values (:new.customer#, sysdate, 'U',
elsif deleting then
     insert into ar cust log det values (:new.customer#, sysdate, 'D',
user);
end if;
end;
--delete customer
create or replace procedure ar cust del (cust# number)
as
begin
delete from ar customers
where customer# = cust#;
end;
--insert one record
```

```
create or replace procedure ar cust ins (cust# number, name varchar2,
addr varchar2, prov varchar2, rate number)
as
begin
insert into ar customers (customer#, customer name, customer address,
customer province, customer rating)
values (cust#, name, addr, prov, rate);
end;
/
--update
create or replace procedure ar cust upd (cust# number, name varchar2,
addr varchar2, prov varchar2, rate number)
as
begin
update ar customers
set customer name=name,
     customer address=addr,
     customer province=prov,
     customer rating=rate
     where customer# = cust#;
end;
--select 1
create or replace procedure ar cust get (cust# in number, cust out
number, cname out varchar2, addr out varchar2, prov out varchar2, rate
out number)
as
begin
     select customer#, customer name, customer address,
customer province, customer rating
     into cust, cname, addr, prov, rate
     from ar customers
     where customer#=cust#;
     insert into ar cust log det values (cust#, sysdate, 'S', user);
end;
--select all
create or replace procedure ar cust geta (custdata out sys refcursor)
as
begin
for x in (select * from ar customers) loop
     insert into ar cust log det
     values (x.customer#, sysdate, 'S', user);
end loop;
open custdata for select * from ar customers;
end;
--Trigger and procedures for invoices
create or replace trigger ar inv watch
after insert or update or delete on ar invoices
for each row
```

```
begin
if inserting then
     insert into ar inv log values (:new.invoice#, 0, user, sysdate,
userenv('terminal'), null, null, null);
     insert into ar inv log det values(:new.invoice#, sysdate, 'I',
user);
elsif updating then
     update ar inv log set updateuser=user, updatedate=sysdate,
updateloc=userenv('terminal') where inv#=:old.invoice#;
     insert into ar inv log det values (:new.invoice#, sysdate, 'U',
user);
elsif deleting then
     insert into ar inv log det values (:new.invoice#, sysdate, 'D',
user);
end if;
end;
--delete
create or replace procedure ar inv del (inv# number)
begin
delete from ar invoices
where invoice# = inv#;
end;
--insert one record
create or replace procedure ar inv ins (inv# number, cust# number,
salesp# number, indate date, inamt number, amtp number, curint number,
totint number)
as
begin
insert into ar invoices (invoice#, customer#, salesperson#,
invoice date, invoice amount, amount paid,
current month interest charges, total interest charges)
values (inv#, cust#, salesp#, indate, inamt, amtp, curint, totint);
end;
--update
create or replace procedure ar inv upd (inv# number, cust# number,
salesp# number, indate date, inamt number, amtp number, curint number,
totint number)
begin
update ar invoices
set customer#=cust#,
     salesperson#=salesp#,
     invoice date=indate,
     invoice amount=inamt,
     amount paid=amtp,
     current month interest charges=curint,
     total interest charges=totint
```

```
where invoice# = inv#;
end;
--select 1
create or replace procedure ar inv get (inv# in number, inv out number,
cust# out number, salesp# out number, indate out date, inamt out
number, amtp out number, curint out number, totint out number)
as
begin
     select invoice#,
           customer#,
           salesperson#,
           invoice date,
           invoice amount,
           amount paid,
           current month interest charges,
           total interest charges
           into inv, cust#, salesp#, indate, inamt, amtp, curint, totint
     from ar invoices
     where invoice#=inv#;
     insert into ar inv log det values (inv#, sysdate, 'S', user);
end;
--select all
create or replace procedure ar inv geta (datax out sys refcursor)
begin
for x in (select * from ar invoices) loop
     insert into ar inv log det
     values (x.invoice#, sysdate, 'S', user);
end loop;
open datax for select * from ar_invoices;
close datax;
end;
--Trigger and procedures for salespeople
create or replace trigger ar sales watch
after insert or update or delete on ar salespeople
for each row
begin
if inserting then
     insert into ar sales log values (:new.salesperson#, 0, user,
sysdate, userenv('terminal'), null, null, null);
     insert into ar sales log det values(:new.salesperson#, sysdate,
'I', user);
elsif updating then
     update ar sales log set updateuser=user, updatedate=sysdate,
updateloc=userenv('terminal') where salesp#=:old.salesperson#;
     insert into ar sales log det values (:new.salesperson#, sysdate,
'U', user);
elsif deleting then
```

```
insert into ar sales log det values (:new.salesperson#, sysdate,
'D', user);
end if:
end;
--delete customer
create or replace procedure ar sales del (salesp# number)
as
begin
delete from ar salespeople
where salesperson# = salesp#;
end;
--insert one record
create or replace procedure ar cust ins (salesp# number, name
varchar2)
begin
insert into ar salespeople (salesperson#, salesperson name)
values (salesp#, name);
end;
--update
create or replace procedure ar sales upd (salesp# number, name
varchar2)
as
begin
update ar salespeople
set salesperson name=name
     where salesperson# = salesp#;
end;
--select 1
create or replace procedure ar sales get (salesp# in number, sales out
number, name out varchar2)
as
begin
     select salesperson#, salesperson name into sales, name
     from ar salespeople
     where salesperson#=salesp#;
     insert into ar sales log det values (salesp#, sysdate, 'S',
user);
end;
--select all
create or replace procedure ar sales geta (datax out sys refcursor)
as
for x in (select * from ar salespeople) loop
     insert into ar sales log det
```

```
values (x.salesperson#, sysdate, 'S', user);
end loop;
open datax for select * from ar salespeople;
end;
```

## **Linux Scripting**

```
Datapump Script
#!usr/bim/ksh
#call my functions in...
. /home/oracle/Scripts/functions.ksh
if [ $# != 1 ]; then
     echo "Needs to be called with 1 parameter"
     exit 1
fi
#Validate parameter is a valid instance
ORACLE SID=$1
dbhome > /dev/null
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo "${ORACLE SID} is not a valid instance in `hostname`"
fi
echo "Oracle Sid is good"
ORAENV ASK=NO
. oraenv >/dev/null 2>&1
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo "Unable to set environment for $ORACLE SID"
     exit 1
fi
echo "Good to continue"
YYMMDD=`date +'%Y%m%d%H%M'`
LOGFILE=/home/oracle/Logs/oradp ${ORACLE SID} ${YYMMDD}.out
echo msg "Script Started"
BU LOCATION=/u03/BACKUP
# ensure backup location is good
```

```
#
if [ ! -d ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID} ]; then
     mkdir ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID} > /dev/null 2>&1
     if [ $? != 0 ]; then
           echo msg "Failed to create backup location :
${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID}"
           exit 1
     fi
fi
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF
whenever sqlerror exit 1
connect / as sysdba
create or replace directory ORADP as '${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID}';
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo msg "Unable to create ORADP as
'${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID}'"
     exit 1
fi
echo msg "expdp running....."
DUMPFILE=$ORACLE SID ${YYMMDD}.dp
DPLOGFILE=$ORACLE SID ${YYMMDD}.log
expdp \"/ as sysdba \" directory=ORADP schemas=SYSTEM
dumpfile={DUMPFILE} logfile={DPLOGFILE} >/dev/null 2>&1
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo msg "expdp reported failures"
     cat ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID} | tee -a ${LOGFILE}
     exit 1
else
     echo msg "expdp completed with no error"
     cat ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID} | tee -a ${LOGFILE}
     cd ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID}
     echo msg "Zipping ${DUMPFILE}"
     gzip ${DUMPFILE}
     if [ $! != 0 ]; then
     fi
fi
echo msg "Script Ended"
```

### **Hot Backup Script**

```
#!/usr/bin/ksh
#Created by: Sally
# Assumptions about the database the script expects:
     database to be open in read write
     will change the database to archive log mode if not
     connect / as sysdba
#
     network files to be in default or in /etc
     running with spfile
# Script improvement considerations:
     add DBVERIFY
     make backup locations as parameter
     restore pfile a location....
#Grab functions for echo_msg, echo_rec, echo_rec_msg from:
. ${HOME}/Scripts/functions.ksh
if [ $# != 1 ]; then
   echo "orahot.sh needs to be called with 1 parameter - Instance
name"
   exit 1
fi
# Validate parameter is a valid instance
ORACLE SID=$1
dbhome > /dev/null 2>&1
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
   echo "${ORACLE SID} is not a valid instance on `hostname`"
   exit 1
fi
ORAENV ASK=NO
. oraenv > /dev/null 2>&1
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
   echo "Unable to set environment for $ORACLE SID"
   exit 1
fi
#variables...
```

```
YYMMDD=`date +'%Y%m%d%H%M'`
LOGFILE=${HOME}/Logs/orahot ${ORACLE_SID}_${YYMMDD}.out
BU LOCATION=/u05/BACKUP
BU LOC FILE=${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID}/orahot ${YYMMDD}
REC FILE=${BU LOC FILE}/orahot recovery ${ORACLE SID}.sh
echo msg "Script Started"
if [ ! -d ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID} ]; then
 mkdir ${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID} > /dev/null 2>&1
 if [ $? != 0 ]; then
    echo msg "Failed to create backup location :
${BU LOCATION}/${ORACLE SID}"
   exit 1
 fi
fi
mkdir ${BU LOC FILE} > /dev/null 2>&1
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo msg "Failed to create final backup location: ${BU LOC FILE}"
     exit 2
fi
TMPFILE=${HOME}/Logs/orahottemp ${ORACLE SID} ${YYMMDD}.tmp
#Checking database status
sqlplus -s / as sysdba << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
set echo off
set heading off
set feedback off
set trimspool on
set pagesize 0
set linesize 2048
spool ${TMPFILE}
select open mode from v\$database;
spool off
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo msg "Error checking database status."
     exit 2
```

```
echo msg "Temp. File: ${TMPFILE}"
FILEOUT=`cat ${TMPFILE}`
if [ "${FILEOUT}"=="READ WRITE" ]; then
     echo msg "Database status: ${FILEOUT}"
else
     echo msg "Database status: ${FILEOUT}"
     echo msg "Check database status before rerunning this script"
     exit 1
fi
#Checking db archive log status
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
connect / as sysdba
set echo off
set heading off
set feedback off
set trimspool on
set pagesize 0
set linesize 2048
spool ${TMPFILE}
select log mode from v\$database;
spool off
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
     echo msg "Error checking log status database."
     exit 2
fi
echo msg "Logfile: ${LOGFILE}"
echo msg "Recovery File: ${REC FILE}"
echo msg "Backup location: ${BU LOC FILE}"
ARMODE=`cat ${TMPFILE}`
if [ "${ARMODE}"=="ARCHIVELOG" ]; then
     echo msg "Database archive mode confirmed"
else
     echo msg "DB not in archive log mode"
     exit 1
#if not in archive mode, make archive
        sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
       conn / as sysdba
```

