MSc Independent Engineering Scholarship (IES) Proposal

Personal Details

1	Family Name	Durbridge
2	Other Names	Simon
3	Email Address (University)	s.durbridge1@unimail.derby.ac.uk
4	Award Title	MSc Audio engineering
5	Proposed Supervisor	Dr. Adam Hill

NOTES: You can paste material into this form if you wish and expand the sections but the proposal must not exceed 8 pages in length overall, excluding the risk assessment record and the ethics form attached at the end of this proposal. All sections of the risk assessment and ethics form should be completed.

Dissertation Proposal

6 **Proposed Title**

The Application of Time Domain Acoustical Modelling Methods for Very Large Problems

What is the rationale for the proposed IES?

7 Background

The use of acoustic modelling has expanded from theatre and concert hall design using scale models, through to large format loudspeaker system deployment, environmental noise studies, virtual reality, and video game auralization using innovative simulation methods[1]. With this expansion in use case, the breadth and depth of available tools for acoustic modelling has also expanded[2].

Time domain numerical methods for acoustic simulation have benefits over geometric, ray based and 'element methods'. Specifically, time domain numerical methods allow simulations to produce direct and contiguous (in time) outputs, while incorporating acoustic behaviour that is not incorporated in geometric methods e.g. such as room modes[3]. Further, this performance is relatively insensitive to the number of sound sources and receivers, unlike ray based methods.

However, using time domain numerical methods such as the finite difference time domain (FDTD) method, requires doing a significant number of calculations on large sets of data. Applying these methods to very large simulations may not allow for realistic calculation times, and it can take weeks to calculate impulse responses for cathedrals. The Pesudo-spectral time domain (PSTD) and Sparse finite difference time domain (SFDTD) methods may provide a significant increase in calculation speed when compared with a general second-order FDTD implementation[4].

Implementing and optimising PSTD and SFDTD kernels for large simulations may provide a basis on which real time performance could be obtained in further study.

8	To implement time domain acoustic modelling methods to very large problems To determine if these methods present significant improvements in calculations times when compared to a general method
9	 Objectives To implement a pseudo-spectral time domain method engine for 2D To implement a locally sparse finite difference time domain method for 2D To implement a generic second order finite difference time domain method for 2D To develop a method for indexing large data sets into smaller sets To benchmark both 'fast' methods against the generic method for a simple test problem
10	 Plan of work Develop a series of matlab 'kernel' functions for fdtd, sfdtd and pstd simulation Prove that the results from these kernels is accurate when implemented on a large simulation, by comparing with results of other calculations for the same domain Develop surrounding code to perform simulations using these kernel Improve the performance of these kernels with the appropriate code profiling and parallelisation tool Evaluate performance of the algorithms and suggest areas for improvement, relating to performance speed, with a focus on getting closer to real time simulation
Const.	raints that may restrict the success of the work Foreseeable constraints Time

Identifiable risks to the successful completion of the work

12	Foreseeable risks		
	None		

Resources you envisage utilising to help complete the work

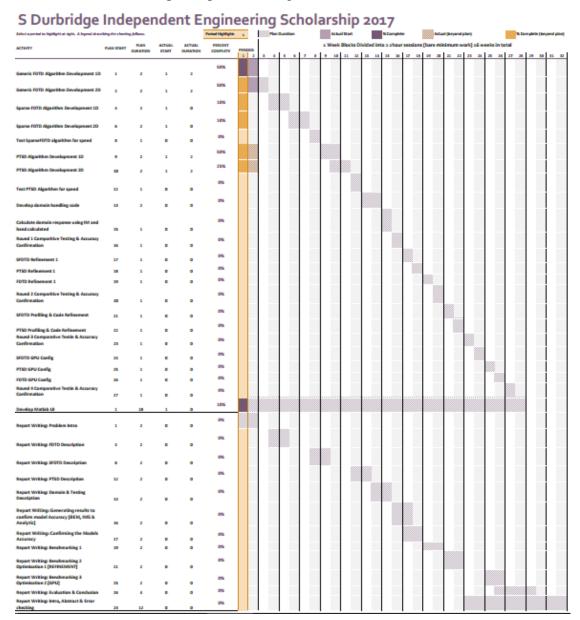
13	Textbooks Wave and Scattering Methods for Numerical Simulation S. Bilbao Wiley, 2004 Master Handbook of Acoustics Alton, Everest. F
	McGraw-Hill, 2009
14	Journals Journal of the Acoustical Society of America http://asa.scitation.org/journal/jas Journal of the Audio Engineering Society http://www.aes.org/journal/
	Applied Acoustics http://www.sciencedirect.com.ezproxy.derby.ac.uk/science/journal/0003682X
15	Electronic (internet) Library of the Acoustical Society of America http://asa.scitation.org/
	E-Library of the Audio Engineering Society http://www.aes.org/e-lib/
	University of Derby E Library http://www.derby.ac.uk/campus/library/
	Digital Audio Effects E Library http://www.dafx.de/
16	Laboratory equipment and software Computer running MATLAB with: Code Profiler DSP System Toolbox Signal Processing Toolbox Parallel Computing Toolbox Audio Systems Toolbox
	Audio Systems Tooloox

