

[]: Exercise 1:
Create a function that takes in three arguments, two of which are optional. The first argument should be a required positional argument, the second argument

```
[1]: def calculate(a, b=10, c=None):  
      if c is None:  
          result = a + b  
      else:  
          result = a * b * c  
      print(result)
```

```
[3]: calculate(5)           # Should print 15 (5 + 10)  
      calculate(5, 2)       # Should print 7 (5 + 2)  
      calculate(5, 2, 3)    # Should print 30 (5 * 2 * 3)
```

```
15  
7  
30
```

[]: Exercise 2:
Write a function that takes in a list of strings and returns a new list with only the strings that have a length greater than or equal to 5.

```
[5]: def filter_long_strings(strings):  
      return [s for s in strings if len(s) >= 5]  
  
# Example usage:  
string_list = ["apple", "banana", "fig", "grape", "cherry"]  
filtered_list = filter_long_strings(string_list)  
print(filtered_list) # Should print ['apple', 'banana', 'grape', 'cherry']  
  
['apple', 'banana', 'grape', 'cherry']
```

[]: Exercise 3:
Write a Python program to evaluate a given mathematical expression using the eval() function.

```
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Write a Python program to evaluate a given mathematical expression using the eval() function.
expression = "3 * 5 + 2"
```

```
[7]: # Given expression
expression = "3 * 5 + 2"

# Evaluate the expression
result = eval(expression)

# Print the result
print(f"The result of the expression '{expression}' is: {result}")
```

The result of the expression '3 * 5 + 2' is: 17

```
[ ]: Exercise 4:

Exercise 4: (score : 1)
Write a Python program to filter out the prime numbers from a given list of integers using the filter() function.
```

```
[9]: def is_prime(num):
    if num < 2:
        return False
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if num % i == 0:
            return False
    return True

# List of integers
numbers = [10, 15, 3, 7, 8, 23, 2, 4, 5]
```

Exercise 4:

Exercise 4: (score : 1)

Write a Python program to filter out the prime numbers from a given list of integers using the filter() function.

```
[9]: def is_prime(num):
    if num < 2:
        return False
    for i in range(2, int(num**0.5) + 1):
        if num % i == 0:
            return False
    return True

# List of integers
numbers = [10, 15, 3, 7, 8, 23, 2, 4, 5]

# Filtering prime numbers using filter()
prime_numbers = list(filter(is_prime, numbers))

# Print the result
print("Prime numbers:", prime_numbers)

Prime numbers: [3, 7, 23, 2, 5]
```

```
[ ]: Exercise 5:
Write a Python program to convert a list of strings to uppercase using the map() function.
```

```
[11]: # List of strings
strings = ["hello", "world", "python", "programming"]

# Convert to uppercase using map()
```

```
print("Prime numbers:", prime_numbers)
```

```
Prime numbers: [3, 7, 23, 2, 5]
```

[]: Exercise 5:
Write a Python program to convert a list of strings to uppercase using the map() function.

```
[11]: # List of strings
strings = ["hello", "world", "python", "programming"]

# Convert to uppercase using map()
uppercase_strings = list(map(str.upper, strings))

# Print the result
print("Uppercase strings:", uppercase_strings)

Uppercase strings: ['HELLO', 'WORLD', 'PYTHON', 'PROGRAMMING']
```

[]: Exercise 6:
Write a Python program to calculate the length of each string in a given list of strings using the map() function.

```
[13]: # List of strings
strings = ["hello", "world", "python", "programming"]

# Calculate the length of each string using map()
lengths = list(map(len, strings))

# Print the result
print("Lengths of the strings:", lengths)

Lengths of the strings: [5, 5, 6, 11]
```

[]: Exercise 7:

```
[ ]: Exercise 7:  
Write a Python program to calculate the sum of elements in a list using the reduce() function.
```

```
[15]: from functools import reduce  
  
# List of numbers  
numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]  
  
# Calculate the sum using reduce()  
total_sum = reduce(lambda x, y: x + y, numbers)  
  
# Print the result  
print("Sum of the elements in the list:", total_sum)  
  
Sum of the elements in the list: 15
```

```
[ ]: Exercise 8:  
Write a Python program to find the maximum element in a list using the reduce() function.
```

```
[17]: from functools import reduce  
  
# List of numbers  
numbers = [3, 5, 2, 8, 1, 4]  
  
# Find the maximum using reduce()  
max_element = reduce(lambda x, y: x if x > y else y, numbers)  
  
# Print the result  
print("Maximum element in the list:", max_element)  
  
Maximum element in the list: 8
```

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[ ]:
```