```
shutdown immediate
    startup mount
#
     alter database archivelog;
# alter database open;
# exit
#echo msg "Database changed to archive log mode"
#exit 1
fi
echo rec msg "!/usr/bin/ksh"
#start Archive logs
sqlplus -s /noloq << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
set heading off
set pagesize 0
set linesize 10
col sequence# for 999999999
set feedback off
spool ${TMPFILE}
select sequence# from v\$log where status='CURRENT';
spool off
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo msg "Error finding start sequence number."
        exit 2
chmod u+x ${TMPFILE}
SEQ=`cat ${TMPFILE}`
echo msg "Start Sequence#: ${SEQ}"
echo msg "Start backing up datafiles"
#backup datafiles
sqlplus -s /nolog <<EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
set echo off
set feedback off
set heading off
set linesize 2048
set pagesize 0
spool ${TMPFILE}
select tablespace_name||':'||file_name||':'||file_id from
dba data files order by tablespace name;
spool off
exit
```

```
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo msg "Error querying for datafiles"
fi
echo msg "Adding datafiles to recovery file"
echo rec msg "Datafiles"
echo msg "Datafiles backed up: "
chmod u+x ${TMPFILE}
cat ${TMPFILE} | awk -F: '{print $1 " " $2 " " $3}' | while read TBN
DF FID
do
sqlplus -s /nolog <<EOF >/dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
alter tablespace ${TBN} begin backup;
--alter system switch logfile;
exit
EOF
cp ${DF} ${BU LOC FILE}/${TBN} ${FID} ${YYMMDD}.bk
#touch ${BU LOC FILE}/${TBN} ${FID} ${YYMMDD}.bk
if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
     echo msg "Failed to cp datafile: ${DF}"
fi
sqlplus -s /nolog <<EOF >/dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
alter tablespace ${TBN} end backup;
exit
EOF
echo msq "${DF}"
echo rec msg "Tablespace: ${TBN}"
echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/${TBN} ${FID} ${YYMMDD}.bk" "${DF}"
done
echo msg "Finished Datafiles."
#Done datafiles
#backing up the control files
```

```
echo msq "Backing up the control file to '${BU LOC FILE}/'"
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
alter database backup controlfile to '${BU LOC FILE}/control.bin';
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo "Error backing up control file."
        exit 2
fi
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
alter database backup controlfile to trace as
'${BU LOC FILE}/control.txt';
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo "Error backing up controlfile to trace"
        exit 2
fi
echo msg "Finished controlfile backups"
#adding controlfiles to the recovery
echo msg "Adding to recovery file"
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
set echo off
set feedback off
set heading off
set pagesize 0
set linesize 2048
spool ${TMPFILE}
select name from v\$controlfile;
spool off
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo "Error querying database for controlfiles"
        exit 2
fi
echo rec msg "Control Files"
```

```
echo rec msg "Trace: ${BU LOC FILE}/control.txt"
cat ${TMPFILE} | while read inputline
           echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/control.bin" "${inputline}"
     done
echo msg "Finished Controlfiles."
#
#
#Archive logs
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
set heading off
set feedback off
set pagesize 0
set linesize 10
col sequence# for 999999999
alter system archive log current;
spool ${TMPFILE}
select sequence# from v\$log where status='CURRENT';
spool off
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo "Error finding end sequence number."
        exit 2
fi
secseq=`cat ${TMPFILE}`
echo msg "End Sequence#: ${secseq}"
echo_msg "Start Archive log backups"
sqlplus -s /nolog <<EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
set heading off
set pagesize 0
set linesize 2048
set feedback off
spool ${TMPFILE}
select name||':'||sequence# from v\$archived log where (sequence#
between ${SEQ} and ${secseq}) and
     resetlogs id = (select resetlogs id from v\$database incarnation
where status='CURRENT');
spool off
exit
```

```
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo "Error querying database for archived logs."
fi
echo rec msg "Archive Logs"
cat ${TMPFILE} | awk -F: '{print $1 " " $2}' | while read AL SN
do
     cp ${AL} ${BU LOC FILE}/ar ${SN}.arc
     if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                echo msg "Failed to cp archive log : sequence num
${SN}"
        fi
     echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/ar ${SN}.arc" "${AL}"
done
echo msg "Finished Archive Logs"
echo msg "Start network files backups"
# Network Files
#tnsnames
echo rec msg "Network Files"
if [ -f ${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/tnsnames.ora ]; then
     echo msg "Copied tnsnames from default Oracle Home"
     cp ${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/tnsnames.ora
${BU LOC FILE}/tnsnames.ora
     if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                echo msg "Failed to cp tnsnames.ora"
        fi
     echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/tnsnames.ora"
"${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/tnsnames.ora"
else
     if [ -f /etc/tnsnames.ora ]; then
           echo msg "Copied tnsnames from /etc"
           cp /etc/tnsnames.ora ${BU LOC FILE}/tnsnames.ora
           if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                echo msg "Failed to cp tnsnames.ora"
                fi
```

```
echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/tnsnames.ora" "/etc/tnsnames.ora"
     fi
fi
#listener
if [ -f ${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/listener.ora ]; then
     echo msg "Copied listener from default Oracle Home"
     cp ${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/listener.ora
${BU LOC FILE}/listener.ora
     if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                echo msg "Failed to cp listener.ora"
        fi
     echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/listener.ora"
"${ORACLE_HOME}/network/admin/listener.ora"
else
     if [ -f /etc/listener.ora ]; then
           echo msg "Copied listener from /etc"
           cp /etc/tnsnames.ora ${BU LOC FILE}/listener.ora
           echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/listener.ora" "/etc/listener.ora"
           if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                      echo msg "Failed to cp listener.ora"
                fi
     fi
fi
#sqlnet
if [ -f ${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/sqlnet.ora ]; then
     echo msg "Copied sglnet from default Oracle Home"
     cp ${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/sqlnet.ora
${BU LOC FILE}/sqlnet.ora
     if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
           echo msg "Failed to cp sqlnet.ora"
        fi
     echo rec "${BU LOC FILE}/sqlnet.ora"
"${ORACLE HOME}/network/admin/sqlnet.ora"
else
     if [ -f /etc/sqlnet.ora ]; then
           echo msg "Copied sqlnet from /etc"
           cp /etc/tnsnames.ora ${BU LOC FILE}/sqlnet.ora
```

```
if [ $? -ne 0 ]; then
                echo msg "Failed to cp sqlnet.ora"
           fi
           echo rec "${BU_LOC_FILE}/sqlnet.ora" "/etc/sqlnet.ora"
     fi
fi
echo msg "Network files done"
echo msg "Start pfile backup"
#Pfile
sqlplus -s /nolog << EOF > /dev/null 2>&1
whenever sqlerror exit 1;
conn / as sysdba
create pfile='${BU LOC FILE}/init.ora' from spfile;
exit
EOF
if [ $? != 0 ]; then
        echo "Error creating pfile copy"
        exit 2
fi
echo rec msg "Pfile"
echo rec msg "Pfile location: ${BU LOC FILE}/init.ora "
echo msg "Pfile backup done"
echo msg "Script Ended"
Function Script
#!/usr/bin/ksh
echo msg()
     echo "`date +'%Y%m%d %H:%M:%S'` : $1" | tee -a ${LOGFILE}
}
echo rec msg()
     echo "#$1" >> ${REC FILE}
}
echo rec()
     echo "#cp $1 $2" >> ${REC_FILE}
}
```

# **Appendix F – Extra Backup Documentation**

# **Backup**

#### **Cold Backup**

Cold backups are offline backups, where the database is unavailable to the users. It can be achieved while the database is in both archive and no archive log mode.

2. Run the following syntaxes to identify the locations of your listed files (pfile, control files, password files

```
datafiles, and the network files):
```

```
Select name from v$datafile;
Select member from v$logfile;
Select name from v$controlfile;
```

## More database file information:

```
dba data files
```

3. to force a logfile switch run:

```
Alter system switch logfile;
```

- 4. shut down normal
- 5. copy the list of files:

Password file from default location: \dbhome\_1\database

Pfile: C:\tea\disk1\admin\initTEA12C.ora

Network files: "listener.ora, sqlnet.ora, tnsnames.ora" from \dbhome \lambdahome \lambdahome \lambda l\network \admin

Log files: all the RDO log files Control files: all the CTL files

6. startup

Pfile=C:\tea\disk1\admin\initTEA12C.ora;

7. create SP file

Create spfile=' C:\tea\disk1\admin\initTEA12C.ora'; C:\tea\disk1\admin\initTEA12C.ora';

#### **Flashback**

Set flash backup point on, to revert the entire database to a prior point in time. The database must be in archivelog mode and the fast recovery area must be configured. These flashback logs are used to back up the database to specific time.

#### Example:

```
startup mount;
alter database flashback on;
alter database open;
select flashback_on from v$database;
select current_scn from v$database;
alter pluggable database orclpdb open;
conn bob/bob@orclpdb
create table test_flashback(
   flash# number(1),
   txt varchar2(10)
);
insert into test_flashback values (1,'king');
select * from test_flashback;
commit;
```

```
conn sys/oracle as sysdba
Shutdown;
startup mount;
flashback database to scn 13994206;
alter database open resetlogs; -- change log sequence to 1,
and online redo logs are given a new time stamp and SCN
archive log list; -- will start from sequence 1

alter pluggable database orclpdb open;
conn bob/bob@orclpdb
select * from test_flashback; --table is gone, flashback
succeed
```

#### **Read-Only Backups**

- 1. Alter tablespace query\_data read only;
- 2. Checkpoint is performed for all data files associated with the tablespace The file headers are then frozen with the current SCN
- 3. Must back up all of the data files for the tablespace
- 4. The DBWO process writes only to data files whose tablespaces are in read-write mode, and normal checkpoints occur on these files

## Recovery & Restore

Data Recovery Advisor

Diagnosing and Repairing database failure

- 1. Use the DRA (Data Recovery Advisor) to list the database failure
- 2. Obtain an advice how to repair a failure using DRA
- 3. Repair a failure using DRA

```
C:\> rman target sys@bur as sysdba
RMAN> LIST FAILURE;
RMAN> ADVICE FAILURE;
RMAN> REPAIR FAILURE;

SQL> show parameter DIAG
    SQL> show parameter dump_dest

RMAN> validate database;
```

## RMAN Recovering in NO-ARCHIVELOG

In no-archive log mode we have to mount the instance

- 1. Log in to RMAN
- 2. Shutdown the database
- 3. Mount the database to create a consistent backup
- 4. List the backups
- 5. Recover the database