Anticipated cost

17	Please enter all costs. Brief Description or explanation. (£150 maximum)	Cost
	NVidia GeForce GTX 1060 graphics card — Nvidia graphics card with large number of CUDA cores. The Matlab Parallel Computing Toolbox has inherent CUDA support, allowing for improvement of data processing speed via GPU parallelism with minimal code adaptation.	83.00
	Mathworks Matlab & Simulink Student Software Maintainance Resubscription with parallel computing toolbox and Audio Systems Toolbox	67.00

Gantt chart

Please find an easily seen version of the Gantt chart in the supporting documentation. The chart is split into 16 weeks with 2 sessions per week, to represent the absolute minimum work time required per task (single blocks of between 4 and 8 hours).



Has the IES been agreed with the proposed supervisor? Yes

Explain, if your answer is No.....

SUBMISSION: The completed proposal must be submitted electronically by 11.59 pm on Monday 6th Feb 2017.

Record of Risk Assessment

Assessment Reference	SDIES_01
----------------------	----------

Activity assessed	IES: The Application of Time Domain Acoustical Modelling Methods for Very Large Problems
Persons who may be affected by the activity	Simon Durbridge

SECTION A: Initial Assessment Overview

Consider the activity or work area and identify if any of the hazards listed below are significant.

1	Fall of person		7	Machinery		13	Electricity		19	Substances	25	Drowning	
2	Fall of objects		8	Tools/Equipment		14	Noise or Vibration		20	High Pressure	26	Psychological effects	
3	Tripping/Slipping		9	Mobile work equipment		15	Hot / Cold Surfaces		21	Fire/ explosion	27	Human error	
4	Manual handling operations		10	Mechanical lifting equipment		16	Workstation – layout / space	X	22	Lighting	28	Violence	
5	Repetitive work	X	11	Display screen equipment	X	17	Radiation		23	Confined space	29	Peripatetic / lone working	
6	Housekeeping / waste material		12	Sharp objects		18	Temperature / weather		24	Buildings & glazing	30	Other(s)	

SECTION B: Second Stage Assessment

S = Severity

For each hazard identified in Section A complete Section B

L = Likelihood

Hazard No.		Hazard escription	EXIS	TING CONTRO	s	L	RESIDUAL RISK		
11	Prolonge compute	ed exposure t er screen	o Periodic	break away f	1	2	Tolerable Risk		
5	RSI Thr keyboard use	ough d and mouse		Periodic break away from computer, with appropriate ancillary/rehab exercises			2	Tolerable Risk	
16	equipme	to computer ent through ess and dust	regularly	Use waste paper/plastic bin, and regularly de-dust computer components		1	1	Trivial risk	
No. of Se	No. of Section B Continuation sheets used:								
Assessor	(s) S. Du	ırbridge, Dr Ad	am Hill	Hill Signed		S Dur	brid	ge	
Date of A	Assessment	6/2/2017	Revision No.	1					

Request for ethical approval for students on taught programmes

Please complete this form and return it to your supervisor as advised in your module handbook. Feedback on your application will be via your supervisor or co-ordinator.

Your Name:	Simon Durbride									
Student ID:	100242305									
Unimail address:	s.durbridge1@unim	s.durbridge1@unimail.derby.ac.uk								
Other contact information										
Programme name and code	MSc Audio Engino	eering (N	ИН6АВ)							
Module name and code	Independent Engir	neering	Scholarship	(7EJ998)						
Name of supervisor	Dr. Adam Hill									
Name of co-ordinator	Dr. Ahmad Khara	ız								
Title of proposed resear	ch study									
The Application of Time	Domain Acoustical	Modelli	ng Methods	for Very Large P	roblems					
Supervisor Comments	;									
Are the ethical implications of adequately described in this		ch	Yes ⊠	No □						
Does the overall study have terms of ethical implications?	low, moderate or high	risk in	Low 🗵	Moderate □	High 🗖					
Does the study method describe ethically sound?		arch that	Yes ⊠	No 🗖						
			1							
Signatures										
The information supplied is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, accurate. I clearly understand my obligations and the rights of the participants. I agree to act at all times in accordance with University of Derby Policy and Code of Practice on Research Ethics: http://www.derby.ac.uk/research/ethics-and-governance/research-ethics-and-governance										
Signature of applicant		Simon I	Durbridge							
Date of submission by applic	ant	06/02/20)17							
Signature of supervisor										
Date of signature by supervisor										
For Committee Use Reference Number (Subject area initials/year/ID number)										
Date received	Date approved		Signe	d						
Comments										

1. What is the aim of your study?

- To implement time domain acoustic modelling methods to very large problems
- To determine if these methods present significant improvements in calculations times when compared to a general method

What are the objectives for your study?