```
C:\> rman target=sys@bur
RMAN > shutdown immediate;
```

```
SQL > STARTUP MOUNT pfile= C:\BUR\ Burpfile.ora
RMAN > list backup;
RMAN > recover database;
```

#### Recovering Pfile Loss

- 1. Connect to sys
- 2. Log in to RMAN
- 3. Start up the database. The database will be started with a dummy Pfile
- 4. Since the database in a dummy mode restore the Spfile the autobackup, Specify the location of the FRA
- 5. Shut own the database and then restart it with the restored spfile

```
SQL> conn sys as sysdba
SQL> host
C:\> rman target sys@cyan as sysdba
RMAN> startup;
RMAN> restore spfile from autobackup recovery area
'c:.....fast recovery area'
RMAN> shutdown immediate
RMAN> startup
```

## Auxiliary database

- 1. Connect to the auxiliary database
- 2. On separate command prompt connect to the target database

```
C:\> rman auxiliary sys/Elcaro1! @aux
C:\> rman target sys@bur as sysdba
```

We can override where RMAN will write the auto backup control file and its name using the configure command. For example:

```
RMAN> configure controlfile autobackup format for device type disk to '/u01/app/oracle/backup/autobackup/controlfile %F';
```

to set the directory and file format to the default

```
RMAN> configure controlfile autobackup format for device type disk clear;
```

### **RMAN** Configuration

#### CONFIGURE DEVICE TYPE 'SBT\_TAPE' PARALLELISM 3 BACKUP TYPE TO BACKUPSET;

Specify channels for device type

```
RMAN> configure channel 1 device type disk format
'/disk1/%U';
RMAN> configure channel 2 device type disk format
'/disk2/%U';
RMAN> configure channel 3 device type disk format
'/disk3/%U';
```

To how the errors and the status of data files

```
SQL> select file#, status, error, recover from v$datafile header;
```

### The V\$RECOVER\_FILE view displays the status of files needing media recovery

```
SQL> select file#, online_status, error from
v$recover file;
```

### Use restore...preview

```
RMAN> restore database preview;
RMAN> restore database from tag TAG20120722T203338 preview;
RMAN> restore datafile 1, 2, 3, 4 preview;
RMAN> restore archivelog all preview;
RMAN> restore archivelog from time 'sysdate - 1' preview;
RMAN> restore archivelog from scn 850000 preview;
RMAN> restore archivelog from sequence 29 preview;
```

If you use a media manager that supports vaulted backups, you can use preview recall to recall media from remote storage

```
RMAN> restore database preview recall;
```

#### Using restore . . . validate

The validate clause works with any restore command. For example, this validates the backup files required to restore the database:

RMAN> restore database validate;

### **Incomplete Recovery**

Missing a control file

- 1. Set the database in no mount
  - 2. Restore the missing or the corrupted CF
  - 3. Set the database to the mount stage
  - 4. Open the database using resetlogs

```
SQL> SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE
SQL> STARTUP NOMOUNT Pfile= C:\bur\ rcatpfile.ora
RMAN> Restore controlfile from autobackup;
RMAN> alter database mount
RMAN> alter database open resetlogs;
```

#### Missing Data File

We still can use the DRA to detect the failure

```
RMAN> list failure
RMAN> advise failure
We can fix the failure by using
RMAN> repair failure
```

# Or fix it manually:

5. Set the database in no mount

```
SQL> SHUTDOWN IMMEDIATE
SQL> STARTUP NOMOUNT Pfile= C:\bur\ rcatpfile.ora
```

6. Restore the missing datafile (assuming that the missing one is datafile 2)

```
RMAN> Restore datafile 2 from auto backup
```

OR we can restore it from a specific log sequence number

- a. Run the following statement to view the sequence number
- b. Restore the entire database from the backup before the missing archive log
- c. Recover the database through the last available logfile

```
SELECT sequence#,
    first_change#,
    first_time,
    open_mode
FROM v$databse;
RMAN> RSETORE DATABASE UBTILL SEQUENCE 60
RMAN> RECOVER DATABASE UBTILL SEQUENCE 60
RMAN> recover datafile 2;
```

- 7. Verify by checking oldest and next log sequence
- 8. Open the database using resetlogs

```
SQL> archive log list
RMAN> alter database open resetlogs;
```

## Crosscheck Archive logs using Recovery Catalog

Verifies the status of backups and copies recorded in the RMAN repository against media such as disk or tape

- 1. Connect to catalog
- 2. Run the statement

```
C:\> rman target sys@bur catalog rcat_owner@rcat
RMAN> CROSSCHECK ARCHIVELOG ALL;
```

## Recover to Image Copies

```
RMAN> recover copy of datafile {n|'file_name'}
--if run these commands daily
recover copy of database with tag 'daily_inc';
backup incremental level 1 for recover of copy with tag 'daily_inc' database;
```

#### Perform a fast switch to image copies

- 1. Take data files offline
- 2. Use the SWITCH TO ...COPY command to switch to image copies
- 3. Recover data files
- 4. Bring data files online
- --now the data files are recovered and usable in their new location
- --optionally, do the following to put the files back into their original location
  - 5. Create an image copy of the data file in the original location
  - 6. Take data files offline
  - 7. SWITCH TO ...copy
  - 8. Recover data files
  - 9. Bring data files online

```
SQL> switch datafile '...' to copy; --use SET NEWNAME for switching files
```

#### --the set newname command can be used only inside a RUN block

```
RMAN> run{
    allocate channel dev1 device type disk;
    allocate channel dev2 device type sbt;
    SQL "alter tablespace users offline immediate";
    set newname for datafile '...' to '...';
    restore tablespace users;
    switch datafile all;
    recover tablespace users;
    SQL "alter tablespace users online";}
```

#### RC VIEWS

Some examples of rc\_views:

- RC ARCHIVED LOG
- RC\_BACKUP\_ARCHIVELOG\_DETAILS
- RC BACKUP CONTROLFILE
- RC\_BACKUP\_DATAFILE
- RC BACKUP REDOLOG
- RC\_BACKUP\_CORRUPTION
- RC\_DATABASE
- RC\_CONTROLFILE\_COPY
- RC DATAFILE
- RC\_DATAFILE\_COPY
- RC LOG HISTORY
- RC\_TABLESPACES

#### And more...

SQL> select object\_name from user\_objects where object\_name like
'RC\_%';

#### **Restore** point

- must have SYSDBA privileges
- must have flash recovery area
- must be in ARCHIVE LOG MODE
- flashback should be on

```
SQL> create restore point [name_of_restore_point]
[guarantee] flashback database;
```

• to view restore points:

```
SQL> select * from v$restore_point;
```

#### To restore

```
SQL> select current_scn from v$database;
SQL> shutdown immediate;
SQL> startup mount;
SQL> flashback database to restore point [name_of_restore_point];
SQL> alter database open resetlogs;
SQL> select current_scn from v$database; --compare SCN# to
the SCN from v$restore point
```

## **Error Handling**

```
Tips
```

```
system and undo cannot be offline when database is running
    o if using GUI, sysaux cannot be offline either
to find files that need recovery:
        select name, error from v$datafile join v$recover_file using (file#);
useful commands to monitor block change tracking
        select filename, status, bytes from v$block_change_tracking;
        select file#,
                avg(datafile_blocks),
                avg(blocks read),
                avg(blocks_read/datafile_blocks)*100 as PCT_READ_FOR_BACKUP,
                avg(blocks)
        from v$backup_datafile where used_change_tracking='YES' and incremental_level>0
        group by file#;
Report on backups
        RMAN>
                list
                report
                report need backup
                report obsolete
SQL dynamic views
        v$backup_set
        v$backup_piece
        v$datafile_copy
        v$backup_files
SQL Data recovery advisor Views
        v$ir_failure
        v$ir manual checklist
        v$ir_repair
        v$ir failure set
delete expired: remove only files whose status in the repository is "expired"
delete obsolete: delete backups that are no longer needed
compressing backups – may save space, however will increase MTTR
debug option
        RMAN> target / catalog rman/rman debug trace trace.log
        RMAN> run {
                debug on;
                allocate channel c1 type disk;
                backup datafile 3;
                debug off;
                backup datafile 4;}
```

#### **Common Errors**

File Loss can be caused by:

- User error
- Application error
- Media failure

A non-critical file can be addressed by:

- Creating a new file
- Rebuild the file/having scripts (ex. indx)
- Recover the lost or damaged file
- Import from backups

Data repair techniques:

Physical Failure (missing or corrupted data file):

- Data recovery advisor
- Data file media recovery
- Block recovery

Logical Failure (Application or user error)

- Logical flashback features
- Oracle flashback database
- Point-in-time recovery (in RMAN)
  - o DBPITR, PITR, TPITR

#### Control File Loss

- If control files are stored in ASM disk group, recovery options:
  - o Using Enterprise Manager:
    - Startup nomount and use RMAN Restore control file from '...';
- If control files are stored as regular file system files;
  - o Shutdown
  - o Replace lost control file from existing control file copies
- RMAN from Auto backup

startup nomount; --without recovery catalog: rman> set dbid <nn> restore controlfile from autobackup;

alter database mount;

recover database; --go back in time

alter database open resetlogs; --new db incarnation

- --restore the spfile and the control file
- --with recovery catalog: db in nomount state

RMAN> restore controlfile;

RMAN> restore controlfile ...to <dest>

--loss of spfile and controlfile:

set the dbid or use recovery catalog

restore the spfile from the autobackup

start the instance with the restored spfile

RMAN > restore controlfile from autobackup;

mount the db with the restored control file

restore and recover the db

#### RMAN > alter database open resetlogs;

### Loss of Redo Log File

- 1. Determine whether there is a missing log file by examining the alert log
- 2. Alter database drop logfile member '...';

Alter database add logfile member '...' to group <#>;

OR

Replace the missing control file by creating a copy from existing other members

- 3. Rename the missing file if the media failure is due to the loss of a disk drive or controller
- 4. If the group has already been archived, or if you are in no-archive log mode, you may choose to solve the problem by clearing the log group to recreate the missing file or files

  Alter database clear logfile group <#>; -- if no members exist

## Loss of Data file in No-Archive log mode

- 1. Shutdown
- 2. Restore from redo logs
- 3. Startup
- 4. Re-enter all changes since last backup
- Might be able to import using datapump if it exists

## Loss of a system-critical data file in Archive log mode

- 1. Shutdown abort
- 2. Startup mount
- 3. Restore and recover the missing data file
- 4. Alter database open

### Loss of No-logging database objects

Objects created with NOLOGGING cannot be recovered (even if the database is in archive log mode)

SQL> create table abc\_copy nologging;

SQL> insert /\*+ append \*/ into abc\_copy select \* from abc;

- --no redo is generated for this particular insert statement
- --cannot recover this transaction on abc table

#### Loss of PWDFILE

Recreate a password authentication file using orapwd

- 1. orapwd file=?/database/filename password=password entries=max\_users other options: ASM/FORMAT/SYSBACKUP/SYSDG/SYSKM/DELETE/FORCE
- 2. add users to the password file and assign appropriate privileges to each user desc v\$pwfile\_users;

Copy over password file from backup to the correct location in oracle home.

### Disaster recovery

- 1. Restore an autobackup of the server parameter file
- 2. Startup nomount;
- 3. Restore the control file from autobackup
- 4. Alter database mount;
- 5. Restore the data files
- 6. Recover the data files

#### 7. Alter database open resetlogs;

Consider on instance recovery in the plan

Increase the MTBF, the mean time between failures. Increase the average time between a failure and the next

expected one that may occur

Decrease the MTTR, the mean time to recover. Decrease the time it takes to run a repair after a data loss.

We can add a MTTR parameter to the pfile to specify the seconds to perform an instance recovery

show parameter fast\_start\_mttr\_target show parameter log\_checkpoint\_timeout show parameter log\_checkpoint\_interval SELECT TARGET\_MTTR, ESTIMATED\_MTTR, CKPT\_BLOCK\_WRITES FROM V\$INSTANCE RECOVERY;

# RMAN Backup in NO-ARCHIVELOG

- 1. Shutdown the database
- 2. Mount the database to create a consistent backup
- 3. Backup the database
- 4. Open the database
- 5. Verify the created backup
- 6. Ensure that we're saving spaces by removing duplicates in case they are existed

RMAN> shutdown immediate;

RMAN> startup mount;

RMAN> backup database;

RMAN> ALTER DATABSE OPEN:

RMAN> list backup;

RMAN> delete obsolete;

RMAN> exit

#### User-managed backup in No-archivelog Mode

Multiplex CF by creating multiple 16 redo log groups with 2 members for each group in different location, 2 copies of archive logs in 2 separate disks. One of the locations should be local

## **Virtual Private Catalog (VPC)**

### Create the owner of the VPC

- 1. Use sqlplus, connect to the recovery catalog database
- 2. Create the VPC owner
- 3. Grant recovery catalog owner role to the user
- 4. Using RMAN, connect to the recovery catalog as the base recovery catalog owner
- 5. Grant privileges (access to the metadata/ability to register new target database) to the VPC owner

### **Create the VPC**

- 1. Using RMAN, connect to the recovery catalog db as the VPC owner
- 2. Create the VPC by "create virtual catalog" command
  - --revoke access to the metadata

RMAN> revoke catalog for database netclass from vpc1;

--to drop a virtual private catalog

RMAN> drop catalog;

## Register a database with a VPC and store backup metadata

- 1. Using RMAN, connect to the database that you want to register as target
- 2. Register the database with the VPC owner by using the "register database" command
- 3. Use the "backup" command to back up the database and store metadata related to the backup in the VPC

# **Using Nologging**

While reloading use keyword Nologging and parallel to make the reloading faster. Nologging avoids generating redo (used for tuning)

# Appendix G – Reports from TEA Database

# Workshop 3

```
SQL> conn sys/Elcaro1! as sysdba
Connected to an idle instance.
SQL> show user
USER is "SYS"
SQL> SET heading OFF
SQL> SELECT 'Instance name: ', instance name FROM v$instance;
Instance name: tea
SOL>
SQL> startup nomount pfile='C:\TEA\DISK1\ADMIN\initTEA12c.ora'
ORACLE instance started.
Total System Global Area 5167382528 bytes
Fixed Size
                         8757568 bytes
Variable Size
                       956305088 bytes
Database Buffers 4194304000 bytes
Redo Buffers
                         8015872 bytes
SQL> spool off
-----Creating database-----
SQL> SET feedback ON
SQL> --Script for DB creation
SQL> show user
USER is "SYS"
SQL> SET HEADING OFF
SOL>
SQL> SELECT 'Instance name: ',instance name
 2 FROM v$instance;
Instance name: tea
1 row selected.
SOL>
SQL> CREATE DATABASE TEA
     USER SYS IDENTIFIED BY oracle
        USER SYSTEM IDENTIFIED BY oracle
        LOGFILE GROUP 1 ('C:\TEA\DISK1\redo01a.log',
'C:\TEA\Disk2\redo01b.log', 'C:\TEA\Disk3\redo01c.log') SIZE 10M,
                    GROUP 2 ('C:\TEA\DISK1\redo02a.log',
'C:\TEA\Disk2\redo02b.log', 'C:\TEA\Disk3\redo02c.log') SIZE 10M,
                   GROUP 3 ('C:\TEA\DISK1\redo03a.log',
'C:\TEA\Disk2\redo03b.log', 'C:\TEA\Disk3\redo03c.log') SIZE 10M
        MAXINSTANCES 1
        MAXLOGHISTORY 1
```

```
MAXLOGFILES 16
10
         MAXLOGMEMBERS 3
11
        MAXDATAFILES 1024
         CHARACTER SET AL32UTF8
12
13 NATIONAL CHARACTER SET AL16UTF16
14 DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK1\system01.dbf'
15
         SIZE 500M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 15M MAXSIZE 1000M
16 SYSAUX DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\Disk4\sysaux01.dbf'
17
      SIZE 400M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE 800M
18
       DEFAULT TEMPORARY TABLESPACE temp01
19
       TEMPFILE 'C:\TEA\Disk2\temp01.dbf'
20
       SIZE 200M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 5M MAXSIZE 800M
    UNDO TABLESPACE undotbs01
21
     DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK3\undo01.dbf'
22
       SIZE 200M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE 400M
23
24
         USER DATA TABLESPACE userdata01
              DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK3\user data01.dbf'
              SIZE 400M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 30M MAXSIZE 800M;
26
```

Database created.

#### SOL>

SQL> CREATE TABLESPACE userdata02

- DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK4\user data02.dbf'
- 3 SIZE 400M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 30M MAXSIZE 800M;

Tablespace created.

#### SQL> CREATE UNDO TABLESPACE undotbs02

- DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK4\undo02.dbf'
- 3 SIZE 200M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE 400M;

Tablespace created.

#### SOL> CREATE TABLESPACE INDX

- 2 DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK2\indx.dbf'
- 3 SIZE 300M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 20M MAXSIZE 800M;

Tablespace created.

#### SOL> CREATE TABLESPACE ADHOC

- DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK3\adhoc.dbf'
- 3 SIZE 50M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE 100M;

Tablespace created.

#### SOL> CREATE TABLESPACE RO

- DATAFILE 'C:\TEA\DISK1\ro.dbf'
- 3 SIZE 50M AUTOEXTEND ON NEXT 10M MAXSIZE 100M;

Tablespace created.

```
SQL> alter tablespace system
 2 add datafile 'c:\tea\disk2\system02.dbf'
 3 size 500m autoextend on next 15m maxsize 800m;
Tablespace altered.
SQL>
SQL> SET echo off
----- Before catalogue & catproc-----
SQL> SET Linesize 100
SQL> SET pagesize 50
SQL> SET echo on
SQL>
SQL> col comp_id for a20
SQL> col comp name for a30 WORD WRAPPED
SQL> col status for al0
SQL> col version for a12
SQL> sho user
USER is "SYS"
SQL>
SQL> SELECT comp name, comp id, status, version
 2 FROM dba registry
 3 ORDER BY 1;
FROM dba registry
ERROR at line 2:
ORA-00942: table or view does not exist
SQL> set termout off
SQL> set echo off
SQL> spool off
-----After catalogue & catproc------
SQL>
SQL> col comp id for a20
SQL> col comp name for a30 WORD WRAPPED
SQL> col status for a10
SQL> col version for a12
SQL>
SQL> SET echo ON
SQL> SET termout ON
SQL>
SQL> SELECT comp_name, comp_id, status, version
 2 FROM dba registry
 3 ORDER BY 1;
                                             STATUS VERSION
COMP NAME
                          COMP ID
Oracle Database Catalog Views CATALOG
                                              VALID
12.2.0.1.0
```

```
Oracle Database Packages and CATPROC
                                             VALID
12.2.0.1.0
Types
Oracle XML Database
                          XDB
                                             VALID
12.2.0.1.0
3 rows selected.
SQL> show user
USER is "SYS"
SQL> spool off
-----Before pupbld------
SQL> conn system/oracle
Connected.
SQL> desc PRODUCT PRIVS;
ERROR:
ORA-04043: object PRODUCT PRIVS does not exist
SQL> sho user
USER is "SYSTEM"
SQL> set termout off
SQL> set echo off
SOL> set echo on
SQL> set echo off
SQL>
SOL>
@C:\app\Administrator\product\12.2.0\dbhome 1\sqlplus\admin\pupbld.sql
-----After pupbld------
SQL> set echo on
SQL> set termout on
SQL> desc product privs;
                                    Null? Type
_____
PRODUCT
                                     NOT NULL VARCHAR2 (30)
USERID
                                             VARCHAR2 (128)
ATTRIBUTE
                                             VARCHAR2 (240)
SCOPE
                                             VARCHAR2 (240)
NUMERIC VALUE
                                             NUMBER (15, 2)
CHAR VALUE
                                             VARCHAR2 (240)
DATE VALUE
                                             DATE
LONG VALUE
                                             LONG
SQL>
SQL> SET HEADING ON
SQL> TTITLE OFF
SQL> BTITLE OFF
SQL> SET linesize 100
SQL> SET pagesize 100
```