- To implement a pseudo-spectral time domain method engine for 2D
- To implement a locally sparse finite difference time domain method for 2D
- To implement a generic second order finite difference time domain method for 2D
- To develop a method for indexing large data sets into smaller sets
- To benchmark both 'fast' methods against the generic method for a simple test problem

2. Explain the rationale for this study (refer to relevant research literature in your response).

The use of acoustic modelling has expanded from theatre and concert hall design using scale models, through to large format loudspeaker system deployment, environmental noise studies, virtual reality, and video game auralization using innovative simulation methods[1]. With this expansion in use case, the breadth and depth of available tools for acoustic modelling has also expanded[2].

Time domain numerical methods for acoustic simulation have benefits over geometric, ray based and 'element methods'. Specifically, time domain numerical methods allow simulations to produce direct and contiguous (in time) outputs, while incorporating acoustic behaviour that is not incorporated in geometric methods e.g. such as room modes[3]. Further, this performance is relatively insensitive to the number of sound sources and receivers, unlike ray based methods.

However, using time domain numerical methods such as the finite difference time domain (FDTD) method, requires doing a significant number of calculations on large sets of data. Applying these methods to very large simulations may not allow for realistic calculation times, and it can take weeks to calculate impulse responses for cathedrals. The Pesudo-spectral time domain (PSTD) and Sparse finite difference time domain (SFDTD) methods may provide a significant increase in calculation speed when compared with a general second-order FDTD implementation[4].

Implementing and optimising PSTD and SFDTD kernels for large simulations may provide a basis on which real time performance could be obtained in further study.

3. Provide an outline of study design and methods.

- Develop a series of matlab 'kernel' functions for fdtd, sfdtd and pstd simulation
- Prove that the results from these kernels is accurate when implemented on a large simulation, by comparing with results of other calculations for the same domain
- Develop surrounding code to perform simulations using these kernel
- Improve the performance of these kernels with the appropriate code profiling and parallelisation tool
- Evaluate performance of the algorithms and suggest areas for improvement, relating to performance speed, with a focus on getting closer to real time simulation

4. Research Ethics

Does the proposed study entail ethical considerations No (please delete as appropriate) If you are unsure please seek advice before submitting this form.

If 'No' provide a statement below to support this position. If 'Yes' move on to Question 5.

Please note: PROPOSALS INVOLVING HUMAN PARTICIPANTS MUST ADDRESS QUESTIONS 5 - 11.

Please provide a detailed description of the study sample, covering selection, sample profile, recruitment and if appropriate, inclusion and exclusion criteria.							
6. Are payments or rewards/incentives going to be If so, please give details below.	e made to the participants? Yes □ No □						
7. Please indicate how you intend to address each of the following ethical considerations in your study. If you consider that they do not relate to your study please say so.							
Guidance to completing this section of the form is a. Consent	provided at the end of the document.						
b. Deception							
c. Debriefing							
d. Withdrawal from the investigation							
e. Confidentiality							
f. Protection of participants							
g. Observation research							
h. Giving advice							
i. Research undertaken in public places							
j. Data protection							
k. Animal Rights							
I. Environmental protection							
8. Are there any further ethical implications arising	g from your proposed research? Yes □ No □						
If your answer was no, please explain why.							
9. Have / do you intend to request ethical approva If 'Yes' – please give details	I from any other body/organisation? Yes □ No □						
10. What resources will you require? (e.g. psycho							
software, access to specialist facilities, such as m	icrobiological containment laboratories).						
11. What study materials will you use? (Please give questionnaires, interview schedules, focus group application)	schedules etc and attach all materials to the						
Which of the following have you appended to this	application?						
☐ Focus group questions	☐ Psychometric scales						
☐ Self-completion questionnaire	☐ Interview questions						
Other debriefing material	☐ Covering letter for participants						
☐ Information sheet about your research study	☐ Informed consent forms for participants						
☐ Other (please describe)							

References

- [1] W. Ahnert and S. Feistel, "Simulation, Auralization and their Verification of Acoustic Parameters using Line Arrays," 119th Conv. Audio Eng. Soc., 2005.
- [2] T. D. Rossing, Springer Handbook of Acoustics. 2007.
- [3] J. Van Mourik and D. Murphy, "Geometric and wave-based acoustic modelling using Blender," *AES 49th Int. Conf. Audio Games*, pp. 1–9, 2013.
- [4] J. A. S. Angus and A. Caunce, "A GPGPU Approach to Improved Acoustic Finite Difference Time Domain Calculations," *128th Audio Eng. Soc. Conv.*, 2010.