```
SQL> spool off
-----Verifying Database-----
SQL> @c:\cyan\v
SQL> SET Linesize 40
SQL> SET pagesize 15
SQL> set echo off
USER is "SYSTEM"
Tue Nov 26
                           page
               Verify
Database name: TEA
Instance name: tea
Date: 26-NOV-19
USER is "SYSTEM"
Tue Nov 26
                                                       page 1
                             Files
STATUS NAME
_____
      C:\TEA\DISK1\REDO01A.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK1\REDO02A.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK1\REDO03A.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK2\REDO01B.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK2\REDO02B.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK2\REDO03B.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK3\REDO01C.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK3\REDO02C.LOG
       C:\TEA\DISK3\REDO03C.LOG
SYSTEM C:\TEA\DISK1\SYSTEM01.DBF
SYSTEM C:\TEA\DISK2\SYSTEM02.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK1\RO.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK2\INDX.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK3\ADHOC.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK3\UNDO01.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK3\USER DATA01.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK4\SYSAUX01.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK4\UNDO02.DBF
ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK4\USER DATA02.DBF
Control C:\TEA\DISK1\CONTROL01.CTL
Control C:\TEA\DISK2\CONTROL02.CTL
Control C:\TEA\DISK3\CONTROL03.CTL
Control C:\TEA\DISK5\CONTROL04.CTL
Tue Nov 26
                                                       page 1
                          Log Files
     VALUE
Active 0
```

Problem Count Active 0 Incident Count ADR Base C:\TEA\DISK5 ADR Home C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea Diag Alert C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\alert Diag Cdump C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\cdump Health C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\hm Monitor C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\incident Diag Incident Diag Trace C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\trace Default C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\trace\tea ora 2224 Trace File .trc Diag TRUE Enabled Tue Nov 26 page 1 Log Files GROUP# STATUS MEMBERS 1 INACTIVE 3 2 INACTIVE 3 3 CURRENT Tue Nov 26 page 1 TableSpaces TS# Loc TS Name \_\_\_\_ 0 C:\TEA\DISK1\SYSTEM01.DBF SYSTEM C:\TEA\DISK2\SYSTEM02.DBF SYSTEM 1 C:\TEA\DISK4\SYSAUX01.DBF SYSAUX 2 C:\TEA\DISK3\UNDO01.DBF UNDOTBS01 4 C:\TEA\DISK3\USER DATA01.DBF USERDATA01 5 C:\TEA\DISK4\USER DATA02.DBF USERDATA02 6 C:\TEA\DISK2\INDX.DBF INDX 7 C:\TEA\DISK3\ADHOC.DBF ADHOC 8 C:\TEA\DISK1\RO.DBF RO 9 C:\TEA\DISK4\UNDO02.DBF UNDOTBS02

TableSpaces

Tue Nov 26

page 1

TS Name	STATUS	LOGGING	RET	ENTION	Block	Size	
ADHOC INDX RO SYSAUX SYSTEM TEMP01 UNDOTBS01 UNDOTBS02 USERDATA01 USERDATA02	ONLINE	LOGGING LOGGING LOGGING NOLOGGING LOGGING LOGGING LOGGING	NOT NOT NOT NOT NOT NOG NOG	APPLY APPLY APPLY APPLY APPLY APPLY APPLY UARANTEE UARANTEE APPLY APPLY		8192 8192 8192 8192 8192 8192 8192	
Tue Nov 26	GA	page	1				
NAME		VALU	JE				
Fixed Size Variable Size Database Buffers Redo Buffers Tue Nov 26		305088 4304000 5872				page	1
		Paramete	îs				
NAME		VALUE 					
compatible db_block_size db_name db_recovery_file_de: db_recovery_file_de: diagnostic_dest instance_name processes sga_target undo_management undo_retention undo_tablespace SQL> TTITLE OFF SQL> BTITLE OFF SQL> SET linesize 60 SQL> SET pagesize 60 SQL> SET long 80	st_size	12.2.0 8192 TEA C:\TEA\I 10009706 C:\TEA\I TEA 150 51673825 AUTO 1800 UNDOTBSO	5496 DISK5 528				

# Workshop 4

SQL> @C:\TEA\DISK1\ADMIN\REPORTS.SQL
SQL> --Reports

SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.AFFILIATI Name	ON Null?	Туре
AFFILIATIONCODE AFFILIATIONDESC	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2(10) VARCHAR2(100)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.CLASS Name	Null?	Туре
CLASSCODE CLASSDESC		VARCHAR2(5) VARCHAR2(100)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIO Name	N Null?	Туре
LISTNO COMMISSIONNO COMMISSIONAMOUNT EMPID	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38) NUMBER (2) NUMBER (10,2) NUMBER (38)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.COMMISSIO Name	NTYPE Null?	Туре
COMMISSIONNO COMMISSIONTYPE		NUMBER (2) VARCHAR2 (25)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.CREDITCAR Name	D Null?	Туре
	Null?  NOT NULL	Type NUMBER(2) VARCHAR2(50)
Name  CARDTYPENO	Null?  NOT NULL	NUMBER(2) VARCHAR2(50)
Name CARDTYPENO CREDITDESC  SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.CUSTOMER	Null? NOT NULL NOT NULL NOT NULL NOT NULL NOT NULL NOT NULL	NUMBER(2) VARCHAR2(50)
Name	Null? NOT NULL	NUMBER (2) VARCHAR2 (50)  Type  NUMBER (38) NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (100) NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (100)

SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.CUSTCREDIT	r Null?	Type
CUSTOMERID CREDITCARDNO EXPDATE CARDTYPENO		NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (20) DATE NUMBER (2)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.DESTINATION	ON Null?	Туре
DESTINATIONCODE DESTINDESC		VARCHAR2 (5) VARCHAR2 (100)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.DESCRIPTION	ON Null?	Type
DESCRIPTIONNO DESCRIPTION		NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (100)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.EMPLOYEE Name	Null?	Type
EMPID FIRSTNAME LASTNAME HIREDATE PHONE EMAIL	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (20) DATE VARCHAR2 (15) VARCHAR2 (50)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.FEETYPE Name	Null?	Туре
FEECODE FEETYPEDESC FEEAMOUNT	NOT NULL	CHAR (3) VARCHAR2 (50) NUMBER (5,2)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.INVOICE Name	Null?	Type
INVOICENO ITINERARYNUM PAYMENTTYPE BILLINGDATE BILLAMOUNT REMAINDER SALEDATE FEECODE CREDITCARD CUSTID		NUMBER(12,2) NUMBER(12,2)

SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.LOCATION

Name	Null?	Туре
CITYCODE CITYNAME STATEPROV	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (50) VARCHAR2 (20)
COUNTRYNAME	NOT NULL	VARCHAR2 (20)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.OPTIONALC	USTDETAIL Null?	
CUSTOMERID BIRTHDATE WEDDING EMAIL WHEELCHAIR	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38) DATE DATE VARCHAR2 (50) CHAR (1)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.PAYMENTTY Name	PE Null?	Туре
PAYMENTTYPE PAYMENTDESC		NUMBER(2) VARCHAR2(50)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCT Name	Null?	Туре
PRODUCTCATNO SUPPLIERNO COMPANY TAXTYPE TAXRATE PRICE	NOT NULL	NUMBER(3) NUMBER(38) VARCHAR2(100) NUMBER(3) NUMBER(3,2) NUMBER
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.PRODUCTCA Name	T Null?	
PRODUCTCATNO PRODUCTCATEGORY	NOT NULL	NUMBER(3) VARCHAR2(100)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.REWARDCAR Name	D Null?	Туре
CARDTYPE REWARDCARDDESC		NUMBER(3) VARCHAR2(50)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.SUPPLIER Name	Null?	Туре
SUPPLIERNO COMPANYNAME AFFILIATIONCODE REP_NO REPRESENTS		NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (100) VARCHAR2 (10) NUMBER (38) VARCHAR2 (100)

OFFICENO CONTACTNAME ADDRESS EMAIL PHONE FAX WEB ZIP_POSTAL CITYCODE		NUMBER(3) VARCHAR2(50) VARCHAR2(100) VARCHAR2(50) VARCHAR2(15) VARCHAR2(15) VARCHAR2(50) VARCHAR2(10) NUMBER(38)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.TAXTYPE Name	Null?	Туре
TAXTYPE TAXDESC		NUMBER(3) VARCHAR2(100)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.TRIPPRODUC Name	CT Null?	Туре
LISTNO ITINERARYNUM SUPPLIERNO COMPANY PRODUCTCATNO STARTDATE ENDDATE BOOKINGNUM DESTINATIONCODE CLASSCODE DESCRIPTIONNO TRIPDESTINATION	NOT NULL NOT NULL	
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTYPE Name	Null?	Туре
TRIPTYPECODE TRIPDESC	NOT NULL	CHAR (2) VARCHAR2 (50)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.TRIP Name	Null?	Туре
ITINERARYNUM TRIPTYPECODE CUSTOMERID STARTDATE ENDDATE TRAVELLERS	NOT NULL	NUMBER (38) CHAR (2) NUMBER (38) DATE DATE NUMBER (3)
SQL> DESC DONOTTOUCH.TRIPTRAVED Name	LLER Null?	Type
ITINERARYNUM	NOT NULL	NUMBER(38)

TRAVELLERNAME

NOT NULL VARCHAR2 (50) SQL> SET LINESIZE 50 SQL> SQL> -----SQL> SET ECHO OFF Row Counts \_\_\_\_\_ 550 1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Product Categories Category Range CATEGORY \_\_\_\_\_ 100 - 149 Airline Consolidators 150 - 199 Airlines 200 - 249 Attractions 250 - 299 Car Rentals 300 - 349 Cruise Lines 5 rows selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Affiliation Row Counts \_\_\_\_\_ 1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Affiliation Code Description \_\_\_\_\_ ACTA Association of Canadian Travel Agents

ACTANEW ACTANEWP ACTAPGY NEW

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

Fees

Row Counts

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1 Fees

Code Description Amount

NC No Charge \$0

CH Change \$15

RF Refund \$25

NSF Insufficient Funds \$25

BK Booking Charge \$25

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

Commission Types

Row Counts

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

Commission Types

No. Type

- 1 Booking
- 2 Paying
- 3 Overdue
- 4 Invalid
- 5 Cancelled

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20	Employees	page	1
Row Counts			
9			
1 row selected.			
Mon Jan 20	Employees	page	1
ID Name			
1 Delton, Ja 2 Lisle, Jud 3 Reynolds, 4 Coville, J 5 Dahl, Jani	Y Dennis C. ohn		
5 rows selected			
Mon Jan 20	Destination Codes	page	1
Row Counts			
1 row selected.			
Mon Jan 20	Destination Codes	page	1
Code Descripti	on		
AFR Africa ANZ Australia ASIA Asia EU Europe an	and New Zealand d United Kingdom		
MEAST Middle Ea	st		
5 rows selected	•		
Mon Jan 20	(Trip)Class Types	page	1

Row Counts

1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 (Trip) Class Types Code Description \_\_\_\_\_ BSN Business Class DBL Double DLX Delux ECN Economy Class FST First Class 5 rows selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Trip Types Row Counts -----3 1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Trip Types Code Description ----B Business G Group L Leisure 3 rows selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 COMMISSION Row Counts -----

-----

286

1 row selected.

Mon	Jan	20		page	1
			~ ~ ~ ~ ~		

Mon Jan 20	COMMISS	page	1	
LISTNO	Commission Amount		_	
1 1 2 3 4	\$210.00 \$210.00 \$24.50 \$24.50	Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown Unknown	-	
5 rows selected.				
Mon Jan 20	CREDITC	ARD	page	1
Row Counts				
4				
1 row selected.				
Mon Jan 20	CREDITC	ARD	page	1
No. Card				
1 AMEX 2 VISA 3 MC 4 DINERS				
4 rows selected.				
Mon Jan 20 page 1			CUSTOMER	
Row Counts				
270				
1 row selected.				

Mon Jan 20

page 1

CUSTOMER

Emp. ID	Cust ID	Name		Business	ADDRESS
City No. Postal					
3 120th St. NE 2 T2J 6P3	102	Crocitto, Fred	4032796411	4032449653	101-09
2 Boulevard East	103	Landry, J.	4032794511	4032844477	7435 #4 NE
2 T2J 6B6 8 87th Ave NE	104	Enison, Laetia	4032791223	4032557865	144-61
2 T2J 6B6  Mon Jan 20					
page 2			CUSTOMER		
Emp. ID	Cust			Business	ADDRESS
_		Name		Business	ADDRESS
ID  City	ID 	Moskowitz,			
TD	ID 				
ID  City  No. Postal  2 St. NE	ID 	Moskowitz,	4032794228	4036409874	320 John
ID  City No. Postal  St. NE  2 T2J 7E3  3 Elmwood Ave.	105	Moskowitz, Angel	4032794228	4036409874	320 John
City No. Postal2 St. NE 2 T2J 7E3  3 Elmwood Ave. 2 T2Z 3M9	105	Moskowitz, Angel Olvsade, Judith	4032794228	4036409874	320 John

215

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

CUSTCREDIT

Cust			Card
ID	CREDITCARDNO	EXPDATE	Type
104	78789007977999	22-AUG-17	1
105	78789007977999	22-AUG-17	2
105	3347777387984530	09-MAY-17	
106	5214635263416330	01-FEB-17	
106	3522354387984530	09-JUN-17	1

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

DESCRIPTION

Row Counts
----278

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

DESCRIPTION

No. DESCRIPTION

\_\_\_\_\_

- 1 14 NIGHTS HOTEL
- 2 3NIGHTS TORONTO
- 3 ADELAIDE-14 NIGHTS
- 4 AFRICAN SAFARI
- 5 ALASKA

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

INVOICE

Row Counts

-----

1341

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

INVOICE

Inv. No. ITINERAL Code	RYNUM	PAYMENTTYPE	BILLINGDA	BILLAMOUNT	REMAINDER	SALEDATE
CREDITCARD		ıst. ID				
1 00 BK			25-FEB-14	677.2	5644.8	04-JAN-
9983438798453	33	191				
2 00 BK	1000		25-FEB-14	5644.8	627.2	25-JAN-
9983438798453	33	191				
3 17 BK	1001		06-JAN-14	627.7	0	05-JAN-
9983438734342	24	221				
4 18 BK	1002		05-JAN-15	627.7	0	05-JAN-
Mon Jan 20						
page 2				INVOICE		
Inv. No. ITINERAR Code	RYNUM	PAYMENTTYPE	BILLINGDA	BILLAMOUNT	REMAINDER	SALEDATE
CREDITCARD		ıst. ID				
1213438734342						
5 17 BK	1003		29-JAN-14	627.7	0	29-JAN-
2424234123243	33	362				

Mon Jan 20 page 1 LOCATION Row Counts 146 1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 LOCATION Province No. City /State Country \_\_\_\_\_ 1 BANFF AB Canada 2 CALGARY AB Canada 3 EDMONTON AB Canada 4 FORT SASKATCHEWAN AB Canada Mon Jan 20 page 2 LOCATION Province No. City /State Country -----5 STONY PLAIN AB Canada 5 rows selected.

SP2-0158: unknown COLUMN option "heaing"

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1 OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL Row Counts \_\_\_\_\_ 197 1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL Cust ID BIRTHDATE WEDDING -----EMAIL 102 22-JAN-70 Ν 105 amoskowitz@home.com Ν 106 22-JUN-55 jolvsade@aol.com Ν 107 cmierzwa@msn.com Ν Mon Jan 20 page 2 OPTIONALCUSTDETAIL Cust ID BIRTHDATE WEDDING 108 judysehti@home.com Ν 5 rows selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1

PRODUCT

Row Counts \_\_\_\_\_ 198 1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 PRODUCT Prod. Supplier Tax Category No. COMPANY No. TAXRATE Base Price 100 322 AVILA TOURS INC. \$630.00 100 4196 TRAVEL STUDIO \$970.00 100 3376 WORLD AIR TOURS \$650.00 100 2727 SKYLINK \$890.00 Mon Jan 20 page 2 PRODUCT Prod. Supplier Tax No. TAXRATE Category No. COMPANY \_\_\_\_\_\_ Base Price 100 2099 BALDWIN TRAVEL \$800.00 5 rows selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 SUPPLIER Row Counts

-----

1016

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

SUPPLIER

Supplier Repr.

No. Company No. REPRESENTS

OFFICENO Code

------

\_\_\_\_\_

12 21ST CENTURY TRAVEL

1 PGY

INSURANCE

30 DISNEY CRUISE LINE

1

37 ACCORD TRAVEL (TOURS) INC

1 ACTAPGY

48 SIGNATURE VACATIONS

1

50 AER LINGUS

1

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

SUPPLIER

Supplier

 No.	Company	ADDRESS	Postal	No.
12	21ST CENTURY TRAVEL INSURANCE	220 Duncan Mill RdSuite 620	M3B 3J5	70
37	DISNEY CRUISE LINE ACCORD TRAVEL (TOURS) INC SIGNATURE VACATIONS	210 Celebration Pl 777 Bay StSuite 1908 160 Bloor St ESuite 400	M5G 2C8	114 70 70
50	AER LINGUS	538 Broadhollow Rd	11747	135

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

### SUPPLIER

Supplier No. Contact Website			PHONE	FAX
12 Sean Russell		nce@globalser	4164410166	4164411241
30 http://www.disn			8005118444	4075667353
eycruise.com				
37 Linda Caldes			4165993340	4165993405
48 Franca http://www.sign Iuele			4169671510	4169677154
ature.ca 50			8002236537	6317522044
5 rows selected.				
Mon Jan 20 page 1		TRIPPRODU	UCT	
Row Counts  1138				
1 row selected.				
Mon Jan 20 page 1		TRIPPRODU	UCT	
LISTNO ITINERAR BOOKINGNUM	Supplier YNUM No.	COMPANY		Prod. Category
	1000 6346	ELDERTREKS		501
56565T 3	1002 3212	UNITED AIRLI	NES	150

SDF24896

L50
L50
150
L

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

TRIPPRODUCT

LISTNO	STARTDATE	ENDDATE	Dest Code	Class	Desc. No.	Destination
1	25-MAY-17	22TIIN-17	FII		197	Europe
	15-FEB-18		-	BSN		Winnipeg
5	14-MAY-17	19-MAY-17	NA	BSN		Hamilton
6	15-FEB-18	20-FEB-18	NA	BSN	114	Winnipeg
7	21-FEB-17	26-FEB-17	SA	BSN	77	Buenos Aires

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

TRIP

Row Counts -----971

1 row selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1 TRIP

Itinerary		Cust	Trip	Trip	
No.	Code	ID	Start	End	TRAVELLERS
1000		191	25-MAY-17	22-JUN-17	2
1001		221	20-FEB-17	25-FEB-17	1
1002		261	15-FEB-18	20-FEB-18	1
1003		362	20-FEB-17	25-FEB-17	1
1004		379	14-MAY-17	19-MAY-17	1

5 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20 page 1

### TRIPTRAVELLER

Itinerary No. Travel			
584 John I	oe		
1 row selected.			
Mon Jan 20	Reward Cards	page	1
Row Counts5			
1 row selected.			
Mon Jan 20	Reward Cards	page	1
No. Points Prog	gram 		
<pre>1 WestJet Rew 2 Airmiles 3 SkyMiles 4 Aeroplan 5 MileagePlus</pre>			
5 rows selected.			
Mon Jan 20	Customer Rewards Cards	page	1
Row Counts			
1 row selected.			
Mon Jan 20	Customer Rewards Cards	page	1
Cust ID CARDN	NO Points Program		
140 11220 347 11020			

Mon Jan 20 page 1 Payment Types Row Counts -----1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Payment Types No. Description ----1 Full Payment 2 Payment 3 Final Payment 4 Deposit 4 rows selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Tax Types Row Counts -----1 row selected. Mon Jan 20 page 1 Tax Types No. Description ----1 PST Only 2 GST Only 3 GST + PST 4 Environmental Tax 4 rows selected. USER is "THEDBA"

page 1

2 rows selected.

Mon Jan 20

#### Verify

ADR Base

Database name: TEA Instance name: tea Date: 20-JAN-20 USER is "THEDBA" SP2-0158: unknown COLUMN option "a7" Mon Jan 20 page 1 Files STATUS NAME \_\_\_\_\_ C:\TEA\DISK1\REDO01A.LOG C:\TEA\DISK1\REDO02A.LOG C:\TEA\DISK1\REDO03A.LOG C:\TEA\DISK2\REDO01B.LOG C:\TEA\DISK2\REDO02B.LOG C:\TEA\DISK2\REDO03B.LOG C:\TEA\DISK3\REDO01C.LOG C:\TEA\DISK3\REDO02C.LOG C:\TEA\DISK3\REDO03C.LOG SYSTEM C:\TEA\DISK1\SYSTEM01.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK1\RO.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK2\INDX.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK3\ADHOC.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK3\UNDO01.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK3\USER DATA01.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK4\SYSAUX01.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK4\UNDO02.DBF ONLINE C:\TEA\DISK4\USER DATA02.DBF Control C:\TEA\DISK1\CONTROL01.CTL Control C:\TEA\DISK2\CONTROL02.CTL Control C:\TEA\DISK3\CONTROL03.CTL Control C:\TEA\DISK5\CONTROL04.CTL SP2-0735: unknown COLUMN option beginning "WORD WRAPP..." Mon Jan 20 page 1 Log Files NAME VALUE Active Problem Count Active Incident Count

191

## C:\TEA\DISK5 ADR Home C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea Diag Alert C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\alert Diag Cdump C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\cdump Health Monitor C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tm Diag Incident C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\incident Diag Trace C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\trace Default Trace File C:\TEA\DISK5\diag\rdbms\tea\tea\trace\tea ora 6008 .trc Diag Enabled Mon Jan 20 page 2 Log Files NAME \_\_\_\_\_\_ TRUE Mon Jan 20 page 1 Log Files MEMBERS GROUP# STATUS 1 ACTIVE 3 3 2 CURRENT 3 ACTIVE 3 Mon Jan 20 page 1 TableSpaces

TS# Loc

0 C:\TEA\DISK1\SYSTEM01.DBF

1 C:\TEA\DISK4\SYSAUX01.DBF

TS Name

SYSTEM

SYSAUX

2 C:\TEA\DISK3\ 4 C:\TEA\DISK4\ 5 C:\TEA\DISK4\ 6 C:\TEA\DISK4\ 7 C:\TEA\DISK2\ 8 C:\TEA\DISK3\ 9 C:\TEA\DISK1\	USER_DATA01. USER_DATA02. UNDO02.DBF INDX.DBF ADHOC.DBF			UNDOTBS01 USERDATA01 USERDATA02 UNDOTBS02 INDX ADHOC RO	
Mon Jan 20	7	TableSpaces		page	1
TS Name	STATUS	LOGGING	RETENTION	Block Size	
ADHOC INDX RO SYSAUX SYSTEM TEMP01 UNDOTBS01 UNDOTBS02 USERDATA01 USERDATA02 Mon Jan 20	ONLINE	LOGGING LOGGING LOGGING NOLOGGING LOGGING	NOT APPLY NOT APPLY NOT APPLY NOT APPLY NOGUARANTEE NOGUARANTEE NOT APPLY NOT APPLY	8192 8192 8192 8192 8192 8192 8192	
NAME		VALUE			
Fixed Size Variable Size Database Buffers Redo Buffers	4110	)190728			
Mon Jan 20		Parameters		page	1
NAME		VALUE			
audit_trail compatible db_block_size db_name db_recovery_file_d diagnostic_dest instance_name processes sga_target undo_management undo_retention undo_tablespace		DB, EXTEN 12.0.0 8192 TEA C:\TEA\DI 100097064 C:\TEA\DI TEA 150 516738252 AUTO 1800 UNDOTBS01	SK5 96 SK5		

```
SQL> TTITLE OFF
SQL> BTITLE OFF
SQL> SET linesize 60
SQL> SET pagesize 60
SQL> SET long 80
SQL> spool off
```

## Workshop 5

SOL>
SOL> COL USERNAME FOR A20
SOL> COL STATUS FOR A20
SOL> COL 'DEFAULT TS' FOR A15
SQL> COL 'TMP TS' FOR A8
SOL> COL 'LAST LOG' FOR A12
SQL> col profile for a15
SOL> SET LINESIZE 100
SOL> SET PAGESIZE 50
SQL> TTITLE 'Users'
SQL> SELECT USERNAME, ACCOUNT STATUS STATUS,
2 DEFAULT TABLESPACE "DEFAULT TS", TEMPORARY TABLESPACE "TMP TS",
to char(LAST LOGIN, 'MON DD, YYYY') "LAST LOG", profile
3 FROM DBA USERS
4 ORDER BY 2 , 1;
4 VADEA DI 2 , I,

Mon Jan 20 page 1

Users

USERNAME LAST LOG	PROFILE	STATUS			DEFAULT TS	TMP TS
COM_SPECIAL MANAGER		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
INT_AGENT INT AGENT		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
JR_AGENT JR AGENT		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
MANAGER MANAGER		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
OWNER OWNER		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
SR_AGENT SR AGENT		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
SUPPORT INT AGENT		EXPIRED			USERDATA02	TEMP01
APPQOSSYS DEFAULT		EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSAUX	TEMP01
AUDSYS		EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01
DBSNMP		EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSAUX	TEMP01

DIP	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
GSMADMIN INTERNAL	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSAUX	TEMP01	
GSMCATUSER	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
GSMUSER	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
ORACLE OCM	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
OUTLN	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
SYSBACKUP	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
SYSDG	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
SYSKM	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
XDB	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSAUX	TEMP01	
XS\$NULL	EXPIRED	&	LOCKED	SYSTEM	TEMP01	
ANONYMOUS	LOCKED			SYSAUX	TEMP01	
DONOTTOUCH	OPEN			USERDATA01	TEMP01	JAN
20, 2020 DBA						
SYS	OPEN			SYSTEM	TEMP01	
DEFAULT						
SYSTEM	OPEN			SYSTEM	TEMP01	JAN
08, 2020						
THEDBA	OPEN			USERDATA01	TEMP01	JAN
20, 2020 DBA						

#### 26 rows selected.

SQL>

SQL> TTITLE 'PRIVILEGES'

SQL> col grantee for a15

SQL> col owner for a10

SQL> col table\_name for a15 heading "Table" word\_wrapped

SQL> col privilege for a15

SQL> select grantee, owner, table name, privilege

- 2 FROM dba tab privs
- 3 where OWNER = 'DONOTTOUCH'
- 4 order by 1,3;

Mon Jan 20 page 1

#### PRIVILEGES

GRANTEE	OWNER	Table	PRIVILEGE
COM_SPECIAL_R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	DELETE
COM_SPECIAL_R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	UPDATE
COM_SPECIAL_R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	INSERT
COM_SPECIAL_R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	SELECT
INT_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	CREDITCARD	SELECT
INT_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTCREDIT	SELECT
INT_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTREWARDCARD	UPDATE
INT_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	DESCRIPTION	INSERT
INT_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	INVOICE	INSERT
INT AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	INVOICE	SELECT
INT_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	PAYMENTTYPE	SELECT

INT AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	REWARDCARD	INSERT
INT AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	TRIP	UPDATE
INT AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	TRIPPRODUCT	UPDATE
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH		SELECT
JR AGENT R		COMMISSION	INSERT
JR AGENT R		COMMISSIONTYPE	SELECT
JR_AGENT_R		CUSTCREDIT	INSERT
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH		INSERT
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH		UPDATE
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTREWARDCARD	INSERT
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTREWARDCARD	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	DESCRIPTION	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	DESTINATION	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	FEETYPE	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	LOCATION	SELECT
JR AGENT R		OPTIONALCUSTDET	
OK_AGENI_K	DONOTIOOCII	AIL	TNEETT
		AIL	
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	OPTIONALCUSTDET	UPDATE
		AIL	
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCT	SELECT
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCTCAT	SELECT
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	REWARDCARD	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	SUPPLIER	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	TAXTYPE	SELECT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	TRIP	INSERT
JR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH		SELECT
JR AGENT R		TRIPPRODUCT	SELECT
JR AGENT R		TRIPPRODUCT	INSERT
			-
JR_AGENT_R		TRIPTRAVELLER	DELETE
JR_AGENT_R		TRIPTRAVELLER	INSERT
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	TRIPTRAVELLER	SELECT
Mon Jan 20			
page 2			
			PRIVILEGES
GRANTEE	OWNER	Table	PRIVILEGE
JR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	TRIPTRAVELLER	UPDATE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	INSERT
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	UPDATE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	DELETE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	DESTINATION	DELETE
MANAGER R		DESTINATION	UPDATE
MANAGER R		DESTINATION	INSERT
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH		DELETE
MANAGER_R MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH		SELECT
<del>-</del>			
MANAGER_R		EMPLOYEE	INSERT
MANAGER_R		EMPLOYEE	UPDATE
MANAGER_R	DONOTTOUCH	LOCATION	INSERT

MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	LOCATION	DELETE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	LOCATION	UPDATE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCT	INSERT
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCT	DELETE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCT	UPDATE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	SUPPLIER	INSERT
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	SUPPLIER	DELETE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	SUPPLIER	UPDATE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	TAXTYPE	DELETE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	TAXTYPE	UPDATE
MANAGER R	DONOTTOUCH	TAXTYPE	INSERT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	AFFILIATION	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	CLASS	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSION	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	COMMISSIONTYPE	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	CREDITCARD	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTCREDIT	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTOMER	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTREWARDCARD	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	DESCRIPTION	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	DESTINATION	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	EMPLOYEE	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	FEETYPE	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	INVOICE	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	LOCATION	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	OPTIONALCUSTDET	SELECT
		AIL	
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	PAYMENTTYPE	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCT	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCTCAT	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	REWARDCARD	SELECT
Mon Jan 20			

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### PRIVILEGES

GRANTEE	OWNER	Table	PRIVILEGE
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	SUPPLIER	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	TAXTYPE	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	TRIP	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	TRIPPRODUCT	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	TRIPTRAVELLER	SELECT
OWNER	DONOTTOUCH	TRIPTYPE	SELECT
SR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTCREDIT	UPDATE
SR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	INVOICE	UPDATE
SR AGENT R	DONOTTOUCH	PRODUCT	UPDATE
SR_AGENT_R	DONOTTOUCH	SUPPLIER	UPDATE
SUPPORT R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTOMER	SELECT
SUPPORT R	DONOTTOUCH	CUSTREWARDCARD	SELECT
SUPPORT_R	DONOTTOUCH	EMP_VIEW	SELECT

## ATT. 96 rows selected. SQL> SQL> SQL> TTITLE 'Granted Roles' SQL> COL GRANTED ROLE FOR A20 SQL> select grantee, granted role 2 from dba role privs 3 where grantee IN ('JR AGENT', 'SR AGENT', 'OWNER', 'INT AGENT', 'SUPPORT', 'MANAGER', 'COM SPECIAL'); Mon Jan 20 page 1 Granted Roles GRANTEE GRANTED ROLE \_\_\_\_\_ INT\_AGENT INT\_AGENT\_R COM\_SPECIAL COM\_SPECIAL\_R OWNER OWNER\_R JR\_AGENT JR\_AGENT\_R SUPPORT SUPPORT\_R MANAGER MANAGER\_R SR\_AGENT SR\_AGENT R 7 rows selected. SOL> SOL> SQL> ttitle 'Profiles' SQL> col profile for a20 word wrapped SQL> col resource name for a32 heading "Resource" word wrapped SQL> col limit for a10 word wrapped SQL> col resource type for a8 SQL> break on profile SQL> select profile, resource name, resource type, limit 2 FROM dba profiles 3 order by 1; Mon Jan 20 page 1 Profiles PROFILE Resource RESOURCE LIMIT CPU PER SESSION DBA KERNEL 3000 COMPOSITE LIMIT KERNEL DEFAULT

SUPPORT R DONOTTOUCH OPTIONALCUSTDET SELECT

UNLIMITED	SESSIONS_PER_USER CPU_PER_CALL IDLE_TIME	KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL	
	PRIVATE_SGA  CONNECT_TIME  LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL  LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION  PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME	KERNEL PASSWORD	DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT .0208
DEFAULT	FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS IDLE_TIME PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME	KERNEL PASSWORD KERNEL PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD	.0416 5 5 90 7
UNLIMITED		PASSWORD	
UNLIMITED	PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME		
UNLIMITED	PRIVATE_SGA	KERNEL	
UNLIMITED	LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL	KERNEL	
UNLIMITED	LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	
UNLIMITED	CPU_PER_CALL	KERNEL	
UNLIMITED	CPU_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	
UNLIMITED	SESSIONS_PER_USER	KERNEL	
UNLIMITED	COMPOSITE_LIMIT	KERNEL	
INT_AGENT	CPU_PER_SESSION COMPOSITE_LIMIT SESSIONS_PER_USER IDLE_TIME PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS PRIVATE_SGA	KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD KERNEL	DEFAULT 2 10 DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT

### Profiles

PROFILE	Resource	RESOURCE	LIMIT
INT ACENT	CONNECT TIME	KEDMET	רביאווו ה
INI_AGENI	CONNECT_TIME LOGICAL READS PER CALL	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION		
	CPU PER CALL	KERNEL	300
JR AGENT		KERNEL	
01(_11021(1	COMPOSITE_LIMIT	KERNEL	
	SESSIONS PER USER	KERNEL	2
	SESSIONS_PER_USER IDLE_TIME	KERNEL	10
	PASSWORD GRACE TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD LOCK TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD REUSE MAX	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD REUSE TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD LIFE TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PRIVATE SGA	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	CONNECT TIME	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION CPU_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	DEFAULT
MANAGER	SESSIONS_PER_USER	KERNEL	3
	COMPOSITE LIMIT	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	CPU_PER_CALL	KERNEL	6000
	IDLE_TIME	KERNEL	10
	PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
		PASSWORD	
	PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME	PASSWORD	DEFAULT
	FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS PRIVATE SGA	PASSWORD	
	<del>_</del>	KERNEL	
	CONNECT_TIME	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	CPU_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	3000
ORA_STIG_PROFILE	SESSIONS_PER_USER	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	COMPOSITE_LIMIT	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	CPU_PER_CALL	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	CONNECT_TIME	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	PRIVATE_SGA	KERNEL	DEFAULT
	IDLE_TIME	KERNEL	15

### Profiles

PROFILE	Resource	RESOURCE	LIMIT
ORA_STIG_PROFILE UNLIMITED	PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME	PASSWORD	
	PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME PASSWORD_LIFE_TIME	PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD	5 60
ORA12C_STR			
ONG_VERIFY			
_FUNCTION			
OWNER	CPU_PER_SESSION COMPOSITE_LIMIT LOGICAL_READS_PER_SESSION LOGICAL_READS_PER_CALL CONNECT_TIME PRIVATE_SGA FAILED_LOGIN_ATTEMPTS PASSWORD_REUSE_TIME PASSWORD_REUSE_MAX PASSWORD_VERIFY_FUNCTION PASSWORD_GRACE_TIME	PASSWORD KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD PASSWORD	DEFAULT
SR_AGENT	SESSIONS_PER_USER IDLE_TIME PASSWORD_LOCK_TIME	KERNEL KERNEL PASSWORD KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL KERNEL PASSWORD KERNEL KERNEL	2 15 .0208 3000 3000 DEFAULT 15 2 DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT DEFAULT

LOGICAL	READS	PER	CALL	KERNEL	DEFAULT
LOGICAL	READS	PER	SESSION	KERNEL	DEFAULT
CPU_PER_	CALL			KERNEL	6000

128 rows selected.

SQL> spool off;

## Workshop 7

Workshop 7												
SQL> select * from fact fetch first 10 rows only 2 ;												
seq num DESTINATION CUST NAME EMP NAME CONTACT LISTNO INVOICENO		SUPPLIER PRODUCT FEE_TYPE		OMMISSION AMO		TITY BPHONE	HPHONE	ADDRESS	ZIPCODE		PROVINCE	COUNTRY
156 Africa			Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205		MISSISSAUG A		Canada
157 North America			Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205	14V 1T1	MISSISSAUG A		Canada
158 North America		3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8888258228		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205	L4V 1T1	MISSISSAUG A		Canada
159 Europe and United Ki ngdom	2017 2 6	3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205	L4V 1T1	MISSISSAUG A		Canada
160 Europe and United Ki ngdom			Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205		MISSISSAUG A		Canada
161 North America		3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite		MISSISSAUG A		Canada
162 North America	2018 1 8	3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205		MISSISSAUG A		Canada
163 Europe and United Ki ngdom		3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205		MISSISSAUG A		Canada
164 Europe and United Ki ngdom	2017 11 15	3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8008250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205		MISSISSAUG A		Canada
165 Europe and United Ki ngdom		3212 Airlines	Business C lass		700	1 8808250220		5915 Airpo rt RdSuite 205	L4V 1T1	MISSISSAUG A		Canada
10 rows selected.												
PRODUCT QUANTITY Airline Co 58 nsolidator												
s Airlines 1282 Attraction 17		SQL> selec	t * from	cust_tot	_month	order by	1,2,3 fet	ch fir	st 10	rows o	only;	
s Car Rental 41 s		NAME		YEAR	mon	TOTAL						
Cruise Lin 53 es		A. Tucker		2013	2	2017.6						
Hotel Reps 258		A. Tucker A. Tucker		2013 2013	5 10	3220.54 787.6						
and Chain s in Canad		A. Tucker		2014	3	1822						
a Motor Coac 9		A. Tucker		2014	4	121.3						
h Tour Ope rators		A. Tucker		2014		5296.7						
Railroads 7		A. Tucker		2014	10	553.9						
Tour Opera 45 tors/Whole		A. Tucker		2014	11	394						
sales		Alan Affin: Alan Affin:		2014 2014	3 4	8805.6 4622.4						
Travel Ins 6 urance		10 rows se		2014	*	4022.4						
10 rows selected. SQL> select * from trips_day	andan by			only:								
YEAR mon DAY OUANTITY	order by	1,2,3 100011 11130	10 1003	only,								
2016 2 4 2												_
2016 2 4 2				SQL>	select	* from fee_	tot order l	by 1 fet	ch fir	st 10 rd	ows only;	i
2016 2 13 2					EVDE	TOTAL						i
2016 2 14 1				FEE_	I YPE	TOTAL						i
2016 2 15 3					ing Ch	27275						1
2016 2 16 1 2016 2 17 1				arge								
2016 2 18 1				Grou	Book	1900						1
					BOOK	1500						4
2016 2 19 1				ing								
2016 2 19 1 2016 2 20 1					narge	0						1

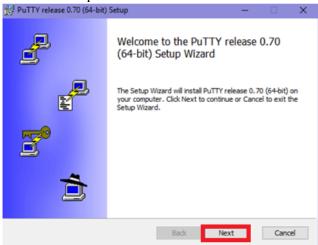
# Appendix H - Other Documentation

## Remote Login Setup (SSH) - PuTTY & XMing

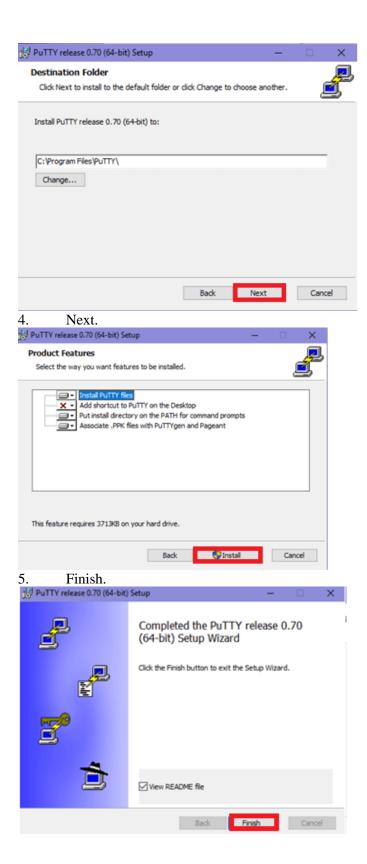
1. Download in the host machine PuTTY.



2. Start up the PuTTY installer. And click next.



3. Put in the desired location. Next.



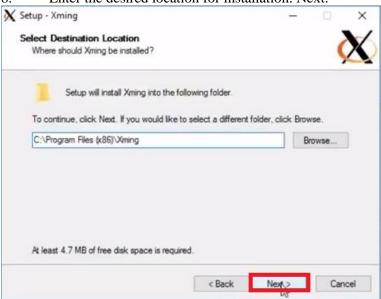
6. Download the Xming installer from the website on the host. sourceforge.net/projects/xming



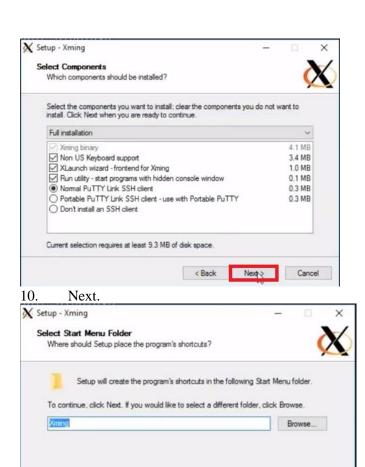
7. Startup the Xming installer. Click Next.



8. Enter the desired location for installation. Next.

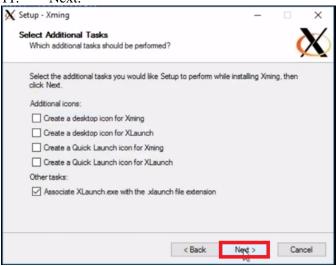


9. Next.



11. Next.

Don't create a Start Menu folder

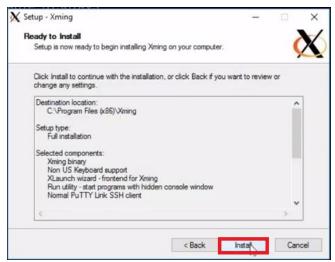


Next<sub>2</sub>

Cancel

< Back

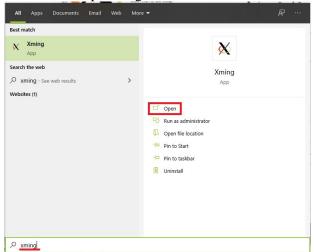
12. Install.



13. Finish.



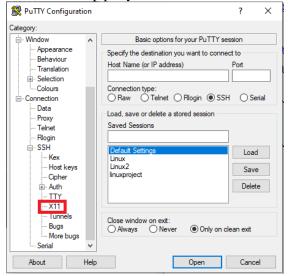
14. Start up Xming



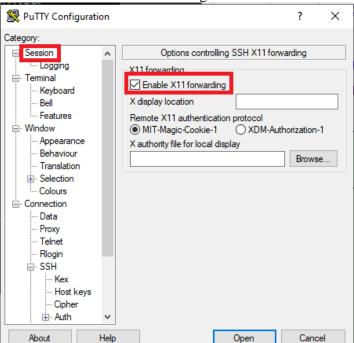
15. Find the IP address of your server.

```
[root@localhost etc]# ifconfig
ens33: flags=4163<UP, BROADCAST, RUNNING, MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.50.255
    inet6 fe80::c4fa:e98e:28b9:d186 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
    ether 00:0c:29:a1:e7:b2 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 26895 bytes 17227614 (16.4 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 8607 bytes 1424070 (1.3 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

16. Start up putty. Choose the X11 under the Category



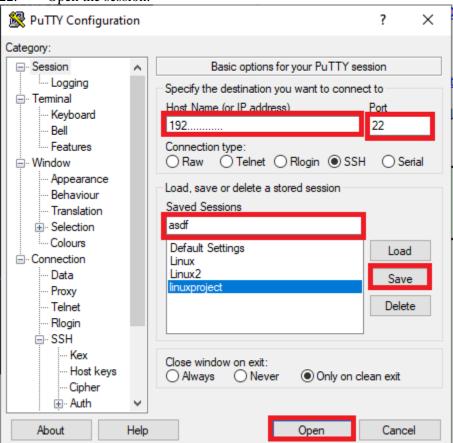
17. Enable the X11 forwarding. Go back to the session.



- 18. Enter the IP address from the server
- 19. Enter the port as 22 for SSH connection.
- 20. Enter a name for the session for future ease of access.

21. Save the session.

22. Open the session.



23. Enter a username to log in as. Must have the server running, with network available and connected on both host and server.

